

Consolidated

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information June 30, 2023 and 2022

KUB Board of Commissioners

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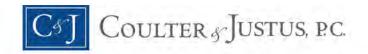
Vice President and Chief Customer Officer

John Gresham

Vice President of Operations

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise KUB's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of KUB as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of KUB and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, KUB adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2, KUB's basic financial statements were expanded in fiscal year 2022 to meet the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

KUB's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about KUB's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of KUB's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about KUB's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 29 and the required supplementary information on pages 76 through 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise KUB's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023, on our consideration of KUB's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering KUB's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A sevenmember Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. KUB's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), the Uniform System of Accounts of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC), and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable.

This discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of KUB's financial activity, (c) identify major changes in KUB's financial position, and (d) identify any financial concerns.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, activities, resulting changes, and current known facts, and should be read in conjunction with KUB's consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Highlights

System Highlights

KUB experienced normal operations this fiscal year. However, inflation had a significant impact to operating costs and capital projects. Supply chain issues improved throughout the year but impacted the timing of some capital projects in fiscal year 2023. KUB continued to make progress constructing its fiber network on the electric system in year two of its deployment and continues adding customers each month.

As of June 30, 2023, KUB served 486,213 customers. KUB added 8,073 new customers to these systems in fiscal year 2023, representing growth of one percent.

KUB's electric system's record peak in demand remains 1,328 megawatt hours, set in February 2015. Due to an extreme cold weather event in December 2022, the natural gas system set a new record peak in demand of 169,458 dekatherms.

KUB has completed all work associated with the 2005 Federal Consent Decree. A request for Consent Decree termination was submitted in January 2022 and was granted on June 16, 2022, by the applicable regulatory authorities.

KUB launched its new Fiber Division in fiscal year 2022 after gaining approval from TVA, state, and local authorities. Fiber infrastructure installation has begun, and broadband services were available to electric customers in fiscal year 2023.

In April 2023, KUB launched Knoxville's first community solar program in partnership with the City of Knoxville and the Tennessee Valley Authority. KUB invested \$1.4 million to build the 1 MW array, which is located at the City of Knoxville's Public Works Complex. KUB Community Solar allows customers to subscribe to clean, locally generated renewable energy and access the benefits of a shared solar array. As of the end of the fiscal year, the program was 87% subscribed.

During fiscal year 2023, KUB sold \$89 million in revenue bonds for the purpose of funding system expenditures.

KUB's electric system maintains a Diamond Level designation by the American Public Power Association's (APPA) Reliable Public Power Provider (RP3) program, the highest level of recognition of the program.

KUB's natural gas system was named to the American Public Gas Association's (APGA) System Operational Achievement Recognition (SOAR) Program in 2018, reflecting KUB's focus on system integrity, continuous improvement, safety, and employee development. KUB is a Gold Level winner and remains a member of the program through 2023. KUB was recognized as a Safety Contest Winner for calendar year 2022 by APGA. KUB received the 2023 APGA Communications & Marketing Award for its natural gas growth efforts.

KUB's treatment plants continue to meet high standards of operation. KUB was awarded the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA) Peak Performance recognition for all Wastewater Treatment Plants in calendar year 2022. Fourth Creek, Loves Creek, and Eastbridge Wastewater Treatment Plants won gold awards while Kuwahee won silver.

KUB continues to maintain Platinum certification with the National Biosolids Partnership following a rigorous review process and independent audit that was conducted in December 2022. Biosolids are nutrient-rich organic matter produced by wastewater treatment and is a registered fertilizer with the Tennessee Department of Agriculture.

Century II Infrastructure Program

Century II is KUB's proactive long-range program to improve and maintain the electric, natural gas, water, and wastewater systems for its customers. It includes maintenance and asset replacement strategies for each system and establishes sustainable replacement cycles. Century II moves KUB into its second century of service by improving each system through sound planning, resource allocation, and continued investment.

In June 2017, the Board adopted three annual rate increases for all KUB Divisions. The three approved electric rate increases went into effect in October 2017, October 2018, and October 2019, generating \$10.9 million, \$11.2 million, and \$5.7 million in additional annual Electric Division revenue, respectively. The three approved gas rate increases went into effect in October 2017, October 2018, and October 2019, generating \$2.2 million, \$2.3 million, and \$2.3 million in additional annual Gas Division revenue, respectively. The three water rate increases went into effect July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, generating \$3.1 million, \$3.1 million, and \$3.3 million of additional annual Water Division revenue, respectively. The three approved wastewater rate increases went into effect in July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, generating \$4.3 million, \$4.2 million, and \$4.5 million in additional annual Wastewater Division revenue, respectively.

In June 2021, the Board approved a 2 percent water rate increase effective in July 2021, generating \$1.1 million in additional annual Water Division revenue.

In September 2021, the Board approved the next phase of electric rate increases to support both the Century II program and expanded fiber network. The first two of three approved 3 percent electric rate increases went into effect April 2022 and April 2023 generating \$16.7 million and \$17.4 million in additional annual Electric Division revenue, respectively. The remaining rate increase is effective April 2024 and is expected to provide an additional \$18 million in annual Electric Division revenue.

In June 2022, the Board approved the next phase of water and wastewater rate increases to support the Century II program. The first of three approved 5 percent water rate increases went into effect July 2022, generating \$3.4 million of additional annual Water Division revenue. The remaining two rate increases are effective July 2023 and July 2024, and are expected to provide an additional \$3.4 million and \$3.6 million in annual Water Division revenue, respectively. The first of three approved 4 percent wastewater rate increases went into effect July 2022, generating \$3.9 million of additional annual Wastewater Division

revenue. The remaining two rate increase are effective July 2023 and July 2024, and are expected to provide an additional \$4 million and \$4.2 million in annual Wastewater Division revenue, respectively.

KUB is currently in the process of implementing a Water Plant Redundancy initiative to ensure that high quality, reliable water service will be provided to customers over the long term. KUB maintains a single water treatment plant for its system. In lieu of building a second treatment facility to ensure capacity will be available to meet the needs of current and future water customers, KUB will invest approximately \$158 million in various redundant facilities at the site of its existing Mark B. Whitaker Water Treatment Plant over a 16-year period that began in fiscal year 2017. Construction of a new generator building with three 2,500 kW diesel generators and associated switchgear was completed at the Mark B. Whitaker Water Treatment Plant.

Knox County has committed \$2.6 million in a Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC) non-competitive grant and \$10 million in direct American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding, and the City of Knoxville has committed \$7.5 million in a TDEC non-competitive grant and \$5 million in direct ARPA funding each for a total of \$25.1 million in grant money. The grants will be used to help fund KUB's new water filter project at its Mark B. Whitaker Water Treatment Plant. The project commenced in October 2022 and is projected to be completed by May 2025.

For the fiscal year, KUB stayed on track with its overall Century II capital budget and production goals. The electric system replaced 9 miles of transmission lines and 6.9 miles of underground cable. In the natural gas system, 6.3 miles of gas steel main were replaced. In the water system, 3.2 miles of galvanized water main and 5.2 miles of cast iron water main were replaced. In the wastewater system, 9.5 miles of main were rehabilitated or replaced.

Fiber Network

During fiscal year 2021, KUB developed a Fiber to the Home Business Plan for the provision of broadband services to customers within its electric system service territory. In accordance with state law and KUB's wholesale power supply contract with TVA, the Business Plan was submitted to the Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury for Tennessee and TVA for review. The Office of the Comptroller found KUB's Business Plan to be financially feasible and TVA approved the Business Plan, finding no cross-subsidization exists between the proposed Fiber Division and the Electric Division.

After gaining the required approvals from TVA, the State of Tennessee, KUB's Board, and City Council, KUB launched its new Fiber Division. Broadband services will be provided by a high-speed fiber optic network that will be owned and maintained by the Electric Division. The Fiber Division will share in the cost to build and operate the Fiber network by paying the Electric Division an annual access fee based on the year-end value of those assets and the related expenses. The Fiber Division will also pay the Electric Division an annual utilization fee based on attachments to the network. In addition to providing broadband services, the fiber network will allow KUB to implement new advanced technologies to improve the reliability of its electric system.

As a component of the Fiber Division's start-up financing plan, approved by KUB's Board and TVA, the Electric Division will provide \$55 million of interdivisional loans. The first \$10 million was provided in October 2021, an additional \$7 million was provided in August 2022, and \$13 million was provided in February 2023, all maturing in June 2030.

In fiscal year 2022, KUB began the seven-year buildout on extending fiber infrastructure to make broadband service available to electric customers. KUB commenced a pilot customer program in June 2022, and the first broadband customers began receiving service in September 2022.

As of June 30, 2023, the Fiber Division had 2,331 customers.

The Tennessee Emergency Broadband Fund selected KUB for a grant of \$15.3 million to assist in the provision of broadband access to Grainger, Jefferson, Sevier, and Union Counties.

In August 2022, the Board approved KUB's entrance into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with Knox County for the purpose of providing funding for KUB's Community Low-Income Internet Program for eligible low-income student households receiving KUB internet service located within the jurisdictional limits of Knox County and outside of the jurisdictional limits of the City of Knoxville. KUB's pilot program, ConnectED, provides eligible households \$50 monthly toward fiber-related charges.

The fiber network is an integral component of a \$702 million ten-year Enhanced Grid Modernization effort for the Electric Division. The program will be funded by a combination of electric rate increases, new bonds, grant funds, and projected payments from the new Fiber Division.

Consent Decree

In February 2005, a Consent Decree was entered into federal court regarding the operation of KUB's wastewater system. Under the terms of the Consent Decree, the remediation of identified sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) on KUB's wastewater system had to be completed by June 30, 2016. KUB completed all the requirements of the Consent Decree for the collection system two years in advance of the deadline.

The Consent Decree also required KUB to perform an evaluation of the wet weather performance and capacity of its wastewater treatment plants. In July 2007, KUB submitted a Composite Correction Plan (CCP) for its wastewater treatment plants to EPA for review. The development and filing of the CCP was a requirement of the federal order of February 2005. The CCP includes recommended improvements to KUB's Kuwahee and Fourth Creek treatment plants to address wet weather capacity issues noted in prior assessments. The EPA approved the CCP in January 2009 including a recommended schedule of plant improvements that extends beyond the expiration date of the original Consent Decree. An amendment to the Consent Decree incorporating and establishing this schedule was agreed to by all parties and was entered on June 23, 2009. The purpose of the Amendment is to allow KUB to complete a portion of work outlined in the CCP after the Consent Decree deadline of June 30, 2016. The CCP provided for a biologically enhanced high-rate clarification (the BEHRC) secondary treatment system to be installed at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and at the Kuwahee treatment plant. KUB successfully completed the installation of the BEHRC system at the Fourth Creek treatment plant in the 2018 fiscal year. The project at the Kuwahee treatment plant was completed this fiscal year. The total cost of the CCP improvements at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and Kuwahee treatment plant was approximately \$120 million.

KUB's funding plan for the Consent Decree included long-term bonds and a series of rate increases phased in over the term of the order. Bond proceeds fund all types of wastewater capital projects, the majority of which are related to the Consent Decree. As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had issued \$594.8 million in bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements since the inception of the Consent Decree. The Board approved two 50 percent rate increases, which went into effect in April 2005 and January 2007. The Board also approved an 8 percent rate increase, which was effective in September 2008, two 12 percent rate increases, which were effective in April 2011 and October 2012, three 6 percent rate increases, which were effective October 2014, October 2015, and October 2016, three 5 percent rate increases, which were effective July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, and three 4 percent rate increases, which are effective July 2022, July 2023, and July 2024. KUB anticipates additional bond issues and rate increases over the next decade to help fund wastewater capital improvements.

KUB successfully completed the first cycle of Maintenance Operation Management (MOM) requirements one year before the deadline by inspecting manholes and gravity mains, smoke testing gravity mains, performing required inspections of pump stations and the related force mains, and completing all Corrective Action Plan/Engineering Report (CAP/ER) projects. KUB initiated the second MOM cycle that continues to focus on the prevention of SSOs. As part of the Century II initiative, formally known as the PACE10 program,

KUB has installed storage tanks providing 34 million gallons of wastewater storage to control wet weather overflows and rehabilitated or replaced 432 miles of collection system pipe. KUB also continues to maintain a proactive operations and maintenance plan for the wastewater collection system including inspection, grease control, and private lateral enforcement. The result of the PACE10/Century II initiative has been an 80 percent reduction in SSOs.

As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had completed its 18th full year under the Consent Decree, spending \$579.8 million on capital investments to meet Consent Decree requirements.

KUB's request for termination of the Consent Decree was submitted in January 2022 and was granted on June 16, 2022, by the applicable regulatory authorities.

Financial Highlights

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), using a full retrospective approach. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which reduced net position by \$136,963.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (Statement No. 87) using a full retrospective approach. This statement requires a lessee to recognize an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information regarding leasing activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

KUB's consolidated Change in Net Position increased \$69.5 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased by \$77.7 million in fiscal year 2022.

Operating revenue increased \$66.8 million as a result of the flow through of higher energy costs in KUB's rates, along with rate increases in the Electric, Water, and Wastewater Divisions. Purchased energy expense (power and natural gas) increased \$41.3 million or 8.1 percent, the combined effect of a \$36.2 million increase in purchased power cost and a \$5.1 million increase in purchased gas cost. Margin from sales (operating revenue less purchased energy expense) increased \$25.5 million or 6.5 percent compared with the prior fiscal year.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased power and purchased gas expense) increased \$51.1 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenses were \$44 million higher than the previous year, due to higher labor-related expenses driven by higher pension expenses, and outside contractor and consultant expenses. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$5.8 million or 6.6 percent. Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$1.3 million or 3.4 percent.

Interest income was \$8 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to rising interest rates throughout the fiscal year. Interest expense increased \$2.4 million or six percent, reflecting interest expense from new revenue bonds sold during fiscal year 2023.

Capital contributions increased \$2.7 million, the result of a higher level of assets contributed by developers.

Total capital assets (net) increased \$102.9 million or 4.6 percent over the last fiscal year.

Long-term debt represented 43.4 percent of KUB's consolidated capital structure, compared to 43.6 percent last fiscal year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (including the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds), plus net position.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

KUB's consolidated Change in Net Position increased \$77.7 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased by \$75.5 million in fiscal year 2021.

Operating revenue increased \$83.4 million as a result of the flow through of higher energy costs in KUB's rates and increased sales volumes across all divisions. Purchased energy expense (power and natural gas) increased \$70 million or 15.8 percent, the combined effect of a \$44.1 million increase in purchased power cost and a \$25.9 million increase in purchased gas cost. Margin from sales (operating revenue less purchased energy expense) increased \$13.4 million or 3.5 percent compared with the prior fiscal year.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased power and purchased gas expense) increased \$14.5 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenses were \$16.3 million higher than the previous year, due to higher labor-related expenses and vegetation management expenses. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$2.4 million or 2.6 percent. Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.5 million or 1.4 percent.

Interest income was \$0.3 million higher than the prior fiscal year. Interest expense decreased \$1.5 million or 3.7 percent, reflecting the net impact of interest expense from new revenue bonds sold during fiscal year 2022 and savings on refunding of outstanding bonds.

Capital contributions increased \$0.7 million, the result of a higher level of assets contributed by developers.

Total capital assets (net) increased \$63.8 million or 2.9 percent over the last fiscal year.

Long-term debt represented 43.6 percent of KUB's consolidated capital structure, compared to 44.8 percent last fiscal year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (including the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds), plus net position.

Knoxville Utilities Board Consolidated Financial Statements

KUB's financial performance is reported under three basic consolidated financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

KUB's basic financial statements were expanded to meet the requirement of GASB Statement No. 84. The fiduciary activities of KUB include the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan and the Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust and are included on Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

Statement of Net Position

KUB reports its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the Statement of Net Position. Assets are classified as current, restricted, plant in service, intangible, or other assets.

Liabilities are classified as current, other, or long-term debt. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net position tells the user what KUB has done with its accumulated earnings, not just the balance.

Net investment in capital assets reflects the book value of all capital assets and intangible assets, less lease and subscription liabilities and the outstanding balances of debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

Restricted net position includes assets that have been limited to specific uses by KUB's bond covenants or through resolutions passed by the KUB Board.

Unrestricted net position is a residual classification; the amount remaining after reporting net position as either invested in capital or restricted is reported there.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

KUB reports its revenues and expenses (both operating and non-operating) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, any capital contributions or assets donated by developers are reported on this statement.

Total revenue less total expense equals the change in net position for the reporting period. Net position at the beginning of the period is increased or decreased, as applicable, by the change in net position for the reporting period.

The change in net position for the reporting period is added to the net position segment of the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

KUB reports cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital and related financing activities, and investing activities on the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement tells the user the sources and uses of cash during the reporting period.

The statement indicates the beginning cash balance and ending cash balance and how it was either increased or decreased during the reporting period.

The statement also reconciles cash flow to operating income as it appears on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed consolidated Statement of Net Position for KUB compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Net Position As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated | 2021 as restated |
|--|----|---|---|---|
| Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets Capital assets, net Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 460,223 2,355,801 67,744 2,883,768 | \$ 510,710 2,252,920 27,740 2,791,370 | \$ 435,426 2,189,154 24,006 2,648,586 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | - | 277,812 1,167,157 5,939 1,450,908 | 257,650 1,124,918 45,474 1,428,042 | 202,775 1,112,346 47,820 1,362,941 |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position | \$ | 1,154,845 23,818 254,197 1,432,860 | \$ 1,098,790 22,343 242,195 1,363,328 | \$ 1,049,324 21,755 214,566 1,285,645 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Net Position presentation:

- Change in net position (from Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position): impacts (increase/decrease) current and other assets and/or capital and intangible assets and unrestricted net position.
- Issuing debt for capital: increases deferred outflows of resources and long-term debt.
- Spending debt proceeds on new capital: reduces current assets and increases capital assets.
- Spending of non-debt related current assets on new capital: (a) reduces current assets and increases capital assets, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Principal payment on debt: (a) reduces current and other assets and reduces long-term debt, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: reduces capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Impacts and Analysis

Current, Restricted, Intangible, and Other Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets decreased \$50.5 million or 9.9 percent, due to a decrease in the actuarially determined net pension asset of \$64.1 million offset by an increase in inventories of \$8.8 million and an increase in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments) of \$6 million.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets increased \$75.3 million or 17.3 percent, due to an increase in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments) of \$27.4 million, an increase in the actuarially determined net pension asset of \$19 million, an increase in net intangible assets of \$11.9 million, an increase in accounts receivable of \$9.2 million, an increase of \$3.8 million in inventories, and an increase in gas storage of \$3.4 million. KUB under recovered \$2.4 million in wholesale power costs from its customers in fiscal year 2022. This under recovery of costs will be charged to KUB's electric customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Power Adjustment.

Capital Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets (net) increased \$102.9 million or 4.6 percent. Major capital expenditures (reflected in both plant additions and work in progress) in fiscal year 2023 included \$46 million for fiber network buildout, \$30.5 million for various electric distribution system improvements, \$20.4 million related to wastewater Century II projects, \$13.9 million for electric services and extensions, \$9.6 million for water main replacements, \$7.4 million for gas service extensions, \$6.6 million for pole replacements for the electric system, and \$6.4 million for water plant redundancy. System assets of \$17.9 million were retired during fiscal year 2023.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Capital assets (net) increased \$63.8 million or 2.9 percent. Major capital expenditures (reflected in both plant additions and work in progress) in fiscal year 2022 included \$37.7 million related to wastewater Century II projects, \$25.4 million for various electric distribution system improvements, \$17.2 million for Grid Modernization and advanced metering including Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system upgrades, \$8.7 million for the construction of gas mains, \$6.9 million for pole replacements for the electric system, \$6.8 million for water main replacements, and \$6.5 million for building improvements. System assets of \$32.6 million were retired during fiscal year 2022.

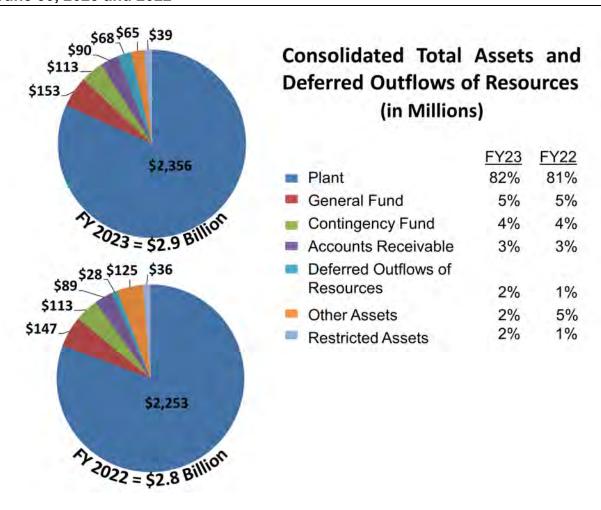
Deferred Outflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$40 million compared to the prior year, primarily due to an increase in pension outflow of \$40.7 million when compared to the prior fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$3.7 million compared to the prior year, reflecting a \$5.2 million increase in OPEB outflow offset by a decrease in unamortized bond refunding costs of \$1 million and a decrease in pension outflow of \$0.4 million when compared to the prior fiscal year.



Current and Other Liabilities

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities increased \$20.2 million or 7.8 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. This reflects an increase of \$22.2 million in the actuarially determined net pension liability, an increase of \$2.6 million in accrued interest on revenue bonds, an increase of \$1.7 million in the actuarially determined net OPEB liability, and an increase of \$1.4 million in the current portion of revenue bonds offset by a decrease of \$8.4 in accrued expenses and a decrease of \$3 million in payables. KUB over recovered \$3.5 million in wholesale power costs from its customers in fiscal year 2023, as compared to a \$2.4 million under recovery in fiscal year 2022. This over recovery of costs will be credited to KUB's electric customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Power Adjustment. KUB over recovered \$4.4 million in wholesale gas costs from its customers in fiscal year 2023, as compared to a \$4.2 million over recovery in fiscal year 2022. This over recovery of costs will be credited to KUB's gas customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Gas Adjustment.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current and other liabilities increased \$54.9 million or 27.1 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. This reflects an increase of \$18.2 million in payables, an increase of \$11.2 million in the actuarially determined

net OPEB liability, an increase of \$8.3 million in current and long-term subscription liability, an increase of \$6.5 million in accrued expenses, an increase of \$3.6 million in current and long-term lease liability, and an increase of \$2.1 million in customer deposits. KUB over recovered \$4.2 million in wholesale gas costs from its customers in fiscal year 2022, as compared to a \$1.4 million under recovery in fiscal year 2021. This over recovery of costs will be flowed back to KUB's gas customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Gas Adjustment.

Long-term Debt

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Long-term debt increased \$42.2 million or 3.8 percent. The increase is due in part to the net impact of the scheduled repayment of debt and \$89 million in electric and wastewater system revenue bonds sold in November 2022.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Long-term debt increased \$12.6 million or 1.1 percent. The increase is due in part to the net impact of the scheduled repayment of debt and \$56.8 million in electric and wastewater system revenue bonds sold in April 2022. KUB also sold \$65.3 million in electric, water, and wastewater revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 with a premium of \$4.1 million to refund \$68.6 million in outstanding debt, resulting in a reduction of principal of \$3.3 million.

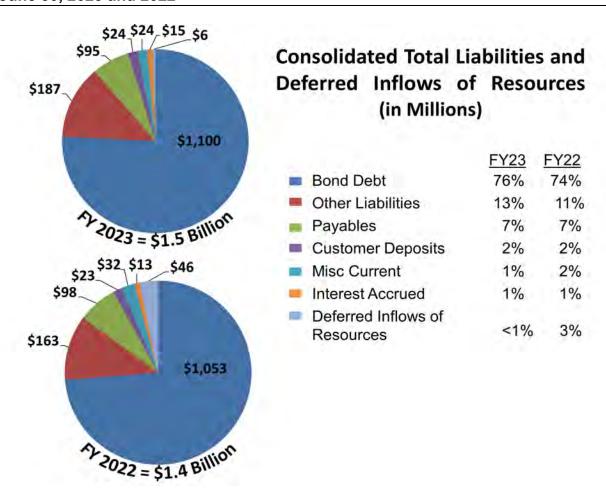
Deferred Inflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred inflows decreased \$39.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to a \$39.3 million decrease in pension inflow and a \$0.2 million decrease in lease inflow.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred inflows decreased \$2.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to an \$8 million decrease in OPEB inflow offset by a \$3.3 million increase in pension inflow, a \$1.4 million increase in unamortized bond refunding costs, and a \$0.9 million increase in lease inflow.



Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Total net position increased \$69.5 million or 5.1 percent. Net investment in capital assets increased \$56 million or 5.1 percent, the result of an increase of \$102.9 million in net plant additions offset by a \$46.2 million increase in the current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt. Restricted net position increased \$1.5 million compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net position increased \$12 million or 5 percent compared to the previous fiscal year, due to an \$8.8 million increase in inventories and a \$6 million increase in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments) offset by a \$3 million decrease in payables.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Total net position increased \$77.7 million or 6 percent. Net investment in capital assets increased \$49.5 million or 4.7 percent, the result of an increase of \$63.8 million in net plant additions and an increase of \$11.9 million in net intangible assets offset by an \$11 million increase in the current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt, a \$8.3 million increase in subscription liabilities, and a \$3.6 million increase in lease liabilities. Restricted net position increased \$0.6 million compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net position increased \$27.6 million or 12.9 percent compared to the previous fiscal year, primarily due to a \$27.4 million increase in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments).

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed consolidated Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for KUB compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | 2022 as restated | | 2021 as restated |
|---|---------------|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ 972,519 | \$ 905,714 | \$ | 822,290 |
| Less: Purchased energy expense | 553,595 | 512,342 | | 442,299 |
| Margin from sales | 418,924 | 393,372 | | 379,991 |
| Operating expenses | | | | |
| Treatment | 20,707 | 18,999 | | 17,098 |
| Fiber products and promotions | 3,142 | 854 | | - |
| Distribution and collection | 86,742 | 77,355 | | 69,388 |
| Customer service | 15,659 | 15,200 | | 14,033 |
| Administrative and general | 65,698 | 35,524 | | 31,086 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 93,928 | 88,121 | | 90,488 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 39,260 | 37,964 | | 37,448 |
| Total operating expenses | 325,136 | 274,017 | | 259,541 |
| Operating income | 93,788 | 119,355 | | 120,450 |
| Interest income | 9,122 | 1,107 | | 837 |
| Interest expense | (42,674) | (40,276) | | (41,827) |
| Other income/(expense) | 4,971 | (4,141) | | (4,917) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 65,207 | 76,045 | | 74,543 |
| Capital contributions | 4,325 | 1,638 | , | 983 |
| Change in net position | \$ 69,532 | \$ 77,683 | \$ | 75,526 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presentation:

- Operating revenue is largely determined by volume of sales for the fiscal year. Any change (increase/decrease) in retail rates would also be a cause of change in operating revenue.
- Purchased energy expense is determined by volume of power purchases from TVA and volume of natural gas purchases for the fiscal year. Also, any change (increase/decrease) in wholesale power and/or gas rates would result in a change in purchased energy expense.
- Operating expenses (distribution, customer service, administrative and general) are normally impacted by changes in areas including, but not limited to, labor cost (staffing, wage rates), active employee and retiree medical expenses, and system maintenance.
- Depreciation and amortization expense is impacted by intangible assets, plant additions and retirements during the fiscal year.

- Taxes and equivalents are impacted by plant additions/retirements, changes in property tax rates, and gross margin levels.
- Interest income is impacted by level of interest rates and investments.
- Interest expense on debt is impacted by level of outstanding debt and the interest rate(s) on the outstanding debt.
- Other income/(expense) is impacted by miscellaneous non-operating revenues and expenses.
- Capital contributions are impacted by a donation of facilities/infrastructure to KUB by developers and
 governmental agencies. The contributions are recognized as revenue and recorded as plant in service
 based on the fair market value of the asset(s).

Impacts and Analysis

Change in Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

KUB's consolidated Change in Net Position increased \$69.5 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased \$77.7 million in fiscal year 2022.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

KUB's consolidated Change in Net Position increased \$77.7 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased \$75.5 million in fiscal year 2021.

Margin from Sales

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating revenue was \$66.8 million higher than the previous fiscal year. Both electric and natural gas experienced increases in wholesale energy prices. Electric Division operating revenue increased \$51.7 million, the net result of a one percent decrease in billed sales volumes, additional revenue from the April 2023 rate increase, and higher wholesale energy costs. Fiber Division reported \$0.9 million in revenue this fiscal year. Gas Division revenue increased \$4.6 million for the fiscal year, the net result of a 2.2 percent decrease in billed sales volumes and higher natural gas prices. Water Division revenue increased \$4.2 million, reflecting a 2.8 percent increase in billed sales volumes and additional revenue from the July 2022 rate increase. Wastewater Division revenue was \$5.4 million higher than the previous year, reflecting a 2.3 percent increase in billable wastewater flows and additional revenue from the July 2022 rate increase.

Wholesale energy expense increased \$41.3 million or 8.1 percent. Purchased power expense increased \$36.2 million compared to last year, due to the flow through of higher wholesale power costs. KUB received \$9.1 million in wholesale power rate credits during the fiscal year as part of KUB's long-term Partnership Agreement with TVA, which decreased power expenses in the current fiscal year. Purchased gas expense was \$5.1 million higher than the prior year, reflecting higher natural gas prices for the fiscal year.

Margin from sales (operating revenue less purchased energy expense) increased \$25.5 million compared to the previous year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Operating revenue was \$83.4 million higher than the previous fiscal year. Both electric and natural gas experienced significant increases in wholesale energy prices. Electric Division operating revenue increased \$51.9 million, due to the net result of a three percent increase in sales volumes, additional revenue from the April 2022 rate increase, higher wholesale energy costs, and the flow through of prior year over recovered purchased power costs to electric customers. Gas Division revenue increased \$26.5 million for the fiscal year, the result of a 2.2 percent increase in billed sales and higher natural gas prices. Water Division revenue increased \$2.6 million, reflecting a 2.3 percent increase in billed sales volumes. Wastewater Division revenue was \$2.4 million higher than the previous year, reflecting a 2.2 percent increase in billable wastewater flows.

Wholesale energy expense increased \$70 million or 15.8 percent. Purchased power expense increased \$44.1 million compared to last year, reflecting the combined effect of three percent higher customer demand and flow through of higher wholesale power costs. KUB received \$9.3 million in wholesale power rate credits during the fiscal year as part of KUB's long-term Partnership Agreement with TVA, which decreased power expenses in the current fiscal year. Purchased gas expense was \$25.9 million higher, reflecting significantly higher natural gas prices and slightly higher customer demand for the fiscal year.

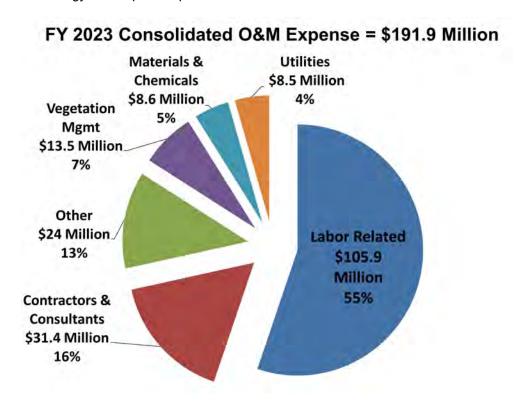
Margin from sales (operating revenue less purchased energy expense) increased \$13.4 million compared to the previous year.

Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating expenses (excluding wholesale purchased energy expense) increased \$51.1 million compared to fiscal year 2022. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as treatment, fiber products and promotions, distribution and collection, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Treatment expenses increased \$1.7 million, primarily due to chemical expenses and higher labor-related expenses.
- Fiber products and promotions increased \$2.3 million, primarily due to corporate advertising expense, as well as access and utilization expenses.
- Distribution and collection expenses increased \$9.4 million or 12.1 percent, primarily due to labor-related expenses, outside contractor and consultant expenses, and vegetation management circuit work.
- Customer service expenses increased \$0.5 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$30.1 million, primarily due to an increase in labor-related expenses, driven by higher pension expenses resulting from investment losses, and technology subscription expenses.



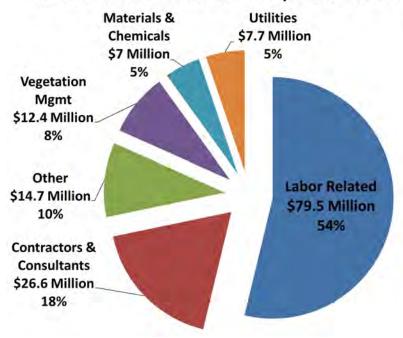
- Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$5.8 million or 6.6 percent. KUB added \$137.4 million in assets during fiscal year 2023. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded on these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$182.5 million in assets placed in service during fiscal year 2022. In addition, \$17.9 million of assets were retired during fiscal year 2023.
- Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$1.3 million or 3.4 percent, primarily due to increased plant in service levels and employer Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) taxes.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Operating expenses (excluding wholesale purchased energy expense) increased \$14.5 million compared to fiscal year 2021. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as treatment, fiber products and promotions, distribution and collection, customer service, and administrative and general.

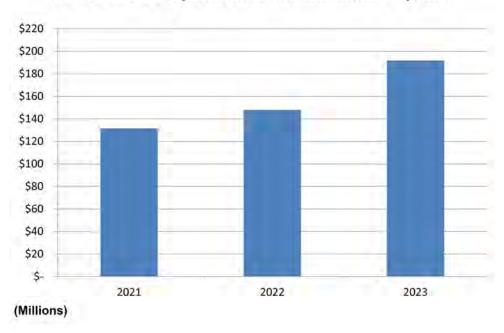
- Treatment expenses increased \$1.9 million, primarily due to higher labor-related expenses.
- Fiber products and promotions increased \$0.9 million, primarily due to corporate advertising expense, as well as telephone and television programming expenses.
- Distribution and collection expenses increased \$8 million or 11.5 percent, primarily due to the catch up from the pandemic related timing delay on vegetation management circuit work and labor-related expenses.
- Customer service expenses increased \$1.2 million, primarily due to payment processing fees and labor-related expenses.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$4.4 million, primarily due to an increase in labor-related expenses, including higher OPEB expenses related to the introduction of the Health Reimbursement Arrangement.

FY 2022 Consolidated O&M Expense = \$147.9 Million



- Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$2.4 million or 2.6 percent. KUB added \$182.5 million in assets during fiscal year 2022. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded on these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$207.1 million in assets placed in service during fiscal year 2021. In addition, \$32.6 million of assets were retired during fiscal year 2022.
- Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.5 million or 1.4 percent, primarily due to increased employer Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) taxes. Tax equivalent payments to taxing jurisdictions in which KUB's utility systems are located were flat this fiscal year.

Consolidated Operation & Maintenance Expense



Other Income and Expense

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income increased \$8 million compared to the prior fiscal year, reflecting rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense increased \$2.4 million or six percent, reflecting the interest expense from new revenue bonds sold during the fiscal year.

Other income (net) increased \$9.1 million, primarily due to mark-to-market adjustments on investments.

Capital contributions by developers were \$2.7 million higher, due to an increase in donated utility assets compared to the prior fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Interest income increased \$0.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year, reflecting additional interest earnings on more cash on hand combined with rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense decreased \$1.5 million or 3.7 percent, reflecting the net impact of interest expense from new revenue bonds sold during the fiscal year and savings on refunding of outstanding bonds.

Other expense (net) decreased \$0.8 million, primarily due to smaller losses on disposal of property compared to the prior fiscal year.

Capital contributions by developers were \$0.7 million higher, due to an increase in donated utility assets compared to the prior fiscal year.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated | | 2021 |
|--|----|-----------|----|---------------------|----|-----------|
| Production Plant (Intakes) | \$ | 6 | \$ | 6 | \$ | 7 |
| Pumping and Treatment Plant | | 268,410 | | 271,764 | | 220,317 |
| Distribution and Collection Plant | | | | | | |
| Mains and metering | \$ | 940,034 | \$ | 926,287 | \$ | 904,584 |
| Services and meters | | 164,010 | | 163,738 | | 164,537 |
| Electric station equipment | | 85,676 | | 61,180 | | 62,704 |
| Poles, towers and fixtures | | 163,802 | | 161,519 | | 157,575 |
| Overhead conductors | | 150,166 | | 143,776 | | 133,419 |
| Line transformers | | 62,002 | | 61,351 | | 61,575 |
| Other accounts | | 188,126 | _ | 190,393 | _ | 194,011 |
| Total Distribution & Collection Plant | \$ | 1,753,816 | \$ | 1,708,244 | \$ | 1,678,405 |
| General Plant | _ | 112,247 | | 111,153 | _ | 100,917 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 2,134,479 | \$ | 2,091,167 | \$ | 1,999,646 |
| Work In Progress | _ | 221,322 | | 161,753 | | 189,508 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 2,355,801 | \$ | 2,252,920 | \$ | 2,189,154 |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, KUB had \$2.4 billion invested in capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$102.9 million or 4.6 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.

\$221
\$269
\$1,754

Distribution & Collection = 75%

Work in Progress = 9%

Pumping & Treatment = 11%

General Plant = 5%

Major capital asset additions during the year were as follows:

- \$46 million for fiber network buildout
- \$30.5 million for various electric distribution system improvements
- \$20.4 million related to wastewater Century II projects
 - \$8.2 million for pump station construction and improvements
 - \$5.2 million for sewer mini-basin rehabilitation and replacement
 - \$5.1 million for wastewater treatment plant upgrades
 - \$1.2 million for short line projects
- \$13.9 million for installation of new electric services and the upgrade or replacement of existing services.
- \$9.6 million for water main replacements
- \$7.4 million for the gas service extensions
- \$6.6 million for pole replacements for the electric system
- \$6.4 million for water plant redundancy
- \$4.6 million for auto and truck purchases

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, KUB had \$2.3 billion invested in capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$63.8 million or 2.9 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.

FY 2022 Consolidated Capital Assets = \$2.3 Billion
(in Millions)

\$111

\$162

\$1,708

Distribution & Collection = 76% Pumping & Treatment = 12%
Work in Progress = 7% General Plant = 5%

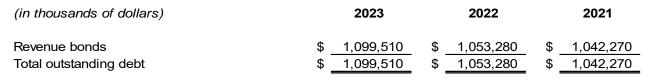
Major capital asset additions during the year were as follows:

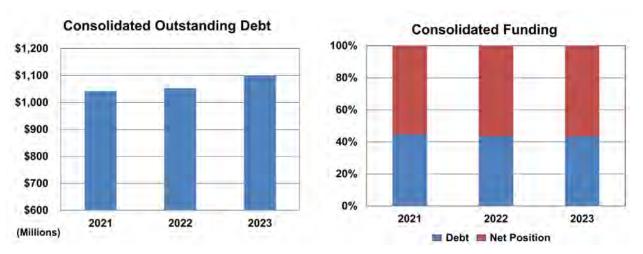
- \$37.7 million related to wastewater Century II projects
 - \$19.7 million for wastewater treatment plant upgrades
 - \$8.1 million for pump station construction and improvements
 - \$4.1 million for sewer mini-basin rehabilitation and replacement
 - \$3.8 million for short line projects
 - \$2 million for sewer trunk line rehabilitation and replacement
- \$25.4 million for various electric distribution system improvements
- \$17.2 million for Grid Modernization and advanced metering, including SCADA system upgrades, for the electric system
- \$8.7 million for the construction of gas mains
- \$6.9 million for pole replacements for the electric system
- \$6.8 million for water main replacements
- \$6.5 million for building improvements

Debt Administration

KUB's outstanding debt was \$1.1 billion as of June 30, 2023. Debt as a percentage of capital structure was 43.4 percent in 2023, 43.6 percent in 2022, and 44.8 percent in 2021.

Outstanding Debt As of June 30





KUB will pay \$459.5 million in principal payments over the next ten years, representing 41.8 percent of outstanding bonds.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, KUB had \$1.1 billion in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing an increase of \$46.2 million. As of June 30, 2023, KUB's weighted average cost of debt was 3.90 percent (3.86 percent including the impact of Build America Bonds rebates).

KUB sold \$79 million in electric system revenue bonds in November 2022 for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 4.09 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2053.

KUB sold \$10 million in wastewater system revenue bonds in November 2022 for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 4.08 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2052.

