



October 2, 2025

Grease Control and Wastewater Treatment



Wastewater System

Customers: 75,216

Service Territory: 243 square miles

Treatment Plants: 4

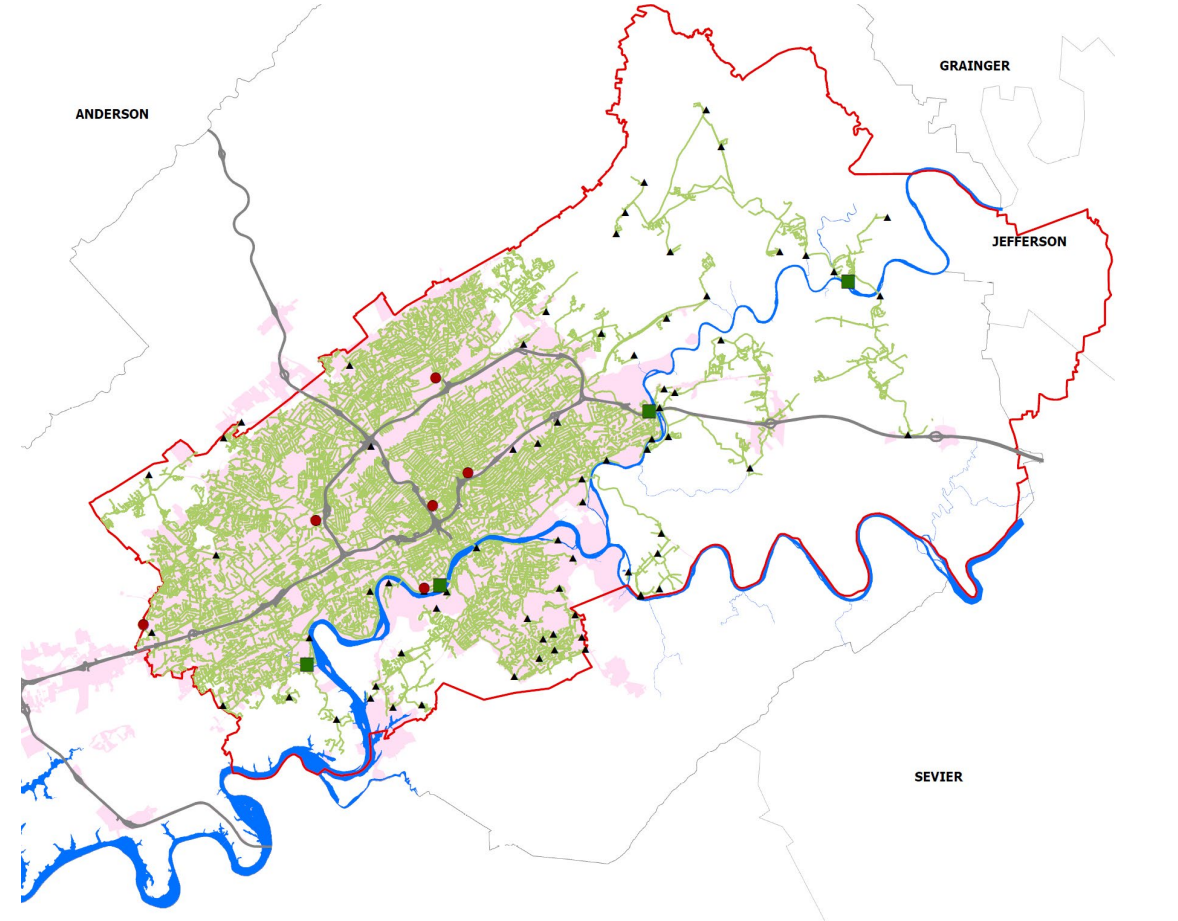
Lift Stations: 64

Collection Mains: 1,340 miles

Storage Capacity: 34 MG in 6 tanks

Plant Maximum Capacity: 173 MGD

Average Flow: 37.75 MGD



County Lines ———
City Limits ■■■
Service Area ———

Existing Mains ———
Treatment Plants ■■■

Pump Stations ▲
Storage Tanks ■■■

System Improvements

- Wastewater utility acquired from the City of Knoxville in 1987
- Consent Decree (CD) 2004 - 2022
 - Reduced sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs)
 - Upgrades to treatment plants
- Management, Operation, and Maintenance (MOM) Programs
 - Retain compliance
 - Performance and capacity
 - Protect the environment and community
 - Protection of assets and CD improvements