KUB's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2023, Standard & Poor's rated the revenue bonds of the Water Division AAA, the Wastewater Division AA+, the revenue bonds of the Electric Division AA- and the Gas Division AA. Moody's Investors Service rated the bonds of the Water Division Aa1 and the Electric, Gas, and Wastewater Divisions Aa2.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, KUB had \$1.05 billion in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing an increase of \$11 million. As of June 30, 2022, KUB's weighted average cost of debt was 3.89 percent (3.85 percent including the impact of Build America Bonds rebates).

KUB sold \$45.7 million in electric system revenue bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.36 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2052.

KUB sold \$27.2 million in electric system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of refinancing existing electric system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$2 million over the life of the bonds (\$1.3 million on a net present value basis). The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.55 percent. The bonds have a final maturity in fiscal year 2046.

KUB sold \$14.9 million in water system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of refinancing existing water system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$0.7 million over the life of the bonds (\$0.4 million on a net present value basis). The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.52 percent. The bonds have a final maturity in fiscal year 2045.

KUB sold \$11.1 million in wastewater system revenue bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.4 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2051.

KUB sold \$23.2 million in wastewater system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of refinancing existing wastewater system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$1.3 million over the life of the bonds (\$0.7 million on a net present value basis). The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.69 percent. The bonds have a final maturity in fiscal year 2050.

KUB's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2022, Standard & Poor's rated the revenue bonds of the Water Division AAA, the Wastewater Division AA+, the revenue bonds of the Electric Division AA- and the Gas Division AA. Moody's Investors Service rated the bonds of the Water Division Aa1 and the Electric, Gas, and Wastewater Divisions Aa2. Standard & Poor's dropped its Electric Division rating from AA, as a result of KUB's planned expansion of its fiber network to allow for the sale of broadband services within its electric service territory.

Impacts on Future Financial Position

KUB anticipates an increase of 16,050 customers, including 12,000 fiber system customers, during fiscal year 2024.

In May 2023, the Board approved the issuance of electric system revenue bonds not to exceed \$55 million, water system revenue bonds not to exceed \$20 million, and wastewater system revenue bonds not to exceed \$10 million, for the purpose of funding electric, water, and wastewater system capital improvements, respectively. The bonds will be sold through a competitive bidding process during fiscal year 2024.

On August 24, 2023, TVA's board voted to approve a 4.5 percent electric base rate increase effective October 1, 2023. The 2.5 percent Pandemic Relief Credit that had been provided to local power companies for the prior three years will expire at the same time. These increases will flow through directly to KUB's electric customers.

In September 2023, KUB elected to participate in TVA's Power Supply Expanded Flexibility Program which will allow KUB to produce its own power, up to 5% of its energy supply.

As a component of the Fiber Division's start-up financing plan, the Electric Division will provide \$55 million of interdivisional loans. The first \$10 million was provided in October 2021, an additional \$7 million was provided in August 2022, and \$13 million was provided in February 2023.

KUB long-term debt includes \$20.3 million of Wastewater Division 2010 Build America Bond (BABs). The BABs were sold on a taxable basis with the United States Treasury providing a rebate to KUB for a percentage of the interest cost. The interest rebates were subject to federal sequestration during the fiscal year and were reduced by 5.7 percent. Any future actions by Congress may also affect the anticipated rebates for future fiscal years.

The Pension Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,108,147 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$2,210,234 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. For the Plan year beginning January 1, 2023, the Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 106.88 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 91.43 percent.

The OPEB Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,187,768 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,279,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 92.14 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 79.62 percent.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB No. 62*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

No other facts, decisions, or conditions are currently known which would have a significant impact on KUB's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2023.

Financial Contact

KUB's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of KUB's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. If you have questions about the statements or need additional financial information, contact KUB's Chief Financial Officer at 445 South Gay Street, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902.

Knoxville Utilities Board Consolidated Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|--|-----------------|----|---------------------|
| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Current assets: | | _ | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ | 152,766,323 | \$ | 146,776,546 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | 97,122,004 | | 20,236,852 |
| Other current assets | 1,111,263 | | 1,593,637 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 224,641 | | 33,990 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance of uncollectible accounts | | | |
| of \$760,386 in 2023 and \$773,791 in 2022 | 89,514,189 | | 89,053,689 |
| Current portion of lease receivable | 555,779 | | 516,649 |
| Inventories | 27,830,020 | | 19,032,578 |
| Prepaid expenses | 1,124,777 | | 1,085,686 |
| Gas storage | 9,679,117 | | 9,867,611 |
| Total current assets | 379,928,113 | į | 288,197,238 |
| Restricted assets: | | | |
| Bond funds | 39,187,155 | | 35,073,534 |
| Student internet special fund | 300,000 | | - |
| Other funds | 1,518 | | 1,515 |
| Unused bond proceeds | 13 | | 1,298,143 |
| Total restricted assets | 39,488,686 | | 36,373,192 |
| Total Total total access | 33,133,333 | | 00,070,102 |
| Plant in service | 3,268,468,254 | | 3,148,970,963 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (1,133,989,255) | | (1,057,804,184) |
| ' | 2,134,478,999 | į | 2,091,166,779 |
| Retirement in progress | 1,731,799 | | 2,363,210 |
| Construction in progress | 219,590,439 | | 159,390,109 |
| Net plant in service | 2,355,801,237 | | 2,252,920,098 |
| | | | |
| Intangible assets: | | | |
| Intangible right of use asset | 4,670,258 | | 4,587,687 |
| Intangible subscription asset | 9,323,779 | | 9,273,959 |
| Less accumulated amortization | (3,394,948) | | (1,521,980) |
| Net intangible assets | 10,599,089 | | 12,339,666 |
| Other assets: | | | |
| Net pension asset | _ | | 64,137,714 |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | 15,810,229 | | 92,549,625 |
| Long-term contingency fund investments Long-term lease receivable | 3,815,799 | | 3,972,652 |
| TVA conservation program receivable | 250,291 | | 575,535 |
| Under recovered purchased power cost | 230,291 | | 2,382,423 |
| Other | 10,330,017 | | 10,181,850 |
| Total other assets | 30,206,336 | | 173,799,799 |
| Total assets | 2,816,023,461 | | 2,763,629,993 |
| 10tal assets | 2,010,020,401 | • | 2,100,020,000 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | |
| Pension outflow | 48,544,818 | | 7,842,910 |
| OPEB outflow | 5,478,678 | | 5,209,694 |
| Unamortized bond refunding costs | 13,720,819 | | 14,687,019 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 67,744,315 | | 27,739,623 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ | 2,883,767,776 | \$ | 2,791,369,616 |
| | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Consolidated Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2022 | | 2022 |
|---|------|------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| | 2023 | | | 2022 as restated |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position | | | | as restated |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Current portion of revenue bonds | \$ | 44,140,000 | \$ | 42,765,000 |
| Current portion of lease liability | | 830,979 | | 844,904 |
| Current portion of subscription liability | | 910,426 | | 709,324 |
| Sales tax collections payable | | 1,506,080 | | 1,552,467 |
| Accounts payable | | 93,625,995 | | 96,628,151 |
| Unearned revenue | | 84,112 | | - |
| Accrued expenses | | 22,273,997 | | 30,689,445 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 24,344,078 | | 23,259,401 |
| Accrued interest on revenue bonds | | 15,370,481 | _ | 12,731,785 |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 203,086,148 | _ | 209,180,477 |
| Other Park SEC. | | | | |
| Other liabilities: | | 074 400 | | 610 757 |
| TVA conservation program | | 271,138 | | 613,757 |
| Accrued compensated absences | | 10,546,869 | | 10,759,104 |
| Customer advances for construction | | 11,299,795 | | 10,681,887 |
| Lease liability Subscription liability | | 2,696,599 6,722,232 | | 3,215,556 |
| Net pension liability | | 22,219,032 | | 7,563,890 |
| Net OPEB liability | | 12,930,655 | | 11,202,507 |
| Over recovered purchased power cost | | 3,548,522 | | 11,202,307 |
| Over recovered purchased gas cost | | 4,371,708 | | 4,188,264 |
| Other | | 119,620 | | 244,656 |
| Total other liabilities | _ | 74,726,170 | - | 48,469,621 |
| , 5.5. | _ | ,. ==, = | - | .0,.00,02. |
| Long-term debt: | | | | |
| Revenue bonds | | 1,055,370,000 | | 1,010,515,000 |
| Unamortized premiums/discounts | | 111,787,156 | | 114,402,894 |
| Total long-term debt | | 1,167,157,156 | | 1,124,917,894 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 1,444,969,474 | _ | 1,382,567,992 |
| | | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | 044.004 | | 00 500 004 |
| Pension inflow | | 214,234 | | 39,528,961 |
| Unamortized bond refunding costs Lease inflow | | 1,539,009 | | 1,531,357 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 4,185,227 5,938,470 | - | 4,413,743 45,474,061 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | - | 1,450,907,944 | - | 1,428,042,053 |
| Total liabilities and deferred lifflows of resources | _ | 1,430,907,944 | - | 1,420,042,033 |
| Net position | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 1,154,844,526 | | 1,098,789,734 |
| Restricted for: | | , , , | | |
| Debt service | | 23,816,674 | | 22,341,750 |
| Other | | 1,518 | | 1,515 |
| Unrestricted | | 254,197,114 | | 242,194,564 |
| Total net position | | 1,432,859,832 | - | 1,363,327,563 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position | \$ | 2,883,767,776 | \$ | 2,791,369,616 |
| | | | - | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|----|---------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | | | | |
| Electric | \$ | 649,815,033 | \$ | 598,066,936 |
| Fiber | - | 866,833 | • | , , - |
| Gas | | 146,108,765 | | 141,525,161 |
| Water | | 68,034,640 | | 63,819,881 |
| Wastewater | | 107,693,416 | | 102,302,391 |
| Total operating revenues | - | 972,518,687 | _ | 905,714,369 |
| Operating expenses | - | | _ | |
| Purchased power | | 470,554,241 | | 434,366,317 |
| Purchased gas | | 83,040,477 | | 77,975,231 |
| Treatment | | 20,706,623 | | 18,999,493 |
| Fiber products and promotions | | 3,141,625 | | 854,452 |
| Distribution and collection | | 86,741,918 | | 77,354,703 |
| Customer service | | 15,659,354 | | 15,200,264 |
| Administrative and general | | 65,698,005 | | 35,524,085 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 93,927,866 | | 88,120,953 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | _ | 39,260,576 | _ | 37,964,437 |
| Total operating expenses | | 878,730,685 | | 786,359,935 |
| Operating income | | 93,788,002 | | 119,354,434 |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | | | |
| Contributions in aid of construction | | 16,464,196 | | 5,753,345 |
| Interest income | | 9,122,264 | | 1,107,621 |
| Interest expense | | (42,673,630) | | (40,276,175) |
| Amortization of debt costs | | 4,528,002 | | 4,183,347 |
| Write-down of plant for costs recovered through contributions | 3 | (16,464,196) | | (5,753,345) |
| Other | _ | 442,203 | _ | (8,324,453) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | _ | (28,581,161) | | (43,309,660) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | _ | 65,206,841 | | 76,044,774 |
| Capital contributions | | 4,325,428 | _ | 1,637,701 |
| Change in net position | | 69,532,269 | | 77,682,475 |
| Net position, beginning of year, as restated | _ | 1,363,327,563 | _ | 1,285,645,088 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 1,432,859,832 | \$ | 1,363,327,563 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|--|-------|---------------|----|---------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | • | 200 200 205 | • | 004 545 700 |
| Cash receipts from customers | \$ | 982,886,025 | \$ | 894,545,730 |
| Cash receipts from other operations | | 18,600,726 | | 11,513,747 |
| Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services | | (692,162,690) | | (595,651,020) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | | (81,439,080) | | (65,895,305) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | (33,337,681) | | (32,447,067) |
| Cash receipts from collections of TVA conservation loan program participants | | 347,182 | | 581,728 |
| Cash payments for TVA Conservation loan program | _ | (364,556) | _ | (598,877) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | _ | 194,529,926 | _ | 212,048,936 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | |
| Net proceeds from bond issuance | | 91,636,173 | | 62,023,967 |
| Principal paid on revenue bonds | | (42,765,000) | | (42,545,000) |
| Increase (decrease) in unused bond proceeds | | 1,298,130 | | (1,298,143) |
| Interest paid on revenue bonds | | (39,590,694) | | (39,065,102) |
| Acquisition and construction of plant | | (220,706,513) | | (162,933,188) |
| Changes in bond funds, restricted | | (4,113,621) | | (1,487,885) |
| Customer advances for construction | | 1,263,519 | | 843,152 |
| | | | | |
| Proceeds received on disposal of plant Principal paid on lease liabilities | | 288,181 | | 388,899 |
| • • | | (900,865) | | (604,425) |
| Principal paid on subscription liabilities | | (709,324) | | (676,147) |
| Interest paid on lease and subscription liabilities | | (444,240) | | (311,050) |
| Implementation costs paid for subscription asset | | - | | (304,802) |
| Cash received from developers and individuals for capital purposes | _ | 16,464,196 | _ | 5,753,345 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | _ | (198,280,058) | _ | (180,216,379) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Purchase of investment securities | | (19,523,792) | | (81,164,257) |
| Maturities of investment securities | | 20,329,649 | | 75,680,769 |
| Interest received | | 8,891,802 | | 1,047,141 |
| Other property and investments | | 42,250 | | 2,461 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | _ | 9,739,909 | _ | (4,433,886) |
| The Guerry provided by (does in) investing delivine | _ | 0,700,000 | _ | (1,100,000) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 5,989,777 | | 27,398,671 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | _ | 146,776,546 | _ | 119,377,875 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$_ | 152,766,323 | \$ | 146,776,546 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activ | itios | | | |
| Operating income | \$ | 93,788,002 | \$ | 119,354,434 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | Ψ | 30,700,002 | Ψ | 110,004,404 |
| provided by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | 96,800,042 | | 91,152,921 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | 90,000,042 | | 91,102,921 |
| Accounts receivable | | 0 110 151 | | (0.246.790) |
| Lease receivable | | 9,110,151 | | (9,246,789) |
| | | 117,723 | | (964,597) |
| Inventories | | (8,797,442) | | (3,838,054) |
| Prepaid expenses | | 149,403 | | (3,574,350) |
| TVA conservation program receivable | | 325,244 | | 527,650 |
| Other assets | | 279,148 | | (306,358) |
| Sales tax collections payable | | (46,387) | | 158,688 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | (4,011,484) | | 14,458,555 |
| TVA conservation program payable | | (342,619) | | (544,799) |
| Unrecovered purchased power cost | | 5,930,945 | | (2,809,774) |
| Underrecovered gas costs | | 183,444 | | 5,560,040 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 1,084,677 | | 2,101,992 |
| Other liabilities | | (40,921) | _ | 19,377 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ = | 194,529,926 | \$ | 212,048,936 |
| Noncash capital activities: | | | | |
| Acquisition of plant assets through developer contributions | \$ | 4,325,428 | \$ | 1,637,701 |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability | \$ | 367,983 | \$ | 4,194,029 |
| Record intangible subscription asset and subscription liability | \$ | 68,768 | \$ | 8,949,361 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Statements of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Other Post | Total | | Other Post | Total | | | | |
| | Pension | Employment | Fiduciary | Pension | Employment | Fiduciary | | | | |
| | Plan | Benefits Trust | Funds | Plan | Benefits Trust | Funds | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,231,407 | \$ 209,362 | \$ 1,440,769 | \$ 1,993,568 | \$ 195,558 | \$ 2,189,126 | | | | |
| Interest and dividends receivable | 516,960 | - | 516,960 | 528,281 | - | 528,281 | | | | |
| Due from broker for investment sales | 361,962 | - | 361,962 | 67,500 | - | 67,500 | | | | |
| Prepaid assets | - | 10,000 | 10,000 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Investments at fair value | 230,723,302 | 49,494,378 | 280,217,680 | 304,471,594 | 48,284,215 | 352,755,809 | | | | |
| Total assets | 232,833,631 | 49,713,740 | 282,547,371 | 307,060,943 | 48,479,773 | 355,540,716 | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 280,054 | 31,579 | 311,633 | 269,209 | 32,781 | 301,990 | | | | |
| Due to broker for investment purchases | 365,886 | · - | 365,886 | 452,240 | - | 452,240 | | | | |
| Benefit obligations | - | 975,714 | 975,714 | - | 1,113,219 | 1,113,219 | | | | |
| Total liabilities | 645,940 | 1,007,293 | 1,653,233 | 721,449 | 1,146,000 | 1,867,449 | | | | |
| Net position restricted for Pensions | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Other Post Employment Benefits | \$232,187,691 | \$ 48,706,447 | \$280,894,138 | \$306,339,494 | \$ 47,333,773 | \$353,673,267 | | | | |

Knoxville Utilities Board Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | | 2022 | |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Other Post | Total | | Other Post | Total |
| | Pension Plan | Employment Benefits Trust | Fiduciary Funds | Pension Plan | Employment Benefits Trust | Fiduciary Funds |
| Additions (reductions) | | | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | | | |
| Employer | \$ 3,144,770 | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 4,558,162 | \$ 3,416,428 | \$ 1,989,066 | \$ 5,405,494 |
| Participants | 3,812,595 | - | 3,812,595 | 3,939,687 | | 3,939,687 |
| Total contributions | 6,957,365 | 1,413,392 | 8,370,757 | 7,356,115 | 1,989,066 | 9,345,181 |
| Investment income (loss): | | | | | | |
| Net change in fair value of investments | (69,612,173) | 4,399,322 | (65,212,851) | 29,797,721 | (8,045,801) | 21,751,920 |
| Less investment expenses | (366,989) | (65,784) | (432,773) | (437,318) | (76,616) | (513,934) |
| Interest income | 2,386,899 | - | 2,386,899 | 2,056,828 | - | 2,056,828 |
| Dividend income | 4,098,278 | | 4,098,278 | 6,158,335 | | 6,158,335 |
| Net investment income (loss) | (63,493,985) | 4,333,538 | (59,160,447) | 37,575,566 | (8,122,417) | 29,453,149 |
| Other | 9,415 | | 9,415 | 112,484 | | 112,484 |
| Total net additions (reductions) | (56,527,205) | 5,746,930 | (50,780,275) | 45,044,165 | (6,133,351) | 38,910,814 |
| Deductions | | | | | | |
| Benefit payments | 17,065,610 | 3,937,977 | 21,003,587 | 17,653,963 | 3,576,893 | 21,230,856 |
| Claims processing fees | - | 335,093 | 335,093 | - | 331,742 | 331,742 |
| General and administrative expenses | 498,988 | 101,186 | 600,174 | 441,017 | 71,187 | 512,204 |
| Death benefits | 60,000 | - | 60,000 | 72,000 | - | 72,000 |
| Total deductions | 17,624,598 | 4,374,256 | 21,998,854 | 18,166,980 | 3,979,822 | 22,146,802 |
| Change in net position | (74,151,803) | 1,372,674 | (72,779,129) | 26,877,185 | (10,113,173) | 16,764,012 |
| Net position restricted for Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits | | | | | | |
| Beginning of the year | 306,339,494 | 47,333,773 | 353,673,267 | 279,462,309 | 57,446,946 | 336,909,255 |
| End of the year | \$232,187,691 | \$ 48,706,447 | \$280,894,138 | \$306,339,494 | \$ 47,333,773 | \$353,673,267 |
| • | | | | | | |

1. Description of Business

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. KUB's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC), the Uniform System of Accounts of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC), and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

In conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), KUB follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement No. 34), *Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 (Statement No. 63), *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position*. Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. Under Statement No. 63, financial statements include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities, and report *net position* instead of net assets. In addition, KUB follows GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, as it relates to certain items for regulatory accounting. Regulatory accounting allows a regulated utility to defer a cost (a regulatory asset) or recognize an obligation (a regulatory liability) if it is probable that through the rate making process, there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Accordingly, KUB has recognized certain regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by measurement focus. The transactions are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital activity and debt service, and unrestricted components.

KUB's basic financial statements were expanded to meet the requirement of GASB Statement No. 84 (Statement No. 84), *Fiduciary Activities*. The fiduciary activities of KUB include the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan and the Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust and are included on Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information for these fiduciary activities are presented herein and can also be found in separately issued reports.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91 (Statement No. 91), *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 94 (Statement No. 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter in PPPs and APAs. Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96 (Statement No. 96), *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement is reflected on KUB's financial statements.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Electric, Fiber, Gas, Water, and Wastewater Divisions. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

KUB issues separate financial reports, which include financial statements and required supplementary information, for the Electric, Fiber, Gas, Water, and Wastewater Divisions. These reports may be obtained by writing Knoxville Utilities Board, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017.

Plant

Plant and other property are stated on the basis of original cost. The costs of current repairs and minor replacements are charged to operating expense. The costs of renewals and improvements are capitalized. The original cost of utility plant assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. When other property is retired, the related asset and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

The provision for depreciation of plants in service is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to sixty-seven years, and is computed using the straight-line method. Pursuant to FERC/NARUC, the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position does not include depreciation for transportation equipment of \$2,872,176 in fiscal year 2023 and \$3,031,968 in fiscal year 2022.

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue consists primarily of charges for services provided by the principal operations of KUB. Operating revenue is recorded when the service is rendered, on a cycle basis, and includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Revenues are reported net of bad debt expense of \$2,181,182 in fiscal year 2023 and \$2,529,796 in fiscal year 2022.

Non-operating Revenue

Non-operating revenue consists of revenues that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Expense

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted assets available, it is KUB's policy to apply those expenses to restricted assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted assets.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, net position-restricted, and net position-unrestricted.

These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, lease and subscription liabilities, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- Net position-restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
 by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability
 relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the
 recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Net position-unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Contributions in Aid of Construction and Capital Contributions

Contributions in aid of construction are cash collections from customers, grantors, or others for a particular purpose, generally the construction of new facilities to serve new customers in excess of the investment KUB is willing to make for a particular incremental revenue source. KUB reduces the plant account balances to which contributions relate by the actual amount of the contribution and recognizes the contributions as non-operating revenue in accordance with Statement No. 62.

Capital contributions represent contributions of utility plant infrastructure constructed by developers and others in industrial parks and other developments and transferred to KUB upon completion of construction and the initiation of utility service. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, such contributions are recognized as revenues and capital assets upon receipt.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting of plant materials and operating supplies, are valued at the lower of average cost or replacement value.

OPEB Trust

KUB's OPEB Trust was established by KUB's Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to include two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions, which are determined by actuarial valuation. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, KUB measures net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a June 30, 2023, and 2022, measurement date, respectively. The net OPEB liability is \$12,930,655 as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 as of June 30, 2022.

Pension Plan and Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

KUB's employees are participants in the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J) (Note 12). KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions. As required by GASB Statement No. 68, KUB measures net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 as of June 30, 2022.

KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, administered by KUB (Note 13). As required by GASB Statement No. 73, KUB measures the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices at the reporting date.

Self-Insurance

KUB has established self-insurance programs covering portions of workers' compensation, employee health, environmental liability, general liability, property and casualty liability, and automobile liability claims. A liability is accrued for claims as they are incurred. When applicable, claims in excess of the self-insured risk are covered by KUB's insurance carrier. Additionally, KUB provides certain lifetime health benefits to eligible retired employees under a self-insurance plan administered by a third party.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that KUB believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, future events are subject to change and the best estimates and judgments routinely require adjustment. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, inventory valuation, allowance for uncollectible accounts, depreciable lives of plant assets, unbilled revenue volumes, pension trust valuations, OPEB trust valuations, insurance liability reserves, and potential losses from contingencies and litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Certain assets are restricted by bond resolutions for the construction of utility plant and debt repayment. Certain additional assets are designated by management for contingency purposes and economic development.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, KUB considers all unrestricted and undesignated highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Leases

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. KUB also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease office space or property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the non-cancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a subscription-based information technology arrangement (subscription) at contract inception and recognizes an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability at the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The subscription term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription that KUB is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription controlled by the vendor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscriptions. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. Deferred inflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows of resources also include employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period in accordance with Statement No. 71. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and OPEB plan investments, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions in accordance with Statements No. 68, 73, and 75. Deferred inflows are also recorded at the commencement of the lease term and recognized as revenue over the course of the lease in accordance with Statement No. 87.

Debt Premium/Discount

KUB records unamortized premium and discount on debt as a separate line item in the Long-Term Debt section of the Financial Statements. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Debt Issuance Costs

In accordance with regulatory accounting, KUB records debt issuance costs as an Other Asset. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Deferred Gain/Loss on Refunding of Debt

KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. In accordance with FERC presentation, amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Compensated Absences

KUB accrues a liability for earned but unpaid paid time off (PTO) days.

TVA Conservation Program

KUB previously served as a fiscal intermediary for the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), whereby loans were made to KUB customers by TVA to be used in connection with TVA's Energy Right Residential Program. While KUB still holds existing loans on behalf of TVA, no loans were made through this program after October 31, 2015.

Restatement for GASB 96

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96) using a full retrospective approach. GASB 96 requires the recognition of an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability, thereby enhancing the relevance and reliability of information regarding subscription activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which impacted net position by \$136,963.

As a result of adopting GASB 96, as of June 30, 2022, KUB recorded total subscription assets of \$9,273,959 with accumulated amortization of \$832,906 and recognized total subscription liabilities of \$8,273,214 (\$709,324 current). KUB also reclassified the net amount of \$914,103 from administrative and general expense to \$832,905 as amortization expense and \$218,161 as interest expense, with a net impact of \$136,963 to net position. In addition, there were \$304,802 in implementation costs for the year ended June 30, 2022, that were previously recorded in plant in service and reclassified to the subscription asset.

Additional disclosures, as well as other reclassifications in the statement of cash flows, also resulted from the adoption of GASB 96.

Subsequent Events

KUB has evaluated events and transactions through October 31, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed.

Purchased Power Adjustment

In October 2002, the Board adopted a Purchased Power Adjustment (PPA) to address changes in wholesale power costs. The PPA was established in response to an amendment to KUB's power supply contract under which, among other things, TVA relinquished its regulatory authority over KUB retail electric rates. The PPA allows KUB to promptly adjust retail electric rates in response to wholesale rate changes or adjustments, thus ensuring that KUB will recover the costs incurred for purchased power. These changes in electric costs are reflected as adjustments to the base electric rates established by the Board. The rate-setting authority vested in the Board by the City Charter

meets the "self-regulated" provisions of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, and KUB meets the remaining criteria of Statement No. 62.

TVA implemented a fuel cost adjustment in October 2006 applied on a quarterly basis to wholesale power rates. TVA's quarterly fuel cost adjustment became a monthly fuel cost adjustment effective October 2009. KUB flows changes to wholesale power rates from TVA's fuel cost adjustment mechanism directly through to its retail electric rates via the PPA.

In April 2011, TVA modified its wholesale rate structure to demand and energy billing for its distributors. In response, KUB revised its PPA to include a deferred accounting component to ensure appropriate matching of revenue and expense and cost recovery. KUB will adjust its retail rates on an annual basis to flow any over or under recovery of wholesale power costs through to its customers via the PPA.

During the period of October 2020 to September 2021, TVA provided a Pandemic Relief Credit to local power companies. KUB excluded the Standard Service portion of this credit from the Purchased Power Adjustment in order to assist customers in need of financial assistance due to the pandemic. \$6,550,000 was made available to residential and small business customers through the COVID Utility Relief Effort (CURE) fund.

During the period of October 2021 to September 2022, TVA provided a Pandemic Recovery Credit to local power companies. KUB excluded the Standard Service portion of this credit from the Purchased Power Adjustment in order to assist customers in need of financial assistance due to the pandemic, making \$7,300,000 available to residential and small business customers.

During the period of October 2022 to September 2023, TVA is providing a Pandemic Recovery Credit to local power companies. KUB has included this credit in the Purchased Power Adjustment in order for all customers to benefit from this credit.

Under the PPA mechanism, KUB tracks the actual over/(under) recovered amount in the Over/(Under) Recovered Purchased Power Cost accounts. These accounts are rolled into the PPA rate adjustments thereby assuring that any over/(under) recovered amounts are promptly passed on to KUB's electric customers. The amount of over/(under) recovered cost was \$3,548,522 as of June 30, 2023, and (\$2,382,423) as of June 30, 2022.

Purchased Gas Adjustment

In November 1990, the Board implemented a deferred Purchased Gas (Cost) Adjustment (PGA) mechanism, which allows KUB to flow changes in purchased gas costs through to its customers. These changes in gas costs are reflected as adjustments to the base gas rates established by the Board. The rate-setting authority vested in the Board by the City Charter meets the "self-regulated" provisions of GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

The PGA is intended to ensure that KUB recovers the total cost of natural gas purchased, transported and/or reserved for delivery to its sales and transportation customers on an equitable basis. The PGA is also intended to ensure that no excess or deficient cost recovery from KUB's customers occurs.

Under the PGA mechanism, KUB tracks the actual over/(under) recovered amount in the Over/(Under) Recovered Purchased Gas Cost accounts. These accounts are rolled into the PGA rate adjustment on June 30 of each year thereby ensuring that any over/(under) recovered amounts are passed on to KUB's gas system customers. The amount of over/(under) recovered cost was \$4,371,708 as of June 30, 2023, and \$4,188,264 as of June 30, 2022.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 99 (Statement No. 99), *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Paragraphs 26-32 were effective immediately. Paragraphs 11-25 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 100 (Statement No. 100), *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101 (Statement No. 101), *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

KUB follows the provisions of Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for state and local governments related to deposit and investment risks. KUB classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

KUB's investment policy provides the framework for the administration and investment of cash deposits. The investment policy follows Tennessee State law and defines the parameters under which KUB funds should be invested. State law authorizes KUB to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. KUB's primary investment objectives are to place investments in a manner to ensure the preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements, and maximize yield of return. KUB minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by adhering to Tennessee State law requirements for the investment of public funds. This includes limiting investments to those types described above and limiting maturity horizons. The maximum maturity is four years from the date of investment. KUB also limits its exposure by holding investments to maturity unless cash flow requirements dictate otherwise.

Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy, as required by state law, is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable income to be derived, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Custodial Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy limits exposure to custodial credit risk by restricting investments to a standard set forth by state law. All deposits in excess of federal depository insurance

limits are collateralized with government securities held in KUB's name by a third-party custodian bank(s) acting as KUB's agent(s), or through the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. Financial institutions that participate in the collateral pool are subject to special assessment; therefore, the deposits are considered insured. A portion of KUB's investments is generally held in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is a part of the State Pooled Investment Fund and is sponsored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department. Tennessee Code Annotated ¶9-4-701 *et seq.* authorizes local governments to invest in the LGIP. None of KUB's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments per Statement of Net Position:

| | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|---|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Current assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 152,766,323 | \$ | 146,776,546 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | | 97,029,690 | | 20,236,708 |
| Other assets | | | | |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | | 15,661,112 | | 92,390,868 |
| Restricted assets | | | | |
| Unused bond proceeds | | 13 | | 1,298,143 |
| Bond fund | | 39,187,155 | | 35,073,534 |
| Student internet special fund | | 300,000 | | - |
| Other funds | | 1,518 | _ | 1,515 |
| | \$_ | 304,945,811 | \$_ | 295,777,314 |

The above amounts do not include accrued interest of \$241,431 in fiscal year 2023 and \$158,901 in fiscal year 2022. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis.

Investments and maturities of KUB's deposits and investments as held by financial institutions as of June 30, 2023:

| | Deposit and Investment Maturities (in Years) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | Fair | | Less | | | | | | |
| | | Value | | Than 1 | | 1-5 | | | | |
| Supersweep NOW and Other Deposits | \$ | 178,516,265 | \$ | 178,516,265 | \$ | - | | | | |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool | | 23,862,746 | | 23,862,746 | | - | | | | |
| Agency Bonds | | 103,789,986 | | 88,128,874 | | 15,661,112 | | | | |
| Certificates of Deposits | _ | 3,757,083 | _ | 3,757,083 | _ | | | | | |
| | \$_ | 309,926,080 | \$_ | 294,264,968 | \$_ | 15,661,112 | | | | |

KUB categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset with a maturity at purchase of greater than one year. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

KUB has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

• U.S. Agency bonds of \$15,661,112, which have a maturity at purchase of greater than one year, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

KUB measures investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less at amortized cost, which is considered a fair value equivalent due to their nature. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are measured at net asset value (NAV) per share.

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wholesale and retail customers | | |
| Billed services | \$ 47,349,019 | \$ 51,992,050 |
| Unbilled services | 29,988,499 | 35,838,200 |
| Other | 12,937,057 | 1,997,230 |
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (760,386) | (773,791) |
| | \$ 89,514,189 | \$ 89,053,689 |

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals

Accounts payable and accruals consist of the following:

| 2023 | | 2022 |
|-------------------|--|---|
| \$ 93,625,995 | \$ | 96,628,151 |
| 1,598,485 | | 1,296,808 |
| 1,482,546 | | 1,393,933 |
| 2,566,095 | | 2,252,221 |
| 16,626,871 | | 25,746,483 |
| \$ 115,899,992 | \$ | 127,317,596 |
| · · | \$ 93,625,995 1,598,485 1,482,546 2,566,095 16,626,871 | \$ 93,625,995 \$ 1,598,485 1,482,546 2,566,095 16,626,871 |

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6. Long-Term Obligations

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Additions | | Payments | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2023 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------|----|-------------|-----|---|----------|-----|-----------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|
| Electric | | | | | | • | | | | | |
| EE-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 21,530,000 \$ | | - | \$ | 2,300,000 \$ | - | \$ | 19,230,000 | \$ | 2,415,000 |
| FF-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 1,675,000 | | - | | 825,000 | - | | 850,000 | | 850,000 |
| GG-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 35,700,000 | | - | | 1,000,000 | - | | 34,700,000 | | 1,050,000 |
| HH-2017 - 2.5 - 5.0% | | 15,225,000 | | - | | 2,305,000 | - | | 12,920,000 | | 2,400,000 |
| II-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 36,885,000 | | - | | 890,000 | - | | 35,995,000 | | 935,000 |
| JJ-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 37,550,000 | | - | | 895,000 | - | | 36,655,000 | | 930,000 |
| KK-2020 - 5.0% | | 13,225,000 | | - | | 1,215,000 | - | | 12,010,000 | | 1,270,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 70,180,000 | | - | | 4,610,000 | - | | 65,570,000 | | 4,855,000 |
| MM-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 45,650,000 | | - | | - | - | | 45,650,000 | | 765,000 |
| NN-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 27,215,000 | | - | | - | - | | 27,215,000 | | - |
| OO-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | | | 79,000,000 | | | - | | 79,000,000 | | |
| Total bonds | \$ | 304,835,000 \$ | Ξ | 79,000,000 | \$ | 14,040,000 \$ | - | \$ | 369,795,000 | \$ | 15,470,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | _ | 29,092,437 | | 3,099,539 | | 1,850,102 | | | 30,341,874 | | - |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 333,927,437 \$ | | 82,099,539 | \$ | 15,890,102 \$ | - | \$ | 400,136,874 | \$ | 15,470,000 |
| Gas | - | | _ | | _ | | | | · | | |
| U-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 8,175,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 795,000 \$ | - | 5 | 7,380,000 | \$ | 805,000 |
| V-2016 - 2.125 - 5.0% | | 10,525,000 | | - | | 300,000 | - | | 10,225,000 | | 325,000 |
| W-2017 - 5.0% | | 4,500,000 | | - | | 815,000 | - | | 3,685,000 | | 850,000 |
| X-2017 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 10,790,000 | | - | | 285,000 | - | | 10,505,000 | | 300,000 |
| Y-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 7,305,000 | | - | | 180,000 | - | | 7,125,000 | | 185,000 |
| Z-2020 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 5,585,000 | | _ | | 585,000 | - | | 5,000,000 | | 615,000 |
| AA-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 37,915,000 | | _ | | 3,730,000 | _ | | 34,185,000 | | 3,590,000 |
| Total bonds | \$ | 84,795,000 \$ | _ | | \$ | 6,690,000 \$ | - | \$ | 78,105,000 | \$ | 6,670,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | - | 8.901.291 | _ | - | _ | 922,378 | _ | | 7,978,913 | | - |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 93,696,291 \$ | - | | \$ | 7,612,378 \$ | - | \$ | 86,083,913 | \$ | 6,670,000 |
| Water | | , | - | | . – | , | | | | • | .,, |
| BB-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 18,075,000 \$ | | _ | \$ | 1,050,000 \$ | _ | \$ | 17,025,000 | \$ | 1,110,000 |
| CC-2015 - 2.0 - 4.0% | Ψ. | 2,050,000 | | _ | • | 475,000 | _ | * | 1,575,000 | * | 500,000 |
| DD-2016 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 22,100,000 | | _ | | 625,000 | _ | | 21,475,000 | | 650,000 |
| EE-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 17,185,000 | | _ | | 1,315,000 | _ | | 15,870,000 | | 1,380,000 |
| FF-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 2,895,000 | | _ | | 530,000 | _ | | 2,365,000 | | 550,000 |
| GG-2017 - 2.125 - 5.0% | | 18,170,000 | | _ | | 460,000 | _ | | 17,710,000 | | 485,000 |
| HH-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 18,285,000 | | _ | | 430,000 | _ | | 17,855,000 | | 440,000 |
| II-2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 18,850,000 | | _ | | 400,000 | _ | | 18,450,000 | | 420,000 |
| JJ-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 18,395,000 | | _ | | 445,000 | _ | | 17,950,000 | | 445,000 |
| KK-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 8,665,000 | | _ | | 180,000 | _ | | 8,485,000 | | 190,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 31,955,000 | | _ | | 1,265,000 | _ | | 30,690,000 | | 1,305,000 |
| MM-2022 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 14,915,000 | | _ | | 100,000 | _ | | 14,815,000 | | - |
| Total bonds | \$ | 191,540,000 \$ | - | | \$ | 7,275,000 \$ | - | \$ | 184,265,000 | \$ | 7,475,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | ٠. | 15,240,672 | - | | · - | 801,642 | | • | 14,439,030 | | |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 206,780,672 \$ | _ | | \$ | 8,076,642 \$ | _ | \$ | 198,704,030 | \$ | 7,475,000 |
| Wastewater | Υ - | 200,100,012 | - | | Ť – | σ,σ,σ,σ,ε | | , , | 100,101,000 | • | 7,170,000 |
| 2010C - 1.18 - 6.1% | \$ | 20,250,000 \$ | | _ | \$ | - \$ | _ | \$ | 20,250,000 | \$ | _ |
| 2015A - 3.0 - 5.0% | Ψ | 104,950,000 | | = | Ψ | 6,005,000 | = | ų | 98,945,000 | Ψ | 3,720,000 |
| 2015B - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 1,800,000 | | _ | | 575,000 | _ | | 1,225,000 | | 600,000 |
| 2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 17,300,000 | | - | | 525,000 | - | | 16,775,000 | | 550,000 |
| 2017A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 4,285,000 | | - | | 1,775,000 | - | | 2,510,000 | | 595,000 |
| 2017B - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 22,635,000 | | - | | 600,000 | - | | 22,035,000 | | 630,000 |
| 2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 10,985,000 | | - | | 270,000 | - | | 10,715,000 | | 280,000 |
| | | | | - | | 330,000 | - | | | | 345,000 |
| 2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 15,135,000 | | - | | | - | | 14,805,000 | | • |
| 2020A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 26,765,000 | | - | | 715,000 | - | | 26,050,000 | | 750,000 |
| 2020B - 3.0 - 4.0% | | 26,355,000 | | - | | 580,000 | - | | 25,775,000 | | 600,000 |
| 2021A - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 187,325,000 | | - | | 3,060,000 | - | | 184,265,000 | | 6,085,000 |
| 2022A - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 11,125,000 | | - | | 225,000 | - | | 10,900,000 | | 200,000 |
| 2022B - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 23,200,000 | | - 0.005.000 | | 100,000 | - | | 23,100,000 | | 470.000 |
| 2022C - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 470.440.000 | _ | 9,995,000 | _ | - 44.700.000 # | | | 9,995,000 | • | 170,000 |
| Total bonds | \$ _ | 472,110,000 \$ | _ | 9,995,000 | » – | 14,760,000 \$ | - | \$ | 467,345,000 | ъ, | 14,525,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | | 61,168,494 | _ | 351,129 | _ | 2,492,284 | - | | 59,027,339 | • | 44.505.000 |
| Total long term debt | \$ _ | 533,278,494 \$ | _ | 10,346,129 | » – | 17,252,284 \$ | - | \$ | 526,372,339 | \$ | 14,525,000 |
| Consolidated | _ | | | | • | 40 =0= * | | | | • | |
| Total Bonds | \$ | 1,053,280,000 \$ | | 88,995,000 | \$ | 42,765,000 \$ | - | \$ | 1,099,510,000 | \$ | 44,140,000 |
| Total unamortized premium | _ | 114,402,894 | _ | 3,450,668 | | 6,066,406 | - | | 111,787,156 | | - |
| Total long term debt | \$_ | 1,167,682,894 \$ | _ | 92,445,668 | \$_ | 48,831,406 \$ | - | \$ | 1,211,297,156 | \$ | 44,140,000 |

| | | Balance June 30, | | Additions | | Down a más | | Defeated | | Balance June 30, | | Amounts Due Within |
|---|-----|---------------------------|----|-------------|----|------------|------|------------|----|---------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| Electric | | 2021 | | Additions | | Payments | | Defeased | | 2022 | | One Year |
| AA-2012 - 3.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 3,270,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,270,000 | | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| BB-2012 - 3.0 - 4.0% | Ψ | 825.000 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 825,000 | | _ | Ψ | _ | Ψ | _ |
| CC-2013 - 3.0 - 4.0% | | 540,000 | | _ | | 540,000 | | - | | _ | | _ |
| DD-2014 - 2.0 - 4.0% | | 875,000 | | _ | | 875,000 | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| EE-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 23,765,000 | | _ | | 2,235,000 | | _ | | 21,530,000 | | 2,300,000 |
| FF-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 31,375,000 | | _ | | 800,000 | | 28,900,000 | | 1,675,000 | | 825,000 |
| GG-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 36,650,000 | | _ | | 950,000 | | - | | 35,700,000 | | 1,000,000 |
| HH-2017 - 2.5 - 5.0% | | 17,420,000 | | _ | | 2,195,000 | | - | | 15,225,000 | | 2,305,000 |
| II-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 37,730,000 | | - | | 845,000 | | - | | 36,885,000 | | 890,000 |
| JJ-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 38,405,000 | | - | | 855,000 | | - | | 37,550,000 | | 895,000 |
| KK-2020 - 5.0% | | 14,380,000 | | - | | 1,155,000 | | - | | 13,225,000 | | 1,215,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 70,180,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 70,180,000 | | 4,610,000 |
| MM-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | - | | 45,650,000 | | - | | - | | 45,650,000 | | - |
| NN-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | _ | - | | 27,215,000 | | | | | | 27,215,000 | | |
| Total bonds | \$_ | 275,415,000 | \$ | 72,865,000 | \$ | 14,545,000 | \$ | 28,900,000 | \$ | 304,835,000 | \$ | 14,040,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | _ | 25,718,420 | | 6,718,375 | | 1,731,604 | | 1,612,754 | | 29,092,437 | | |
| Total long term debt | \$_ | 301,133,420 | \$ | 79,583,375 | \$ | 16,276,604 | \$ | 30,512,754 | \$ | 333,927,437 | \$ | 14,040,000 |
| Gas | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 8,915,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 740,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 8,175,000 | \$ | 795,000 |
| V-2016 - 2.125 - 5.0% | | 10,800,000 | | - | | 275,000 | | - | | 10,525,000 | | 300,000 |
| W-2017 - 5.0% | | 5,280,000 | | - | | 780,000 | | - | | 4,500,000 | | 815,000 |
| X-2017 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 11,060,000 | | - | | 270,000 | | - | | 10,790,000 | | 285,000 |
| Y-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 7,475,000 | | - | | 170,000 | | - | | 7,305,000 | | 180,000 |
| Z-2020 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 6,145,000 | | - | | 560,000 | | - | | 5,585,000 | | 585,000 |
| AA-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | _ | 41,920,000 | | | | 4,005,000 | | | | 37,915,000 | | 3,730,000 |
| Total bonds | \$_ | 91,595,000 | \$ | | \$ | 6,800,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 84,795,000 | \$ | 6,690,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | _ | 9,823,667 | | | | 922,376 | | | | 8,901,291 | | |
| Total long term debt | \$_ | 101,418,667 | \$ | | \$ | 7,722,376 | . \$ | | \$ | 93,696,291 | \$ | 6,690,000 |
| Water | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BB-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 19,075,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,000,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 18,075,000 | \$ | 1,050,000 |
| CC-2015 - 2.0 - 4.0% | | 17,575,000 | | - | | 475,000 | | 15,050,000 | | 2,050,000 | | 475,000 |
| DD-2016 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 22,675,000 | | - | | 575,000 | | - | | 22,100,000 | | 625,000 |
| EE-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 18,430,000 | | - | | 1,245,000 | | - | | 17,185,000 | | 1,315,000 |
| FF-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 3,405,000 | | - | | 510,000 | | - | | 2,895,000 | | 530,000 |
| GG-2017 - 2.125 - 5.0% | | 18,610,000 | | - | | 440,000 | | - | | 18,170,000 | | 460,000 |
| HH-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 18,695,000 | | - | | 410,000 | | - | | 18,285,000 | | 430,000 |
| II-2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 19,230,000 | | - | | 380,000 | | - | | 18,850,000 | | 400,000 |
| JJ-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 18,890,000 | | - | | 495,000 | | - | | 18,395,000 | | 445,000 |
| KK-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 8,835,000 | | - | | 170,000 | | - | | 8,665,000 | | 180,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 33,180,000 | | 14 045 000 | | 1,225,000 | | - | | 31,955,000 | | 1,265,000 |
| MM-2022 - 3.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 198,600,000 | \$ | 14,915,000 | \$ | 6,925,000 | \$ | 15,050,000 | • | 14,915,000 191,540,000 | æ | 7,275,000 |
| Total bonds | Ф= | | Ф | 448.952 | Ъ | 788.056 | . Ф | 218,595 | Ф | | \$ | 7,273,000 |
| Unamortized Premium Total long term debt | \$ | 15,798,371 214,398,371 | \$ | 15,363,952 | \$ | 7,713,056 | \$ | 15,268,595 | \$ | 15,240,672 206,780,672 | æ | 7,275,000 |
| Wastewater | Ψ= | 214,000,071 | φ | 10,000,002 | φ | 7,710,000 | . Φ | 10,200,000 | φ | 200,700,072 | φ | 1,210,000 |
| 2010C - 1.18 - 6.1% | \$ | 20,250,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 20,250,000 | \$ | _ |
| 2015A - 3.0 - 5.0% | Ψ | 110,625,000 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 5,675,000 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 104,950,000 | Ψ | 6,005,000 |
| 2015B - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 26,950,000 | | _ | | 550,000 | | 24,600,000 | | 1,800,000 | | 575,000 |
| 2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 17,800,000 | | _ | | 500,000 | | 24,000,000 | | 17,300,000 | | 525,000 |
| 2017A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 5,970,000 | | _ | | 1,685,000 | | _ | | 4,285,000 | | 1,775,000 |
| 2017B - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 23,205,000 | | _ | | 570,000 | | _ | | 22,635,000 | | 600,000 |
| 2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 11,240,000 | | _ | | 255,000 | | _ | | 10,985,000 | | 270,000 |
| 2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 15,450,000 | | _ | | 315,000 | | _ | | 15,135,000 | | 330,000 |
| 2020A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 27,445,000 | | _ | | 680,000 | | _ | | 26,765,000 | | 715,000 |
| 2020B - 3.0 - 4.0% | | 26,910,000 | | _ | | 555,000 | | _ | | 26,355,000 | | 580,000 |
| 2021A - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 190,815,000 | | _ | | 3,490,000 | | - | | 187,325,000 | | 3,060,000 |
| 2022A - 4.0 - 5.0% | | - | | 11,125,000 | | | | - | | 11,125,000 | | 225,000 |
| 2022B - 4.0 - 5.0% | | - | | 23,200,000 | | - | | - | | 23,200,000 | | 100,000 |
| Total bonds | \$ | 476,660,000 | \$ | 34,325,000 | \$ | 14,275,000 | \$ | 24,600,000 | \$ | 472,110,000 | \$ | 14,760,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | - | 61,280,352 | | 2,748,402 | | 2,410,559 | • | 449,701 | , | 61,168,494 | | |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 537,940,352 | \$ | 37,073,402 | \$ | 16,685,559 | \$ | 25,049,701 | \$ | 533,278,494 | \$ | 14,760,000 |
| Consolidated | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Bonds | \$ | 1,042,270,000 | \$ | 122,105,000 | \$ | 42,545,000 | \$ | 68,550,000 | \$ | 1,053,280,000 | \$ | 42,765,000 |
| Total unamortized premiu | ım | 112,620,811 | | 9,915,728 | | 5,852,595 | | 2,281,050 | | 114,402,894 | | |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 1,154,890,811 | \$ | 132,020,728 | \$ | 48,397,595 | \$ | 70,831,050 | \$ | 1,167,682,894 | \$ | 42,765,000 |
| | - | | | | | | • | | | | | |

Debt service over remaining term of the debt is as follows:

| Fiscal | | | | |
|-----------|----|---------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Year | | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2024 | \$ | 44,140,000 | \$ 42,680,879 | \$ 86,820,879 |
| 2025 | | 46,580,000 | 40,624,649 | 87,204,649 |
| 2026 | | 45,040,000 | 38,750,601 | 83,790,601 |
| 2027 | | 46,420,000 | 36,867,572 | 83,287,572 |
| 2028 | | 47,700,000 | 34,887,722 | 82,587,722 |
| 2029-2033 | | 229,555,000 | 145,698,392 | 375,253,392 |
| 2034-2038 | | 216,770,000 | 102,911,893 | 319,681,893 |
| 2039-2043 | | 231,160,000 | 58,533,149 | 289,693,149 |
| 2044-2048 | | 146,450,000 | 22,212,562 | 168,662,562 |
| 2049-2053 | _ | 45,695,000 | 3,908,519 | 49,603,519 |
| Total | \$ | 1,099,510,000 | \$ 527,075,938 | \$ 1,626,585,938 |

The Divisions have pledged sufficient revenue, after deduction of all current operating expenses (exclusive of tax equivalents), to meet bond principal and interest payments of revenue bonds when due. Such bond requirements are being met through monthly deposits to the bond funds as required by the bond covenants. As of June 30, 2023, these requirements have been satisfied.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB's Electric Division issued Series MM 2022 bonds to fund electric system capital improvements. KUB's Electric Division also issued Series NN 2022 bonds to retire a portion of outstanding Series FF 2015 bonds. On May 13, 2022, \$27.2 million in revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.1 percent were issued to advance refund \$28.9 million of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.1 percent. The net proceeds of \$29.5 million (after payment of \$0.4 million in issuance costs plus premium of \$2 million and an additional issuer equity contribution of \$0.6 million) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the bonds, with the exception of the July 1, 2022, and the July 1, 2023, debt service payments. As a result, the remaining bonds are considered to be refunded and the liability of \$28.9 million for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. This refunding decreases total debt service payments over the life of the debt by \$2 million, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1.3 million.

During fiscal year 2023, KUB's Electric Division issued Series OO 2022 bonds to fund electric system capital improvements.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB's Water Division issued Series MM 2022 bonds to retire a portion of outstanding Series CC 2015 bonds. On May 13, 2022, \$14.9 million in revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.6 percent were issued to currently refund \$15.1 million of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.9 percent. The net proceeds of \$15.2 million (after payment of \$0.3 million in issuance costs plus premium of \$0.4 million and an additional issuer equity contribution of \$0.1 million) were used to refund the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be refunded and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. This refunding decreases total debt service payments over the life of the debt by \$0.7 million, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$0.4 million.

During fiscal year 2011, KUB's Wastewater Division issued Series 2010C bonds to fund capital improvements. These bonds were issued as federally taxable Build America Bonds with a 35 percent interest payment rebate to be received from the United States Government for each interest payment.

These bonds are subject to a reduction in rebate payment amounts which is subject to change based on Congressional action. As of October 1, 2021, the effective reduction in rebate is 5.7 percent.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB's Wastewater Division issued Series 2022A bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements. KUB's Wastewater Division also issued Series 2022B bonds to retire a portion of outstanding Series 2015B bonds. On May 13, 2022, \$23.2 million in revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.2 percent were issued to currently refund \$24.6 million of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4 percent. The net proceeds of \$24.7 million (after payment of \$0.3 million in issuance costs plus premium of \$1.7 million and an additional issuer equity contribution of \$0.1 million) were used to refund the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be refunded and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. This refunding decreases total debt service payments over the life of the debt by \$1.3 million, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$0.7 million.

During fiscal year 2023, KUB's Wastewater Division issued Series 2022C bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements.

Other liabilities consist of the following:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|---|----|------------------------------------|----|--|----|-------------------------------------|
| TVA conservation program Accrued compensated | \$ 613,757 | \$ | 25,487 | \$ | (368,106) | \$ | 271,138 |
| absences Customer advances | 10,759,104 | | 21,378,328 | | (21,590,563) | | 10,546,869 |
| for construction | 10,681,887 | | 4,972,019 | | (4,354,111) | | 11,299,795 |
| Other | 244,656 | _ | 199,418 | _ | (324,454) | _ | 119,620 |
| | \$ 22,299,404 | \$ | 26,575,252 | \$ | (26,637,234) | \$ | 22,237,422 |
| | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| TVA conservation program Accrued compensated | \$ 1,158,556 | \$ | 64,619 | \$ | (609,418) | \$ | 613,757 |
| absences | 10,341,485 | | 22,498,166 | | (22,080,547) | | 10,759,104 |
| ^ ' | | | | | | | |
| Customer advances | 100-016- | | . = | | (4.4=0.06=) | | |
| for construction | 10,373,106 | | 4,764,867 | | (4,456,086) | | 10,681,887 |
| | \$ 10,373,106 225,278 22,098,425 | \$ | 4,764,867 325,770 27,653,422 | \$ | (4,456,086) (306,392) (27,452,443) | \$ | 10,681,887 244,656 22,299,404 |

7. Lease Receivables

KUB, as lessor, leases office space, land, and fiber optic cables under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to ten years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain leases contain an option to renew that has been considered in the lease receivable when the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option. KUB recognized lease revenue, which is included in other operating revenues, of \$631,140 in 2023 and \$451,074 in 2022. KUB also recognized interest income from leases, which is included in non-operating revenues, totaling \$153,241 in 2023 and \$127,593 in 2022. Total lease receivables were \$4,371,578 (\$555,779 current) and \$4,489,301 (\$516,649 current) as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and are included in other assets on the Statement of Net Position.

8. Lease Liability

Changes in lease liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Total lease liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ - \$ - | 4,060,460 (844,904) 3,215,556 | \$ 367,985 | \$ (900,867) | \$ \$ _ | 3,527,578 (830,979) 2,696,599 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total lease liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ _ \$_ | 470,858 (377,192) 93,666 | \$ 4,300,561 | \$ (710,959) | \$ - \$_ | 4,060,460 (844,904) 3,215,556 |

KUB leases certain office space, equipment, and other assets under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to twenty years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain office space leases contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the lease liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | | Lease Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|----|------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 830,980 | \$ 119,183 |
| 2025 | | 880,026 | 88,904 |
| 2026 | | 914,471 | 56,015 |
| 2028 | | 744,564 | 21,227 |
| 2028 | | 19,470 | 6,992 |
| 2029-2033 | | 32,592 | 30,070 |
| 2034-2038 | | 45,904 | 26,739 |
| 2039-2043 | _ | 59,571 | 18,573 |
| | \$ | 3,527,578 | \$ 367,703 |

9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreement Liabilities

Changes in SBITA liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--------------------------|
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ | 8,273,214 | \$ | 68,768 | \$ | (709,324) | \$ 7,632,658 |
| Less current portion | | (709,324) | | | - | | (910,426) |
| Long-term portion | \$ _ | 7,563,890 | _ | | | | \$ 6,722,232 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 8,949,361 | \$ | (676,147) | \$ 8,273,214 |
| Less current portion | | - | | | = | , , | (709,324) |
| Long-term portion | \$ | - | _ | | | | \$ 7,563,890 |

KUB has subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) which grant non-cancelable rights to use underlying information technology software. Terms of agreement range from five to eighteen years and contain fixed and variable payment terms. Certain SBITAs contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the SBITA liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of SBITA liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | Subscription Maturities | | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|-------------------------|----|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ 910,427 | \$ | 280,086 |
| 2025 | 1,037,806 | | 243,407 |
| 2026 | 1,206,487 | | 199,923 |
| 2027 | 1,237,452 | | 151,139 |
| 2028 | 1,296,953 | | 101,933 |
| 2029-2032 | 1,943,534 | _ | 125,307 |
| | \$ 7,632,659 | \$ | 1,101,795 |

(Space left intentionally blank)

10. Capital and Intangible Assets

Capital and intangible asset activity was as follows:

| | | Balance | | | | | | Balance |
|---------------------------------------|----|-----------------|------|--------------|------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| | | June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | June 30, 2023 |
| Production Plant (Intakes) | \$ | 742,503 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 742,503 |
| Pumping and Treatment Plant | | 413,102,170 | | 8,398,801 | | (2,089,203) | | 419,411,768 |
| Distribution and Collection Plant | | | | | | | | |
| Mains and metering | | 1,191,235,230 | | 39,651,835 | | (4,331,459) | | 1,226,555,606 |
| Services and meters | | 243,710,892 | | 10,060,281 | | (1,566,110) | | 252,205,063 |
| Electric station equipment | | 187,970,174 | | 32,116,980 | | (1,162,790) | | 218,924,364 |
| Poles, towers and fixtures | | 229,318,620 | | 9,047,087 | | (1,272,890) | | 237,092,817 |
| Overhead conductors | | 189,890,503 | | 12,186,366 | | (2,991,982) | | 199,084,887 |
| Line transformers | | 108,462,711 | | 3,275,116 | | (554,944) | | 111,182,883 |
| Other accounts | _ | 305,772,862 | _ | 5,543,567 | | (1,335,591) | | 309,980,838 |
| Total Distribution & Collection Plant | \$ | 2,456,360,992 | \$ | 111,881,232 | \$ | (13,215,766) | \$ | 2,555,026,458 |
| | | - | | - | | - | | |
| General Plant | _ | 278,765,298 | _ | 17,085,602 | _ | (2,563,375) | _ | 293,287,525 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 3,148,970,963 | \$ | 137,365,635 | \$ | (17,868,344) | \$ | 3,268,468,254 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (1,057,804,184) | | (95,226,575) | _ | 19,041,504 | _ | (1,133,989,255) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 2,091,166,779 | \$ | 42,139,060 | \$ | 1,173,160 | \$ | 2,134,478,999 |
| Work In Progress | | 161,753,319 | | 194,937,382 | | (135,368,463) | | 221,322,238 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 2,252,920,098 | \$ | 237,076,442 | \$ | (134,195,303) | \$ | 2,355,801,237 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 4,361,497 | \$ | - | \$ | (154,920) | \$ | 4,206,577 |
| Equipment | | 82,407 | | 67,006 | | (16,410) | | 133,003 |
| Other | | 143,783 | | 330,678 | | (143,783) | | 330,678 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 4,587,687 | \$ | 397,684 | \$ | (315,113) | \$ | 4,670,258 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (689,074) | | (851,664) | | 175,503 | | (1,365,235) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 3,898,613 | \$ | (453,981) | \$ | (139,610) | \$ | 3,305,023 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 9,273,959 | \$ | 49,820 | \$ | _ | \$ | 9,323,779 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | Ψ | (832,906) | Ψ | (1,196,807) | Ψ | _ | Ψ | (2,029,713) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 8,441,053 | \$ - | (1,146,987) | \$ _ | | \$ - | 7,294,066 |
| not intangible dubbeliption Abbets | Ψ. | 0,441,000 | Ψ_ | (1,140,907) | Ψ_ | | Ψ_ | 7,204,000 |

(Space left intentionally blank)

| Production Plant (Intakes) | | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--|--|----|--------------------------|----|--------------|----|---------------|------|--------------------------|
| Distribution and Collection Plant | Production Plant (Intakes) | \$ | , | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | • |
| Mains and metering 1,152,024,908 47,031,973 (7,821,651) 1,191,235,230 Services and meters 235,855,917 9,064,223 (1,209,248) 243,710,892 Electric station equipment 182,343,725 6,005,230 (378,781) 187,970,174 Poles, towers and fixtures 219,670,116 10,399,090 (750,586) 229,318,620 Overhead conductors 180,227,318 14,958,175 (5,294,990) 189,890,503 Line transformers 106,735,123 2,395,194 (667,606) 108,462,711 Other accounts 308,765,680 7,007,574 (10,000,392) 305,772,862 Total Distribution & Collection Plant 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 General Plant 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Total Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 182,509,388 (32,623,098) 3,148,70,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (994,348,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1324,374) | | • | , | • | 60,466,147 | * | (2,176,972) | • | , |
| Services and meters 235,855,917 9,064,223 (1,209,248) 243,710,892 Electric station equipment 182,343,725 6,005,230 (378,781) 187,970,174 Poles, towers and fixtures 219,670,116 10,399,090 (750,586) 229,318,620 Overhead conductors 180,227,318 14,958,175 (5,294,990) 189,890,503 Line transformers 106,735,123 2,395,194 (667,606) 108,462,711 Other accounts 308,765,680 7,007,574 (10,000,392) 305,772,862 Total Distribution & Collection Plant 2,385,622,787 96,861,459 (26,123,254) 2,2456,360,992 General Plant 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Total Plant Assets \$ 2,999,084,673 182,509,388 \$ (32,623,098) \$ 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1324,374) \$ 2,091,166,779 Total Net Plant 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (18 | Distribution and Collection Plant | | | | | | | | |
| Electric station equipment | Mains and metering | | 1,152,024,908 | | 47,031,973 | | (7,821,651) | | 1,191,235,230 |
| Poles, towers and fixtures | Services and meters | | 235,855,917 | | 9,064,223 | | (1,209,248) | | 243,710,892 |
| Overhead conductors 180,227,318 14,958,175 (5,294,990) 189,890,503 Line transformers 106,735,123 2,395,194 (667,606) 108,462,711 Other accounts 308,765,680 7,007,574 (10,000,392) 305,772,862 Total Distribution & Collection Plant 2,385,622,787 96,861,459 (26,123,254) 2,456,360,992 General Plant 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Total Plant Assets 2,999,084,673 182,509,388 (32,623,098) 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1,324,374) 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (185,391,249) 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Cyling Space 645,078 4,239,246 (62,564) <td< td=""><td>Electric station equipment</td><td></td><td>182,343,725</td><td></td><td>6,005,230</td><td></td><td>(378,781)</td><td></td><td>187,970,174</td></td<> | Electric station equipment | | 182,343,725 | | 6,005,230 | | (378,781) | | 187,970,174 |
| Line transformers 106,735,123 2,395,194 (667,606) 108,462,711 Other accounts 308,765,680 7,007,574 (10,000,392) 305,772,862 Total Distribution & Collection Plant \$2,385,622,787 96,861,459 (26,123,254) 2,456,360,992 General Plant 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Total Plant Assets 2,999,084,673 182,509,388 (32,623,098) 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1,324,374) 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant \$2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (185,391,249) 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 | Poles, towers and fixtures | | 219,670,116 | | 10,399,090 | | (750,586) | | 229,318,620 |
| Other accounts 308,765,680 7,007,574 (10,000,392) 305,772,862 Total Distribution & Collection Plant 2,385,622,787 96,861,459 (26,123,254) 2,456,360,992 General Plant 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Total Plant Assets 2,999,084,673 182,509,388 (32,623,098) 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1,324,374) 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (185,391,249) 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Office space 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 | Overhead conductors | | 180,227,318 | | 14,958,175 | | (5,294,990) | | 189,890,503 |
| Total Distribution & Collection Plant \$ 2,385,622,787 \$ 96,861,459 \$ (26,123,254) \$ 2,456,360,992 General Plant Total Plant Assets 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Total Plant Assets \$ 2,999,084,673 \$ 182,509,388 \$ (32,623,098) \$ 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Plant Assets (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Work In Progress 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1324,374) \$ 2,091,166,779 Work Plant \$ 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant \$ 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (185,391,249) \$ 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) | Line transformers | | 106,735,123 | | 2,395,194 | | (667,606) | | 108,462,711 |
| General Plant Total Plant Assets 257,906,388 25,181,782 (4,322,872) 278,765,298 Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Plant Assets (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1,324,374) 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (185,391,249) 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets 1,432,735 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 | Other accounts | | 308,765,680 | | 7,007,574 | | (10,000,392) | | 305,772,862 |
| Total Plant Assets \$ 2,999,084,673 \$ 182,509,388 \$ (32,623,098) \$ 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets \$ 1,999,645,773 \$ 92,845,380 \$ (1,324,374) \$ 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress \$ 189,507,909 \$ 156,312,285 (184,066,875) \$ 161,753,319 Total Net Plant \$ 2,189,153,682 \$ 249,157,665 \$ (185,391,249) \$ 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets Office space \$ 645,078 \$ 4,239,246 \$ (522,827) \$ 4,361,497 Equipment \$ 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other \$ 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 891,905 \$ 4,318,865 (623,083) \$ 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 470,858 3,629,791 \$ (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets \$ 9,273,959 | Total Distribution & Collection Plant | \$ | 2,385,622,787 | \$ | 96,861,459 | \$ | (26,123,254) | \$ | 2,456,360,992 |
| Total Plant Assets \$ 2,999,084,673 \$ 182,509,388 \$ (32,623,098) \$ 3,148,970,963 Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets \$ 1,999,645,773 \$ 92,845,380 \$ (1,324,374) \$ 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress \$ 189,507,909 \$ 156,312,285 (184,066,875) \$ 161,753,319 Total Net Plant \$ 2,189,153,682 \$ 249,157,665 \$ (185,391,249) \$ 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets Office space \$ 645,078 \$ 4,239,246 \$ (522,827) \$ 4,361,497 Equipment \$ 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other \$ 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 891,905 \$ 4,318,865 (623,083) \$ 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 470,858 3,629,791 \$ (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets \$ 9,273,959 | | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation (999,438,900) (89,664,008) 31,298,724 (1,057,804,184) Net Plant Assets 1,999,645,773 92,845,380 (1,324,374) 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 (185,391,249) 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets 645,078 4,239,246 (522,827) 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulat | General Plant | | 257,906,388 | | 25,181,782 | | (4,322,872) | | 278,765,298 |
| Net Plant Assets \$ 1,999,645,773 \$ 92,845,380 \$ (1,324,374) \$ 2,091,166,779 Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant \$ 2,189,153,682 249,157,665 \$ (185,391,249) \$ 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets Office space \$ 645,078 4,239,246 \$ (522,827) 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Total Plant Assets | \$ | 2,999,084,673 | \$ | 182,509,388 | \$ | (32,623,098) | \$ | 3,148,970,963 |
| Work In Progress 189,507,909 156,312,285 (184,066,875) 161,753,319 Total Net Plant \$ 2,189,153,682 \$ 249,157,665 \$ (185,391,249) \$ 2,252,920,098 Intangible Right of Use Assets Office space \$ 645,078 \$ 4,239,246 \$ (522,827) \$ 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (999,438,900) | | (89,664,008) | | 31,298,724 | | (1,057,804,184) |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 2,189,153,682 \$ 249,157,665 \$ (185,391,249) \$ 2,252,920,098 Office space \$ 645,078 \$ 4,239,246 \$ (522,827) \$ 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 \$ 4,318,865 \$ (623,083) \$ 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 470,858 3,629,791 \$ (202,036) \$ 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets - 9,273,959 - \$ 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Net Plant Assets | \$ | 1,999,645,773 | \$ | 92,845,380 | \$ | (1,324,374) | \$ | 2,091,166,779 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets Office space | Work In Progress | | 189,507,909 | | 156,312,285 | | (184,066,875) | | 161,753,319 |
| Office space \$ 645,078 \$ 4,239,246 \$ (522,827) \$ 4,361,497 Equipment 92,684 27,415 (37,692) 82,407 Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 \$ 4,318,865 (623,083) \$ 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 \$ (202,036) \$ 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Total Net Plant | \$ | 2,189,153,682 | \$ | 249,157,665 | \$ | (185,391,249) | \$ | 2,252,920,098 |
| Equipment Other 92,684 154,143 27,415 52,204 (62,564) (37,692) 82,407 Other Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 \$4,318,865 \$(623,083) \$4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 \$3,629,791 \$(202,036) \$3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets 9,273,959 \$-\$9,273,959 Intangible Subscription Assets 9,273,959 \$-\$9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization (832,906) - (832,906) | Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Other 154,143 52,204 (62,564) 143,783 Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets - 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Office space | \$ | 645,078 | \$ | 4,239,246 | \$ | (522,827) | \$ | 4,361,497 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets 891,905 4,318,865 (623,083) 4,587,687 Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets 9,273,959 5 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization 6832,906) - (832,906) | Equipment | | 92,684 | | 27,415 | | (37,692) | | 82,407 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization (421,047) (689,074) 421,047 (689,074) Net Intangible Right of Use Assets \$ 470,858 3,629,791 \$ (202,036) \$ 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets Intangible Subscription Assets \$ - \$ 9,273,959 \$ - \$ 9,273,959 \$ 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) - (832,906) - (832,906) | Other | | 154,143 | | 52,204 | | (62,564) | | 143,783 |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets 470,858 3,629,791 \$ (202,036) 3,898,613 Intangible Subscription Assets Intangible Subscription Assets | Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 891,905 | \$ | 4,318,865 | \$ | (623,083) | \$ | 4,587,687 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets 9,273,959 - 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Less Accumulated Amortization | | (421,047) | | (689,074) | | 421,047 | | (689,074) |
| Intangible Subscription Assets - \$ 9,273,959 - \$ 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 470,858 | \$ | 3,629,791 | \$ | (202,036) | \$ | 3,898,613 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets - \$ 9,273,959 - \$ 9,273,959 Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Less Accumulated Amortization - (832,906) - (832,906) | • | \$ | _ | \$ | 9,273,959 | \$ | _ | \$ | 9.273,959 |
| | 3 1 | - | _ | • | -, -, | - | _ | - | , , |
| | Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ _ | |

11. Risk Management

KUB is exposed to various risks of loss related to active and retiree medical claims; injuries to workers; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; environmental damages; and natural disasters. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

These liabilities are included in accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is KUB's best estimate based on available information. On June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$2,566,095 and \$2,252,221, respectively, resulting from the following changes:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----|--------------|-----------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 2,252,221 | \$ 1,936,245 |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | | 21,658,882 | 18,435,605 |
| Claims payments | _ | (21,345,008) | (18,119,629) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 2,566,095 | \$ 2,252,221 |

12. Pension Plan

Description of Plan

The Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan (the Plan) is a governmental plan as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA or the Act), is not subject to any of the provisions of the Act, and was revised January 1, 2020, to include all prior approved amendments. The Plan is a single-employer contributory, defined benefit pension plan established by Knoxville Utilities Board Resolution No. 980 dated February 18, 1999, effective July 1, 1999, as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J). KUB Board Resolution No. 979, effective July 1, 1999, as amended by Resolution No. 1037, establishing the KUB Retirement System, was amended effective June 18, 2020, to amend the term "Trustee" to include both custodians and/or trustees, in order to provide flexibility should KUB choose to change from its current Pension trustee. The Plan is designed to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to KUB employees. KUB administers the Plan through an Administrative Committee consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Plan involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be adopted by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Plan may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The Plan issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017.

Effective January 1, 2011, KUB closed the Plan such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and to accrue benefits under the Plan.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of December 31:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Inactive plan members: | | |
| Terminated vested participants | 14 | 12 |
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 603 | 600 |
| Active plan members | 431 | 478 |
| Total | 1,048 | 1,090 |

Retirement Benefits

The Plan provides three benefit arrangements for KUB participants, retirees, and beneficiaries.

The Plan provides pension benefits through the Career Equity Program ("CEP") for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1999, and for eligible former "City System Plan A" participants who elected CEP coverage as of July 1, 1999. The guaranteed pension benefit payable to a participant who has completed five or more years of service (or reached the normal retirement date, if earlier) upon termination of KUB employment shall be a lump sum equal to the participant's average compensation times their benefit percentage, as defined in the Plan document, or an annuity may be chosen by the participant.

In addition, the Plan provided retirement benefits through "Plan A" for former City System Plan A participants who elected not to participate in the CEP. Plan A is a closed plan and is not available to KUB employees hired after July 1, 1999. Plan A provides for early retirement benefits with 25 years of service and normal retirement benefits at age 62 or later. Benefits provided to Plan A participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments.

The Plan also provides retirement benefits through "Plan B" for former "City System Plan B" participants. Plan B is a closed plan providing benefits to participants not covered by Social Security.

Benefits provided to Plan B participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments available to participants.

Effective January 1, 2012, KUB began to provide for additional monthly supplements, which are not subject to cost-of-living adjustments, to certain former employees and surviving dependents of former employees who are eligible for and have elected coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and are eligible for Medicare. This was done to compensate for the elimination of drug coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and to assist such individuals in obtaining prescription drug coverage under Medicare Part D.

Contributions

Participation in Plan A requires employee contributions of three percent of the first \$4,800 of annual earnings and five percent of annual earnings in excess of \$4,800. KUB contributions are determined by the enrolled actuary of the Plan and equal to the amount necessary to provide the benefits under the Plan determined by the application of accepted actuarial methods and assumptions. The method of funding shall be consistent with Plan objectives.

Plan Funding

KUB maintains a Funding Policy for the Plan in accordance with Tennessee State Law. The primary goal of the Policy is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and employee contributions and current Plan assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to current active, inactive and retired Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB fully funds its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Investments

The Plan's investments are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company (the "Trustee"). The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Investment Committee and approved by the KUB Board of Commissioners and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. It is the policy of the Retirement System Investment Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2022:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|--|-------------------|
| | |
| Domestic equity – large cap | 20% - 50% |
| Domestic equity – mid cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – small cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – convertible securities | 0% - 10% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 0% - 20% |
| Real estate equity | 0% - 10% |
| Fixed income – aggregate bonds | 5% - 25% |
| Fixed income – long-term bonds | 10% - 25% |
| Cash and deposits | 0% - 5% |

Contributions of \$2,624,373 and \$3,665,168 for 2021 and 2020, respectively, were made during the Plan sponsor's fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The fiscal year 2023 contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2021, valuation using the Individual Entry Age Normal funding method. The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the Plan as payments which are level as a percentage of salary, starting on the original participation date (employment date) and continuing until the assumed retirement, termination, disability, or death.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68"), which requires measurement of the net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, will be based on the December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively.

GASB 68 requires certain disclosures related to the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan as disclosed below:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|----|----------------|-----------------|
| Total pension liability | \$ | 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | _ | (232,187,691) | (306, 339, 494) |
| Plan's net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | ne | 91.27% | 126.48% |

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) are as follows:

| | Т | otal Pension Liability (a) | Increase (Decrease) lan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension ability (Asset) (a) - (b) |
|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Balances at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 242,201,780 | \$ 306,339,494 | \$ (64,137,714) |
| Changes for the year: | | | | |
| Service cost | | 6,349,402 | - | 6,349,402 |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | - | 17,430,465 |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | - | - |
| Differences between Expected | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 282,014 | - | 282,014 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 5,268,672 | - | 5,268,672 |
| Contributions - employer | | - | 3,144,770 | (3,144,770) |
| Contributions - rollovers | | - | 3,080 | (3,080) |
| Contributions - member | | - | 3,809,515 | (3,809,515) |
| Net investment income | | - | (63,484,570) | 63,484,570 |
| Benefit payments | | (17,125,610) | (17,125,610) | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | (498,988) | 498,988 |
| Net changes | | 12,204,943 | (74,151,803) | 86,356,746 |
| Balances at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 254,406,723 | \$ 232,187,691 | \$ 22,219,032 |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Valuation dates | January 1, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2022; January |
|------------------|--|
| | 1, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2021 |
| Discount rate | 7.00% as of December 31, 2022; 7.25% as of December 31, 2021 |
| Salary increases | From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service as of |
| - | December 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Mortality | 115% and 110% of the PubG-2010 table for males and females, |
| - | respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table |
| | for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Table, both |
| | projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018, fully |
| | generational as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Inflation | 2.5% as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and 2021, valuations were based on an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, are summarized in the following table. The real rate of return reported for fixed income is for aggregate fixed income. The Plan has both aggregate and long duration fixed income.

| Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2022 | 2021 | | | | | |
| 5.0% | 5.1% | | | | | |
| 6.1% | 6.0% | | | | | |
| 5.4% | 5.4% | | | | | |
| 0.5% | 0.2% | | | | | |
| (0.1%) | (0.3%) | | | | | |
| | Feal Rate 2022 5.0% 6.1% 5.4% 0.5% | | | | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of December 31, 2022, and 7.25 percent as of December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of December 31, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if

it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | Decrease Dis | | Current Discount ate (7.00%) | 1% Increase (8.00%) |
|---|------------------|----|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| - | \$ 45,400,841 | \$ | 22,219,032 | \$ 2,259,345 |

Plan's net pension liability

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of \$8,973,269.

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2021, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$282,014, with \$70,504 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$211,510. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$2,609,559, of which \$869,853 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,739,706. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$1,951,216. Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$542,777, of which \$331,952 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$210,825.

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$5,268,672, with \$1,317,168 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$3,951,504. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$3,389,264, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$1,694,632.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$85,314,262, of which \$17,062,852 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$38,969,257, of which \$10,346,356 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment losses this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$39,628,509.

In addition, KUB recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$1,312,188 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2022, and June 30, 2023.

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| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | rred Inflows Resources | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 1,951,216 | \$ 210,825 | |
| Changes in assumptions | | 5,646,136 | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | 39,628,509 | - | |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | 1,312,188 | | |
| Total | \$ | 48,538,049 | \$ 210,825 | |

\$1,312,188 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2024 \$ | 4,785,008 | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | 10,279,066 | | | | | | | |
| 2026 | 14,888,108 | | | | | | | |
| 2027 | 17,062,854 | | | | | | | |
| Thereafter | _ | | | | | | | |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$11,639,307).

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$1,935,276, with approximately \$483,819 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$1,451,457.

Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$1,544,136, of which \$386,034 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,158,102. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$2,609,559. Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$1,092,163, of which \$549,386 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$542,777.

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes or assumption changes. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$5,083,896, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$3,389,264. Net unrecognized assumption change gains from prior periods were \$71,525, of which the remaining \$71,525 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$17,812,070, of which \$3,562,414 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$34,994,864, of which \$10,275,263 was

recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment gains this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred inflow of \$38,969,257.

In addition, KUB recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$1,832,582 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2022.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | erred Inflows Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience | \$ | 2,609,559 | \$ 542,777 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 3,389,264 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | - | 38,969,257 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | 1,832,582 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 7,831,405 | \$ 39,512,034 |

13. Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

Description

In fiscal year 2017, KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB. The number of participants in any given year for the QEBA is determined by the number of KUB Pension Plan participants who exceed the current year's section 415(b) limitations, as calculated by the KUB Pension Plan actuary. The amount of QEBA benefit will be the amount specified by the terms of the KUB Pension Plan without regard to Section 415(b) limitations minus the amount payable from the KUB Pension Plan as limited by Section 415(b). QEBA benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

As of June 30, 2023, there are 404 active employees eligible for the KUB Pension Plan who are potentially eligible to receive QEBA benefits. The KUB Pension Plan was closed effective January 1, 2011, such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and accrue benefits under the KUB Pension Plan. The KUB Pension Plan was amended to include the provision of QEBA benefits; therefore, amendments to the QEBA require the same authority as amendments to the KUB Pension Plan. As required by federal tax law, the QEBA is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. KUB may not pre-fund the QEBA to cover future liabilities beyond the current year. KUB has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the GASB's criteria. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Total Pension Liability of the QEBA

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 ("GASB 73"). GASB 73 extends a similar approach of financial reporting to plans meeting specific criteria that are not administered through trusts that GASB 68 established for pension plans. GASB 73 requires

measurement of the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. There is no Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

GASB 73 requires certain disclosures related to the total pension liability of the QEBA, as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Total pension liability | \$0 | \$0 |
| Deferred outflows | (6,779) | (11,505) |
| Deferred inflows | 3,408 | 16,927 |
| Net impact on Statement of Net Position | (\$3,371) | \$5,422 |
| Covered payroll | \$37,412,132 | \$38,074,863 |
| Total pension liability as a % of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$8,793) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$-), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [(\$3,371) - \$5,422 + \$-].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$3,408 from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$4,073 from experience losses in prior years.

There was a deferred outflow of \$2,706 from assumption changes in prior years.