CENTURY II

Grease Control Program

- Reduce the frequency of grease related SSOs
- Control the Fats, Oils, & Grease (FOG) entering the wastewater collection system
 - Industrial discharges
 - Commercial food service facilities (FSFs)
 - Residential homes
- Enhance public awareness on grease collection and disposal



Excessive Grease

- Can cause SSOs
- FOG can harden and build up in the wastewater collection system
- Blockages and “Fatbergs”
- Customer plumbing failures
- Expensive clean-up and maintenance costs
- Impacts treatment operations



Industrial Pretreatment

- Required by the EPA to protect utility assets, the environment, and community
- 23 permitted industries
 - Chemical manufacturers, landfills, food processors, laundries, metal finishers, grease recyclers, and pharmaceuticals
- Routine monitoring and inspections
- Grease limit of 100 mg/L
- Customer service and regulatory compliance



Food Service Facilities

- 882 permitted food service facilities (FSFs)
- Requires proper equipment size and installation
- Routine compliance inspections
 - Equipment must be accessible
 - Grease content <25 % of total capacity
 - Equipment in good working order
- Maintenance of grease equipment
 - Cleaning frequency
 - Follow-up inspections
 - Corrective actions

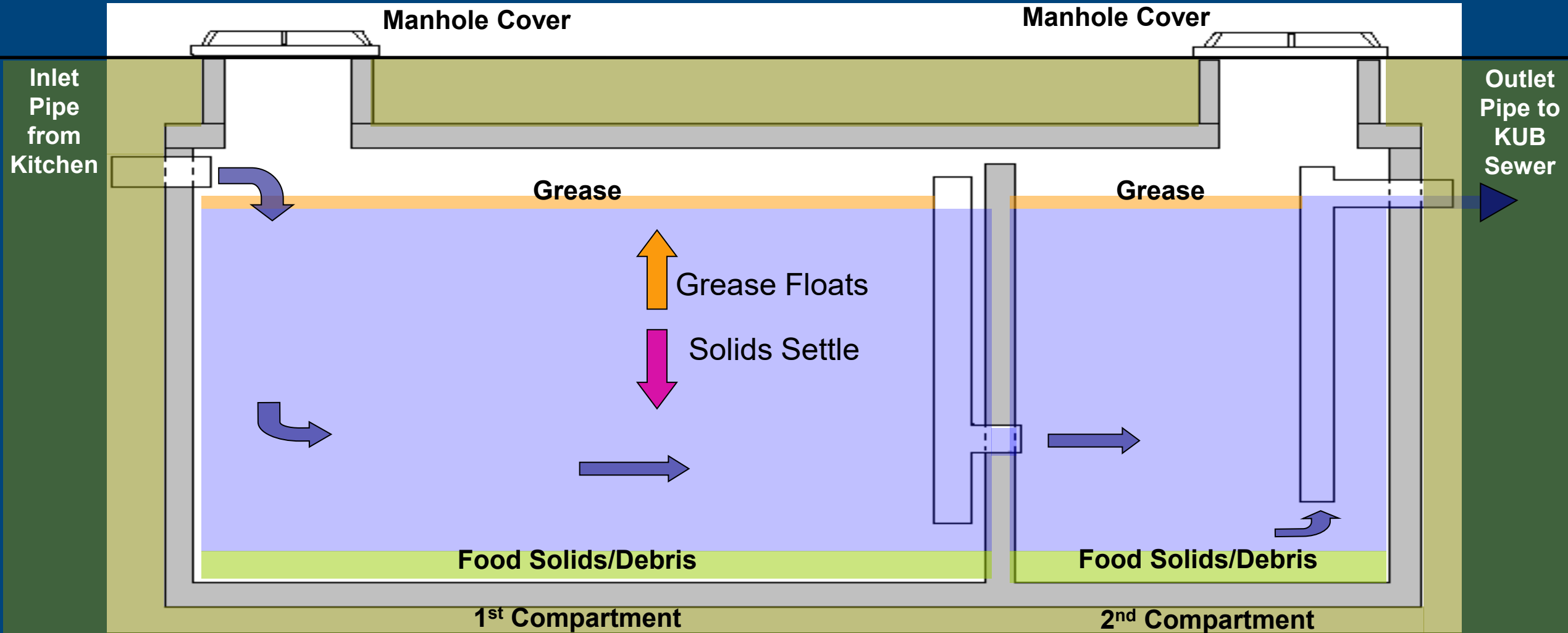


Grease Control Equipment

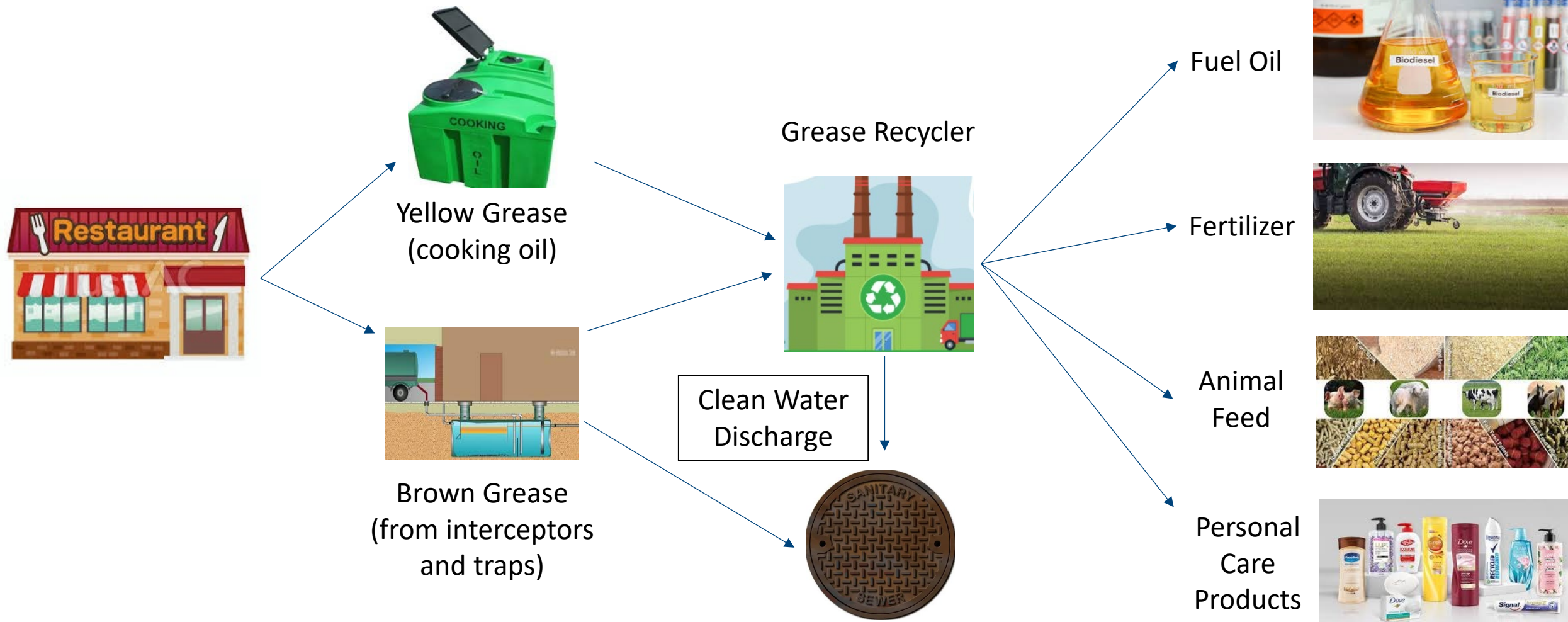
- Grease interceptors
 - Most common application
 - Size determined from EPA and plumbing codes
 - Required for dishwashers or garbage grinders
 - Example: Fast food chain restaurant
- Grease traps
 - Smaller in size
 - Only permissible in certain circumstances
 - Dishwashers and garbage grinders prohibited
 - Example: Convenience store



How a Grease Interceptor Works



Grease Recycling and Reuse



Outreach and Education Efforts

- Can the Grease Program
- Website
- Social media
- Customer newsletter
- Public events