The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 4,073 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 2,706 | | - | |
| Total | \$ 6,779 | \$ | 3,408 | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|-------|
| 2024 \$ | 3,023 |
| 2025 | 348 |
| 2026 | - |
| 2027 | - |
| 2028 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of \$16,613 for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA [\$19,875], but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [\$5,422 - \$8,684 + \$19,875].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$6,816, with \$1,704 recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of \$5,112. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$7,225 from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$6,112 from experience losses in prior years.

During the measurement year, there were no assumption changes. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$4,590 and a deferred outflow of \$5,393 from assumption changes in prior years.

The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 6,112 | \$ | 12,337 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 5,393 | | 4,590 | |
| Total | \$ 11,505 | \$ | 16,927 | |

14. Defined Contribution Plan

The KUB Asset Accumulation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") is a defined contribution 401(k) employee retirement savings plan covering eligible KUB employees established by the KUB Board of Commissioners in accordance with the Charter of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee. The 401(k) Plan's assets are held in trust under an agreement between KUB and Fidelity Management Trust Company. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, have an enhanced 401(k) due to the closure of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. They may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. They also receive a non-

elective KUB contribution of three percent to six percent, depending on years of service, whether they contribute or not.

KUB funded 401(k) matching contributions and non-elective contributions of \$3,794,561 and \$3,125,903, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

15. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Description of Trust

The Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (the Trust) is a single-employer trust established by the KUB Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The Trust, along with the KUB Health Plan, make up a Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") and are intended to be tax-exempt pursuant to Code §501(c)(9). The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. The applicable documentation was submitted to the State Funding Board and, in December 2007, the State Funding Board approved the Trust. The Trust was also approved by the Internal Revenue Service in June 2008. KUB administers the Trust through a Board of Trustees consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Trust involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be approved by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Trust may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The investment of all deposits to the Trust is governed by an Investment Policy, which was adopted by the KUB Board and approved by the State Funding Board. The Trust issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of June 30:

| | HRA | | Retiree Med | lical Benefit |
|---------------------------|-----------|----|-------------|---------------|
| | 2023 2022 | | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | | | _ |
| Retirees | 6 | 4 | 542 | 549 |
| Dependents of retirees | 2 | 2 | 596 | 612 |
| Eligible active employees | 25 | 15 | 140 | 145 |
| Total | 33 | 21 | 1,278 | 1,306 |

Benefits

Benefits for pre-July 1, 1999, eligible participants may include, but shall not be limited to, medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, hearing, Medicare Part B or Part D premiums, life insurance, long-term care, and long-term disability. Post-July 1, 1999, eligible participants are eligible for HRA benefits which include up to \$50,000 to be used exclusively for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses of the retiree and his or her spouse and dependents. Any unused HRA amounts will remain assets of the OPEB Trust.

Contributions and Funding

The primary goal of the Funding Policy for the Trust is to document the method KUB has adopted

to provide assurance that future KUB and retiree contributions and current Trust assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to Trust beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB's current practice is to fully fund its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution, which is determined by actuarial valuation.

Contributions are authorized by the terms of the Trust as established by KUB Resolution No. 1168, as amended, as approved by the Tennessee State Funding Board. KUB shall have the right at any time to amend, in whole or in part, the provisions of this Trust; however, no such amendment shall authorize or permit the assets of the Trust to be used for or diverted to purposes other than those expressed in the Declaration of Trust.

It shall be the sole and exclusive responsibility of KUB to determine the level of contributions KUB will make to the Trust for the purpose of financing other post-employment benefits accrued by its respective participants. Neither the Trust, nor the Trust's Board, shall be responsible for collecting or otherwise determining the level of contributions needed by KUB to finance any other post-employment benefits offered by KUB. The assets of the Trust shall be expended solely to make payments for other post-employment benefits pursuant to, and in accordance with, the terms of the Trust and to pay the cost of administration.

Based on the date of retirement, certain retired members are required to contribute specified amounts monthly to maintain health insurance. Those who retired prior to July 1983 have no required monthly premiums for themselves or dependents. The retirees, or their surviving dependents, who retired between August 1983 and January 1998 are required to pay \$262.50 per month for pre-Medicare family health insurance. For individuals who retired after January 1998, the required monthly premium for pre-Medicare health insurance is \$262.50 for single coverage and \$525 for family coverage. There is currently no premium for Medicare eligible retirees or dependents. KUB is responsible for determining the level of retired plan member contributions on an annual basis as part of its review of healthcare cost sharing.

Participants in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement are not eligible for health insurance and are not required to make contributions.

Investments

The Trust holds investments in a balanced fund, which invests in passively managed common trust index funds, managed and sponsored by State Street Global Advisors (SSgA), with an asset allocation mirroring the asset allocation of the Trust and rebalanced monthly. The Trust's Investment Policy was established and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. The Trust's Investment Policy is to invest in a manner that will provide sufficient investment return to meet current and future retiree health benefits, while conforming to all governing State and Federal statutes. It allows investment of Trust assets in any type of security instrument allowed for in T.C.A 8-50-1203. The following was the Trust's adopted investment target allocations as set forth in the Trust's Investment Policy as of June 30, 2023:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | |
| Domestic Equity: | |
| Large Cap | 30% |
| Small Cap | 8% |
| International Equity: | |
| Developed | 16% |
| Emerging | 8% |
| Real Estate Equity | 8% |
| Debt Securities | 30% |
| Total | 100% |

Actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$1,413,392. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an actuarially determined contribution of \$489,066 was made to the OPEB Trust, along with an additional \$1,500,000 contribution to help fund the HRA. These were based on the OPEB actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2021, and 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), which requires measurement of the net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Trust's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 are based on the reporting date for the KUB Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan which is June 30. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on the fair value of assets as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability as of the valuation date January 1, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023, and January 1, 2021, updated to June 30, 2022, respectively. KUB's total net OPEB liability was \$12,930,655 as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 as of June 30, 2022.

The components of the total net OPEB liability of the Trust are as follows as of June 30:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 61,637,102 \$ | 58,536,280 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | 48,706,447 | 47,333,773 |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 12,930,655 \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | | |
| total OPEB liability | 79.02% | 80.86% |

Changes in Net OPEB Liability are as follows:

| | increase | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|
| | (Decrease) | | | | | | | |
| | Total OPEB | | Plan Fiduciary | | | Net OPEB | | |
| | | Liability | Net Position | | | Liability | | |
| | | (a) | (b) | | | (a) - (b) | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 11,202,507 | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 595,392 | | - | | 595,392 | | |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | - | | 4,133,008 | | |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 117,668 | | - | | 117,668 | | |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | 2,527,824 | | |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 1,413,392 | | (1,413,392) | | |
| Contributions - member | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 4,333,538 | | (4,333,538) | | |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (4,273,070) | | - | | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (101,186) | | 101,186 | | |
| Net changes | | 3,100,822 | | 1,372,674 | | 1,728,148 | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 12,930,655 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Incresse

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation dates: January 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023; January 1,

2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022

Discount rate: 7.00% as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25% as of June 30, 2022 Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-Medicare: 5.75% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as

of June 30, 2023, and 6.75% grading down to 4.04% as of June

30, 2022

Medicare: 11.30% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as of June 30, 2023, and 6.30% grading down to 4.04% as of June 30,

2022

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table (PubG-2010) for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table,

both projected using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.50%

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2021, valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Trust investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return may be lower in periods of current strong performance due to future valuations that mean revert to the long-term average. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Trust's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the Trust's Investment Policy) are summarized in the chart below.

Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return

| Asset Class | 2023 | 2022 | |
|------------------------|------|------|--|
| | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.1% | 5.5% | |
| International equity | 6.1% | 6.5% | |
| Emerging Market equity | 8.4% | 8.6% | |
| Real estate equity | 5.3% | 5.7% | |
| Debt securities | 1.8% | 1.2% | |
| Cash and deposits | 0.7% | 0.2% | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Current | 1% | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| | Decrease | Discount | Increase | |
| | (6.00%) | Rate (7.00%) | (8.00%) | _ |
| Net OPEB liability | \$19,738,026 | \$12,930,655 | \$7,246,454 | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Baseline Trends | 1% Increase | _ |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|---|
| Net OPEB liability | \$7,364,325 | \$12,930,655 | \$19,461,880 | |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized OPEB expense of \$2,872,556.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was seven years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$117,668, with \$16,810 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$100,858. Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$30,475, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes.

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$2,527,824, with \$361,118 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$2,166,706.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$1,007,293, of which \$201,459 was

recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$805,834. Net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods were \$5,179,219, of which \$1,162,271 was recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred outflow of \$4,016,948. The combination of unrecognized gains this year, along with the net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$3,211,114. The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources.

| | erred Outflows Resources | ed Inflows sources |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 100,858 | \$ - |
| Changes in assumptions | 2,166,706 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 3,211,114 | - |
| Total | \$ 5,478,678 | \$ - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ended J | un | e 30: |
|--------------|----|-----------|
| 2024 | \$ | 1,221,213 |
| 2025 | | 705,391 |
| 2026 | | 2,619,751 |
| 2027 | | 176,471 |
| 2028 | | 377,928 |
| Thereafter | | 377,924 |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized OPEB expense of \$5,976,502.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was two years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$60,951, with \$30,476 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount will be recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$30,475. Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$21,401, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were benefit changes that increased the Total OPEB Liability by \$6,594,293. Unrecognized assumption changes from prior periods were \$2,052,917, of which the entire amount is recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$12,216,418, of which \$2,443,284 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$9,773,134. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$5,905,689, of which \$1,311,774 was recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred inflow of \$4,593,915. The combination of unrecognized losses this year, along with the net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a

Knoxville Utilities Board Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

deferred outflow of resources of \$5,179,219. The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources.

| | | erred Outflows Resources | | ed Inflows esources |
|--|----|-----------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 30.475 | \$ | |
| · | φ | 30,473 | φ | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 5,179,219 | | |
| Total | \$ | 5,209,694 | \$ | - |

16. Related Party Transactions

KUB, in the normal course of operations, is involved in transactions with the City of Knoxville. Such transactions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| City of Knoxville | | |
| Amounts billed by KUB for utilities and | | |
| related services | \$ 14,835,602 | \$ 13,087,853 |
| Payments by KUB in lieu of property tax | 22,798,626 | 21,305,955 |
| Payments by KUB for services provided | 1,684,395 | 2,209,682 |
| Grant expenditures incurred | 2,937,000 | - |

With respect to these transactions, accounts receivable from the City of Knoxville included in the balance sheet at year end were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 686,079 | \$ 838,238 |
| Amounts eligible for reimbursement from grants | 2,937,000 | - |

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17. Natural Gas Supply Contract Commitments

For fiscal year 2023, the Gas Division hedged 25 percent of its total gas purchases via gas supply contracts. As of June 30, 2023, the Gas Division had hedged the price on approximately six percent of its anticipated gas purchases for fiscal year 2024.

KUB contracts separately for the purchase, transportation, and storage of natural gas. Purchase commitments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Firm obligations related to purchased gas - demand

| | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
|----------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | |
| Transportation | | | | | |
| Tennessee Gas Pipeline \$ | 3,404,232 | \$ 3,404,232 | \$ 1,134,744 | \$ - | \$ - |
| East Tennessee Natural Gas | 12,582,997 | 12,582,997 | 3,435,624 | - | - |
| Texas Eastern | 328,500 | 328,500 | 109,500 | - | - |
| Storage | | | | | |
| Tennessee Gas Pipeline | 1,513,248 | 1,513,248 | 504,416 | - | - |
| East Tennessee Natural Gas | 1,081,500 | 1,081,500 | - | - | - |
| Saltville Natural Gas | 2,000,160 | 1,845,150 | 1,380,120 | 1,380,120 | 1,035,090 |
| Bobcat | 198,000 | 198,000 | 66,000 | - | - |
| Demand Total \$ | 21,108,637 | \$ 20,953,627 | \$ 6,630,404 | \$ 1,380,120 | \$ 1,035,090 |

Firm obligations related to purchased gas - commodity

| | | 2024 | | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | | 2028 | | | 2029-2054 |
|---------------------------|----|------------|-----|-----------|-----------------|------|-----------|------|-----------|-----|-------------|
| Baseload | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BP Energy Company | \$ | 1,198,770 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - 9 | \$ | - |
| NextEra Energy | | 1,898,880 | | - | - | | - | | - | | - |
| CNX | | 3,249,912 | | - | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Enervest Operating LLC | | 2,839,998 | | 2,496,676 | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Tennergy Corporation 2021 | Ą | 2,581,424 | | 3,192,756 | 3,442,778 | | 3,457,684 | | 3,391,300 | | 81,345,066 |
| Tennergy Corporation 2022 | _ | 2,715,493 | | 3,325,946 | 3,576,325 | | 3,586,436 | | 3,583,028 | | 92,553,420 |
| Commodity Total | \$ | 14,484,477 | \$_ | 9,015,378 | \$ 7,019,103 | \$ | 7,044,120 | \$ | 6,974,328 | § _ | 173,898,486 |

The total commodity values presented here are based upon firm supply obligations with each individual natural gas supplier. The firm obligations value for BP Energy Company and NextEra Energy are based upon firm supply obligations and locked prices with those suppliers. The firm obligations value for CNX and Enervest Operating LLC are based upon firm supply obligations and the applicable NYMEX strip prices on June 30, 2023. The firm obligations value for Tennergy Corporation are based upon 30-year prepay gas contracts valued at the applicable Tennessee Zone 0 and Tennessee 800L strip prices on June 30, 2023.

18. Other Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various lawsuits pending against KUB. Management has reviewed these lawsuits with counsel, who is vigorously defending KUB's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on KUB's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Knoxville Utilities Board Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements June 30. 2023 and 2022

In February 2005, a Consent Decree was entered into federal court regarding the operation of KUB's wastewater system. Under the terms of the Consent Decree, the remediation of identified sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) on KUB's wastewater system had to be completed by June 30, 2016. KUB completed all the requirements of the Consent Decree for the collection system two years in advance of the deadline.

The Consent Decree also required KUB to perform an evaluation of the wet weather performance and capacity of its wastewater treatment plants. In July 2007, KUB submitted a Composite Correction Plan (CCP) for its wastewater treatment plants to EPA for review. The development and filing of the CCP was a requirement of the federal order of February 2005. The CCP includes recommended improvements to KUB's Kuwahee and Fourth Creek treatment plants to address wet weather capacity issues noted in prior assessments. The EPA approved the CCP in January 2009 including a recommended schedule of plant improvements that extends beyond the expiration date of the original Consent Decree. An amendment to the Consent Decree incorporating and establishing this schedule was agreed to by all parties and was entered on June 23, 2009. The purpose of the Amendment is to allow KUB to complete a portion of work outlined in the CCP after the Consent Decree deadline of June 30, 2016. The CCP provided for a biologically enhanced high-rate clarification (the BEHRC) secondary treatment system to be installed at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and at the Kuwahee treatment plant. KUB successfully completed the installation of the BEHRC system at the Fourth Creek treatment plant in the 2018 fiscal year. The project at the Kuwahee treatment plant was completed this fiscal year. The total cost of the CCP improvements at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and Kuwahee treatment plant is approximately \$120 million.

KUB's funding plan for the Consent Decree included long-term bonds and a series of rate increases phased in over the term of the order. Bond proceeds fund all types of wastewater capital projects, the majority of which are related to the Consent Decree. As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had issued \$594.8 million in bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements since the inception of the Consent Decree. The Board approved two 50 percent rate increases, which went into effect in April 2005 and January 2007. The Board also approved an 8 percent rate increase, which was effective in September 2008, two 12 percent rate increases, which were effective in April 2011 and October 2012, three 6 percent rate increases, which were effective October 2014, October 2015, and October 2016, three 5 percent rate increases, which were effective July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, and three 4 percent rate increases, which are effective July 2022, July 2023, and July 2024. KUB anticipates additional bond issues and rate increases over the next decade to help fund wastewater capital improvements.

KUB successfully completed the first cycle of Maintenance Operation Management (MOM) requirements one year before the deadline by inspecting manholes and gravity mains, smoke testing gravity mains, performing required inspections of pump stations and the related force mains, and completing all Corrective Action Plan/Engineering Report (CAP/ER) projects. KUB initiated the second MOM cycle that continues to focus on the prevention of SSOs. As part of the Century II initiative, formally known as the PACE10 program, KUB has installed storage tanks providing 34 million gallons of wastewater storage to control wet weather overflows and rehabilitated or replaced 432 miles of collection system pipe. KUB also continues to maintain a proactive operations and maintenance plan for the wastewater collection system including inspection, grease control, and private lateral enforcement. The result of the PACE10/Century II initiative has been an 80 percent reduction in SSOs.

As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had completed its 18th full year under the Consent Decree, spending \$579.8 million on capital investments to meet Consent Decree requirements.

KUB's request for termination of the Consent Decree was submitted in January 2022 and was granted on June 16, 2022, by the applicable regulatory authorities.

Knoxville Utilities Board Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

19. Segment Information

The following financial information represents identifiable activities for which the revenue bonds and other revenue backed debt are outstanding for the respective Divisions:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

2023

| | Ele | ctric | Fiber | | Gas | | Water | ١ | W astewater |
|---|----------|------------|--------------|--------|-----------|-------|------------|----|--------------------|
| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 201, | 697,793 \$ | 14,320,294 | \$ 61 | ,235,456 | \$ 4 | 43,435,987 | \$ | 60,834,992 |
| Restricted assets | 23, | 046,903 | 300,046 | 3 | 3,243,888 | | 4,617,470 | | 8,280,378 |
| Net capital assets | 784, | 490,342 | 4,509,599 | 335 | ,049,856 | 38 | 37,497,822 | | 844,253,618 |
| Net intangible assets | 3, | 577,870 | 4,992,518 | 1 | ,067,322 | | 850,822 | | 110,558 |
| Other assets | 32, | 931,262 | 123,426 | 1 | ,566,074 | | 6,402,832 | | 16,799,407 |
| Total assets | \$1,045, | 744,170 \$ | 24,245,883 | \$ 402 | 2,162,596 | \$ 44 | 42,804,933 | \$ | 930,278,953 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 25, | 733,906 | - | g | 9,943,478 | 1 | 11,528,524 | | 21,401,637 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of | | | | | | | | | |
| resources | \$1,071, | 478,076 \$ | 24,245,883 | \$ 412 | 2,106,074 | \$ 45 | 54,333,457 | \$ | 951,680,590 |
| Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 141, | 924,131 \$ | 3,191,498 | \$ 18 | 3,680,883 | \$ 1 | 14,631,116 | \$ | 26,254,927 |
| Other liabilities | 37, | 186,119 | 5,125,649 | 15 | 5,030,219 | | 8,745,689 | | 8,638,496 |
| Long-term debt | 384, | 666,874 | 27,616,667 | 79 | 9,413,913 | 19 | 91,229,030 | | 511,847,339 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 563, | 777,124 \$ | 35,933,814 | \$ 113 | 3,125,015 | \$ 21 | 14,605,835 | \$ | 546,740,762 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 3, | 755,093 | 119,933 | | 992,855 | | 1,033,153 | | 900,665 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of | | | | | | | | | |
| resources | \$ 567, | 532,217 \$ | 36,053,747 | \$ 114 | ,117,870 | \$ 21 | 15,638,988 | \$ | 547,641,427 |
| Net position | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 376, | 865,221 \$ | (390,086) | \$ 247 | 7,958,911 | \$ 19 | 92,818,920 | \$ | 333,081,961 |
| Restricted | 15, | 470,822 | 46 | 2 | 2,223,691 | | 2,491,963 | | 3,631,669 |
| Unrestricted | 111, | 609,816 | (11,417,824) | 47 | 7,805,602 | | 43,383,586 | | 67,325,533 |
| Total net position | \$ 503, | 945,859 \$ | (11,807,864) | \$ 297 | 7,988,204 | \$ 23 | 38,694,469 | \$ | 404,039,163 |

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Knoxville Utilities Board Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Condensed Statement of Net Position

2022 as restated

| | Electric | | Fiber | Gas | Water | Wastewater |
|---|----------------|------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 158,820,919 | \$ | 3,508,355 | \$ 48,281,211 | \$ 40,660,318 | \$ 37,333,853 |
| Restricted assets | 20,266,914 | | - | 3,354,168 | 4,534,404 | 8,217,706 |
| Net capital assets | 712,994,298 | | 4,037,681 | 329,129,124 | 375,152,303 | 831,606,692 |
| Net intangible assets | 4,231,336 | | 5,785,290 | 1,171,270 | 1,017,435 | 134,337 |
| Other assets | 84,355,546 | | 2,761 | 30,073,394 | 24,586,111 | 44,406,984 |
| Total assets | \$ 980,669,013 | \$ | 13,334,087 | \$ 412,009,167 | \$ 445,950,571 | \$ 921,699,572 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 6,233,902 | | - | 2,518,890 | 4,558,876 | 15,166,134 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of | | | | | | |
| resources | \$ 986,902,915 | \$ - | 13,334,087 | \$ 414,528,057 | \$ 450,509,447 | \$ 936,865,706 |
| Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | \$ 149,737,880 | \$ | 785,921 | \$ 23,024,524 | \$ 13,406,742 | \$ 22,632,827 |
| Other liabilities | 22,601,060 | | 5,488,555 | 11,355,510 | 4,476,311 | 4,548,185 |
| Long-term debt | 319,887,437 | | 9,625,000 | 87,006,291 | 199,505,672 | 518,518,494 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 492,226,377 | \$ - | 15,899,476 | \$ 121,386,325 | \$ 217,388,725 | \$ 545,699,506 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 22,151,109 | | - | 8,674,041 | 7,536,771 | 7,850,319 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of | | | | | | |
| resources | \$ 514,377,486 | \$ - | 15,899,476 | \$ 130,060,366 | \$ 224,925,496 | \$ 553,549,825 |
| Net position | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 373,317,161 | \$ | 97,314 | \$ 234,171,043 | \$ 172,829,853 | \$ 314,336,681 |
| Restricted | 14,040,851 | | - | 2,230,358 | 2,411,963 | 3,660,092 |
| Unrestricted | 85,167,417 | | (2,662,703) | 48,066,290 | 50,342,135 | 65,319,108 |
| Total net position | \$ 472,525,429 | \$ | (2,565,389) | \$ 284,467,691 | \$ 225,583,951 | \$ 383,315,881 |

Restated per GASB 96, see Footnote 2 for further disclosure.

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Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

2023

| | Electric | | Fiber | Gas | | Water | Wastewater |
|---|---|----|---|---|----|---|--|
| Operating revenues | \$ 660,231,612 | \$ | 879,506 | \$ 146,698,445 | \$ | 68,702,749 | \$ 108,369,907 |
| Operating expenses | 581,648,717 | | 8,662,989 | 116,464,623 | | 39,182,366 | 51,207,657 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 40,651,472 | | 832,662 | 15,720,232 | | 12,439,495 | 24,284,005 |
| Total operating expenses | 622,300,189 | | 9,495,651 | 132,184,855 | | 51,621,861 | 75,491,662 |
| Operating income (loss) Non-operating expense Change in net position before capital contributions | 37,931,423 (6,510,993) 31,420,430 | | (8,616,145) (626,330) (9,242,475) | 14,513,590 (1,317,027) 13,196,563 | | 17,080,888 (4,835,478) 12,245,410 | 32,878,245 (15,291,333) 17,586,912 |
| Capital contributions | | | <u>-</u> | 323,950 | | 865,108 | 3,136,370 |
| Change in net position | 31,420,430 | _ | (9,242,475) | 13,520,513 | _ | 13,110,518 | 20,723,282 |
| Net position | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 472,525,429 | | (2,565,389) | 284,467,691 | | 225,583,951 | 383,315,881 |
| End of year | \$ 503,945,859 | \$ | (11,807,864) | \$ 297,988,204 | \$ | 238,694,469 | \$ 404,039,163 |

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

2022 as restated

| | Electric | Fiber | Gas | Water | Wastewater |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ 606,335,419 | \$ - | \$ 141,949,970 | \$ 64,558,346 | \$ 102,936,574 |
| Operating expenses | 524,061,008 | 1,950,847 | 106,300,769 | 32,394,619 | 43,597,681 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 38,871,150 | 269,399 | 15,310,127 | 11,840,748 | 21,829,529 |
| Total operating expenses | 562,932,158 | 2,220,246 | 121,610,896 | 44,235,367 | 65,427,210 |
| | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | 43,403,261 | (2,220,246) | 20,339,074 | 20,322,979 | 37,509,364 |
| Non-operating expense | (14,212,120) | (345,143) | (3,329,912) | (7,007,352) | (18,415,133) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 29,191,141 | (2,565,389) | 17,009,162 | 13,315,627 | 19,094,231 |
| Capital contributions | - | - | 86,435 | 1,043,657 | 507,609 |
| Change in net position | 29,191,141 | (2,565,389) | 17,095,597 | 14,359,284 | 19,601,840 |
| | | | | | |
| Net position | | | | | |
| Beginning of year | 443,334,288 | | 267,372,094 | 211,224,667 | 363,714,041 |
| End of year | \$ 472,525,429 | \$ (2,565,389) | \$ 284,467,691 | \$ 225,583,951 | \$ 383,315,881 |

Restated per GASB 96, see Footnote 2 for further disclosure.

Knoxville Utilities Board Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

| ว | n | റ | ว |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | v | 4 | J |

| | | Electric | Fiber | | Gas | Water | ١ | <i>N</i> astewater |
|---|----|--------------|-------------------|----|--------------|------------------|----|--------------------|
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Net cash used in capital and | \$ | 79,512,886 | \$ (8,730,680) | \$ | 30,649,396 | \$ 30,584,697 | \$ | 62,513,630 |
| related financing activities Net cash provided by noncapital | | (62,795,475) | (1,045,729) | | (32,455,214) | (44,356,312) | | (57,627,327) |
| and related financing activities Net cash provided by (used in) | | - | 18,331,982 | | - | - | | - |
| investing activities | _ | (17,567,708) | 435,087 | _ | 5,174,984 | 1,345,800 | _ | 2,019,761 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (850,297) | 8,990,660 | | 3,369,166 | (12,425,815) | | 6,906,064 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | _ | 73,338,766 | 3,274,143 | _ | 22,724,648 | 25,868,356 | _ | 21,570,632 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 72,488,469 | \$ 12,264,803 | \$ | 26,093,814 | \$ 13,442,541 | \$ | 28,476,696 |

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

2022 as restated

| | Electric | Fiber | | Gas | | Water | | Nastewater |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|-------------------|
| Net cash provided by | | | | | | | | |
| operating activities | \$ 90,283,073 | \$ (1,985,556) | \$ | 37,547,001 | \$ | 30,459,088 | \$ | 55,745,328 |
| Net cash used in capital and | | | | | | | | |
| related financing activities | (42,034,612) | (4,491,697) | | (39,041,544) | | (29,791,226) | | (64,857,303) |
| Net cash provided by noncapital | | | | | | | | |
| and related financing activities | - | 9,740,667 | | - | | - | | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) | | | | | | | | |
| investing activities | (14,884,130) | 10,729 | | 220,510 | | 175,533 | | 302,808 |
| Net increase (decrease) in | | | | | | | | |
| cash and cash equivalents | 33,364,331 | 3,274,143 | | (1,274,033) | | 843,395 | | (8,809,167) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, | | | | | | | | |
| beginning of year | 39,974,435 | - | | 23,998,681 | | 25,024,961 | | 30,379,799 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, | | | | | | | | |
| end of year | \$ 73,338,766 | \$ 3,274,143 | \$ | 22,724,648 | \$ | 25,868,356 | \$ | 21,570,632 |

Restated per GASB 96, see Footnote 2 for further disclosure.

Knoxville Utilities Board Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|----|---|---|--------------|----|----------------|---|---|----------------|--------------|
| | | 2022 | 20 | 021 | 2020 | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 6,349,402 \$ | | 6,647,220 \$ | 5,227,657 \$ | 6,142,213 | \$ | 5,095,488 \$ | 4,607,486 \$ | 4,226,985 \$ | 4,157,062 \$ | 4,092,808 |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | 10 | 6,982,226 | 16,393,202 | 16,030,626 | | 15,344,193 | 15,015,282 | 14,966,559 | 14,812,784 | 14,698,657 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | - | 163,199 | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 282,014 | | 1,935,276 | 1,930,170 | (1,054,117) | | (605,649) | (1,087,161) | (2,233,762) | (1,890,334) | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | 5,268,672 | | - | - | 8,473,160 | | - | (357,633) | (2,932,883) | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,125,610) | | 7,725,963) | (16,006,565) | (15,094,475) | 1 | (15,274,814) | (14,969,979) | (14,138,511) | (15,350,926) | (15,533,167) |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 12,204,943 | | 7,838,759 | 7,544,464 | 14,660,606 | | 4,559,218 | 3,207,995 | (111,612) | 1,728,586 | 3,258,298 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 242.201.780 | 23 | 4.363.021 | 226,818,557 | 212,157,951 | | 207,598,733 | 204,390,738 | 204,502,350 | 202,773,764 | 199,515,466 |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 254,406,723 \$ | | 2,201,780 \$ | 234,363,021 \$ | 226,818,557 | \$ | 212,157,951 \$ | 207,598,733 \$ | 204,390,738 \$ | 204,502,350 \$ | 202,773,764 |
| 3(4) | | | | , | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | -,, | | , - , - , | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ,, | , , , |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 3,144,770 \$ | ; | 3,416,428 \$ | 2,876,752 \$ | 2,871,241 | \$ | 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 \$ | 5,243,146 \$ | 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 |
| Contributions - participants | | 3,812,595 | ; | 3,939,687 | 2,284,727 | 3,170,825 | | 2,081,125 | 1,488,632 | 555,075 | 487,546 | 475,854 |
| Net investment income | | (63,493,985) | 3 | 7,575,566 | 44,814,914 | 49,938,315 | | (11,748,396) | 32,360,219 | 13,788,263 | (95,430) | 22,292,369 |
| Other additions | | 9,415 | | 112,484 | 7,740 | 13,579 | | 62,616 | 82,239 | 45,848 | 30,879 | 29,733 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,065,610) | (1 | 7,653,963) | (15,962,565) | (15,030,475) | | (15,174,814) | (14,895,979) | (14,044,511) | (15,274,926) | (15,405,167) |
| Administrative expense | | (498,988) | | (441,017) | (455,191) | (467,748) | | (445,916) | (385,282) | (441,332) | (397,160) | (378,085) |
| Death benefits | | (60,000) | | (72,000) | (44,000) | (64,000) | | (100,000) | (74,000) | (94,000) | (76,000) | (128,000) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position** | | (74,151,803) | 20 | 6,877,185 | 33,522,377 | 40,431,737 | | (21,868,910) | 22,862,426 | 5,052,489 | (9,333,204) | 12,795,245 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning** | _ | 306,339,494 | | 9,462,309 | 245,939,932 | 205,508,195 | _ | 227,377,105 | 204,514,679 | 199,462,190 | 208,795,394 | 196,000,149 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)** | \$ | 232,187,691 \$ | | 6,339,494 \$ | 279,462,309 \$ | 245,939,932 | _ | 205,508,195 \$ | 227,377,105 \$ | 204,514,679 \$ | 199,462,190 \$ | 208,795,394 |
| Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 22,219,032 \$ | (6 | 4,137,714) \$ | (45,099,288) \$ | (19,121,375) | \$ | 6,649,756 \$ | (19,778,372) \$ | (123,941) \$ | 5,040,160 \$ | (6,021,630) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | | 91.27% | | 126.48% | 119.24% | 108.43% | | 96.87% | 109.53% | 100.06% | 97.54% | 102.97% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 37,412,132 \$ | 3 | 8,074,863 \$ | 41,524,273 \$ | 40,276,197 | \$ | 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 \$ | 44,437,747 \$ | 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 |
| Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| covered payroll | | 59.39% | | (168.45%) | (108.61%) | (47.48%) | | 15.78% | (45.67%) | (0.28%) | 11.34% | (13.66%) |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented in 2014.

^{**} Excludes amounts related to 401(k) matching contributions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions June 30, 2023

| | | 2022 | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | *Year ended 2018 | Dece | ember 31 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|---|----------|---------------|----------|-------|------------|----|------------|----|---------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially | \$ | 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,4 | 28 \$ | 2,876,752 | \$ | 2,871,241 | \$ | 3,456,475 | \$ | 4,286,597 | \$ | 5,243,146 | \$ | 5,991,887 | \$ | 5,908,541 |
| determined contribution | | 3,144,770 | 3,416,4 | 28 | 2,876,752 | • | 2,871,241 | Φ. | 3,456,475 | Φ. | 4,286,597 | • | 5,243,146 | Φ. | 5,991,887 | • | 5,908,541 |
| Contribution deficiency | <u> </u> | - 3 | | \$ | - | Ф | | Ф | - | | | | - | \$ | - | | |
| Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of | \$ | 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,8 | 63 \$ | 41,524,273 | \$ | 40,276,197 | \$ | 42,150,040 | \$ | 43,309,374 | \$ | 44,437,747 | \$ | 44,446,743 | \$ | 44,076,351 |
| covered payroll | | 8.41% | 8.9 | 7% | 6.93% | | 7.13% | | 8.20% | | 9.90% | | 11.80% | | 13.48% | | 13.41% |

Notes to Schedule:

Timing: Actuarially determined contributions for a Plan year are based upon 50% of the amounts determined at the actuarial valuations for each of the two prior Plan years.

Valuation Dates: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age
Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: As of January 1, 2021: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 20 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2020: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 21 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2021 and 2020, the unfunded liability was negative.

Discount rate: 7.25% as of January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Salary increases: 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service; As of January 1, 2021, a one-time reduction was applied to reduce the 2020

compensation by 3.7% to account for an additional 2020 pay period

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the benefits-weighted Public Sector General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively, for males and females, using

the Public Sector General Employee Table while in active employment and for annuitant ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table,

both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5%

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented 2014. Please refer to prior year's audited financial statements for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended June 30 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------|----|---------------------------|----|-------------|----|---|-----|-------------|----|---|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 595,392 | \$ | 416,277 | \$ | 283,786 | \$ | 256,270 | \$ | 270,515 | \$ | 202,603 |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | 3,858,276 | | 3,861,304 | | 3,672,291 | | 3,624,737 | | 3,295,240 |
| Change of benefit terms | | - | | 6,594,293 | | - | | (202,408) | | - | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 117,668 | | 60,951 | | 42,802 | | 43,902 | | 999,098 | | 1,324,769 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | (4,105,835) | | 3,604,843 | | 3,231,601 | | (397,180) |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | | (3,532,444) | | (3,298,739) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 3,100,822 | | 7,021,162 | | (3,029,122) | | 4,346,302 | | 4,593,507 | | 1,126,693 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | _ | 58,536,280 | _ | 51,515,118 | _ | 54,544,240 | _ | 50,197,938 | _ | 45,604,431 | _ | 44,477,738 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 51,515,118 | \$ | 54,544,240 | _\$ | 50,197,938 | \$ | 45,604,431 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,413,392 | \$ | 1,989,066 | \$ | 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Net investment income | | 4,333,538 | | (8, 122, 417) | | 12,890,602 | | 975,155 | | 2,981,928 | | 3,705,473 |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | | (3,532,444) | | (3,298,739) |
| Administrative expense | | (101,186) | | (71,187) | | (44,496) | | (53,286) | | (54,787) | | (51,668) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 1,372,674 | | (10,113,173) | | 10,492,153 | | (1,795,403) | | (605,303) | | 355,066 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 47,333,773 | | 57,446,946 | | 46,954,793 | | 48,750,196 | | 49,355,499 | | 49,000,433 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 57,446,946 | \$ | 46,954,793 | \$ | 48,750,196 | \$ | 49,355,499 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 12,930,655 | \$ | 11,202,507 | \$ | (5,931,828) | \$ | 7,589,447 | \$ | 1,447,742 | \$ | (3,751,068) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | ,, | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | (2,22,22) | | , , | | , , | | (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| OPEB liability | | 79.02% | | 80.86% | | 111.51% | | 86.09% | | 97.12% | | 108.23% |
| Covered employee payroll** | \$ | 70,129,341 | \$ | 73,927,857 | \$ | 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ | 24,346,735 | \$ | 23,677,080 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of | • | , ,,,, | • | , , | • | | • | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | • | , , | • | . , |
| covered employee payroll | | 18.44% | | 15.15% | | (27.49%) | | 32.48% | | 5.95% | | (15.84%) |
| | | | | | | , , | | | | | | . , |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

^{**} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board

Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | *Yea | r ended June 30 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the annual | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 489,066 | \$ 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - |
| required contribution Contribution deficiency/(excess) | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 1,989,066 (1,500,000) | \$ 757,226 - | \$ | 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Covered employee payroll* Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 70,129,341 | \$ 73,927,857 | \$ 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ 24,346,735 | \$ 23,677,080 |
| covered employee payroll | 2.02% | 2.69% | 3.51% | | 1.33% | 0.00% | 0.00% |

^{*} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eliqible for the HRA benefits.

KUB elected to make a \$1,500,000 voluntary contribution to the Trust to initially fund the HRA benefit which was effective January 1, 2022. This contribution was not required.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation

completed 18 months before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal
Asset valuation method: 5-vear smoothed market

Amortization method: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 15 years remaining as of January 1, 2021

(16 years as of January 1, 2020), or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability; As of January 1, 2020 and 2021, the unfunded liability was positive

Discount rate: 7.25%

Healthcare cost trend rate: Pre-Medicare: 6.50% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.75% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Medicare: 6.20% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.30% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively for males and females, using the

Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Health Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected

using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5% Investment rate of return: 7.25%

Retirement age: 2% at ages 50-57, grading up to 100% at age 70

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

Please refer to prior year's audited financial statement for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board

Required Supplementary Information – Qualified Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 941 | \$ 584 | \$ - | | | | |
| Interest (includes interest on service cost) | - | 268 | 388 | 9,181 | 9,676 | 7,535 | - | | | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | - | (218,272) | - | - | 185,077 | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | (6,816) | 10,165 | 34 | (36, 125) | 13,684 | - | | | | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | · - · | 91 | 13,342 | (22,950) | 73,461 | - | | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | - | (12,166) | (12,166) | (15,932) | | - | - | | | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | - | (18,714) | (1,522) | (211,647) | (48,458) | 95,264 | 185,077 | | | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | - | 18,714 | 20,236 | 231,883 | 280,341 | 185,077 | - | | | | |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 18,714 | \$ 20,236 | \$ 231,883 | \$ 280,341 | \$ 185,077 | | | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ 37,412,132 | \$ 38,074,863 | \$ 41,524,273 | \$ 40,276,197 | \$ 42,150,040 | \$ 43,309,374 | \$ 44,437,747 | | | | |
| Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 0.00 | % 0.00% | 0.05% | 0.05% | 0.55% | 0.65% | 0.42% | | | | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Supplemental Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

| Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor | Program Name | Assistance Listing Number | Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number | Expenditures |
|--|--|------------------------------|---|--------------|
| U.S. Department of Treasury through | COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal | | | |
| City of Knoxville | Recovery Fund | 21.027 | DW20191385 | \$2,937,000 |
| U.S. Department of Treasury through | COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal | | | |
| Knox County | Recovery Fund | 21.027 | DW-COSTR-1 | \$2,576,160 |
| U.S. Department of Treasury through Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development U.S. Department of Treasury through Tennessee Department of Economic and Community | COVID-19: Tennessee Emergency Broadband Fund - American Rescue Plan - Union County COVID-19: Tennessee Emergency Broadband Fund - American Rescue | 21.027 | 33007-44923 | \$1,512,383 |
| Development | Plan - Grainger County | 21.027 | 33007-46723 | \$2,200,106 |
| U.S. Department of Homeland Security through | | Total Program 21. | 027 | \$ 9,225,649 |
| Tennessee Department of Military | Disaster Grants - Public Assistance | 97.036 | 714348 | \$ 84,970 |
| | | Total Federal Aw | vards | \$9,310,619 |

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes the award activity of Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State of Tennessee Audit Manual. KUB did not elect to use 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Knoxville Utilities Board Statistical Information - Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Crime

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$250,000 retention.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Covers KUB personnel appropriately authorized to make decisions on behalf of KUB (including but not limited to Commissioners, President and CEO, Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Directors) for wrongful acts. Limits of coverage - \$20,000,000; \$500,000 corporate deductible, \$0 individual deductible.

Employment Practices Liability

Coverage for costs related to actual or alleged employment practices violations for amounts exceeding specified amount (\$500,000). Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000.

Fiduciary

Covers losses resulting from wrongful acts related to KUB's Pension, 401(k), OPEB Trust funds, and Medical Plan. Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000; \$150,000 deductible.

Environmental and Pollution Legal Liability

Environmental and Pollution coverage for covered losses resulting from a pollution or environmental event. Limits of coverage - \$15,000,000.

Property Insurance

This coverage provides protection of KUB's property for fire, extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, and coverage on boilers and machinery. Also included are flood and earthquake damage and mechanical failure. Limits of coverage - \$250,000,000 per occurrence (subject to certain sublimits); \$2,500,000 deductible per occurrence.

Travel Accident

Covers losses related to employees' business travel. Limits of coverage - \$1,000,000 aggregate.

Excess Insurance for General Liability

As a governmental entity, KUB's liability is limited under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (TCA §29-20-403). Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$700,000 retention.

Excess Insurance for Workers' Compensation

Covers all losses exceeding specified amount per occurrence (\$1,000,000). Limits of coverage - Statutory; stop loss coverage applies for aggregate losses over \$5,000,000.

Employee Health Plan Stop Loss Coverage

KUB's employee health plan is self-funded. KUB has purchased stop loss insurance, which covers KUB's exposure to annual expenses for more than \$600,000 per individual participant.

Cyber Security Liability

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$3,000,000; \$500,000 retention.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise KUB's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered KUB's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of KUB's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of KUB's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of KUB's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether KUB's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of KUB's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering KUB's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited compliance of the Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on KUB's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. KUB's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, KUB complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of KUB and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of KUB's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to KUB's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on KUB's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about KUB's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding KUB's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of KUB's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
 not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of KUB's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



Board of Commissioners Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

Section I -- Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(s) identified not

considered to be material weaknesses? None reported

Non-compliance material to financial statements: No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(s) identified not

considered to be material weaknesses? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with

Section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance? No

Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Name of Program</u>

21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal

Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

Section II -- Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV -- Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Not applicable as there were no prior year findings reported.

Section V - Corrective Action Plan

Not applicable as there were no current year findings reported.



Electric Division

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information June 30, 2023 and 2022

KUB Board of Commissioners

Adrienne Simpson-Brown, Chair

Claudia Caballero

Cynthia Gibson Celeste Herbert

Tyvi Small, Vice Chair

Ron Feinbaum

Kathy Hamilton

Management

Gabriel Bolas II

President and Chief Executive Officer

Mark Walker

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Susan Edwards

Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer

Derwin Hagood

Senior Vice President of Operations

John Williams

Senior Vice President of Engineering & Construction

Jamie Davis

Vice President Fiber and Chief Technology Officer

Tiffany Martin

Vice President and Chief Customer Officer

John Gresham

Vice President of Operations

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Electric Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Electric Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Division and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Division adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Division's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Commissioners Electric Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 27 and the required supplementary information on pages 67 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Board of Commissioners Electric Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as required by the State of Tennessee, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Electric Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Knoxville Utilities Board, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Division's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A sevenmember Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions. The Electric Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and in seven surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Electric Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Division's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Division's financial activity, (c) identify major changes in the Division's financial position, and (d) identify any financial concerns.

The Division's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, activities, resulting changes and current known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the Division's financial statements.

Electric Division Highlights

System Highlights

KUB experienced normal operations this fiscal year. However, inflation had a significant impact to operating costs and capital projects. Supply chain issues improved throughout the year but impacted the timing of some capital projects in fiscal year 2023. KUB continued to make progress constructing its fiber network on the electric system in year two of its deployment and remains on schedule for the seven-year deployment. KUB's ability to serve its electric customers has remained strong.

KUB serves 218,344 electric customers over a 688 square mile service area and maintains 5,490 miles of service lines and 63 electric substations to provide 5.9 million megawatt hours to its customers annually.

KUB's electric system record peak in demand remains 1,328 megawatt hours, set in February 2015.

In April 2023, KUB launched Knoxville's first community solar program in partnership with the City of Knoxville and the Tennessee Valley Authority. KUB invested \$1.4 million to build the 1 MW array, which is located at the City of Knoxville's Public Works Complex. KUB Community Solar allows customers to subscribe to clean, locally generated renewable energy and access the benefits of a shared solar array. As of the end of the fiscal year, the program was 87% subscribed.

KUB has added 7,951 electric system customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of 1.2 percent. In fiscal year 2023, 3,080 customers were added.

The typical residential customer's average monthly electric bill was \$127.53 as of June 30, 2023, representing an increase of \$12.80 compared to June 30, 2022. Bill levels are based on 1,000 kwh of monthly power use. The increase in the monthly bill during fiscal year 2023 was the net result of the flow through of TVA wholesale rate adjustments, the April 2023 rate increase, and prior year under recovered wholesale power costs.

KUB's electric system maintains a Diamond Level designation by the American Public Power Association's (APPA) Reliable Public Power Provider (RP3) program, the highest level of recognition of the program.

Century II Infrastructure Program

Century II is KUB's proactive long-range program to improve and maintain its electric, natural gas, water, and wastewater systems for its customers. It includes maintenance and asset replacement strategies for each utility system and establishes sustainable replacement cycles. Century II moves KUB into its second century of service by improving each system through sound planning, resource allocation, and continued investment.

In May 2017, a new Century II funding resolution was adopted by the KUB Board to express the continued commitment to funding Century II programs for the next ten years. The funding will be achieved through a combination of rate increases and debt issues supplemented by cost savings and new revenue from net customer additions.

In June 2017, the Board approved three electric rate increases to support the Century II program. The approved electric rate increases went into effect in October 2017, October 2018, and October 2019 generating \$10.9 million, \$11.2 million, and \$5.7 million in additional annual Electric Division revenue, respectively.

In September 2021, the Board approved the next phase of electric rate increases to support both the Century II program and expanded fiber network. The first two of three approved 3 percent electric rate increases went into effect April 2022 and April 2023 generating \$16.7 million and \$17.4 million in additional annual Electric Division revenue, respectively. The remaining rate increase is effective April 2024 and is expected to provide an additional \$18 million in annual Electric Division revenue.

During the fiscal year, KUB replaced 9 miles of transmission lines, and 6.9 miles of underground cable and stayed within the Electric Division's total capital budget.

Fiber Network

During fiscal year 2021, KUB developed a Fiber to the Home Business Plan for the provision of broadband services to customers within its electric system service territory. In accordance with state law and KUB's wholesale power supply contract with TVA, the Business Plan was submitted to the Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury for Tennessee and TVA for review. The Office of the Comptroller found KUB's Business Plan to be financially feasible and TVA approved the Business Plan, finding no cross-subsidization exists between the proposed Fiber Division and the Electric Division.

After gaining the required approvals from TVA, the State of Tennessee, KUB's Board, and City Council, KUB launched its new Fiber Division. Broadband services will be provided by a high-speed fiber optic network that will be owned and maintained by the Electric Division. The Fiber Division will share in the cost to build and operate the Fiber network by paying the Electric Division an annual access fee based on the year-end value of those assets and the related expenses. The Fiber Division will also pay the Electric Division an annual utilization fee based on attachments to the network. In addition to providing broadband services, the fiber network will allow KUB to implement new advanced technologies to improve the reliability of its electric system.

As a component of the Fiber Division's start-up financing plan, approved by KUB's Board and TVA, the Electric Division will provide \$55 million of interdivisional loans. The first \$10 million was provided in October 2021, an additional \$7 million was provided in August 2022, and \$13 million was provided in February 2023, all maturing in June 2030.

In fiscal year 2022, KUB began the seven-year buildout on extending fiber infrastructure to make broadband service available to electric customers. The first broadband customers began receiving service in September 2022.

The Tennessee Emergency Broadband Fund selected KUB for a grant of \$15.3 million to assist in the provision of broadband access to Grainger, Jefferson, Sevier, and Union Counties.

The fiber network is an integral component of a \$702 million ten-year Enhanced Grid Modernization effort for the Electric Division. The program will be funded by a combination of electric rate increases, new bonds, grant funds, and projected payments from the new Fiber Division.

Financial Highlights

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), using a full retrospective approach. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (Statement No. 87) using a full retrospective approach. This statement requires a lessee to recognize an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information regarding leasing activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$31.4 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased by \$29.2 million in fiscal year 2022.

Operating revenue increased \$53.9 million or 8.9 percent over the prior fiscal year. The increase in operating revenue was the net result of a one percent decrease in billed sales, additional revenue from the April 2023 rate increase, and an increase to wholesale power costs. KUB flows changes to wholesale power rates directly through to its retail electric rates via its Purchased Power Adjustment.

Seventy-four percent of Electric Division sales revenue was used to purchase electric power from TVA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Purchased power expense increased \$36.8 million compared to last fiscal year due to higher wholesale power costs.

Margin on electric sales (operating revenue less purchased power expense) increased \$17.1 million or 10.2 percent.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased power expense) increased \$22.6 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures increased \$20.2 million. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.8 million or 4.6 percent. Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.6 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

Interest income was \$4.2 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to rising interest rates throughout the year. Interest expense increased \$2.8 million or 26.1 percent, reflecting interest expense from new revenue bonds sold during fiscal year 2023.

Total capital assets (net) increased \$71.5 million or 10 percent over the end of the last fiscal year, reflecting the fiber network buildout and other distribution system improvements as part of KUB's Century II electric program.

KUB sold \$79 million in electric system revenue bonds in November 2022 for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements.

Long-term debt represented 42.3 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2023, compared to 39.2 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (including the current and long-term portion of any revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 4.09. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 3.24.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$29.2 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased by \$31.6 million in fiscal year 2021.

Operating revenue increased \$52.4 million or 9.5 percent over the prior fiscal year. The increase in operating revenue was the net result of additional revenue from a three percent increase in billed sales, additional revenue from the April 2022 rate increase, and the flow through of \$0.4 million of over recovered purchased power from the prior year. KUB flows changes to wholesale power rates directly through to its retail electric rates via its Purchased Power Adjustment.

Seventy-four percent of Electric Division sales revenue was used to purchase electric power from TVA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Purchased power expense increased \$44.6 million compared to last fiscal year due to higher wholesale power costs.

Margin on electric sales (operating revenue less purchased power expense) increased \$7.9 million or 4.9 percent.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased power expense) increased \$7.7 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures increased \$9 million. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$1.5 million or 3.7 percent. Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

Interest income was \$0.5 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to additional interest earnings on more cash on hand combined with rising interest rates throughout the year. Interest expense decreased \$0.5 million or 4.3 percent.

Total capital assets (net) increased \$21.6 million or 3.1 percent over the end of the last fiscal year, reflecting electric grid modernization and other distribution system improvements as part of KUB's Century II electric program.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB sold \$45.7 million in electric system revenue bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements. KUB also refinanced outstanding debt, selling \$27.2 million in electric system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$2 million over the life of the bonds (\$1.3 million on a net present value basis).

Long-term debt represented 39.2 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2022, compared to 38.3 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (including the current and long-term portion of any revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 4.14. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 3.76.

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Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division - Financial Statements

The Division's financial performance is reported under three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

Statement of Net Position

The Division reports its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the Statement of Net Position. Assets are classified as current, restricted, electric plant in service, intangible, or other assets.

Liabilities are classified as current, other, or long-term debt. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net position tells the user what the Division has done with its accumulated earnings, not just the balance.

Net investment in capital assets reflects the book value of all capital assets and intangible assets, less lease and subscription liabilities and the outstanding balances of debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

Restricted net position includes assets that have been limited to specific uses by the Division's bond covenants or through resolutions passed by the KUB Board.

Unrestricted net position is a residual classification; the amount remaining after reporting net position as either invested in capital or restricted is reported there.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Division reports its revenues and expenses (both operating and non-operating) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, any capital contributions or assets donated by developers are reported on this statement.

Total revenue less total expense equals the change in net position for the reporting period. Net position at the beginning of the period is increased or decreased, as applicable, by the change in net position for the reporting period.

The change in net position for the reporting period is added to the net position segment of the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Division reports its cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital and related financing activities, and investing activities on its Statement of Cash Flows. This statement tells the user the Division's sources and uses of cash during the reporting period.

The statement indicates the Division's beginning cash balance and ending cash balance and how it was either increased or decreased during the reporting period.

The statement also reconciles cash flow back to operating income as it appears on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the Electric Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Net Position As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated | | 2021 as restated |
|--|---------|---|--|--------------|---|
| Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets Capital assets, net Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ - | 261,254 784,490 25,734 1,071,478 | \$ 267,675 712,994 6,234 986,903 | \$ - | 196,624 691,361 3,971 891,956 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 179,110 384,667 3,755 567,532 | 172,339 319,888 22,151 514,378 | - | 138,958 286,588 23,076 448,622 |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position | \$_ | 376,865 15,471 111,610 503,946 | \$ 373,317 14,041 85,167 472,525 | \$ <u> </u> | 384,826 14,546 43,962 443,334 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Net Position presentation:

- Change in net position (from Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position): impacts (increase/decrease) current and other assets and/or capital and intangible assets, and unrestricted net position.
- Issuing debt for capital: increases deferred outflows of resources and long-term debt.
- Spending debt proceeds on new capital: reduces current assets and increases capital assets.
- Spending of non-debt related current assets on new capital: (a) reduces current assets and increases capital assets, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Principal payment on debt: (a) reduces current and other assets and reduces long-term debt, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: reduces capital assets and net investment in capital
 assets.

Impacts and Analysis

Current, Restricted, Intangible, and Other Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets decreased \$6.4 million or 2.4 percent. The change reflects a \$30 million decrease in the actuarially determined net pension asset and a decrease of \$4.6 million in accounts receivable. These decreases were offset by a \$19.1 million increase in notes receivable, a \$6.3 million increase in inventories, and a \$4.1 million increase in electric bond fund.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets increased \$71.1 million or 36.1 percent. The change reflects an increase in general fund cash (consisting of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments) of \$33.4 million, an increase in notes receivable of \$10 million, an increase in the actuarially determined net pension asset of \$8.3 million, an increase in accounts receivable of \$6.9 million, an increase in contingency fund investments of \$4.3 million, an increase in net intangible assets of \$4 million, an increase in inventories of \$3.2 million, and an increase in unused bond proceeds of \$1.3 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in the actuarially determined net OPEB asset of \$2.8 million.

KUB under recovered \$2.4 million in wholesale power costs from its customers in fiscal year 2022, as compared to a \$0.4 million over recovery in fiscal year 2021. This under recovery of costs will be recovered from KUB's electric customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Power Adjustment.

Capital Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$71.5 million or 10 percent. Major capital expenditures included \$46 million for the fiber network buildout, \$30.5 million for distribution system improvements, \$13.9 million for installation or replacement of electric services, \$6.6 million for pole replacements, \$4.5 million for auto and truck purchases, and \$2.6 million for building improvements. Electric system assets of \$8.8 million were retired in fiscal year 2023.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$21.6 million or 3.1 percent. Major capital expenditures included \$25.4 million for distribution system improvements, \$17.2 million for Grid Modernization including Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system upgrades, \$6.9 million for pole replacements, \$5.7 million for installation or replacement of electric services, and \$2.1 million for building improvements. Electric system assets of \$19.3 million were retired in fiscal year 2022.

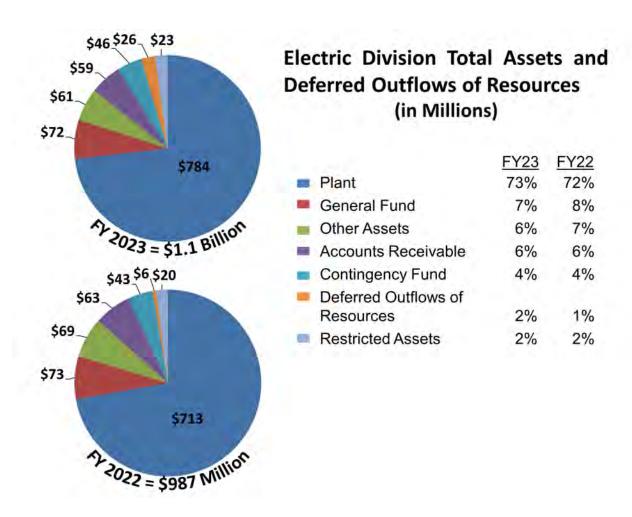
Deferred Outflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$19.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in pension outflow of \$19.4 million and an increase in OPEB outflow of \$0.1 million.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$2.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in OPEB outflow of \$2.4 million offset by a decrease in pension outflow of \$0.1 million.



Current and Other Liabilities

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities increased \$6.8 million. The actuarially determined net pension liability increased \$10.6 million, accrued interest on revenue bonds increased \$2.6 million, and the current portion of revenue bonds increased \$1.4 million. These increases were offset by an \$8.1 million decrease in accrued expenses and a \$4.5 million decrease in accounts payable. The outstanding balance on TVA conservation loans declined by \$0.3 million, as KUB ceased issuance of any new loans in fiscal year 2016.

KUB over recovered \$3.5 million in wholesale power costs from its customers in fiscal year 2023, as compared to a \$2.4 million under recovery in fiscal year 2022. This over recovery of costs will be credited to KUB's electric customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Power Adjustment.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current and other liabilities increased \$33.4 million. Accounts payable increased \$16 million, accrued expenses increased \$6.9 million, the actuarially determined net OPEB liability increased \$5.2 million, the current and long-term portions of subscription liability increased \$2.4 million, and the current and long-term portions of lease liability increased \$1.7 million. The outstanding balance on TVA conservation loans declined by \$0.5 million, as KUB ceased issuance of any new loans in fiscal year 2016.

Long-Term Debt

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Long-term debt increased \$64.8 million or 20.3 percent. The increase is due in part to the net impact of the issuance of \$79 million of electric system revenue bonds in November 2022 offset by the scheduled repayment of debt.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Long-term debt increased \$33.3 million or 11.6 percent. The increase is due in part to the net impact of the issuance of \$45.7 million of electric system revenue bonds in April 2022 offset by the scheduled repayment of debt. KUB also sold \$27.2 million in electric system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 with a premium of \$2 million to refund \$28.9 million in outstanding debt, resulting in a reduction of principal of \$1.7 million.

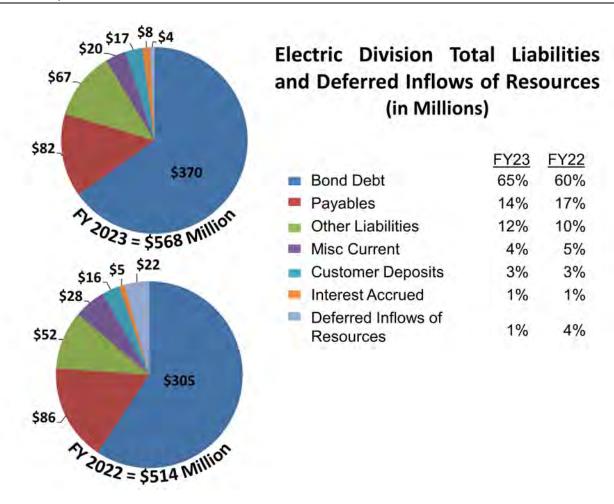
Deferred Inflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred inflows decreased \$18.4 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to a decrease to pension inflow of \$18.2 million and a decrease to lease inflow of \$0.2 million.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred inflows decreased \$0.9 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to a decrease to OPEB inflow of \$3.8 million offset by a \$1.4 million increase in unamortized bond refunding costs, a \$1.1 million increase in pension inflow, and a \$0.4 million increase in lease inflow.



Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Total net position increased \$31.4 million or 6.6 percent. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$3.5 million or one percent. The change was primarily the result of an increase of \$71.5 million in net electric plant additions offset by an increase in the electric revenue bonds outstanding of \$65 million. Restricted net position increased \$1.4 million, due to the net increase of the electric bond fund and the associated interest payable. Unrestricted net position increased \$26.4 million, primarily due to an increase in notes receivable of \$19.1 million, and an increase in inventories of \$6.3 million.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Total net position increased \$29.2 million or 6.6 percent. Net investment in capital assets decreased by \$11.5 million or three percent. The change was primarily the result of an increase of \$21.6 million in net electric plant additions offset by an increase in the electric revenue bonds outstanding of \$29.4 million. Restricted net position decreased \$0.5 million, due to the net decrease of the electric bond fund and the associated interest payable. Unrestricted net position increased \$41.2 million, primarily due to an increase in general fund cash of \$33.4 million.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Electric Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated | | 2021 as restated |
|-------------------------------|----|----------|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ | 660,232 | \$ 606,335 | \$ | 553,898 |
| Less: Purchased power expense | | 475,900 | 439,115 | | 394,542 |
| Margin from sales | | 184,332 | 167,220 | | 159,356 |
| Operating expenses | ' | | | • | |
| Distribution | | 51,183 | 43,441 | | 37,118 |
| Customer service | | 6,102 | 6,651 | | 6,204 |
| Administrative and general | | 28,546 | 15,560 | | 13,285 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 40,651 | 38,871 | | 40,385 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | | 19,919 | 19,294 | | 19,147 |
| Total operating expenses | | 146,401 | 123,817 | • | 116,139 |
| Operating income | | 37,931 | 43,403 | • | 43,217 |
| Interest income | | 4,879 | 716 | • | 237 |
| Interest expense | | (13,538) | (10,739) | | (11,218) |
| Other income/(expense) | | 2,149 | (4,189) | | (646) |
| Change in net position | \$ | 31,421 | \$ 29,191 | \$ | 31,590 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presentation:

- Operating revenue is largely determined by the volume of electric power sales for the fiscal year. Any change (increase/decrease) in retail electric rates would also be a cause of change in operating revenue.
- Purchased power expense is determined by volume of power purchases from TVA for the fiscal year.
 Also, any change (increase/decrease) in TVA wholesale power rates would result in a change in purchased power expense.
- Operating expenses (distribution, customer service, administrative and general) are normally impacted by changes in areas including, but not limited to, labor costs (staffing, wage rates), active employee and retiree medical costs, and overhead line maintenance (tree trimming, pole inspection, etc.).
- Depreciation and amortization expense is impacted by intangible assets, plant additions and retirements during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents are impacted by plant additions/retirements, changes in property tax rates, and margin (operating revenue less purchased power expense) levels.
- Interest income is impacted by the level of interest rates and investments.

- Interest expense on debt is impacted by the level of outstanding debt and the interest rates on the outstanding debt.
- Other income/(expense) is impacted by miscellaneous non-operating revenues and expenses.
- Capital contributions are impacted by a donation of facilities/infrastructure to KUB by developers and governmental agencies. The contributions are recognized as revenue and recorded as plant in service based on the fair market value of the asset(s).

Impacts and Analysis

Change in Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$31.4 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased \$29.2 million in fiscal year 2022.

The higher earnings were attributable to the net effect of a \$17.1 million increase in margin on sales offset by a \$22.6 million increase in operating expenses and a \$7.7 million decrease in non-operating expenses.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$29.2 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased \$31.6 million in fiscal year 2021.

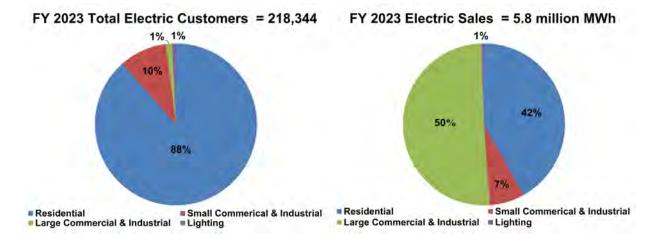
The lower earnings were attributable to the net effect of a \$7.9 million increase in margin on sales offset by a \$7.7 million increase in operating expenses and a \$2.6 million increase in non-operating expenses.

Margin from Sales

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Margin on electric sales grew \$17.1 million, reflecting additional revenue from the April 2023 rate increase.

Operating revenue increased \$53.9 million or 8.9 percent. Billed power sales decreased one percent compared to fiscal year 2022. Purchased power expense increased \$36.8 million from the prior year due to higher wholesale power costs. KUB received \$9.1 million as a result of TVA's Long-Term Partnership Credit, which decreased power expenses in the current fiscal year.



Residential customers represented 88 percent of total electric system customers and accounted for 42 percent of electric sales volumes for the year. Large commercial and industrial customers accounted for 50 percent of electric sales volumes.

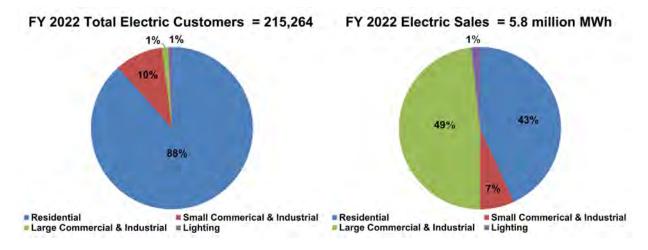
KUB's ten largest electric customers accounted for 25 percent of KUB's billed volumes. Those ten customers represent three industrial and seven commercial customers, including three governmental customers. Sales to Carpenter Creek LLC, KUB's largest industrial customer, accounted for 9.4 percent of total electric system sales.

KUB has added 7,951 electric system customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of 1.2 percent. Electric billed sales volumes have increased three percent over the past three years. Fiscal year 2023 customer growth was 3,080.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Margin on electric sales grew \$7.9 million, reflecting increased sales volumes and additional revenue from the April 2022 rate increase.

Operating revenue increased \$52.4 million or 9.5 percent. Billed power sales increased three percent compared to fiscal year 2021. Purchased power expense increased \$44.6 million from the prior year due to higher wholesale power costs. KUB received \$9.3 million as a result of TVA's Long-Term Partnership Credit, which decreased power expenses in the current fiscal year.



Residential customers represented 88 percent of total electric system customers and accounted for 43 percent of electric sales volumes for the year. Large commercial and industrial customers accounted for 49 percent of electric sales volumes.

KUB's ten largest electric customers accounted for 24 percent of KUB's billed volumes. Those ten customers represent three industrial and seven commercial customers, including three governmental customers. Sales to Carpenter Creek LLC, KUB's largest industrial customer, accounted for 8.4 percent of total electric system sales.

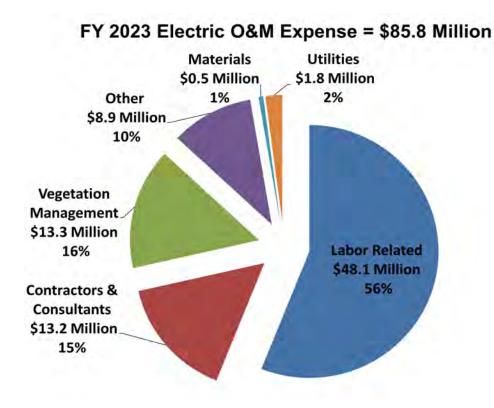
KUB has added 6,282 electric system customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of one percent. Electric billed sales volumes have increased 2.5 percent over the past three years. Fiscal year 2022 customer growth was 2,256.

Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating expenses (excluding purchased power expense) increased \$22.6 million compared to fiscal year 2022. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as distribution, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Distribution expenses increased \$7.7 million or 17.8 percent, primarily due to an increase in labor-related expenses, vegetation management expenses, and outside consultant expenses.
- Customer service expenses were \$0.5 million lower, primary due to a decrease in computer software expenses due to the implementation of GASB 96.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$13 million, primarily due to an increase in laborrelated expenses, driven by higher pension expenses resulting from investment losses, and legal expenses.

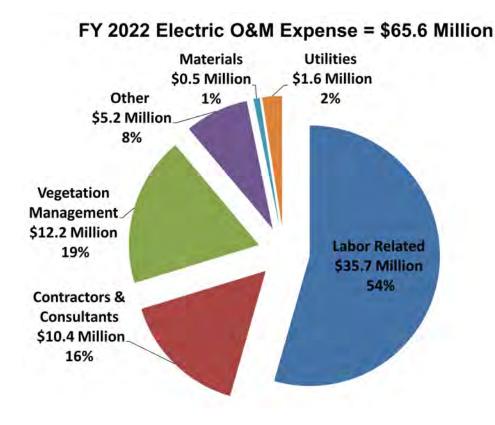


- Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.8 million or 4.6 percent. KUB added \$77.3 million in assets during fiscal year 2023. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded on these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$55.8 million in assets placed in service during fiscal year 2022. In addition, \$8.8 million of assets were retired in fiscal year 2023.
- Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.6 million higher than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to increased plant in service levels and employer Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) taxes.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

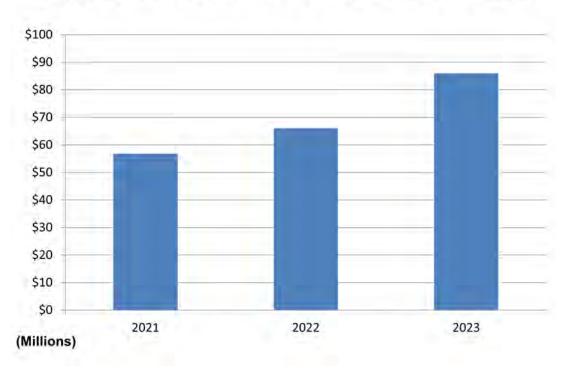
Operating expenses (excluding purchased power expense) increased \$7.7 million compared to fiscal year 2021. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as distribution, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Distribution expenses increased \$6.3 million or 17 percent, primarily due to the catch up from the pandemic related timing delay on vegetation management circuit work and increased labor-related expenses.
- Customer service expenses were \$0.4 million higher, primarily due to increased payment processing fees.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$2.3 million, primarily due to an increase in laborrelated expenses, including higher OPEB costs related to the introduction of the Health Reimbursement Arrangement.



- Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$1.5 million or 3.7 percent. KUB added \$55.8 million in assets during fiscal year 2022. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded on these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$96.4 million in assets placed in service during fiscal year 2021. In addition, \$19.3 million of assets were retired in fiscal year 2022.
- Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

Electric Division Operation & Maintenance Expense



Other Income and Expense

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income increased \$4.2 million compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense increased \$2.8 million or 26.1 percent due to new revenue bonds sold during fiscal year 2023.

Other income (net) increased \$6.3 million, primarily due mark-to-market adjustments on investments.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Interest income increased \$0.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to more cash on hand combined with rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense decreased \$0.5 million or 4.3 percent.

Other expense (net) increased \$3.5 million, primarily due to losses on disposal of property.

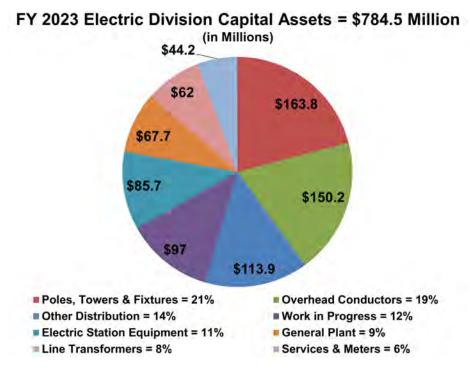
Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| (in thousands of dollars) | ollars) | | | 2022 | 2022 | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|----|---------|------|---------|--|
| Distribution Plant | | | | | | | |
| Services and Meters | \$ | 44,256 | \$ | 43,038 | \$ | 46,748 | |
| Electric Station Equipment | | 85,676 | | 61,180 | | 62,704 | |
| Poles, Towers and Fixtures | | 163,802 | | 161,519 | | 157,575 | |
| Overhead Conductors | | 150,166 | | 143,776 | | 133,419 | |
| Line Transformers | | 62,002 | | 61,351 | | 61,575 | |
| Other Accounts | | 113,932 | _ | 114,399 | | 117,350 | |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 619,834 | \$ | 585,263 | \$ | 579,371 | |
| General Plant | | 67,698 | | 65,544 | _ | 57,524 | |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 687,532 | \$ | 650,807 | \$ | 636,895 | |
| Work In Progress | | 96,958 | | 62,187 | _ | 54,466 | |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 784,490 | \$ | 712,994 | \$ | 691,361 | |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$784.5 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$71.5 million or 10 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.

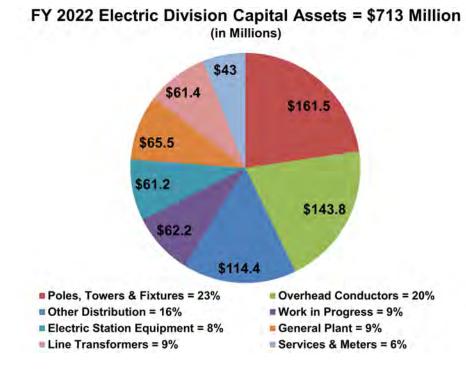


Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

- \$46 million for fiber network buildout
- \$30.5 million for electric distribution system improvements
- \$13.9 million for installation of new electric services and the upgrade or replacement of existing services
- \$6.6 million for pole replacements
- \$4.5 million for auto and truck purchases
- \$2.6 million for building improvements

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$713 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$21.6 million or 3.1 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.



Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

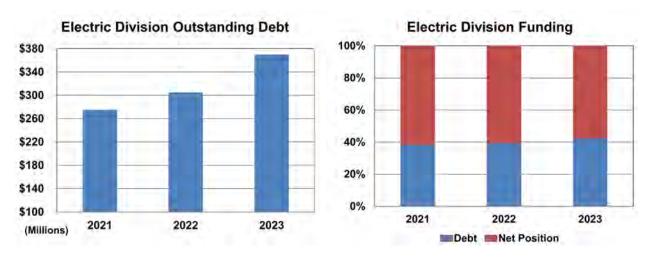
- \$25.4 million for electric distribution system improvements
- \$17.2 million for Grid Modernization, including SCADA system upgrades
- \$6.9 million for pole replacements
- \$5.7 million for installation of new electric services and the upgrade or replacement of existing services
- \$2.1 million for building improvements

Debt Administration

The Division's outstanding debt was \$369.8 million as of June 30, 2023. The bonds are secured solely by revenues of the Electric Division. Debt as a percentage of the Division's capital structure was 42.3 percent in 2023, 39.2 percent in 2022, and 38.3 percent in 2021. KUB's Debt Management Policy limits the Division's debt ratio to 50 percent or less.

Outstanding Debt As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue bonds | \$ 369,795 | \$ 304,835 | \$ 275,415 |
| Total outstanding debt | \$ 369,795 | \$ 304,835 | \$ 275,415 |



The Division will pay \$145.7 million in principal payments over the next ten years, representing 39.4 percent of the outstanding bonds. KUB's Debt Management Policy requires that a minimum of 30 percent of electric debt principal be repaid over the next ten years.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$369.8 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing an increase of \$65 million or 21.3 percent. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's weighted average cost of debt was 4.02 percent.

KUB sold \$79 million in electric system revenue bonds in November 2022 for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 4.09 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2053.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AA- by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$304.8 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing an increase of \$29.4 million or 10.7 percent. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's weighted average cost of debt was 3.93 percent.

KUB sold \$45.7 million in electric system revenue bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.36 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2052.

KUB sold \$27.2 million in electric system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of refinancing existing electric system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$2 million over the life of the bonds (\$1.3 million on a net present value basis). The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.55 percent. The bonds have a final maturity in fiscal year 2046.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AA- by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service. Standard & Poor's dropped its rating from AA, as a result of KUB's planned expansion of its fiber network to allow for the sale of broadband services within its electric service territory.

Impacts on Future Financial Position

KUB anticipates adding 1,900 additional electric customers in fiscal year 2024.

In May 2023, the Board approved the issuance of electric system revenue bonds not to exceed \$55 million for the purpose of funding electric system capital improvements. The bonds will be sold through a competitive bidding process during fiscal year 2024.

On August 24, 2023, TVA's board voted to approve a 4.5 percent electric base rate increase effective October 1, 2023. The 2.5 percent Pandemic Relief Credit that had been provided to local power companies for the prior three years will expire at the same time. These increases will flow through directly to KUB's electric customers.

In September 2023, KUB elected to participate in TVA's Power Supply Expanded Flexibility Program which will allow KUB to produce its own power, up to 5% of its energy supply.

As a component of the Fiber Division's start-up financing plan, the Electric Division will provide \$55 million of interdivisional loans. The first \$10 million was provided in October 2021, an additional \$7 million was provided in August 2022, and \$13 million was provided in February 2023. A \$9 million loan is anticipated during fiscal year 2024.

The Pension Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,108,147 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Electric Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2023, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$2,210,234 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Electric Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2024, measurement date. For the Plan year beginning January 1, 2023, the Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 106.88 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 91.43 percent.

The OPEB Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,187,768 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Electric Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2024, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,279,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Electric Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2025, measurement date. The Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 92.14 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 79.62 percent.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB No. 62*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

No other facts, decisions, or conditions are currently known which would have a significant impact on the Division's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2023.