Can the Grease

PREVENT COSTLY REPAIRS AND PROTECT OUR ENVIRONMENT



DO

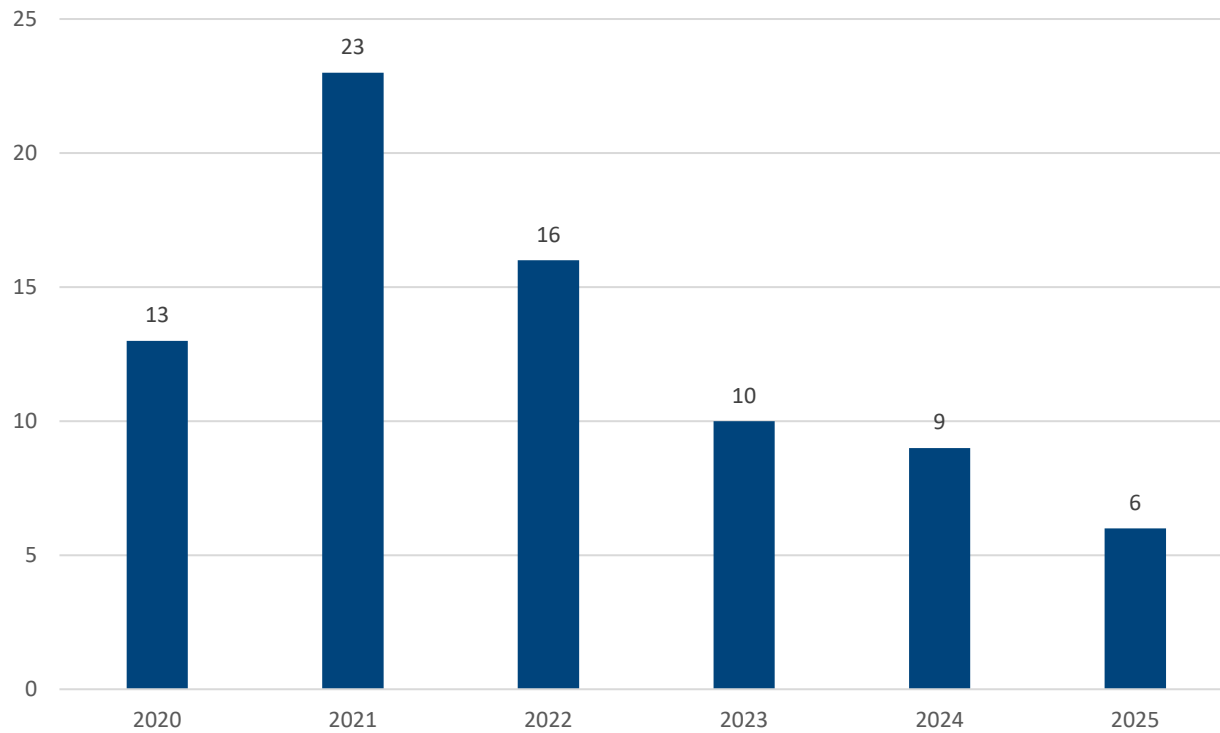


DON'T

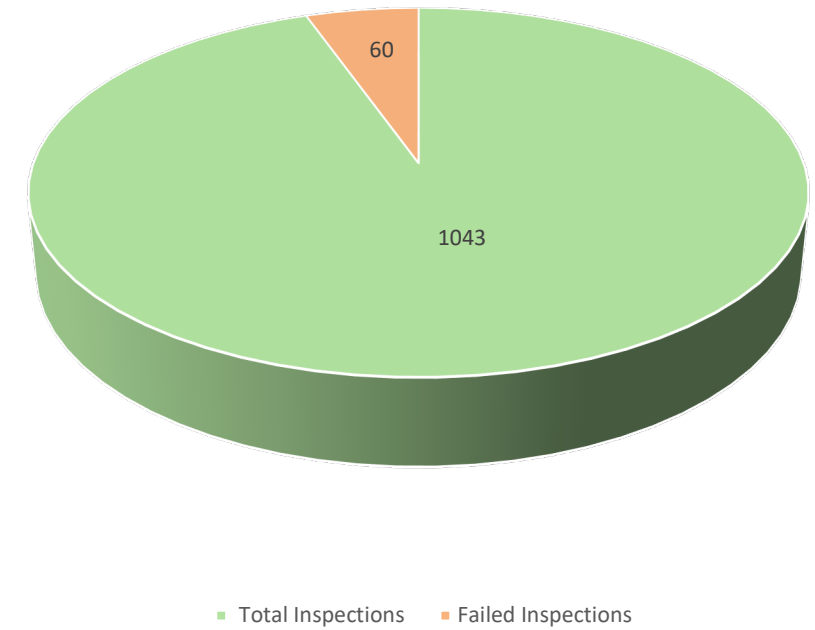


Grease Program Compliance

Grease SSOs



2024 FSF Inspections



Program Success

- Committed to SSO reductions and a clean environment
- Customer relationships
- Knowledgeable workforce
- Regulatory compliance
- Public engagement
- Good stewards of the collection system and plants



Wastewater Treatment Process

Normal Treatment Train

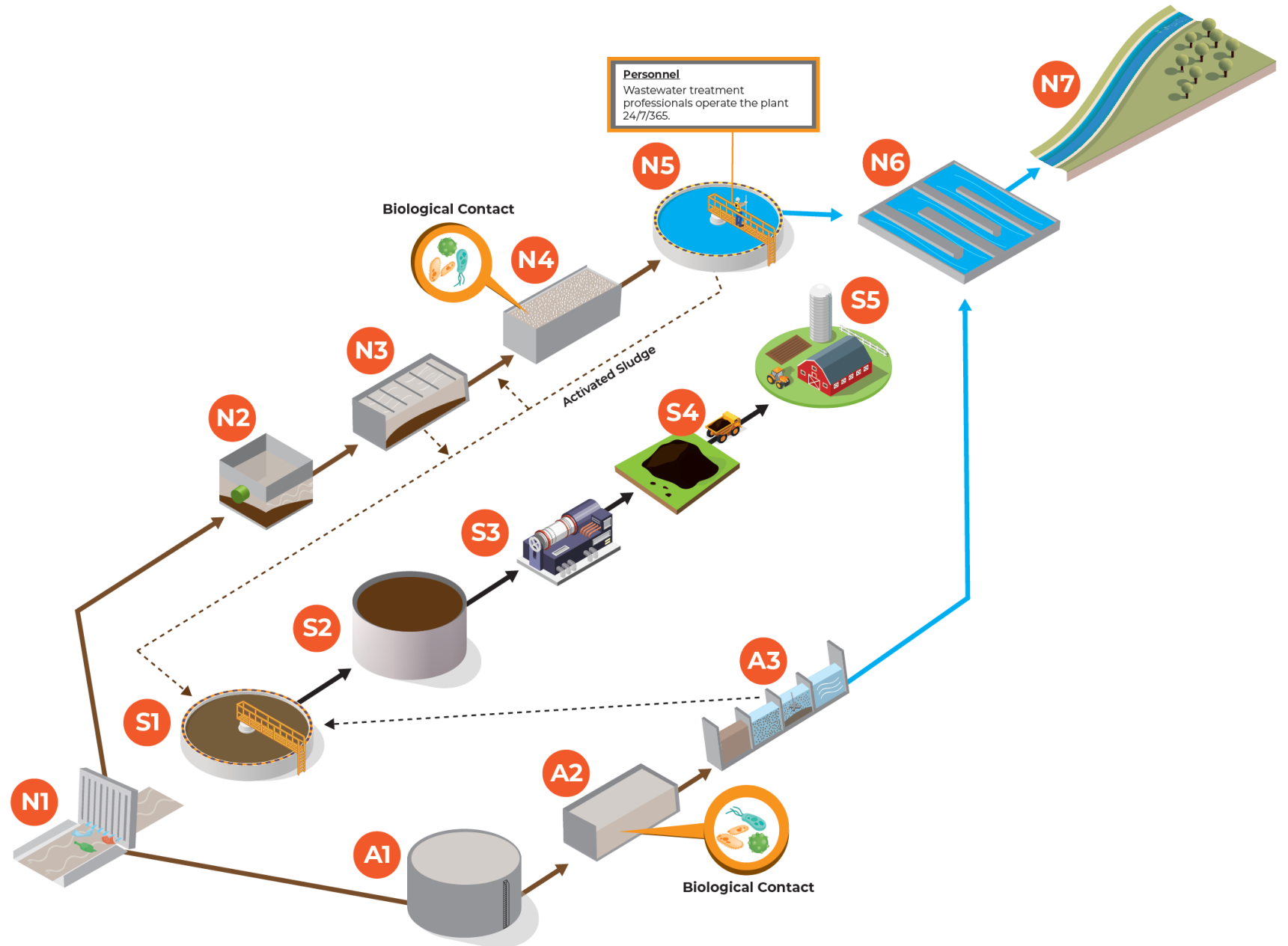
- N1. Influent Screens
- N2. Grit Removal
- N3. Primary Clarifier
- N4. Aeration Tanks
- N5. Final Clarifier
- N6. Disinfection Contact Tank
- N7. Tennessee River

Solids Treatment Train

- S1. Solids Thickener
- S2. Digester
- S3. Centrifuge
- S4. Biosolids Cake
- S5. Farm

Abnormal (High Flows) Treatment Train

- A1. Wet Weather Storage
- A2. Biological Contact Tank
- A3. High Rate Clarifier





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