Financial Contact

The Division's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the Division's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. If you have questions about the statements or need additional financial information, contact KUB's Chief Financial Officer at 445 South Gay Street, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|------------------|--|---------------------|
| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| · | \$ 72,488,469 | | 73,338,766 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | 46,249,233 | | 5,593,407 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 234,444 | 1 | 48,330 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance of uncollectible accour | | | |
| of \$563,258 in 2023 and \$569,961 in 2022 | 58,562,825 | | 63,145,224 |
| Current portion of lease receivable | 275,129 | | 266,032 |
| Current portion of notes receivable | 1,500,000 | | 375,000 |
| Inventories | 21,543,132 | 2 | 15,238,237 |
| Prepaid expenses | 844,561 | | 815,923 |
| Total current assets | 201,697,793 | 3 | 158,820,919 |
| Restricted assets: | | | |
| Electric bond fund | 23,046,192 | | 18,968,044 |
| Other funds | 698 | | 727 |
| Unused bond proceeds | 13 | | 1,298,143 |
| Total restricted assets | 23,046,903 | | 20,266,914 |
| Total roomotou docoto | 20,010,000 | _ | 20,200,011 |
| Electric plant in service | 1,204,870,069 |) | 1,136,436,118 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (517,337,699 | 9) | (485,629,439) |
| | 687,532,370 |) | 650,806,679 |
| Retirement in progress | 1,600,620 |) | 1,805,146 |
| Construction in progress | 95,357,352 | 2 | 60,382,473 |
| Net plant in service | 784,490,342 | 2 | 712,994,298 |
| Intangible assets: | | | |
| Intangible right of use asset | 2,211,509 | a | 2,161,609 |
| Intangible subscription asset | 2,798,972 | | 2,784,950 |
| Less accumulated amortization | (1,432,611 | | (715,223) |
| Net intangible assets | 3,577,870 | | 4,231,336 |
| Net intangible assets | 0,011,010 | _ | 4,201,000 |
| Other assets: | | | |
| Net pension asset | | - | 29,962,099 |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | | - | 36,977,855 |
| Long-term lease receivable | 1,840,780 | | 2,007,968 |
| Notes receivable | 27,616,667 | | 9,625,000 |
| TVA conservation program receivable | 250,291 | l | 575,535 |
| Under recovered purchased power cost | | - | 2,382,423 |
| Other | 3,223,524 | | 2,824,666 |
| Total other assets | 32,931,262 | | 84,355,546 |
| Total assets | 1,045,744,170 | <u>) </u> | 980,669,013 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | |
| Pension outflow | 23,178,444 | 1 | 3,813,999 |
| OPEB outflow | 2,555,462 | | 2,419,903 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 25,733,906 | | 6,233,902 |
| | \$ 1,071,478,076 | | 986,902,915 |
| | _ | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Current portion of revenue bonds | \$ 15,470,000 | \$ | 14,040,000 |
| Current portion of lease liability | 391,979 | | 403,643 |
| Current portion of subscription liability | 398,116 | | 376,935 |
| Sales tax collections payable | 1,006,222 | | 1,037,881 |
| Accounts payable | 80,599,899 | | 85,126,362 |
| Accrued expenses | 19,350,429 | | 27,424,262 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | 17,131,418 | | 16,400,877 |
| Accrued interest on revenue bonds | 7,576,068 | | 4,927,920 |
| Total current liabilities | 141,924,131 | _ | 149,737,880 |
| Other liabilities: | | | |
| TVA conservation program | 271,138 | | 613,757 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 4,818,595 | | 5,029,077 |
| Customer advances for construction | 8,995,706 | | 8,170,574 |
| Lease liability | 1,281,971 | | 1,514,058 |
| Subscription liability | 1,649,633 | | 2,018,104 |
| Net pension liability | 10,563,017 | | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 6,019,220 | | 5,203,565 |
| Over recovered purchased power cost | 3,548,522 | | - |
| Other | 38,317 | | 51,925 |
| Total other liabilities | 37,186,119 | _ | 22,601,060 |
| Long-term debt: | | | |
| Electric revenue bonds | 354,325,000 | | 290,795,000 |
| Unamortized premiums/discounts | 30,341,874 | | 29,092,437 |
| Total long-term debt | 384,666,874 | _ | 319,887,437 |
| Total liabilities | 563,777,124 | _ | 492,226,377 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | |
| Pension inflow | 291,384 | | 18,466,274 |
| Unamortized bond refunding costs | 1,437,283 | | 1,433,692 |
| OPEB inflow | - | | 15,541 |
| Lease inflow | 2,026,426 | | 2,235,602 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 3,755,093 | _ | 22,151,109 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | 567,532,217 | _ | 514,377,486 |
| AL (20) | | _ | |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets | 376,865,221 | | 373,317,161 |
| Restricted for: | , , | | |
| Debt service | 15,470,124 | | 14,040,124 |
| Other | 698 | | 727 |
| Unrestricted | 111,609,816 | | 85,167,417 |
| Total net position | 503,945,859 | | 472,525,429 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position | \$ 1,071,478,076 | \$ | 986,902,915 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|-----|--------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues \$ | \$_ | 660,231,612 | \$ | 606,335,419 |
| Operating expenses | | | | |
| Purchased power | | 475,899,728 | | 439,114,687 |
| Distribution | | 51,183,020 | | 43,441,366 |
| Customer service | | 6,101,877 | | 6,650,825 |
| Administrative and general | | 28,545,522 | | 15,560,475 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 40,651,472 | | 38,871,150 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | _ | 19,918,570 | - | 19,293,655 |
| Total operating expenses | | 622,300,189 | | 562,932,158 |
| Operating income | | 37,931,423 | | 43,403,261 |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | | | |
| Contributions in aid of construction | | 6,662,468 | | 3,019,363 |
| Interest income | | 4,879,006 | | 716,419 |
| Interest expense | | (13,538,166) | | (10,739,172) |
| Amortization of debt costs | | 1,674,346 | | 1,416,669 |
| Write-down of plant for costs recovered through contributions | ; | (6,662,468) | | (3,019,363) |
| Other | | 473,821 | | (5,606,036) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | | (6,510,993) | | (14,212,120) |
| Change in net position | | 31,420,430 | | 29,191,141 |
| Net position, beginning of year | | 472,525,429 | | 443,334,288 |
| Net position, end of year | \$_ | 503,945,859 | \$ | 472,525,429 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|---------------|----------|---------------------|
| Cash flow s from operating activities: | | | |
| Cash receipts from customers \$ | 658,686,516 | \$ | 589,479,000 |
| Cash receipts from other operations | 15,794,121 | | 9,028,574 |
| Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services | (537,312,442) | | (463,723,558) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | (40,462,300) | | (27,692,446) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | (17,175,635) | | (16,791,348) |
| Cash receipts from collections of TVA conservation loan program participants | 347,182 | | 581,728 |
| Cash payments for TVA conservation loan program | (364,556) | _ | (598,877) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 79,512,886 | _ | 90,283,073 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | |
| Net proceeds from bond issuance | 81,476,644 | | 50,016,599 |
| Principal paid on revenue bonds | (14,040,000) | | (14,545,000) |
| Decrease (increase) in unused bond proceeds | 1,298,130 | | (1,298,143) |
| Interest paid on revenue bonds | (10,746,078) | | (10,038,195) |
| Acquisition and construction of electric plant | (124,026,082) | | (69,377,420) |
| Changes in electric bond fund, restricted | (4,078,148) | | (47,067) |
| Customer advances for construction | 1,322,218 | | 649,006 |
| Proceeds received on disposal of plant | 285,248 | | 378,922 |
| Principal paid on lease liabilities | (429,000) | | (282,522) |
| Principal paid on subscription liabilities | (376,935) | | (361,246) |
| Interest paid on lease and subscription liabilities | (143,940) | | (148,909) |
| Cash received from developers and individuals for capital purposes | 6,662,468 | | 3,019,363 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | (62,795,475) | | (42,034,612) |
| Cook flows from investing activities | | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of investment securities | (0.700.000) | | (22 700 022) |
| | (8,720,000) | | (33,780,832) |
| Maturities of investment securities | 5,600,000 | | 28,235,589 |
| Issuance of notes received on notes received from Fiber Division | (20,000,000) | | (10,000,000) |
| Payments received on notes receivable from Fiber Division Interest received | 883,333 | | 650.042 |
| | 4,705,409 | | 659,942 1,171 |
| Other property and investments Net cash used in investing activities | (36,450) | _ | (14,884,130) |
| The cash used in investing activities | (17,307,700) | - | (14,004,130) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (850,297) | | 33,364,331 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 73,338,766 | _ | 39,974,435 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | 72,488,469 | \$_ | 73,338,766 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities | | | |
| Operating income \$ | 37,931,423 | \$ | 43,403,261 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | | | |
| provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 42,152,113 | | 40,447,550 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | / ·· |
| Accounts receivable | 8,294,889 | | (6,875,994) |
| Lease receivable | 158,090 | | (446,075) |
| Inventories | (6,304,895) | | (3,158,737) |
| Prepaid expenses | (28,638) | | (60,421) |
| TVA conservation program receivable | 325,244 | | 527,650 |
| Other assets | 51,902 | | (59,637) |
| Sales tax collections payable | (31,659) | | 116,667 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (9,340,844) | | 18,349,075 |
| Unrecovered purchased power cost | 5,930,945 | | (2,809,774) |
| TVA conservation program payable | (342,619) | | (544,799) |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | 730,541 | | 1,403,729 |
| Other liabilities | (13,606) | <u>-</u> | (9,422) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities \$ | 79,512,886 | \$_ | 90,283,073 |
| Noncash capital activities: | 407.074 | Φ. | 4.074.044 |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability \$ | 187,374 | \$ | 1,974,211 |
| Record intangible subscription asset and subscription liability \$ | 29,645 | \$ | 2,756,285 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Description of Business

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. The Electric Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and in seven surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform Division of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Electric Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

In conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), KUB follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement No. 34), *Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 (Statement No. 63), *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position*. Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. Under Statement No. 63, financial statements include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities, and report *net position* instead of net assets. In addition, KUB follows GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, as it relates to certain items for regulatory accounting. Regulatory accounting allows a regulated utility to defer a cost (a regulatory asset) or recognize an obligation (a regulatory liability) if it is probable that through the rate making process there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Accordingly, KUB has recognized certain regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Division is determined by measurement focus. The transactions of the Division are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital activity and debt service, and unrestricted components.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91 (Statement No. 91), *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 94 (Statement No. 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter in PPPs and APAs. Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96 (Statement No. 96), Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement is reflected on KUB's financial statements.

Electric Plant

Electric plant and other property are stated on the basis of original cost. The cost of current repairs and minor replacements is charged to operating expense. The cost of renewals and improvements is capitalized. The original cost of utility plant assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. When other property is retired, the related asset and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

The provision for depreciation of electric plant in service is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to forty years, and is computed using the straight-line method. Pursuant to FERC, the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position does not include depreciation for transportation equipment of \$1,500,641 in fiscal year 2023 and \$1,576,400 in fiscal year 2022.

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue consists primarily of charges for services provided by the principal operations of the KUB Electric Division. Operating revenue is recorded when the service is rendered, on a cycle basis, and includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Revenues are reported net of bad debt expense of \$1,610,396 in fiscal year 2023 and \$1,981,625 in fiscal year 2022.

Non-operating Revenue

Non-operating revenue consists of revenues that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Expense

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available, it is KUB's policy to apply those expenses to restricted net assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted net assets.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, net position-restricted, and net position-unrestricted.

These classifications are defined as follows:

 Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, lease

and subscription liabilities, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

- Net position-restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
 by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability
 relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the
 recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Net position-unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Contributions in Aid of Construction and Capital Contributions

Contributions in aid of construction are cash collections from customers, grantors, or others for a particular purpose, generally the construction of new facilities to serve new customers in excess of the investment KUB is willing to make for a particular incremental revenue source. KUB reduces the plant account balances to which contributions relate by the actual amount of the contribution and recognizes the contributions as non-operating revenue in accordance with Statement No. 62.

Capital contributions represent contributions of utility plant infrastructure constructed by developers and others in industrial parks and other developments and transferred to KUB upon completion of construction and the initiation of utility service. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, such contributions are recognized as revenues and capital assets upon receipt.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting of plant materials and operating supplies, are valued at the lower of average cost or replacement value.

OPEB Trust

KUB's OPEB Trust was established by KUB's Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to include two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions, which are determined by actuarial valuation. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, KUB measures net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a June 30, 2023, and 2022, measurement date, respectively. The net OPEB liability is \$12,930,655 (Division's share \$6,019,220) as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 (Division's share \$5,203,565) as of June 30, 2022.

Pension Plan and Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

KUB's employees are participants in the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J) (Note 12). KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions. As required by GASB Statement No. 68, KUB measures net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$10,563,017) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64.137.714 (Division's share \$29,962,099) as of June 30, 2022.

KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, administered by KUB (Note 13). As required by GASB Statement No. 73, KUB measures the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices at the reporting date.

Self-Insurance

KUB has established self-insurance programs covering portions of workers' compensation, employee health, environmental liability, general liability, property and casualty liability, and automobile liability claims. A liability is accrued for claims as they are incurred. When applicable, claims in excess of the self-insured risk are covered by KUB's insurance carrier. Additionally, KUB provides certain lifetime health benefits to eligible retired employees under a self-insurance plan administered by a third party.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that KUB believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, future events are subject to change and the best estimates and judgments routinely require adjustment. Estimates are used for, but are not limited to, inventory valuation, allowance for uncollectible accounts, depreciable lives of plant assets, unbilled revenue volumes, pension trust valuations, OPEB trust valuations, insurance liability reserves, and potential losses from contingencies and litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Certain assets are restricted by bond resolutions for the construction of utility plant and debt repayment. Certain additional assets are designated by management for contingency purposes and economic development.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, KUB considers all unrestricted and undesignated highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Leases

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. KUB also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease office space or property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the non-cancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a subscription-based information technology arrangement (subscription) at contract inception and recognizes an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability at the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The subscription term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription that KUB is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription controlled by the vendor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscriptions. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. Deferred inflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows of resources also include employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period in accordance with Statement No. 71. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and OPEB plan investments, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions in accordance with Statements No. 68, 73, and 75. Deferred inflows are also recorded at the commencement of the lease term and recognized as revenue over the course of the lease in accordance with Statement No. 87.

Debt Premium/Discount

KUB records unamortized premium and discount on debt as a separate line item in the Long-Term Debt section of the Financial Statements. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt and is recorded as amortization expense.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Debt Issuance Costs

In accordance with regulatory accounting, KUB records debt issuance costs as an Other Asset. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt and is recorded as amortization expense.

Deferred Gain/Loss on Refunding of Debt

KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. In accordance with FERC presentation, amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt and is recorded as amortization expense.

Compensated Absences

KUB accrues a liability for earned but unpaid paid time off (PTO) days.

TVA Conservation Program

KUB previously served as a fiscal intermediary for the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), whereby loans were made to KUB customers by TVA to be used in connection with TVA's Energy Right Residential Program. While KUB still holds existing loans on behalf of TVA, no loans were made through this program after October 31, 2015.

Restatement for GASB 96

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96) using a full retrospective approach. GASB 96 requires the recognition of an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability, thereby enhancing the relevance and reliability of information regarding subscription activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

As a result of adopting GASB 96, as of June 30, 2022, KUB's Electric Division recorded total subscription assets of \$2,784,950 with accumulated amortization of \$389,911 and recognized total subscription liabilities of \$2,395,039 (\$376,935 current). KUB's Electric Division also reclassified \$489,579 from administrative and general expense to \$389,911 as amortization expense and \$99,668 as interest expense.

Additional disclosures, as well as other reclassifications in the statement of cash flows, also resulted from the adoption of GASB 96.

Subsequent Events

KUB has evaluated events and transactions through October 31, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed.

Purchased Power Adjustment

In October 2002, the Board adopted a Purchased Power Adjustment (PPA) to address changes in wholesale power costs. The PPA was established in response to an amendment to KUB's power supply contract under which, among other things, TVA relinquished its regulatory authority over KUB's retail electric rates. The PPA allows KUB to promptly adjust retail electric rates in response to wholesale rate changes or adjustments, thus ensuring that KUB will recover the costs incurred for purchased power. These changes in electric costs are reflected as adjustments to the base electric rates established by the Board. The rate-setting authority vested in the Board by the City Charter meets the "self-regulated" provisions of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, and KUB meets the remaining criteria of Statement No. 62.

TVA implemented a fuel cost adjustment in October 2006 applied on a quarterly basis to wholesale power rates. TVA's quarterly fuel cost adjustment became a monthly fuel cost adjustment effective October 2009. KUB flows changes to wholesale power rates from TVA's fuel cost adjustment mechanism directly through to its retail electric rates via the PPA.

In April 2011, TVA modified its wholesale rate structure to demand and energy billing for its distributors. In response, KUB revised its PPA to include a deferred accounting component to ensure appropriate matching of revenue and expense and cost recovery. KUB will adjust its retail rates on an annual basis to flow any over or under recovery of wholesale power costs through to its customers via the PPA.

During the period of October 2020 to September 2021, TVA provided a Pandemic Relief Credit to local power companies. KUB excluded the Standard Service portion of this credit from the Purchased Power Adjustment in order to assist customers in need of financial assistance due to the pandemic. \$6,550,000 was made available to residential and small business customers through the COVID Utility Relief Effort (CURE) fund.

During the period of October 2021 to September 2022, TVA provided a Pandemic Recovery Credit to local power companies. KUB excluded the Standard Service portion of this credit from the Purchased Power Adjustment in order to assist customers in need of financial assistance due to the pandemic, making \$7,300,000 available to residential and small business customers.

During the period of October 2022 to September 2023, TVA is providing a Pandemic Recovery Credit to local power companies. KUB has included this credit in the Purchased Power Adjustment in order for all customers to benefit from this credit.

Under the PPA mechanism, KUB tracks the actual over/(under) recovered amount in the Over/(Under) Recovered Purchased Power Cost accounts. These accounts are rolled into the PPA rate adjustments thereby assuring that any over/(under) recovered amounts are promptly passed on to KUB's electric customers. The amount of over/(under) recovered cost was \$3,548,522 as of June 30, 2023, and (\$2,382,423) as of June 30, 2022.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 99 (Statement No. 99), *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Paragraphs 26-32 were effective immediately. Paragraphs 11-25 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 100 (Statement No. 100), *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101 (Statement No. 101), *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

KUB follows the provisions of Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for state and local governments related to deposit and investment risks. KUB classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

KUB's investment policy provides the framework for the administration and investment of cash deposits. The investment policy follows Tennessee State law and defines the parameters under which KUB funds should be invested. State law authorizes KUB to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. KUB's primary investment objectives are to place investments in a manner to ensure the preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements, and maximize yield of return. KUB minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by adhering to Tennessee State law requirements for the investment of public funds. This includes limiting investments to those types described above and limiting maturity horizons. The maximum maturity is four years from the date of investment. KUB also limits its exposure by holding investments to maturity unless cash flow requirements dictate otherwise.

Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy, as required by state law, is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable income to be derived, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Custodial Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy limits exposure to custodial credit risk by restricting investments to a standard set forth by state law. All deposits in excess of federal depository insurance limits are collateralized with government securities held in KUB's name by a third-party custodian bank(s) acting as KUB's agent(s), or through the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. Financial institutions that participate in the collateral pool are subject to special assessment; therefore, the deposits are considered insured. A portion of KUB's investments is generally held in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is a part of the State Pooled Investment Fund and is sponsored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department. Tennessee Code Annotated ¶9-4-701 et seq. authorizes local governments to invest in the LGIP. None of KUB's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments per Statement of Net Position:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------|-------------|-------------------|
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 72,488,469 | \$ 73,338,766 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | | 46,178,476 | 5,593,368 |
| Other assets | | | |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | | - | 36,931,070 |
| Restricted assets | | | |
| Unused bond proceeds | | 13 | 1,298,143 |
| Electric bond fund | | 23,046,192 | 18,968,044 |
| Other funds | | 698 | 727 |
| | \$ _ | 141,713,848 | \$ 136,130,118 |

The above amounts do not include accrued interest of \$70,757 in fiscal year 2023 and \$46,824 in fiscal year 2022. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis.

Investments and maturities of KUB's deposits and investments as held by financial institutions as of June 30, 2023:

Electric

| | Deposit and Investment Maturities (in Years | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|----|-------------|----|-----|--|--|
| | | Fair | | Less | | | | |
| | _ | Value | | Than 1 | | 1-5 | | |
| Supersweep NOW and Other Deposits | \$ | 95,439,707 | \$ | 95,439,707 | \$ | - | | |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool | | 8,768,094 | | 8,768,094 | | - | | |
| Agency Bonds | | 37,410,396 | | 37,410,396 | | - | | |
| Certificates of Deposits | _ | 2,578,333 | | 2,578,333 | | | | |
| | \$ | 144,196,530 | \$ | 144,196,530 | \$ | | | |

KUB categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset with a maturity at purchase of greater than one year. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Division has no recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023.

KUB measures investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less at amortized cost, which is considered a fair value equivalent due to their nature. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are measured at net asset value (NAV) per share.

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wholesale and retail customers | | |
| Billed services | \$ 32,312,101 | \$ 36,073,890 |
| Unbilled services | 21,686,119 | 26,407,180 |
| Other | 5,127,863 | 1,234,115 |
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (563,258) | (569,961) |
| | \$ 58,562,825 | \$ 63,145,224 |

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals

Accounts payable and accruals consist of the following:

| | | 2022 | |
|----------------------------|----|------------|-------------------|
| Trade accounts | \$ | 80,599,899 | \$ 85,126,362 |
| Salaries and wages | | 838,620 | 723,454 |
| Advances on pole rental | | 1,482,546 | 1,393,933 |
| Self-insurance liabilities | | 1,188,749 | 1,067,781 |
| Other current liabilities | | 15,840,514 | 24,239,094 |
| | \$ | 99,950,328 | \$ 112,550,624 |

6. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt consists of the following:

| Electric | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Additions | | Payments | | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2023 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|----------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|-----|----------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| EE-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 21,530,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,300,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | 19,230,000 | \$ | 2,415,000 |
| FF-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 1,675,000 | · | - | | 825,000 | | - | | 850,000 | · | 850,000 |
| GG-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 35,700,000 | | - | | 1,000,000 | | - | | 34,700,000 | | 1,050,000 |
| HH-2017 - 2.5 - 5.0% | | 15,225,000 | | - | | 2,305,000 | | - | | 12,920,000 | | 2,400,000 |
| II-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 36,885,000 | | - | | 890,000 | | - | | 35,995,000 | | 935,000 |
| JJ-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 37,550,000 | | - | | 895,000 | | - | | 36,655,000 | | 930,000 |
| KK-2020 - 5.0% | | 13,225,000 | | - | | 1,215,000 | | - | | 12,010,000 | | 1,270,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 70,180,000 | | - | | 4,610,000 | | - | | 65,570,000 | | 4,855,000 |
| MM-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 45,650,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 45,650,000 | | 765,000 |
| NN-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 27,215,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 27,215,000 | | - |
| OO-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | _ | - | | 79,000,000 | | - | _ | = | _ | 79,000,000 | _ | |
| Total bonds | \$_ | 304,835,000 | \$_ | 79,000,000 | \$_ | 14,040,000 | \$_ | = | \$_ | 369,795,000 | \$_ | 15,470,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | | 29,092,437 | | 3,099,539 | | 1,850,102 | | · | | 30,341,874 | | - |
| Total long term debt | \$_ | 333,927,437 | \$ | 82,099,539 | \$ | 15,890,102 | \$ | - | \$_ | 400,136,874 | \$_ | 15,470,000 |

| Electric | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | Payments | Defeased | Balance June 30, 2022 | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| AA-2012 - 3.0 - 5.0% \$ | 3,270,000 \$ | - \$ | 3,270,000 | - \$ | _ | . |
| BB-2012 - 3.0 - 4.0% | 825,000 ¢ | - Ψ | 825,000 | - ψ | - , | φ - - |
| CC-2013 - 3.0 - 4.0% | 540,000 | _ | 540,000 | _ | | |
| DD-2014 - 2.0 - 4.0% | 875,000 | _ | 875,000 | _ | _ | _ |
| EE-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 23,765,000 | _ | 2,235,000 | _ | 21,530,000 | 2,300,000 |
| FF-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 31,375,000 | _ | 800,000 | 28,900,000 | 1,675,000 | 825,000 |
| GG-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 36,650,000 | _ | 950,000 | - | 35,700,000 | 1,000,000 |
| HH-2017 - 2.5 - 5.0% | 17,420,000 | _ | 2,195,000 | _ | 15,225,000 | 2,305,000 |
| II-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 37,730,000 | - | 845,000 | _ | 36,885,000 | 890,000 |
| JJ-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 38,405,000 | - | 855,000 | _ | 37,550,000 | 895,000 |
| KK-2020 - 5.0% | 14,380,000 | - | 1,155,000 | - | 13,225,000 | 1,215,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | 70,180,000 | - | - | - | 70,180,000 | 4,610,000 |
| MM-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | - | 45,650,000 | - | - | 45,650,000 | - |
| NN-2022 - 4.0 - 5.0% | - | 27,215,000 | - | - | 27,215,000 | - |
| Total bonds \$ | 275,415,000 \$ | 72,865,000 \$ | 14,545,000 \$ | 28,900,000 \$ | 304,835,000 \$ | 14,040,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | 25,718,420 | 6,718,375 | 1,731,604 | 1,612,754 | 29,092,437 | |
| Total long term debt \$ | 301,133,420 \$ | 79,583,375 \$ | 16,276,604 \$ | 30,512,754 \$ | 333,927,437 \$ | 14,040,000 |

Debt service over remaining term of the debt is as follows:

| Fiscal | | T | | Grand | | |
|-----------|-------|-------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| Year | | Principal | | Interest | | Total |
| 2024 | | \$ 15,470,000 | \$ | 14,648,930 | \$ | 30,118,930 |
| 2025 | | 17,320,000 | | 13,776,899 | | 31,096,899 |
| 2026 | | 15,575,000 | | 13,062,274 | | 28,637,274 |
| 2027 | | 16,230,000 | | 12,366,074 | | 28,596,074 |
| 2028 | | 16,865,000 | | 11,688,922 | | 28,553,922 |
| 2029-2033 | | 64,205,000 | | 49,649,106 | | 113,854,106 |
| 2034-2038 | | 59,850,000 | | 37,302,476 | | 97,152,476 |
| 2039-2043 | | 69,205,000 | | 24,842,933 | | 94,047,933 |
| 2044-2048 | | 63,330,000 | | 11,832,558 | | 75,162,558 |
| 2049-2053 | | 31,745,000 | _ | 3,064,100 | _ | 34,809,100 |
| • | Total | \$ 369,795,000 | \$ | 192,234,272 | \$ | 562,029,272 |

The Division has pledged sufficient revenue, after deduction of all current operating expenses (exclusive of tax equivalents), to meet the revenue bonds principal and interest payments when due. Such bond requirements are being met through monthly deposits to the Electric Bond Fund as required by the bond covenants. As of June 30, 2023, these requirements had been satisfied.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB's Electric Division issued Series MM 2022 bonds to fund electric system capital improvements. KUB's Electric Division also issued Series NN 2022 bonds to retire a portion of outstanding Series FF 2015 bonds. On May 13, 2022, \$27.2 million in revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.1 percent were issued to advance refund \$28.9 million of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.1 percent. The net proceeds of \$29.5 million

(after payment of \$0.4 million in issuance costs plus premium of \$2 million and an additional issuer equity contribution of \$0.6 million) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the bonds, with the exception of the July 1, 2022, and the July 1, 2023, debt service payments. As a result, the remaining bonds are considered to be refunded and the liability of \$28.9 million for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. This refunding decreases total debt service payments over the life of the bonds by \$2 million, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1.3 million.

During fiscal year 2023, KUB's Electric Division issued Series OO 2022 bonds to fund electric system capital improvements.

Other liabilities consist of the following:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | Inorono | | Dogrado | | Balance June 30, |
|--|--|---------------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|--|
| | 2022 | Increase | | Decrease | | 2023 |
| TVA conservation program Accrued compensated | \$ 613,757 | \$ 25,487 | \$ | (368,106) | \$ | 271,138 |
| absences Customer advances | 5,029,077 | 9,682,169 | | (9,892,651) | | 4,818,595 |
| for construction | 8,170,574 | 4,171,839 | | (3,346,707) | | 8,995,706 |
| Other | 51,925 | 27,639 | | (41,247) | | 38,317 |
| | \$ 13,865,333 | \$ 13,907,134 | \$ | (13,648,711) | \$ | 14,123,756 |
| | | | _ | | _ | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Balance | | | | | Balance |
| | Balance June 30, | | | | | Balance June 30, |
| | | Increase | | Decrease | | |
| TVA conservation program Accrued compensated | \$ June 30, | \$ Increase 64,619 | \$ | Decrease (609,418) | \$ | June 30, |
| · - | \$ June 30, 2021 | \$ | \$ | | | June 30, 2022 |
| Accrued compensated | \$ June 30, 2021 1,158,556 | \$ 64,619 | \$ | (609,418) | | June 30, 2022 613,757 |
| Accrued compensated absences | \$ June 30, 2021 1,158,556 | \$ 64,619 | \$ | (609,418) |) | June 30, 2022 613,757 |
| Accrued compensated absences Customer advances | \$ June 30, 2021 1,158,556 4,654,095 | \$ 64,619 10,402,464 | \$ | (609,418) (10,027,482) |) | June 30, 2022 613,757 5,029,077 |

7. Lease Receivables

KUB, as lessor, leases office space, land, and fiber optic cables under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to ten years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain leases contain an option to renew that has been considered in the lease receivable when the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option. KUB recognized lease revenue, which is included in other operating revenues, of \$310,609 in 2023 and \$235,576 in 2022. KUB also recognized interest income from leases, which is included in non-operating revenues, totaling \$75,046 in 2023 and \$66,221 in 2022. Total lease receivables were \$2,115,909 (\$275,129 current) and \$2,274,000 (\$266,032 current) as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and are included in other assets on the Statement of Net Position.

8. Lease Liabilities

Changes in lease liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Total lease liabilities | \$ 1,917,701 | \$ \$ \$ | ; <u>-</u> | (431,125) | \$ 1,673,950 |
| Less current portion | (403,643) | | | | (391,979) |
| Long-term portion | \$ 1,514,058 | | | | \$ 1,281,971 |
| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total lease liabilities | \$ 226,012 | \$ \$ \$ 2,029,005 \$ | 6 | (337,316) | \$ 1,917,701 |
| Less current portion | (181,052) | | • | · | (403,643) |
| Long-term portion | \$ 44,960 | | | | \$ 1,514,058 |

KUB leases certain office space, equipment, and other assets under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to twenty years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain office space leases contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the lease liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | | Lease Maturities | | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|----|------------------|----|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 391,979 | \$ | 56,664 |
| 2025 | | 415,195 | | 42,390 |
| 2026 | | 431,738 | | 26,877 |
| 2027 | | 351,969 | | 10,463 |
| 2028 | | 9,894 | | 3,681 |
| 2029-2033 | | 17,274 | | 15,937 |
| 2034-2038 | | 24,329 | | 14,172 |
| 2039-2043 | _ | 31,572 | _ | 9,844 |
| | \$ | 1,673,950 | \$ | 180,028 |

9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreement Liabilities

Changes in SBITA liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|---------|-------------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|-------------------------------------|
| Total SBITA liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ _ | 2,395,039 (376,935) 2,018,104 | \$ | 29,645 | \$ | (376,935) | \$ | 2,047,749 (398,116) 1,649,633 |
| Long-term portion | Ψ = | Balance June 30, 2021 | = | Increase | | Decrease | Ψ | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total SBITA liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ _ | - | \$ | 2,756,285 | \$ | (361,246) | \$ | 2,395,039 (376,935) 2,018,104 |

KUB has subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) which grant non-cancelable rights to use underlying information technology software. Terms of agreement range from five to eighteen years and contain fixed and variable payment terms. Certain SBITAs contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the SBITA liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of SBITA liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | | Subscription Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|------|----|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 398,116 | \$ 71,353 |
| 2025 | | 385,741 | 56,561 |
| 2026 | | 401,691 | 41,324 |
| 2027 | | 419,616 | 25,418 |
| 2028 | , | 442,585 | 8,678 |
| | \$ | 2,047,749 | \$ 203,334 |

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10. Capital and Intangible Assets

Capital and intangible asset activity was as follows:

| | | Balance | | | | D | | Balance |
|---|-----|-----------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|---------------|
| Distribution Disease | | June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | June 30, 2023 |
| Distribution Plant | • | 74 000 005 | • | 4 000 545 | • | (077.000) | • | 70 400 000 |
| Services and Meters | \$ | 74,990,605 | \$ | 4,866,515 | \$ | (377,028) | \$ | 79,480,092 |
| Electric Station Equipment | | 187,970,173 | | 32,116,981 | | (1,162,790) | | 218,924,364 |
| Poles, Towers and Fixtures | | 229,318,620 | | 9,047,087 | | (1,272,890) | | 237,092,817 |
| Overhead Conductors | | 189,890,504 | | 12,186,365 | | (2,991,982) | | 199,084,887 |
| Line Transformers | | 108,462,710 | | 3,275,117 | | (554,944) | | 111,182,883 |
| Other Accounts | _ | 195,635,304 | | 5,032,720 | | (1,301,346) | , | 199,366,678 |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 986,267,916 | \$ | 66,524,785 | \$ | (7,660,980) | \$ | 1,045,131,721 |
| General Plant | | 150,168,202 | | 10,726,797 | | (1,156,651) | | 159,738,348 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 1,136,436,118 | \$ | 77,251,582 | Ф | (8,817,631) | Φ. | 1,204,870,069 |
| Total Plant Assets | Ф | 1, 130,430, 116 | Ф | 77,251,562 | Ф | (0,017,031) | Ф | 1,204,670,069 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (485,629,439) | | (41,580,780) | | 9,872,520 | | (517,337,699) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 650,806,679 | \$ | 35,670,802 | \$ | 1,054,889 | \$ | 687,532,370 |
| Work In Progress | _ | 62,187,619 | | 113,518,468 | | (78,748,115) | | 96,957,972 |
| Total Net Plant | \$_ | 712,994,298 | \$ | 149,189,270 | \$ | (77,693,226) | \$ | 784,490,342 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 2,040,220 | \$ | - | \$ | (60, 106) | \$ | 1,980,114 |
| Equipment | | 53,811 | | 14,919 | | (7,549) | | 61,181 |
| Other | _ | 67,578 | | 170,214 | | (67,578) | | 170,214 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 2,161,609 | \$ | 185,133 | \$ | (135,233) | \$ | 2,211,509 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | _ | (325,312) | | (399,992) | | 82,926 | | (642,378) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$_ | 1,836,297 | \$ | (214,859) | \$ | (52,307) | \$ | 1,569,131 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 2,784,950 | \$ | 14,022 | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,798,972 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (389,911) | | (400,322) | | _ | | (790,233) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 2,395,039 | \$ | (386,300) | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,008,739 |
| 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ´ = | ,, | | (000,000) | | | | |

| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|--------------|----|--------------|--------------------------|
| Distribution Plant | | | | | | | |
| Services and Meters | \$ | 74,579,437 | \$ | 507,367 | \$ | (96, 199) | \$ 74,990,605 |
| Electric Station Equipment | | 182,343,725 | | 6,005,229 | | (378,781) | 187,970,173 |
| Poles, Towers and Fixtures | | 219,670,116 | | 10,399,090 | | (750,586) | 229,318,620 |
| Overhead Conductors | | 180,227,318 | | 14,958,176 | | (5,294,990) | 189,890,504 |
| Line Transformers | | 106,735,123 | | 2,395,193 | | (667,606) | 108,462,710 |
| Other Accounts | | 200,200,670 | | 5,364,515 | | (9,929,881) | 195,635,304 |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 963,756,389 | \$ | 39,629,570 | \$ | (17,118,043) | \$ 986,267,916 |
| On a seed Blood | | 100 000 077 | | 40,440,000 | | (0.044.005) | 450 400 000 |
| General Plant | _ | 136,238,677 | _ | 16,140,890 | | (2,211,365) | 150,168,202 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 1,099,995,066 | \$ | 55,770,460 | \$ | (19,329,408) | \$ 1,136,436,118 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (463,099,778) | | (39,790,345) | | 17,260,684 | (485,629,439) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 636,895,288 | \$ | 15,980,115 | \$ | (2,068,724) | \$ 650,806,679 |
| Work In Progress | | 54,465,567 | _ | 65,383,303 | _ | (57,661,251) | 62,187,619 |
| Total Net Plant | \$_ | 691,360,855 | \$ | 81,363,418 | \$ | (59,729,975) | \$ 712,994,298 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 309,638 | \$ | 1,995,795 | \$ | (265,213) | \$ 2,040,220 |
| Equipment | | 44,488 | | 27,415 | | (18,092) | 53,811 |
| Other | | 73,988 | | 24,101 | | (30,511) | 67,578 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 428,114 | \$ | 2,047,311 | \$ | (313,816) | \$ 2,161,609 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (202,103) | _ | (363,925) | _ | 240,716 | (325,312) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$_ | 226,011 | \$_ | 1,683,387 | \$ | (73,099) | \$ 1,836,297 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | - | \$ | 2,784,950 | \$ | - | \$ 2,784,950 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | • | - | | (389,911) | | - | (389,911) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | - | \$ | 2,395,039 | \$ | - | \$ 2,395,039 |

11. Risk Management

KUB is exposed to various risks of loss related to active and retiree medical claims; injuries to workers; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; environmental damages; and natural disasters. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

These liabilities are included in accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is KUB's best estimate based on available information. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$1,188,749 and \$1,067,781, respectively, resulting from the following changes:

| | 2023 | | 2022 |
|--|------------------|----|-------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 1,067,781 | \$ | 929,396 |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | 10,265,043 | | 8,769,088 |
| Claims payments | (10,144,075) | _ | (8,630,703) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 1,188,749 | \$ | 1,067,781 |

12. Pension Plan

Description of Plan

The Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan (the Plan) is a governmental plan as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA or the Act), is not subject to any of the provisions of the Act, and was revised January 1, 2020, to include all prior approved amendments. The Plan is a single-employer contributory, defined benefit pension plan established by Knoxville Utilities Board Resolution No. 980 dated February 18, 1999, effective July 1, 1999, as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J). KUB Board Resolution No. 979, effective July 1, 1999, as amended by Resolution No. 1037, establishing the KUB Retirement System, was amended effective June 18, 2020, to amend the term "Trustee" to include both custodians and/or trustees, in order to provide flexibility should KUB choose to change from its current Pension trustee. The Plan is designed to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to KUB employees. KUB administers the Plan through an Administrative Committee consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Plan involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be adopted by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Plan may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The Plan issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2011, KUB closed the Plan such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and to accrue benefits under the Plan.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of December 31:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Inactive plan members: | | |
| Terminated vested participants | 14 | 12 |
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 603 | 600 |
| Active plan members | 431 | 478 |
| Total | 1,048 | 1,090 |

Retirement Benefits

The Plan provides three benefit arrangements for KUB participants, retirees, and beneficiaries.

The Plan provides pension benefits through the Career Equity Program ("CEP") for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1999, and for eligible former "City System Plan A" participants who elected CEP coverage as of July 1, 1999. The guaranteed pension benefit payable to a participant who has completed five or more years of service (or reached the normal retirement date, if earlier) upon termination of KUB employment shall be a lump sum equal to the participant's average compensation times their benefit percentage, as defined in the Plan document, or an annuity may be chosen by the participant.

In addition, the Plan provided retirement benefits through "Plan A" for former City System Plan A participants who elected not to participate in the CEP. Plan A is a closed plan and is not available to KUB employees hired after July 1, 1999. Plan A provides for early retirement benefits with 25 years of service and normal retirement benefits at age 62 or later. Benefits provided to Plan A participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments.

The Plan also provides retirement benefits through "Plan B" for former "City System Plan B" participants. Plan B is a closed plan providing benefits to participants not covered by Social Security. Benefits provided to Plan B participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments available to participants.

Effective January 1, 2012, KUB began to provide for additional monthly supplements, which are not subject to cost-of-living adjustments, to certain former employees and surviving dependents of former employees who are eligible for and have elected coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and are eligible for Medicare. This was done to compensate for the elimination of drug coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and to assist such individuals in obtaining prescription drug coverage under Medicare Part D.

Contributions

Participation in Plan A requires employee contributions of three percent of the first \$4,800 of annual earnings and five percent of annual earnings in excess of \$4,800. KUB contributions are determined by the enrolled actuary of the Plan and equal the amount necessary to provide the benefits under the Plan determined by the application of accepted actuarial methods and assumptions. The method of funding shall be consistent with Plan objectives.

Plan Funding

KUB maintains a Funding Policy for the Plan in accordance with Tennessee State Law. The primary goal of the Policy is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and employee contributions and current Plan assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to current active, inactive and retired Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB fully funds its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Investments

The Plan's investments are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company (the "Trustee"). The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Investment Committee and approved by the KUB Board of Commissioners and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. It is the policy of the Retirement System Investment Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2022:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|--|-------------------|
| | |
| Domestic equity – large cap | 20% - 50% |
| Domestic equity – mid cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – small cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – convertible securities | 0% - 10% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 0% - 20% |
| Real estate equity | 0% - 10% |
| Fixed income – aggregate bonds | 5% - 25% |
| Fixed income – long-term bonds | 10% - 25% |
| Cash and deposits | 0% - 5% |

Contributions of \$2,624,373 and \$3,665,168 for 2021 and 2020, respectively, were made during the Plan sponsor's fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Of these amounts, \$1,247,636 and \$1,712,192 are attributable to the Electric Division. The fiscal year 2023 contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2021, valuation using the Individual Entry Age Normal funding method. The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits

under the Plan as payments which are level as a percentage of salary, starting on the original participation date (employment date) and continuing until the assumed retirement, termination, disability, or death.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68"), which requires measurement of the net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, will be based on the December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$10,563,017) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$29,962,099) as of June 30, 2022.

GASB 68 requires certain disclosures related to the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Total pension liability | \$ 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | (232,187,691) | (306, 339, 494) |
| Plan's net pension liability (asset) | \$ 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) |
| | _ | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 91.27% | 126.48% |

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Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) are as follows:

| | Increase | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--------------|----|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | (Decrease) | | | | | |
| | 7 | otal Pension | Ρ | lan Fiduciary | Net Pension | |
| | | Liability | | Net Position | Lia | ability (Asset) |
| | | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Balances at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 242,201,780 | \$ | 306,339,494 | \$ | (64,137,714) |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 6,349,402 | | - | | 6,349,402 |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | | - | | 17,430,465 |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 282,014 | | - | | 282,014 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 5,268,672 | | - | | 5,268,672 |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 3,144,770 | | (3,144,770) |
| Contributions - rollovers | | - | | 3,080 | | (3,080) |
| Contributions - member | | - | | 3,809,515 | | (3,809,515) |
| Net investment income | | - | | (63,484,570) | | 63,484,570 |
| Benefit payments | | (17,125,610) | | (17,125,610) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (498,988) | | 498,988 |
| Net changes | | 12,204,943 | | (74,151,803) | | 86,356,746 |
| Balances at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 254,406,723 | \$ | 232,187,691 | \$ | 22,219,032 |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Valuation dates | January 1, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2022; January 1, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2021 |
|------------------|---|
| Discount rate | 7.00% as of December 31, 2022; 7.25% as of December 31, 2021 |
| Salary increases | From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service as of December |
| · | 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Mortality | 115% and 110% of the PubG-2010 table for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Table, both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018, fully generational as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Inflation | 2.5% as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and 2021, valuations were based on an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class

included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, are summarized in the following table. The real rate of return reported for fixed income is for aggregate fixed income. The Plan has both aggregate and long duration fixed income.

| | Long Term Expected | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--|--|
| | Real Rate of Retu | | | |
| Asset Class | 2022 | 2021 | | |
| | | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.0% | 5.1% | | |
| Non-U.S. equity | 6.1% | 6.0% | | |
| Real estate equity | 5.4% | 5.4% | | |
| Debt securities | 0.5% | 0.2% | | |
| Cash and deposits | (0.1%) | (0.3%) | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of December 31, 2022, and 7.25 percent as of December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of December 31, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | | Current Discount Rate (7.00%) | | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|---------------------------|--|
| Plan's net pension liability | \$ 45,400,841 | \$ | 22,219,032 | \$ | 2,259,345 | |

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Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of \$8,973,269 and the Electric Division's share was \$4,252,758.

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2021, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$282,014, with \$70,504 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$211,510. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$2,609,559, of which \$869,853 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,739,706. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$1,951,216 (Division's share \$927,616). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$542,777, of which \$331,952 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$210,825 (Division's share \$100,227).

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$5,268,672, with \$1,317,168 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$3,951,504. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$3,389,264, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$1,694,632. The total deferred outflow is \$5,646,136 (Division's share \$2,684,196).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$85,314,262, of which \$17,062,852 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$38,969,257, of which \$10,346,356 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment losses this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$39,628,509 (Division's share \$18,839,551).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Electric Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$252,695, with \$63,174 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$189,521. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$150,014, of which \$50,005 was recognized in the current year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$100,009. In addition, KUB's Electric Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$623,818 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2022, and June 30, 2023.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Electric Division.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | ed Inflows sources |
|--|--------------------------------|------------|---|----|-----------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 927,616 | | \$ | 100,227 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 2,684,196 | | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | 18,839,551 | | | - |
| Change in proportionate share | | 100,009 | | | 189,521 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | 623,818 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 23,175,190 | _ | \$ | 289,748 |

\$623,818 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended J | lune | e 30: |
|--------------|------|-----------|
| 2024 | \$ | 2,261,643 |
| 2025 | | 4,873,540 |
| 2026 | | 7,014,692 |
| 2027 | | 8,111,749 |
| Thereafter | | _ |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$11,639,307) and the Electric Division's share was (\$5,387,327).

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$1,935,276, with approximately \$483,819 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$1,451,457. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$1,544,136, of which \$386,034 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,158,102. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$2,609,559 (Division's share \$1,219,063). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$1,092,163, of which \$549,386 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$542,777 (Division's share \$253,560).

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes or assumption changes. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$5,083,896, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$3,389,264 (Division's share \$1,583,303). Net unrecognized assumption change gains from prior periods were \$71,525, of which the remaining \$71,525 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$17,812,070, of which \$3,562,414 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net

unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$34,994,864, of which \$10,275,263 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment gains this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred inflow of \$38,969,257 (Division's share \$18,204,589).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Electric Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$200,018, with \$50,005 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$150,014. In addition, KUB's Electric Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$856,097 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Electric Division.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | ferred Inflows Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience | \$ | 1,219,063 | \$ 253,560 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 1,583,303 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | - | 18,204,589 |
| Change in proportionate share | | 150,014 | - |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | 856,097 | |
| Total | \$ | 3,808,477 | \$ 18,458,149 |

13. Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

Description

In fiscal year 2017, KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB. The number of participants in any given year for the QEBA is determined by the number of KUB Pension Plan participants who exceed the current year's section 415(b) limitations, as calculated by the KUB Pension Plan actuary. The amount of QEBA benefit will be the amount specified by the terms of the KUB Pension Plan without regard to Section 415(b) limitations minus the amount payable from the KUB Pension Plan as limited by Section 415(b). QEBA benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

As of June 30, 2023, there are 404 active employees eligible for the KUB Pension Plan who are potentially eligible to receive QEBA benefits. The KUB Pension Plan was closed effective January 1, 2011, such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and accrue benefits under the KUB Pension Plan. The KUB Pension Plan was amended to include the provision of QEBA benefits; therefore, amendments to the QEBA require the same authority as amendments to the KUB Pension Plan. As required by federal tax law, the QEBA is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. KUB may not pre-fund the QEBA to cover future liabilities beyond the current year. KUB has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no assets

accumulated in a trust that meets the GASB's criteria. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Total Pension Liability of the QEBA

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 ("GASB 73"). GASB 73 extends a similar approach of financial reporting to plans meeting specific criteria that are not administered through trusts that GASB 68 established for pension plans. GASB 73 requires measurement of the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. There is no Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

GASB 73 requires certain disclosures related to the total pension liability of the QEBA, as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Total pension liability | \$0 | \$0 |
| Deferred outflows | (6,779) | (11,505) |
| Deferred inflows | 3,408 | 16,927 |
| Net impact on Statement of Net Position | (\$3,371) | \$5,422 |
| Covered payroll | \$37,412,132 | \$38,074,863 |
| Total pension liability as a % of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$8,793) (Division's share (\$4,221)) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$-), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [(\$3,371) - \$5,422 + \$-].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$3,408 (Division's share \$1,636) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$4,073 (Division's share \$1,955) from experience losses in prior years.

There was a deferred outflow of \$2,706 (Division's share \$1,299) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 4,073 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Changes in assumptions | | 2,706 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 6,779 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Division's share | \$ | 3,254 | \$ | 1,636 | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|-------|
| 2024 \$ | 3,023 |
| 2025 | 348 |
| 2026 | - |
| 2027 | - |
| 2028 | - |
| Thereafter | _ |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of \$16,613 (Division's share \$7,974) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$19,875), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [\$5,422 - \$8,684 + \$19,875].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$6,816, with \$1,704 recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of \$5,112 (Division's share \$2,454). There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$7,225 (Division's share \$3,468) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$6,112 (Division's share \$2,933) from experience losses in prior years.

During the measurement year, there were no assumption changes. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$4,590 (Division's share \$2,203) and a deferred outflow of \$5,393 (Division's share \$2,589) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | d Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 6,112 | \$ | 12,337 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 5,393 | | 4,590 | |
| Total | \$ 11,505 | \$ | 16,927 | |
| Division's share | \$ 5,522 | \$ | 8,125 | |

14. Defined Contribution Plan

The KUB Asset Accumulation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") is a defined contribution 401(k) employee retirement savings plan covering eligible KUB employees established by the KUB Board of Commissioners in accordance with the Charter of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee. The 401(k) Plan's assets are held in trust under an agreement between KUB and Fidelity Management Trust Company. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, have an enhanced 401(k) due to the closure of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. They may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. They also receive a non-elective KUB contribution of three percent to six percent, depending on years of service, whether they contribute or not.

KUB funded 401(k) matching contributions and non-elective contributions of \$3,794,561 (Division's share \$1,745,498) and \$3,125,903 (Division's share \$1,500,433), respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

15. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Description of Trust

The Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (the Trust) is a single-employer trust established by the KUB Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The Trust, along with the KUB Health Plan, make up a Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") and are intended to be tax-exempt pursuant to Code §501(c)(9). The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. The applicable documentation was submitted to the State Funding Board and, in December 2007, the State Funding Board approved the Trust. The Trust was also approved by the Internal Revenue Service in June 2008. KUB administers the Trust through a Board of Trustees consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Trust involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be approved by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Trust may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The investment of all deposits to the Trust is governed by an Investment Policy, which was adopted by the KUB Board and approved by the State Funding Board. The Trust issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of June 30:

| | HI | HRA | | dical Benefit |
|---------------------------|------|------|-------|---------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Retirees | 6 | 4 | 542 | 549 |
| Dependents of retirees | 2 | 2 | 596 | 612 |
| Eligible active employees | 25 | 15 | 140 | 145 |
| Total | 33 | 21 | 1,278 | 1,306 |

Benefits

Benefits for pre-July 1, 1999, eligible participants may include, but shall not be limited to, medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, hearing, Medicare Part B or Part D premiums, life insurance, long-term care, and long-term disability. Post-July 1, 1999, eligible participants are eligible for HRA benefits which include up to \$50,000 to be used exclusively for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses of the retiree and his or her spouse and dependents. Any unused HRA amounts will remain assets of the OPEB Trust.

Contributions and Funding

The primary goal of the Funding Policy for the Trust is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and retiree contributions and current Trust assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to Trust beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB's current practice is to fully fund its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution, which is determined by actuarial valuation.

Contributions are authorized by the terms of the Trust as established by KUB Resolution No. 1168, as amended, as approved by the Tennessee State Funding Board. KUB shall have the right at any time to amend, in whole or in part, the provisions of this Trust; however, no such amendment shall authorize or permit the assets of the Trust to be used for or diverted to purposes other than those expressed in the Declaration of Trust.

It shall be the sole and exclusive responsibility of KUB to determine the level of contributions KUB will make to the Trust for the purpose of financing other post-employment benefits accrued by its respective participants. Neither the Trust, nor the Trust's Board, shall be responsible for collecting or otherwise determining the level of contributions needed by KUB to finance any other post-employment benefits offered by KUB. The assets of the Trust shall be expended solely to make payments for other post-employment benefits pursuant to, and in accordance with, the terms of the Trust and to pay the cost of administration.

Based on the date of retirement, certain retired members are required to contribute specified amounts monthly to maintain health insurance. Those who retired prior to July 1983 have no required monthly premiums for themselves or dependents. The retirees, or their surviving dependents, who retired between August 1983 and January 1998 are required to pay \$262.50 per month for pre-Medicare family health insurance. For individuals who retired after January 1998, the required monthly premium for pre-Medicare health insurance is \$262.50 for single coverage and \$525 for family coverage. There is currently no premium for Medicare eligible retirees or dependents. KUB is responsible for

determining the level of retired plan member contributions on an annual basis as part of its review of healthcare cost sharing.

Participants in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement are not eligible for health insurance and are not required to make contributions.

Investments

The Trust holds investments in a balanced fund, which invests in passively managed common trust index funds, managed and sponsored by State Street Global Advisors (SSgA), with an asset allocation mirroring the asset allocation of the Trust and rebalanced monthly. The Trust's Investment Policy was established and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. The Trust's Investment Policy is to invest in a manner that will provide sufficient investment return to meet current and future retiree health benefits, while conforming to all governing State and Federal statutes. It allows investment of Trust assets in any type of security instrument allowed for in T.C.A 8-50-1203. The following was the Trust's adopted investment target allocations as set forth in the Trust's Investment Policy as of June 30, 2023:

| Target Allocation |
|-------------------|
| |
| |
| 30% |
| 8% |
| |
| 16% |
| 8% |
| 8% |
| 30% |
| 100% |
| |

Actuarially determined contributions for the Electric Division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$657,934. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an actuarially determined contribution for the Electric Division of \$923,921 was made to the OPEB Trust, which includes the division's share of an additional \$1,500,000 contribution to help fund the HRA. These were based on the OPEB actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2021, and 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), which requires measurement of the net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Trust's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 are based on the reporting date for the KUB Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan which is June 30. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on the fair value of assets as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability as of the valuation date January 1, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023, and January 1, 2021, updated to June 30, 2022, respectively. The Division's share of the total net OPEB liability was \$6,019,220 as of June 30, 2023, and \$5,203,565 as of June 30, 2022.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Trust are as follows as of June 30:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----|---------------|------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 61,637,102 \$ | 58,536,280 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | _ | 48,706,447 | 47,333,773 |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ | 12,930,655 \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | _ | | _ |
| total OPEB liability | | 79.02% | 80.86% |

Changes in Net OPEB Liability are as follows:

| | Increase | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|----|-------------|
| | | | • | Decrease) | | |
| | | Total OPEB | Pla | n Fiduciary | | Net OPEB |
| | | Liability | N | et Position | | Liability |
| | | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 595,392 | | - | | 595,392 |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | - | | 4,133,008 |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 117,668 | | - | | 117,668 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | 2,527,824 |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 1,413,392 | | (1,413,392) |
| Contributions - member | | - | | - | | - |
| Net investment income | | - | | 4,333,538 | | (4,333,538) |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (4,273,070) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (101,186) | | 101,186 |
| Net changes | | 3,100,822 | | 1,372,674 | | 1,728,148 |
| Balances at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 12,930,655 |

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation dates: January 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023; January 1, 2021,

rolled forward to June 30, 2022

Discount rate: 7.00% as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25% as of June 30, 2022

Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-Medicare: 5.75% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as

of June 30, 2023, and 6.75% grading down to 4.04% as of June

30, 2022

Medicare: 11.30% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as of June 30, 2023, and 6.30% grading down to 4.04% as of June 30,

2022

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table (PubG-2010) for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both

projected using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.50%

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2021, valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Trust investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return may be lower in periods of current strong performance due to future valuations that mean revert to the long-term average. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Trust's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the Trust's Investment Policy) are summarized in the chart below.

| | Long Term Expected | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|------|--|--|--|
| | Real Rate of Return | | | | |
| Asset Class | 2023 | 2022 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.1% | 5.5% | | | |
| International equity | 6.1% | 6.5% | | | |
| Emerging Market equity | 8.4% | 8.6% | | | |
| Real estate equity | 5.3% | 5.7% | | | |
| Debt securities | 1.8% | 1.2% | | | |
| Cash and deposits | 0.7% | 0.2% | | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Division's share of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | Current Discount Rate (7.00%) | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Net OPEB liability | \$19,738,026 | \$12,930,655 | \$7,246,454 | _ |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Division's share of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

| | 1% | Baseline | 1% |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Decrease | Trends | Increase |
| | | | |
| Net OPEB liability | \$7,364,325 | \$12,930,655 | \$19,461,880 |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB's Electric Division recognized OPEB expense of \$1,322,490.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was seven years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$117,668, with \$16,810 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$100,858 (Division's share \$46,949). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$30,475, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes.

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$2,527,824, with \$361,118 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$2,166,706 (Division's share \$1,008,602).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$1,007,293, of which \$201,459 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$805,834. Net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods were \$5,179,219, of which \$1,162,271 was recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred outflow of \$4,016,948. The combination of unrecognized gains this year, along with the net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$3,211,114 (Division's share \$1,494,774).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Electric Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is seven years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$5,993, with \$856 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$5,137. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$15,541, of which the entire amount was recognized in the current year. The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Electric Division.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | red Inflows esources |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience | \$ | 46,949 | \$ - |
| Changes in assumptions | 1,008,602 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 1,494,774 | | - |
| Change in proportionate share | 5,137 | | |
| Total | \$ | 2,555,462 | \$ - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ended June | 30: |
|-----------------|-----------|
| 2024 \$ | 569,331 |
| 2025 | 329,216 |
| 2026 | 1,220,350 |
| 2027 | 83,003 |
| 2028 | 176,781 |
| Thereafter | 176.780 |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB's Electric Division recognized OPEB expense of \$2,760,543.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Electric Division's Share of the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was two years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$60,951, with \$30,476 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount will be recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$30,475 (Division's share \$14,156). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$21,401, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were benefit changes that increased the Total OPEB Liability by \$6,594,293. This increase is recognized immediately in the June 30, 2022, OPEB expense.

Unrecognized gains due to assumption changes from prior periods were \$2,052,917, of which the entire amount is recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$12,216,418, of which \$2,443,284 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$9,773,134. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$5,905,689, of which \$1,311,774 was recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred inflow of \$4,593,915. The combination of unrecognized losses this year, along with the net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$5,179,219 (Division's share \$2,405,747).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Electric Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is two years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$31,083, with \$15,542 of that

recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$15,541. The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Electric Division.

| | | erred Outflows Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|----|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 14,156 | \$ | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 2,405,747 | | - |
| Change in proportionate share | - | | | 15,541 |
| Total | \$ | 2,419,903 | \$ | 15,541 |

16. Related Party Transactions

The Division, in the normal course of operations, is involved in transactions with the City of Knoxville and with other divisions of KUB. Such transactions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| City of Knoxville | | |
| Amounts billed by the Division for utilities and | | |
| related services | \$ 7,241,007 | \$ 6,078,236 |
| Payments by the Division in lieu of property tax | 9,461,144 | 8,702,736 |
| Payments by the Division for services provided | 26,493 | 85,061 |
| Other divisions of KUB | | |
| Amounts billed to other divisions for utilities | | |
| and related services provided | 7,249,101 | 6,419,319 |
| Interdivisional rental expense | 154,703 | 151,362 |
| Interdivisional rental income | 1,966,590 | 1,793,661 |
| Amounts billed to the Division by other divisions | | |
| for utilities services provided | 288,850 | 235,944 |
| Interdivisional interest income | 848,675 | 291,750 |
| Interdivisional access and utilization income | 1,200,888 | 55,503 |
| | | |

With respect to these transactions, accounts receivable from the City of Knoxville included in the balance sheet at year end were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 238,814 | \$ 371,553 |

The Fiber Division's broadband services are provided by a high-speed fiber optic network that is owned and maintained by the Division. The Fiber Division shares in the cost to build and operate the Fiber network by paying the Division an annual access fee based on the year-end value of those assets and the related expenses. The Fiber Division also pays the Division an annual utilization fee based on attachments to the network.

In October 2021, the Division issued an interdivisional loan of \$10 million to the Fiber Division at an interest rate of 3.89 percent. In August 2022, the Division issued an interdivisional loan of \$7 million to the Fiber Division at an interest rate of 3.93 percent. In February 2023, the Division issued an interdivisional loan of \$13 million to the Fiber Division at an interest rate of 4.02 percent. The Division recognized interest income of \$848,675 for the year ended June 30, 2023, and \$291,750 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

17. Other Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various lawsuits pending against KUB. Management has reviewed these lawsuits with counsel, who is vigorously defending KUB's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on KUB's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 6,349,402 \$ | 6,647,220 \$ | 5,227,657 \$ | 6,142,213 \$ | 5,095,488 \$ | 4,607,486 \$ | 4,226,985 \$ | 4,157,062 \$ | 4,092,808 | |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | 16,982,226 | 16,393,202 | 16,030,626 | 15,344,193 | 15,015,282 | 14,966,559 | 14,812,784 | 14,698,657 | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | | - | | 163,199 | - | | - | - | - | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 282,014 | 1,935,276 | 1,930,170 | (1,054,117) | (605,649) | (1,087,161) | (2,233,762) | (1,890,334) | - | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 5,268,672 | | - | 8,473,160 | . | (357,633) | (2,932,883) | | - | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,125,610) | (17,725,963) | (16,006,565) | (15,094,475) | (15,274,814) | (14,969,979) | (14,138,511) | (15,350,926) | (15,533,167) | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 12,204,943 | 7,838,759 | 7,544,464 | 14,660,606 | 4,559,218 | 3,207,995 | (111,612) | 1,728,586 | 3,258,298 | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 242,201,780 | 234,363,021 | 226,818,557 | 212,157,951 | 207,598,733 | 204,390,738 | 204,502,350 | 202,773,764 | 199,515,466 | |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 \$ | 234,363,021 \$ | 226,818,557 \$ | 212,157,951 \$ | 207,598,733 \$ | 204,390,738 \$ | 204,502,350 \$ | 202,773,764 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | s | 3.144.770 \$ | 3,416,428 \$ | 2,876,752 \$ | 2,871,241 \$ | 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 \$ | 5,243,146 \$ | 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 | |
| Contributions - participants | • | 3,812,595 | 3,939,687 | 2,284,727 | 3,170,825 | 2,081,125 | 1,488,632 | 555,075 | 487,546 | 475.854 | |
| Net investment income | | (63,493,985) | 37.575.566 | 44.814.914 | 49,938,315 | (11,748,396) | 32,360,219 | 13,788,263 | (95,430) | 22,292,369 | |
| Other additions | | 9,415 | 112,484 | 7,740 | 13,579 | 62,616 | 82,239 | 45,848 | 30,879 | 29,733 | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,065,610) | (17,653,963) | (15,962,565) | (15,030,475) | (15,174,814) | (14,895,979) | (14,044,511) | (15,274,926) | (15,405,167) | |
| Administrative expense | | (498,988) | (441,017) | (455,191) | (467,748) | (445,916) | (385,282) | (441,332) | (397,160) | (378,085) | |
| Death benefits | | (60,000) | (72,000) | (44,000) | (64,000) | (100,000) | (74,000) | (94,000) | (76,000) | (128,000) | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position** | | (74,151,803) | 26,877,185 | 33,522,377 | 40,431,737 | (21,868,910) | 22,862,426 | 5,052,489 | (9,333,204) | 12,795,245 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning** | | 306.339.494 | 279.462.309 | 245.939.932 | 205.508.195 | 227.377.105 | 204,514,679 | 199.462.190 | 208.795.394 | 196,000,149 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)** | \$ | 232,187,691 \$ | 306,339,494 \$ | 279,462,309 \$ | 245,939,932 \$ | 205,508,195 \$ | 227,377,105 \$ | 204,514,679 \$ | 199,462,190 \$ | 208,795,394 | |
| Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) \$ | (45,099,288) \$ | (19,121,375) \$ | 6,649,756 \$ | (19,778,372) \$ | (123,941) \$ | 5,040,160 \$ | (6,021,630) | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | | 91.27% | 126.48% | 119.24% | 108.43% | 96.87% | 109.53% | 100.06% | 97.54% | 102.97% | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 \$ | 41,524,273 \$ | 40,276,197 \$ | 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 \$ | 44,437,747 \$ | 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 | |
| Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of | | | . , , | | , . | | | | | | |
| covered payroll | | 59.39% | (168.45%) | (108.61%) | (47.48%) | 15.78% | (45.67%) | (0.28%) | 11.34% | (13.66%) | |
| | | | , | , , | , , | | , , | , , | | , , | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented in 2014.

^{**} Excludes amounts related to 401(k) matching contributions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | *Year ended Dece 2018 | ember 31 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially | \$ 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,428 \$ | 2,876,752 \$ | 2,871,241 \$ | 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 \$ | 5,243,146 \$ | 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 |
| determined contribution Contribution deficiency | \$ 3,144,770 | 3,416,428 | 2,876,752 | 2,871,241 | 3,456,475 | 4,286,597 | 5,243,146 | 5,991,887 | 5,908,541 |
| • | 07.440.400 | 00.074.000 | 44 504 070 | 40.070.4070 | 40.450.0400 | 40.000.074 | 44.407.747. | 44 440 740 | 44.070.054 |
| Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 \$ | 41,524,273 \$ | 40,276,197 \$ | 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 \$ | 44,437,747 \$ | 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 |
| covered payroll | 8.41% | 8.97% | 6.93% | 7.13% | 8.20% | 9.90% | 11.80% | 13.48% | 13.41% |

Notes to Schedule:

Timing: Actuarially determined contributions for a Plan year are based upon 50% of the amounts determined at the actuarial valuations for each of the two prior Plan years.

Valuation Dates: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age

Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: As of January 1, 2021: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 20 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2020: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 21 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2021 and 2020, the unfunded liability was negative.

Discount rate: 7.25% as of January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Salary increases: 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service; As of January 1, 2021, a one-time reduction was applied to reduce the 2020

compensation by 3.7% to account for an additional 2020 pay period

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the benefits-weighted Public Sector General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively, for males and females, using

the Public Sector General Employee Table while in active employment and for annuitant ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table,

both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5%

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented 2014. Please refer to prior year's audited financial statements for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | | | *Year end | ded June 30 | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 595,392 | \$ 416,277 | \$ 283,786 | \$ 256,270 | \$ 270,515 | \$ 202,603 |
| Interest | 4,133,008 | 3,858,276 | 3,861,304 | 3,672,291 | 3,624,737 | 3,295,240 |
| Change of benefit terms | - | 6,594,293 | - | (202,408) | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 117,668 | 60,951 | 42,802 | 43,902 | 999,098 | 1,324,769 |
| Changes of assumptions | 2,527,824 | - | (4,105,835) | 3,604,843 | 3,231,601 | (397,180) |
| Benefit payments | (4,273,070) | (3,908,635) | (3,111,179) | (3,028,596) | (3,532,444) | (3,298,739) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 3,100,822 | 7,021,162 | (3,029,122) | 4,346,302 | 4,593,507 | 1,126,693 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | 58,536,280 | 51,515,118 | 54,544,240 | 50,197,938 | 45,604,431 | 44,477,738 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ 61,637,102 | \$ 58,536,280 | \$ 51,515,118 | \$ 54,544,240 | \$ 50,197,938 | \$ 45,604,431 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 1,989,066 | \$ 757,226 | \$ 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net investment income | 4,333,538 | (8,122,417) | 12,890,602 | 975,155 | 2,981,928 | 3,705,473 |
| Benefit payments | (4,273,070) | (3,908,635) | (3,111,179) | (3,028,596) | (3,532,444) | (3,298,739) |
| Administrative expense | (101,186) | (71,187) | (44,496) | (53,286) | (54,787) | (51,668) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 1,372,674 | (10,113,173) | 10,492,153 | (1,795,403) | (605,303) | 355,066 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 47,333,773 | 57,446,946 | 46,954,793 | 48,750,196 | 49,355,499 | 49,000,433 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ 48,706,447 | \$ 47,333,773 | \$ 57,446,946 | \$ 46,954,793 | \$ 48,750,196 | \$ 49,355,499 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ 12,930,655 | \$ 11,202,507 | \$ (5,931,828) | \$ 7,589,447 | \$ 1,447,742 | \$ (3,751,068) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | | |
| OPEB liability | 79.02% | 80.86% | 111.51% | 86.09% | 97.12% | 108.23% |
| Covered employee payroll** | \$ 70,129,341 | \$ 73,927,857 | \$ 21,578,366 | \$ 23,363,536 | \$ 24,346,735 | \$ 23,677,080 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of | | | | | | |
| covered employee payroll | 18.44% | 15.15% | (27.49%) | 32.48% | 5.95% | (15.84%) |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

^{**} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

| | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | *Yea | r ended June 30 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|---|----------|-------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------|----------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the annual | \$ | 1,413,392 | \$ | 489,066 | \$ | 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| required contribution Contribution deficiency/(excess) | <u> </u> | 1,413,392 | | 1,989,066 (1,500,000) | • | 757,226 | | 311,324 | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | |
| Contribution deficiency/(excess) | Φ | | Φ | (1,500,000) | φ | | <u> </u> | | φ | | Φ | |
| Covered employee payroll* Contributions as a percentage of | \$ | 70,129,341 | \$ | 73,927,857 | \$ | 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ | 24,346,735 | \$ | 23,677,080 |
| covered employee payroll | | 2.02% | | 2.69% | | 3.51% | | 1.33% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% |

^{*} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

KUB elected to make a \$1,500,000 voluntary contribution to the Trust to initially fund the HRA benefit which was effective January 1, 2022. This contribution was not required.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation

completed 18 months before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal
Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 15 years remaining as of January 1, 2021

(16 years as of January 1, 2020), or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability; As of January 1, 2020 and 2021, the unfunded liability was positive

Discount rate: 7.25%

Healthcare cost trend rate: Pre-Medicare: 6.50% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.75% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Medicare: 6.20% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.30% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively for males and females, using the

Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Health Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected

using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5% Investment rate of return: 7.25%

Retirement age: 2% at ages 50-57, grading up to 100% at age 70

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

Please refer to prior year's audited financial statement for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division

Required Supplementary Information – Qualified Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | | | | | | | *Year | ended December | er 31 | | | | | |
|---|--------|---------|------|-----------|------|-----------|-------|----------------|-------|------------|--------|---------|------|-----------|
| | 2 | 022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2 | 017 | | 2016 |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 941 | \$ | 584 | \$ | - |
| Interest (includes interest on service cost) | | - | | 268 | | 388 | | 9,181 | | 9,676 | | 7,535 | | - |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - | | (218, 272) | | - | | - | | 185,077 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | | (6,816) | | 10,165 | | 34 | | (36, 125) | | 13,684 | | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | - | | - | | 91 | | 13,342 | | (22,950) | | 73,461 | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | | | (12,166) | | (12,166) | | (15,932) | | | | | | <u>-</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | | - | | (18,714) | | (1,522) | | (211,647) | | (48,458) | | 95,264 | | 185,077 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | | | 18,714 | | 20,236 | | 231,883 | | 280,341 | | 185,077 | | <u>-</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 18,714 | \$ | 20,236 | \$ | 231,883 | \$ | 280,341 | \$ | 185,077 |
| Covered payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of | \$ 37, | 412,132 | \$ 3 | 8,074,863 | \$ 4 | 1,524,273 | \$ 4 | 40,276,197 | \$ 4 | 42,150,040 | \$ 43, | 309,374 | \$ 4 | 4,437,747 |
| covered payroll | | 0.00% | | 0.00% | | 0.05% | | 0.05% | | 0.55% | | 0.65% | | 0.42% |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued on Next Page

| | EE-20 | 015 | FF-2 | FF-2015 | | 016 | HH-20 | 017 | II-2017 | | JJ-2018 | |
|----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|------------|-----------|---------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 23-24 | 2,415,000 | 590,375 | 850,000 | 21,250 | 1,050,000 | 927,688 | 2,400,000 | 444,205 | 935,000 | 1,132,525 | 930,000 | 1,257,781 |
| 24-25 | 2,555,000 | 478,900 | | | 1,100,000 | 884,938 | 2,460,000 | 380,455 | 985,000 | 1,084,525 | 965,000 | 1,224,706 |
| 25-26 | 2,670,000 | 387,750 | | | 1,125,000 | 857,188 | 2,560,000 | 285,705 | 1,035,000 | 1,034,025 | 1,005,000 | 1,185,106 |
| 26-27 | 2,735,000 | 306,675 | | | 1,150,000 | 834,438 | 2,695,000 | 154,330 | 1,075,000 | 992,025 | 1,055,000 | 1,133,606 |
| 27-28 | 2,850,000 | 222,900 | | | 1,175,000 | 811,188 | 2,805,000 | 43,478 | 1,110,000 | 959,250 | 1,100,000 | 1,090,731 |
| 28-29 | 2,955,000 | 135,825 | | | 1,200,000 | 787,437 | | | 1,140,000 | 925,500 | 1,130,000 | 1,057,281 |
| 29-30 | 3,050,000 | 45,750 | | | 1,200,000 | 762,687 | | | 1,175,000 | 890,775 | 1,165,000 | 1,022,856 |
| 30-31 | | | | | 1,250,000 | 731,187 | | | 1,215,000 | 854,925 | 1,200,000 | 986,631 |
| 31-32 | | | | | 1,275,000 | 693,312 | | | 1,250,000 | 817,950 | 1,240,000 | 947,731 |
| 32-33 | | | | | 1,325,000 | 654,312 | | | 1,285,000 | 779,925 | 1,285,000 | 905,897 |
| 33-34 | | | | | 1,350,000 | 614,187 | | | 1,325,000 | 740,775 | 1,330,000 | 860,938 |
| 34-35 | | | | | 1,400,000 | 572,937 | | | 1,365,000 | 700,425 | 1,375,000 | 813,600 |
| 35-36 | | | | | 1,450,000 | 535,625 | | | 1,410,000 | 658,800 | 1,420,000 | 766,463 |
| 36-37 | | | | | 1,475,000 | 500,875 | | | 1,450,000 | 615,900 | 1,470,000 | 719,500 |
| 37-38 | | | | | 1,525,000 | 459,563 | | | 1,495,000 | 571,725 | 1,520,000 | 669,963 |
| 38-39 | | | | | 1,550,000 | 417,313 | | | 1,540,000 | 526,200 | 1,570,000 | 617,819 |
| 39-40 | | | | | 1,600,000 | 377,937 | | | 1,590,000 | 479,250 | 1,625,000 | 562,888 |
| 40-41 | | | | | 1,650,000 | 335,250 | | | 1,635,000 | 430,875 | 1,685,000 | 504,963 |
| 41-42 | | | | | 1,675,000 | 289,531 | | | 1,685,000 | 381,075 | 1,745,000 | 444,938 |
| 42-43 | | | | | 1,725,000 | 242,781 | | | 1,740,000 | 329,700 | 1,805,000 | 382,813 |
| 43-44 | | | | | 1,775,000 | 194,656 | | | 1,790,000 | 275,631 | 1,870,000 | 318,500 |
| 44-45 | | | | | 1,825,000 | 142,875 | | | 1,850,000 | 218,756 | 1,935,000 | 251,913 |
| 45-46 | | | | | 1,900,000 | 87,000 | | | 1,910,000 | 160,006 | 2,005,000 | 182,963 |
| 46-47 | | | | | 1,950,000 | 29,250 | | | 1,970,000 | 98,151 | 2,075,000 | 111,563 |
| 47-48 | | | | | | | | | 2,035,000 | 33,069 | 2,150,000 | 37,625 |
| 48-49 | | | | | | | | | | , | | • |
| 49-50 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50-51 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51-52 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 52-53 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 19.230.000 \$ | 2,168,175 | 850,000 | 21,250 | 34,700,000 \$ | 12,744,155 \$ | 12.920.000 | 1,308,173 | 35.995.000 \$ | 15,691,763 | 36,655,000 \$ | 18.058.775 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued from Previous Page

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Grand Total |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| | KK-2 | 020 | LL-20 | 021 | MM-2 | 022 | NN-20 | 22 | 00-20 | 22 | Tot | al | (P + I) |
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | |
| 23-24 | 1,270,000 | 568,750 | 4,855,000 | 2,899,825 | 765,000 | 1,930,225 | - | 1,173,650 | - | 3,702,656 | 15,470,000 | 14,648,930 | 30,118,930 |
| 24-25 | 1,335,000 | 503,625 | 5,015,000 | 2,653,075 | 805,000 | 1,890,975 | 825,000 | 1,153,025 | 1,275,000 | 3,522,675 | 17,320,000 | 13,776,899 | 31,096,899 |
| 25-26 | 1,400,000 | 435,250 | 2,745,000 | 2,459,075 | 850,000 | 1,849,600 | 845,000 | 1,111,275 | 1,340,000 | 3,457,300 | 15,575,000 | 13,062,274 | 28,637,274 |
| 26-27 | 1,460,000 | 363,750 | 2,890,000 | 2,318,200 | 895,000 | 1,805,975 | 865,000 | 1,068,525 | 1,410,000 | 3,388,550 | 16,230,000 | 12,366,074 | 28,596,074 |
| 27-28 | 1,525,000 | 289,125 | 2,995,000 | 2,171,075 | 940,000 | 1,760,100 | 885,000 | 1,024,775 | 1,480,000 | 3,316,300 | 16,865,000 | 11,688,922 | 28,553,922 |
| 28-29 | 1,595,000 | 211,125 | 3,315,000 | 2,013,325 | 990,000 | 1,711,850 | 935,000 | 979,275 | 1,560,000 | 3,240,300 | 14,820,000 | 11,061,918 | 25,881,918 |
| 29-30 | 1,675,000 | 129,375 | 3,465,000 | 1,843,825 | 1,040,000 | 1,661,100 | 965,000 | 931,775 | 1,640,000 | 3,160,300 | 15,375,000 | 10,448,443 | 25,823,443 |
| 30-31 | 1,750,000 | 43,750 | 2,525,000 | 1,694,075 | 1,090,000 | 1,607,850 | 1,025,000 | 882,025 | 1,720,000 | 3,076,300 | 11,775,000 | 9,876,743 | 21,651,743 |
| 31-32 | | | 3,495,000 | 1,543,575 | 1,150,000 | 1,551,850 | 1,050,000 | 830, 150 | 1,810,000 | 2,988,050 | 11,270,000 | 9,372,618 | 20,642,618 |
| 32-33 | | | 2,850,000 | 1,384,950 | 1,205,000 | 1,492,975 | 1,110,000 | 776,150 | 1,905,000 | 2,895,175 | 10,965,000 | 8,889,384 | 19,854,384 |
| 33-34 | | | 2,845,000 | 1,242,575 | 1,270,000 | 1,431,100 | 1,170,000 | 725,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,797,550 | 11,290,000 | 8,412,125 | 19,702,125 |
| 34-35 | | | 2,845,000 | 1,100,325 | 1,335,000 | 1,365,975 | 1,190,000 | 677,800 | 2,105,000 | 2,694,925 | 11,615,000 | 7,925,987 | 19,540,987 |
| 35-36 | | | 2,845,000 | 972,300 | 1,395,000 | 1,304,700 | 1,240,000 | 629,200 | 2,210,000 | 2,587,050 | 11,970,000 | 7,454,138 | 19,424,138 |
| 36-37 | | | 2,845,000 | 858,500 | 1,450,000 | 1,247,800 | 1,285,000 | 578,700 | 2,325,000 | 2,473,675 | 12,300,000 | 6,994,950 | 19,294,950 |
| 37-38 | | | 2,845,000 | 744,700 | 1,510,000 | 1,188,600 | 1,335,000 | 526,300 | 2,445,000 | 2,354,425 | 12,675,000 | 6,515,276 | 19, 190, 276 |
| 38-39 | | | 2,845,000 | 630,900 | 1,575,000 | 1,126,900 | 1,380,000 | 472,000 | 2,570,000 | 2,229,050 | 13,030,000 | 6,020,182 | 19,050,182 |
| 39-40 | | | 2,845,000 | 517,100 | 1,640,000 | 1,062,600 | 1,425,000 | 415,900 | 2,700,000 | 2,097,300 | 13,425,000 | 5,512,975 | 18,937,975 |
| 40-41 | | | 2,845,000 | 403,300 | 1,705,000 | 995,700 | 1,475,000 | 357,900 | 2,840,000 | 1,958,800 | 13,835,000 | 4,986,788 | 18,821,788 |
| 41-42 | | | 2,845,000 | 289,500 | 1,775,000 | 926, 100 | 1,520,000 | 298,000 | 2,985,000 | 1,813,175 | 14,230,000 | 4,442,319 | 18,672,319 |
| 42-43 | | | 2,845,000 | 175,700 | 1,845,000 | 853,700 | 1,590,000 | 235,800 | 3, 135, 000 | 1,660,175 | 14,685,000 | 3,880,669 | 18,565,669 |
| 43-44 | | | 1,485,000 | 89,100 | 1,920,000 | 778,400 | 1,640,000 | 171,200 | 3,280,000 | 1,516,200 | 13,760,000 | 3,343,687 | 17, 103, 687 |
| 44-45 | | | 1,485,000 | 29,700 | 2,000,000 | 700,000 | 1,710,000 | 104,200 | 3,415,000 | 1,382,300 | 14,220,000 | 2,829,744 | 17,049,744 |
| 45-46 | | | | | 2,080,000 | 618,400 | 1,750,000 | 35,000 | 3,555,000 | 1,242,900 | 13,200,000 | 2,326,269 | 15,526,269 |
| 46-47 | | | | | 2,165,000 | 533,500 | | | 3,700,000 | 1,097,800 | 11,860,000 | 1,870,264 | 13,730,264 |
| 47-48 | | | | | 2,255,000 | 445, 100 | | | 3,850,000 | 946,800 | 10,290,000 | 1,462,594 | 11,752,594 |
| 48-49 | | | | | 2,350,000 | 353,000 | | | 4,010,000 | 789,600 | 6,360,000 | 1,142,600 | 7,502,600 |
| 49-50 | | | | | 2,450,000 | 257,000 | | | 4, 170, 000 | 626,000 | 6,620,000 | 883,000 | 7,503,000 |
| 50-51 | | | | | 2,550,000 | 157,000 | | | 4,340,000 | 455,800 | 6,890,000 | 612,800 | 7,502,800 |
| 51-52 | | | | | 2,650,000 | 53,000 | | | 4,520,000 | 278,600 | 7,170,000 | 331,600 | 7,501,600 |
| 52-53 | | | | | | | | | 4,705,000 | 94,100 | 4,705,000 | 94,100 | 4,799,100 |
| Total S | \$ 12,010,000 9 | 2,544,750 \$ | 65,570,000 \$ | 28,034,700 \$ | 45,650,000 \$ | 32,661,075 \$ | 27,215,000 \$ | 15,157,625 \$ | 79,000,000 \$ | 63,843,831 | 369,795,000 | 192,234,272 | \$ 562,029,272 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt by Individual Issue June 30, 2023

| | Original Amount | Interest | Date of | Last Maturity | Outstanding Balance | Issued During | Paid/Matured During | Refunded During | Outstanding Balance |
|--|--------------------|----------|------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Description of Indebtedness | of Issue | Rate | Issue | Date | 7/1/2022 | Period | Period | Period | 6/30/2023 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| BONDS PAYABLE | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Electric Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series EE-2015 | 28,550,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 05/01/15 | 07/01/29 | \$ 21,530,000 \$ | \$ | 2,300,000 \$ | | \$ 19,230,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series FF-2015 | 35,000,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 05/20/15 | 07/01/45 | 1,675,000 | | 825,000 | | 850,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series GG-2016 | 40,000,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 08/05/16 | 07/01/46 | 35,700,000 | | 1,000,000 | | 34,700,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series HH-2017 | 23,445,000 | 2.5-5.0 | 04/07/17 | 07/01/27 | 15,225,000 | | 2,305,000 | | 12,920,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series II-2017 | 40,000,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 09/15/17 | 07/01/47 | 36,885,000 | | 890,000 | | 35,995,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series JJ-2018 | 39,995,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 09/14/18 | 07/01/47 | 37,550,000 | | 895,000 | | 36,655,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series KK-2020 | 14,380,000 | 5.0 | 05/22/20 | 07/01/30 | 13,225,000 | | 1,215,000 | | 12,010,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series LL-2021 | 70,180,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 04/19/21 | 07/01/44 | 70,180,000 | | 4,610,000 | | 65,570,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series MM-2022 | 45,650,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 04/29/22 | 07/01/51 | 45,650,000 | | - | | 45,650,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series NN-2022 | 27,215,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 05/13/22 | 07/01/45 | 27,215,000 | | - | | 27,215,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series OO-2022 | 79,000,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 12/16/22 | 07/01/52 | - | 79,000,000 | - | | 79,000,000 |
| | | | | | \$ 304,835,000 \$ | 79,000,000 \$ | 14,040,000 \$ | - | \$ 369,795,000 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Electric Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Lease Liabilities June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Α | riginal mount of sue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Maturity Date | Outstanding 6/30/2022 | Issued During Period | Paid and/or Matured During Period | Remeasure- ments | Outstanding 6/30/2023 |
|-------------------------------------|----|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Lease Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Electric Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| American Towers - Rocky Hill | \$ | 34,545 | 3.90% | 11/1/2022 | 10/31/2027 \$ | _ | \$ 34,545 \$ | (3,783) \$ | - \$ | 30,762 |
| American Towers - Tillery/Bluegrass | | 34,759 | 3.90% | 11/1/2022 | 10/31/2027 | - | 34,758 | (3,996) | - | 30,762 |
| Centriworks | | 20,683 | 3.88% | 11/1/2020 | 10/31/2023 | 12,571 | = | (8,977) | (524) | 3,070 |
| Coal Creek Ventures | | 14,122 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 9/30/2035 | 13,919 | = | (13,202) | (717) | - |
| Crown Castle | | 86,124 | 3.90% | 3/1/2023 | 2/1/2043 | - | 86,124 | (683) | - | 85,441 |
| Manki 1 Investments | | 145,079 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 5/31/2027 | 142,884 | - | (26,899) | - | 115,985 |
| Pinnacle Towers | | 22,790 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2027 | 23,670 | = | (23,588) | (82) | - |
| R&S Logistics (Sublease) | | 1,835,035 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 3/31/2027 | 1,679,708 | - | (310,032) | - | 1,369,676 |
| Ricoh Americas | | 17,161 | 3.88% | 8/1/2022 | 8/31/2025 | 618 | 17,161 | (5,161) | (26) | 12,592 |
| RJ Young Company | | 23,338 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2026 | 18,614 | = | (5,717) | (776) | 12,121 |
| SBA Properties | | 14,786 | 3.90% | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2027 | - | 14,786 | (1,245) | - | 13,541 |
| Volunteer Christian Television | | 10,036 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 8/31/2022 | 10,036 | = | (10,036) | - | - |
| White Realty | | 15,681 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2041 | 15,681 | | (15,681) | | |
| Total Lease Liabilities | | | | | \$ | 1,917,701 | \$ 187,374 \$ | (429,000) \$ | (2,125) | 1,673,950 |

Insurance coverage is for KUB as a consolidated entity.

Crime

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$250,000 retention.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Covers KUB personnel appropriately authorized to make decisions on behalf of KUB (including but not limited to Commissioners, President and CEO, Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Directors) for wrongful acts. Limits of coverage - \$20,000,000: \$500,000 corporate deductible. \$0 individual deductible.

Employment Practices Liability

Coverage for costs related to actual or alleged employment practices violations for amounts exceeding specified amount (\$500,000). Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000.

Fiduciary

Covers losses resulting from wrongful acts related to KUB's Pension, 401(k), OPEB Trust funds, and Medical Plan. Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000; \$150,000 deductible.

Environmental and Pollution Legal Liability

Environmental and Pollution coverage for covered losses resulting from a pollution or environmental event. Limits of coverage - \$15,000,000.

Property Insurance

This coverage provides protection of KUB's property for fire, extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, and coverage on boilers and machinery. Also included are flood and earthquake damage and mechanical failure. Limits of coverage - \$250,000,000 per occurrence (subject to certain sublimits); \$2,500,000 deductible per occurrence.

Travel Accident

Covers losses related to employees' business travel. Limits of coverage - \$1,000,000 aggregate.

Excess Insurance for General Liability

As a governmental entity, KUB's liability is limited under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (TCA §29-20-403). Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$700,000 retention.

Excess Insurance for Workers' Compensation

Covers all losses exceeding specified amount per occurrence (\$1,000,000). Limits of coverage - Statutory; stop loss coverage applies for aggregate losses over \$5,000,000.

Employee Health Plan Stop Loss Coverage

KUB's employee health plan is self-funded. KUB has purchased stop loss insurance, which covers KUB's exposure to annual expenses for more than \$600,000 per individual participant.

Cyber Security Liability

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$3,000,000; \$500,000 retention.

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---|-------|------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| Residential | | Customer Charge: Energy Charge: | \$22.10 per month, Summer Period Winter Period Transition Period | less Hydro Allocation Credit: \$1.60 per month. \$0.10355 per kWh per month. \$0.10314 per kWh per month. \$0.10314 per kWh per month. | 193,146 |
| Residential Time of Use Pilot Program | | Customer Charge: Energy Charge: | \$22.10 per month, Onpeak Offpeak | less Hydro Allocation Credit: \$1.60 per month. \$0.21034 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh \$0.07979 per kWh per month for all metered offpeak kWh | 58 |
| Commercial/ Industrial | A. 1. | billing demand during | the latest 12-month p | y effective contract demand, if any, or (ii) its highest period is not more than 50 kWh, and (b) customer's monthly period do not exceed 15,000 kWh: y point per month. \$0.12359 per kWh per month. \$0.12318 per kWh per month. \$0.12318 per kWh per month. | 20,547 |
| | 2. | demand during the lat | est 12-month period i Illing demand is less beed 15,000 kWh: \$101.00 per deliver First 50 kW of billin | y effective contract demand or (ii) its highest billing is greater than 50 kW but not more than 1,000 kW, or than 50 kW and its energy takings for any month. Ty point per month. If demand per month, no demand charge. If billing demand per month, at If so per kW. If so per kWh If so pe | 2,532 |

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

| Rate Class | | | | | Number of Customers |
|------------|----|------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| | 3. | during the latest 12-m | onth period is greater | | 38 |
| | | Customer Charge: Demand Charge: | \$278.00 per deliver Summer Period | First 1,000 kW of billing demand per month, at \$16.49 per kW. Excess over 1,000 kW of billing demand per month, at \$17.18 per kW, plus an additional \$17.18 per kW per month for each kW, if any, of the amount by which the customer's billing demand exceeds the higher of 2,500 kW or its contract demand. | |
| | | | Winter Period | First 1,000 kW of billing demand per month, at \$15.73 per kW. Excess over 1,000 kW of billing demand per month, at \$16.42 per kW, plus an additional \$16.42 per kW per month for each kW, if any, of the amount by which the customer's billing demand exceeds the higher of 2,500 kW or its contract demand. | |
| | | | Transition Period | First 1,000 kW of billing demand per month, at \$15.73 per kW. Excess over 1,000 kW of billing demand per month, at \$16.42 per kW, plus an additional \$16.42 per kW per month for each kW, if any, of the amount by which the customer's billing demand exceeds the higher of 2,500 kW or its contract demand. | |
| | | Energy Charge: | Summer Period Winter Period Transition Period | \$0.08257 per kWh per month. \$0.08257 per kWh per month. \$0.08257 per kWh per month. | |

| Rate Class | | | | | Number of Customers |
|---|-------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Commercial/ Industrial Time of Use Pilot Program | A. 1. | If the higher of (i) the customer's currently effective contract demand, if any, or (ii) its highest billing demand during the latest 12-month period is not more than 50 kWh: Customer Charge: \$31.00 per delivery point per month. Demand Charge: \$2.12 per kW of maximum billing demand per month. | | | 262 |
| | | Energy Charge: | Onpeak | \$0.21751 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh | |
| | | | Offpeak | \$0.08696 per kWh per month for all metered offpeak kWh | |
| | 2A. | If the higher of (i) the customer's currently effective contract demand or (ii) its highest billing demand during the latest 12-month period is greater than 50 kW but not more than 100 kW: | | | 36 |
| | | Customer Charge: | \$101.00 per de | | |
| | | Demand Charge: | \$4.77 per kW o | | |
| | | Energy Charge: | Onpeak | \$0.23123 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh | |
| | | | Offpeak | \$0.10068 per kWh per month for all metered offpeak kWh | |
| | 2B. | If the higher of (i) the customer's currently effective contract demand or (ii) its highest billing demand during the latest 12-month period is greater than 100 kW but not more than 1,000 kW: Customer Charge: \$118.00 per delivery point per month. Demand Charge: \$7.02 per kW of maximum billing demand per month. | | | 31 |
| | | Energy Charge: | Onpeak | \$0.20646 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh | |
| | | Energy ondigo. | Offpeak | \$0.07591 per kWh per month for all metered offpeak kWh | |

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---------------------------|----|--|--|---|------------------------|
| Commercial/ Industrial | B. | This rate shall apply to demand is greater than Customer Charge: Administrative Charge: Demand Charge: Summer Period | 5,000 kW but not mo \$1,500 per delivery p | point per month. | 3 |
| | | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. \$9.81 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.34 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$16.15 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.81 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.34 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$16.15 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.09237 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06767 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03340 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03003 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | | | |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.08111 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06987 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03340 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03003 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | | | |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.06736 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06736 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03340 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03003 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | | | |
| | For the Summer Po | eriod, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate | | | | |
| | of \$0.02309 per kWh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy | | | | | |
| | takings amount tha | at is greater than the metered energy. | | | | |
| | • | | | | | |

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---------------------------|----|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Commercial/ Industrial | C. | This rate shall apply to the firm electric power requirements where a customer's currently effective contract demand is greater than 15,000 kW but not more than 25,000 kW: Customer Charge: \$1,500 per delivery point per month. Administrative Charge: \$700 per delivery point per month. Demand Charge: | | | 1 |
| | | Summer Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.77 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.20 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$16.97 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.81 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.20 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$16.01 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.81 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.20 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$16.01 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.09237 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06767 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03340 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03003 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.08111 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06987 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | • | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03340 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03003 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.06736 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06736 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | · | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03340 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03003 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| | For the Summer Po | eriod, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate |
| | | Wh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy |
| | | at is greater than the metered energy. |
| | - | 5. |

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---------------------------|----|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Commercial/ Industrial | D. | This rate shall apply to the firm electric power requirements where a customer's currently effective contract demand is greater than 25,000 kW: Customer Charge: \$1,500 per delivery point per month. Administrative Charge: \$700 per delivery point per month. | | | 1 |
| | | Demand Charge: Summer Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.77 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.07 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$16.84 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.81 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.07 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$15.88 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.81 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$6.07 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$15.88 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.09233 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06763 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03223 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02999 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | | |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.08107 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06983 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03223 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02999 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | | |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.06732 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06732 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03223 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02999 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | | |
| | For the Summer Period, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate | | | | |
| | of \$0.02309 per kWh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy | | | | |
| | takings amount that is greater than the metered energy. | | | | |

| Rate Class | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---|--|--|---|------------------------|
| Commercial/ A. Industrial Time of Use | This rate shall apply to demand is greater thar Customer Charge: Administrative Charge: Demand Charge: | n 1,000 kW but not mo \$1,500 per delivery p | point per month. | 8 |
| | Summer Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.98 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$7.53 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$18.51 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.02 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$7.53 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$17.55 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.02 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$7.53 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$17.55 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.12033 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.08675 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.04417 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.04113 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.10501 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.08973 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | • | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.04417 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.04113 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.09093 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.09093 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | • | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.04417 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.04113 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| | For the Summer Po | eriod, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate |
| | | Wh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy |
| | | at is greater than the metered energy. |
| | • | S |

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---------------|----|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Manufacturing | В. | demand is greater that conducted at the delive Classification Code be | n 5,000 kW but not mo ery point serving that c etween 20 and 39, incl 5181, or 2007 NAICS \$1,500 per delivery p | · | 2 |
| | | Summer Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.15 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$3.31 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$13.46 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.19 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$3.31 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$12.50 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.19 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$3.31 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$12.50 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.08459 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.05982 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03039 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02787 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.07329 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06203 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03039 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02787 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.06289 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06289 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03039 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02787 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| | For the Summer Pe | riod, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate |
| | of \$0.02291 per kW | h per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy |
| | | |

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

takings amount that is greater than the metered energy.

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---------------|----|---|---|---|------------------------|
| Manufacturing | C. | demand is greater that conducted at the delive Classification Code be | n 15,000 kW but not mery point serving that cetween 20 and 39, including 5181, or 2007 NAICS \$1,500 per delivery p | • | 1 |
| | | Summer Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.15 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$3.19 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$13.34 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.19 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$3.19 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$12.38 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.19 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$3.19 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$12.38 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.08368 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.05890 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03199 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03199 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.07237 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06110 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03199 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03199 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.06197 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06197 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus |
| | Block 2 | \$0.03199 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03199 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. |
| | For the Summer P | eriod, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate |

of \$0.02291 per kWh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy

takings amount that is greater than the metered energy.

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|---------------|----|--|--|--|------------------------|
| Manufacturing | D. | demand is greater that point serving that cust between 20 and 39, ir | an 25,000 kW and (b) th tomer which are classi | • | 2 |
| | | Administrative Charge | e: \$700 per delivery po | int per month. | |
| | | Demand Charge: | | | |
| | | Summer Period Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand Onpeak Demand | \$10.15 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$2.76 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$12.91 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. \$9.19 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus | |
| | | | Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$2.76 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$11.95 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.19 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$2.76 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$11.95 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.08022 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.05544 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.02910 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02852 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.06891 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.05764 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.02910 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02852 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.05850 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.05850 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.02910 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.02852 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | |
| | For the Summer Period, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate | | | |
| | of \$0.02291 per kWh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy | | | |
| | takings amount tha | at is greater than the metered energy. | | |

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | Number of Customers |
|------------------------------|----|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Manufacturing Time of Use | A. | demand is greater that conducted at the deliwer Classification Code by System (NAICS) code Customer Charge: Administrative Charge | n 1,000 kW but not mo ery point serving that c etween 20 and 39, incl 5181, or 2007 NAICS \$1,500 per delivery p | · | 6 |
| | | Demand Charge: Summer Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$10.26 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$5.74 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand, plus \$16.00 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Winter Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.29 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$5.74 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$15.03 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |
| | | Transition Period | Onpeak Demand Maximum Demand Excess Demand | \$9.29 per kW per month of the customer's onpeak billing demand, plus \$5.74 per kW per month of the customer's maximum billing demand plus \$15.03 per kW per month for each kW of the amount, if any, by which (1) the customer's onpeak billing demand exceeds its onpeak contract demand or (2) the customer's offpeak billing demand exceeds its offpeak contract demand, whichever is higher. | |

| Energy Charge: | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Summer Period | Onpeak | \$0.09459 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.06953 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.04203 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03948 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | |
| Winter Period | Onpeak | \$0.08315 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.07176 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.04203 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03948 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | |
| Transition Period | Onpeak | \$0.07265 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus | | |
| | Offpeak: Block 1 | \$0.07265 per kWh per month for the first 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to toal energy, plus | | |
| | Block 2 | \$0.04203 per kWh per month for the next 200 hours use of onpeak metered | | |
| | | demand multiplied by the ratio of offpeak enegy to total energy, plus | | |
| | Block 3 | \$0.03948 per kWh per month for the hours use of onpeak metered demand | | |
| | | in excess of 400 hours multiplied by the ratio of offpeak energy to total energy. | | |
| | For the Summer Period, Winter Period, and Transition Period, Offpeak Block 1 energy rates less fuel rate | | | |
| | of \$0.02441 per kWh per month shall be applied to the portion, if any, of the minimum offpeak energy | | | |
| | takings amount tha | at is greater than the metered energy. | | |

| | | Number of |
|------------|-------------|-----------|
| Rate Class | Base Charge | Customers |

Outdoor Lighting

Part A - Charges for Street and Park Lighting Systems, Traffic Signal Systems, and Athletic Field Lighting Installations

Energy Charge: Summer Period \$0.09416 per kWh per month.

Winter Period \$0.09416 per kWh per month.

Transition Period \$0.09416 per kWh per month.

Facility Charge: The annual facility charge shall be 17.02 percent of the installed cost to KUB's electric system

of the facilities devoted to street and park lighting service specified in this Part A. Such installed cost shall be recomputed on July 1 of each year, or more often if substantial changes in the facilities are made. Each month, one-tw elfth of the then total annual facility charge shall be billed to the customer. If any part of the facilities has not been provided at the electric system's expense, or if the installed cost of any portion thereof is reflected on the books of another municipality or agency or department, the annual facility charge shall be adjusted to

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reflect properly the remaining cost to be borne by the electric system.

Customer Charge: \$2.50.

Part B - Charges for Outdoor Lighting for Individual Customers

Charges Per Fixture Per Month

| a. | Type of Fixture | (Watts) | (Lumens) | Rate d kWh | Facility Charge | • | |
|----|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---------------|--------------------|----|-------|
| | Mercury Vapor or Incandescent* | 175 | 7,650 | 70 | \$ 5.32 | \$ | 11.91 |
| | | 400 | 19,100 | 155 | 7.43 | | 22.02 |
| | | 1000** | 47,500 | 378 | 11.89 | | 47.48 |
| | High Pressure Sodium | 100 | 8,550 | 42 | 5.32 | | 9.27 |
| | | 250 | 23,000 | 105 | 6.31 | | 16.20 |
| | | 400 | 45,000 | 165 | 7.43 | | 22.97 |
| | | 1000** | 126,000 | 385 | 11.89 | | 48.14 |
| | Decorative | 100 | 8,550 | 42 | 6.07 | | 10.02 |

^{*} Mercury Vapor and Incandescent fixtures not offered for new service.

b. Energy Charge: For each lamp size under a. above, \$0.09416 per rated kWh per month.

Additional pole charge: \$5.36 per pole.

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

^{** 1,000} w att fixtures not offered for new service.

| Rate Class | | Base Charge | | | | | | | Number of Customers |
|----------------------|----|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------------------|
| LED Outdoor Lighting | | | | | | | | | 18,992 |
| | | | Charges | Per Fix | ture | Per Mon | th | | |
| | | | | Rated | Fa | cility | Tot | al Lamp | |
| | a. | Lamp Size | | kWh | Ch | narge | C | harge | |
| | | 100 WE | | 21 | \$ | 6.12 | \$ | 8.10 | |
| | | 250 WE | | 58 | | 7.57 | | 13.03 | |
| | | 400 WE | | 79 | | 10.40 | | 17.84 | |
| | b. | Energy Charge: Additional pole charge: | For each lamp size \$5.36 per pole. | e under a | a. abo | ove, \$0.09 | 9416 per ra | ted kWh p | er month. |

Rate Class Base Charge Sustomers

Bectric Vehicle Charging This rate shall exclusively apply to separately metered charging stations for electric vehicles

where the charging station's demand is greater than 50 kW but not more than 5,000 kW.

Customer Charge: \$100.00 per delivery point per month.

Energy Charge: Onpeak \$0.31541 per kWh per month for all metered onpeak kWh, plus

Offpeak \$0.20377 per kWh per month for all metered offpeak kWh, plus



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Electric Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Electric Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Division's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Division's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Commissioners Electric Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Division's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023



Fiber Division

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information June 30, 2023 and 2022

KUB Board of Commissioners

Adrienne Simpson-Brown, Chair

Claudia Caballero

Cynthia Gibson Celeste Herbert

Tyvi Small, Vice Chair

Ron Feinbaum

Kathy Hamilton

Management

Gabriel Bolas II

President and Chief Executive Officer

Mark Walker

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Susan Edwards

Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer

Derwin Hagood

Senior Vice President of Operations

John Williams

Senior Vice President of Engineering & Construction

Jamie Davis

Vice President Fiber and Chief Technology Officer

Tiffany Martin

Vice President and Chief Customer Officer

John Gresham

Vice President of Operations

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division

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June 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Fiber Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Fiber Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Division and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Division adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Division's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Commissioners Fiber Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 20 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Board of Commissioners Fiber Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as required by the State of Tennessee, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Fiber Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Knoxville Utilities Board, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Division's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A sevenmember Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions. The Fiber Division (Division) will provide services to certain customers in Knox County and in seven surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Fiber Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Division's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Division's financial activity, (c) identify major changes in the Division's financial position, and (d) identify any financial concerns.

The Division's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, activities, resulting changes, and current known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the Division's financial statements.

Fiber Division Highlights

System Highlights

KUB began serving broadband customers in September of fiscal year 2023, about a year after the buildout of the fiber network began. Inflation had a significant impact to operating costs, particularly labor costs. Supply chain issues improved throughout the year but impacted the timing of work as the deployment started. The pace of work has normalized and KUB's ability to serve its fiber customers is strong as it continues adding customers each month.

During fiscal year 2021, KUB developed a Fiber to the Home Business Plan for the provision of broadband services to customers within its electric system service territory. In accordance with state law and KUB's wholesale power supply contract with TVA, the Business Plan was submitted to the Office of the Comptroller of the Treasury for Tennessee and TVA for review. The Office of the Comptroller found KUB's Business Plan to be financially feasible and TVA approved the Business Plan, finding no cross-subsidization exists between the proposed Fiber Division and the Electric Division.

After gaining the required approvals from TVA, the State of Tennessee, KUB's Board, and City Council, KUB launched its new Fiber Division. Broadband services will be provided by a high-speed fiber optic network that will be owned and maintained by the Electric Division. The Fiber Division will share in the cost to build and operate the Fiber network by paying the Electric Division an annual access fee based on the year-end value of those assets and the related expenses. The Fiber Division will also pay the Electric Division an annual utilization fee based on attachments to the network. In addition to providing broadband services, the fiber network will allow KUB to implement new advanced technologies to improve the reliability of its electric system.

As a component of the Fiber Division's start-up financing plan, approved by KUB's Board and TVA, the Electric Division will provide \$55 million of interdivisional loans. The first \$10 million was provided in October 2021, an additional \$7 million was provided in August 2022, and \$13 million was provided in February 2023, all maturing in June 2030.

In fiscal year 2022, KUB began the seven-year buildout on extending fiber infrastructure to make broadband service available to electric customers. KUB commenced a pilot customer program in June 2022, and the first broadband customers began receiving service in September 2022.

As of June 30, 2023, the Fiber Division had 2,331 customers.

The Tennessee Emergency Broadband Fund selected KUB for a grant of \$15.3 million to assist in the provision of broadband access to Grainger, Jefferson, Sevier, and Union Counties.

In August 2022, the Board approved KUB's entrance into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with Knox County for the purpose of providing funding for KUB's Community Low-Income Internet Program for eligible low-income student households receiving KUB internet service located within the jurisdictional limits of Knox County and outside of the jurisdictional limits of the City of Knoxville. KUB's pilot program, ConnectED, provides eligible households \$50 monthly toward fiber-related charges.

The fiber network is an integral component of a \$702 million ten-year Enhanced Grid Modernization effort for the Electric Division. The program will be funded by a combination of electric rate increases, new bonds, grant funds, and projected payments from the new Fiber Division.

Financial Highlights

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITAs), using a full retrospective approach. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which reduced net position by \$136,963.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position decreased \$9.2 million in fiscal year 2023.

Operating revenues increased \$0.9 million compared to the prior year. Operating expenses increased \$7.3 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures increased \$6.6 million. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.6 million. Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.2 million.

Interest income was \$0.4 million higher due to higher levels of cash on hand and rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense increased \$0.7 million, due to higher levels of notes payable outstanding.

Total capital assets (net) increased \$0.5 million, reflecting fiber systems and equipment.

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had a \$29.1 million note payable to the Electric Division in outstanding debt (including the current portion of note payable).

During the fiscal year, the Division was issued \$20 million of additional interdivisional loans from the Electric Division. KUB's Board and TVA have approved proposed loans of up to \$55 million to the Division from the Electric Division.

Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position decreased \$2.6 million in fiscal year 2022.

Operating expenses were \$2.2 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures were \$1.9 million. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$0.3 million. Taxes and tax equivalents were less than \$0.1 million.

Interest income was less than \$0.1 million.

Interest expense was \$0.4 million.

Total capital assets (net) were \$4 million, reflecting fiber systems and equipment.

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had a \$10 million note payable to the Electric Division in outstanding debt (including the current portion of note payable).

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Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division - Financial Statements

The Division's financial performance is reported under three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

Statement of Net Position

The Division reports its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the Statement of Net Position. Assets are classified as current, restricted, fiber plant in service, intangible, or other assets.

Liabilities are classified as current, other, or long-term debt. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net position tells the user what the Division has done with its accumulated earnings, not just the balance.

Net investment in capital assets reflects the book value of all capital assets and intangible assets, less lease and subscription liabilities and the outstanding balances of debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

Restricted net position includes assets that have been limited to specific uses by the Division's bond covenants or through resolutions passed by the KUB Board.

Unrestricted net position is a residual classification; the amount remaining after reporting net position as either invested in capital or restricted is reported there.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Division reports its revenues and expenses (both operating and non-operating) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, any capital contributions or assets donated by developers are reported on this statement.

Total revenue less total expense equals the change in net position for the reporting period. Net position at the beginning of the period is increased or decreased, as applicable, by the change in net position for the reporting period.

The change in net position for the reporting period is added to the net position segment of the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Division reports its cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital and related financing activities, and investing activities on its Statement of Cash Flows. This statement tells the user the Division's sources and uses of cash during the reporting period.

The statement indicates the Division's beginning cash balance and ending cash balance and how it was either increased or decreased during the reporting period.

The statement also reconciles cash flow back to operating income as it appears on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the Fiber Division compared to the prior fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated |
|--|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets Capital assets, net Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ - | 19,736 4,510 - 24,246 | \$ 9,296 4,038 - 13,334 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 8,316 27,617 120 36,053 | 6,274 9,625 - 15,899 |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position | \$_ | (390) 1 (11,418) (11,807) | \$ 97 - (2,663) (2,566) |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Net Position presentation:

- Change in net position (from Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position): impacts (increase/decrease) current and other assets and/or capital and intangible assets and unrestricted net position.
- Issuing debt for capital: increases deferred outflows of resources and long-term debt.
- Spending debt proceeds on new capital: reduces current assets and increases capital assets.
- Spending of non-debt related current assets on new capital: (a) reduces current assets and increases capital assets, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Principal payment on debt: (a) reduces current and other assets and reduces long-term debt, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: reduces capital assets and net investment in capital
 assets.

Impacts and Analysis

Current, Restricted, Intangible, and Other Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets increased \$10.4 million compared to the prior year. The change is primarily due to an increase in general fund cash (consisting of cash and cash equivalents) of \$9 million and an increase in inventories of \$1.7 million.

Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets were \$9.3 million. This reflects net intangible assets of \$5.8 million, general fund cash (consisting of cash and cash equivalents) of \$3.3 million, and inventories of \$0.2 million.

Capital Assets

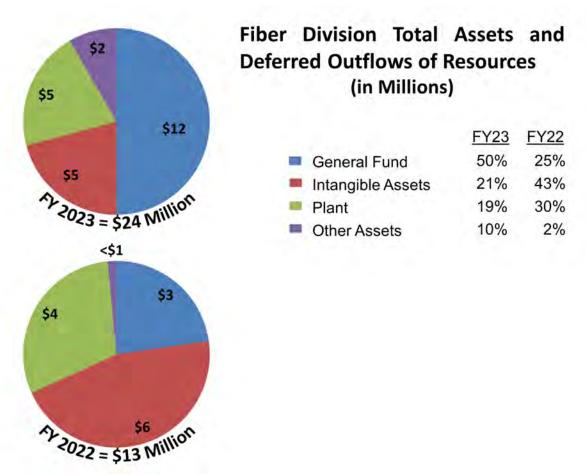
Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets increased \$0.5 million. Major capital expenditures included \$0.5 million for fiber systems and equipment.

Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets, net of depreciation, were \$4 million. Major capital expenditures included \$4 million for fiber systems and equipment.

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Current and Other Liabilities

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities increased \$2 million compared to the prior year. The current portion of the note payable increased \$1.1 million, payables increased \$0.6 million, and accrued expenses increased \$0.4 million.

Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities were \$6.3 million. The current and long-term portions of subscription liabilities were \$4 million, the current and long-term portions of lease liabilities were \$1.7 million, the current portion of the note payable was \$0.4 million, and accrued compensated absences was \$0.1 million.

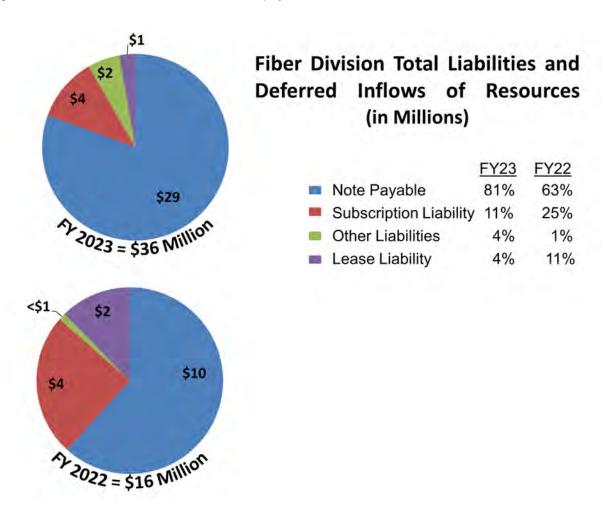
Long-Term Debt

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Long-term debt was \$18 million higher than the prior year. During the fiscal year, the Division was issued \$20 million of additional interdivisional loans from the Electric Division. KUB's Board and TVA have approved proposed loans of up to \$55 million to the Division from the Electric Division.

Fiscal Year 2022

Long-term debt was \$9.6 million due to the note payable.



Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Total net position decreased \$9.2 million. Net investment in capital assets decreased \$0.5 million, while restricted net position was comparable to the prior year. Unrestricted net position decreased \$8.7 million.

Fiscal Year 2022

Total net position was (\$2.6 million). Net investment in capital assets was less than \$0.1 million, while unrestricted net position was (\$2.7 million).

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Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Fiber Division compared to the prior fiscal year.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | | | 2022 as restated | | |
|-------------------------------|------|---------|----|---------------------|--|--|
| Operating revenues | \$ | 880 | \$ | - | | |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Products and promotions | | 4,342 | | 910 | | |
| Customer service | | 1,745 | | 229 | | |
| Administrative and general | | 2,387 | | 773 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 833 | | 269 | | |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | | 189 | | 39 | | |
| Total operating expenses | | 9,496 | | 2,220 | | |
| Operating income | | (8,616) | | (2,220) | | |
| Interest income | | 435 | | 11 | | |
| Interest expense | | (1,061) | | (356) | | |
| Other income/(expense) | | | | | | |
| Change in net position | \$ | (9,242) | \$ | (2,565) | | |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presentation:

- Operating revenue is largely determined by the number of broadband services provided to customers for the fiscal year. Any change (increase/decrease) in retail fiber rates would also be a cause of change in operating revenue.
- Operating expenses (products and promotions, customer service, administrative and general) are normally impacted by changes in areas including, but not limited to, labor costs (staffing, wage rates), active employee and retiree medical costs, and system maintenance.
- Depreciation and amortization expense is impacted by intangible assets, plant additions, and retirements during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents are impacted by plant additions/retirements and changes in property tax rates.
- Interest income is impacted by the level of interest rates and investments.
- Interest expense on debt is impacted by the level of outstanding debt and the interest rates on the outstanding debt.
- Other income/(expense) is impacted by miscellaneous non-operating revenues and expenses.

Capital contributions are impacted by a donation of facilities/infrastructure to KUB by developers and
governmental agencies. The contributions are recognized as revenue and recorded as plant in service
based on the fair market value of the asset(s).

Impacts and Analysis

Change in Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position was (\$9.2 million) in fiscal year 2023, due to \$9.5 million in operating expenses, \$0.4 million in interest income, and \$1.1 million in interest expense.

Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position was (\$2.6 million) in fiscal year 2022, due to \$2.2 million in operating expenses and \$0.4 million in interest expense.

Margin from Sales

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Fiber Division had operating revenues of \$0.9 million in fiscal year 2023.

Fiscal Year 2022

The Fiber Division had no sales revenue in fiscal year 2022. The first broadband customers will begin service in fiscal year 2023.

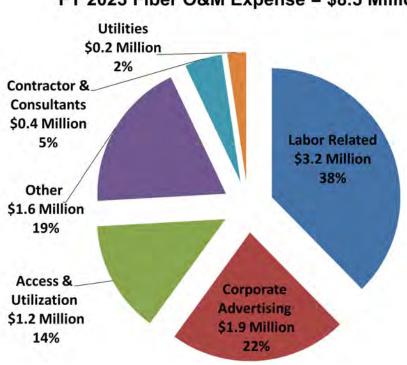
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Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating expenses increased \$7.3 million compared to fiscal year 2022. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as products and promotions, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Products and promotions expenses were \$3.4 million higher the prior fiscal year, primarily due to corporate advertising expenses, as well as access and utilization expenses.
- Customer service expenses increased \$1.5 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$1.6 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses.



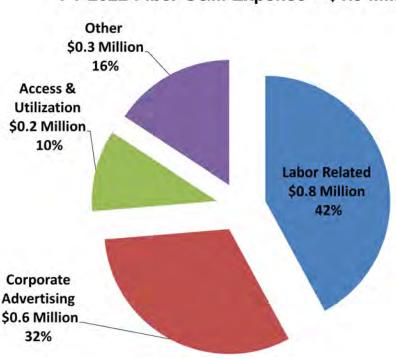
FY 2023 Fiber O&M Expense = \$8.5 Million

- Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.6 million. KUB added \$0.8 million in assets during fiscal year 2023. A partial year of depreciation was recorded on these capital assets and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$3.8 in fiber system assets placed in service during fiscal year 2022.
- Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.2 million.

Fiscal Year 2022

Operating expenses of \$2.2 million include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as products and promotions, customer service, and administrative and general.

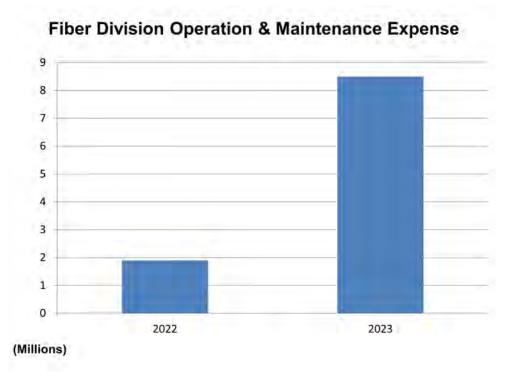
- Products and promotions expenses were \$0.9 million, primarily due to corporate advertising expenses, as well as access and utilization expenses.
- Customer service expenses were \$0.2 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses.
- Administrative and general expenses were \$0.8 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses.



FY 2022 Fiber O&M Expense = \$1.9 Million

- Depreciation and amortization expense was \$0.3 million. KUB added \$3.8 million in assets during fiscal year 2022.
- Taxes and tax equivalents were less than \$0.1 million.

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Other Income and Expense

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income increased \$0.4 million due to higher levels of cash on hand and rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense was \$0.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year due to higher levels of notes payables.

Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income was less than \$0.1 million.

Interest expense was \$0.4 million.

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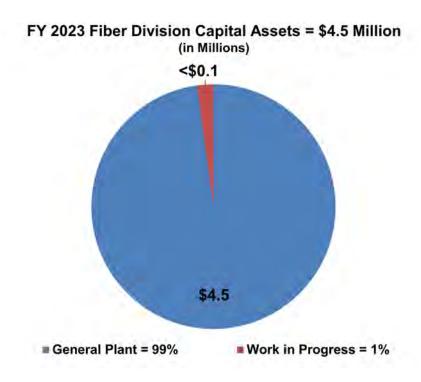
Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | 2022 as restated |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| General Plant | \$ 4,474 | \$ 3,767 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ 4,474 | \$ 3,767 |
| Work In Progress | 36 | 271 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ 4,510 | \$ 4,038 |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$4.5 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$0.5 million over the end of last fiscal year.



Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

- \$0.1 million in fiber systems and equipment
- \$0.1 million in fiber trucks and autos

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$4 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$4 million.

(in Millions) \$0.3 \$3.7 ■ General Plant = 93% ■ Work in Progress = 7%

FY 2022 Fiber Division Capital Assets = \$4 Million

Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

• \$4 million in fiber systems and equipment

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Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

Debt Administration

The Division's outstanding debt was \$29.1 million as of June 30, 2023. In support of KUB's Fiber Division, the Electric Division issued a \$10 million interdivisional loan to the Fiber Division in October 2021, a \$7 million loan in August 2022, and a \$13 million loan in February 2023, all maturing in June 2030. This investment supports construction of an advanced fiber infrastructure to improve electric system operations and to enable residential and commercial broadband services for KUB customers.

Outstanding Debt As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | | | 2022 | | |
|---------------------------|------|--------|----|--------|--|--|
| Note Payable | \$ | 29,117 | \$ | 10,000 | | |
| Total outstanding debt | \$ | 29,117 | \$ | 10,000 | | |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$29.1 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of note payable).

In August 2022, the Division was issued an interdivisional loan of \$7 million from the Electric Division at an interest rate of 3.93 percent. In February 2023, the Division was issued an interdivisional loan of \$13 million from the Electric Division at an interest rate of 4.02 percent. Principal payments to the Electric Division began in October 2022 and continue through June 2030. KUB's Board and TVA have approved proposed loans of up to \$55 million to the Division from the Electric Division.

Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$10 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of note payable).

In August 2021, the Board authorized the first \$10 million loan from the Electric Division to the Fiber Division. The interdivisional loan was approved by TVA and was initiated in October 2021.

Impacts on Future Financial Position

KUB anticipates adding 12,000 fiber customers and to begin earning revenue from services in fiscal year 2024.

Broadband services will be provided by a high-speed fiber optic network that will be owned and maintained by the Electric Division. The Fiber Division will share in the cost to build and operate the Fiber network by paying the Electric Division an annual access fee based on the year-end value of those assets and the related expenses. The Fiber Division will also pay the Electric Division an annual utilization fee based on attachments to the network.

As a component of the Fiber Division's start-up financing plan, the Electric Division will provide \$55 million of interdivisional loans. The first \$10 million was provided in October 2021, an additional \$7 million was provided in August 2022, and \$13 million was provided in February 2023. A \$9 million loan is anticipated in fiscal year 2024.

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

The Pension Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,108,147 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Fiber Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2023, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$2,210,234 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Fiber Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2024, measurement date. For the Plan year beginning January 1, 2023, the Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 106.88 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 91.43 percent.

The OPEB Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,187,768 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Fiber Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2024, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,279,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Fiber Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2025, measurement date. The Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 92.14 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 79.62 percent.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB No. 62*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

No other facts, decisions, or conditions are currently known which would have a significant impact on the Division's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2023.

Financial Contact

The Division's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the Division's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. If you have questions about the statements or need additional financial information, contact KUB's Chief Financial Officer at 445 South Gay Street, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902.

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | s restated |
|---|--------------|
| Current assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ 12,264,803 \$ | 3,274,143 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance of uncollectible accounts | 0,274,140 |
| of \$0 in 2023 and \$0 in 2022 92,846 | |
| Current portion of lease receivable 15,592 | _ |
| Inventories 1,886,460 | 194,236 |
| | • |
| Prepaid expenses 60,593 | 39,976 |
| Total current assets 14,320,294 | 3,508,355 |
| | |
| Restricted assets: | |
| Student internet special fund 300,000 | - |
| Other funds 46 | - |
| Total restricted assets 300,046 | _ |
| | |
| Fiber plant in service: 4,518,939 | 3,766,791 |
| Less accumulated depreciation (44,735) | - |
| 4,474,204 | 3,766,791 |
| Retirement in progress - | - |
| Construction in progress35,395 | 270,890 |
| Net plant in service 4,509,599 | 4,037,681 |
| | |
| Intangible assets: | |
| Intangible right of use asset 1,839,025 | 1,836,473 |
| Intangible subscription asset 4,293,885 | 4,291,101 |
| Less accumulated amortization (1,140,392) | (342,284) |
| Net intangible assets 4,992,518 | 5,785,290 |
| | -,, |
| Other assets: | |
| Long-term lease receivable 109,723 | _ |
| Other 13,703 | 2,761 |
| Total other assets 123,426 | 2,761 |
| Total assets 24,245,883 | 13,334,087 |
| 21,210,000 | . 5,00 1,001 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position | 2023 | 2022 as restated |
|---|--|---|
| Current liabilities: Current portion of lease liability Current portion of subscription liability Current portion of note payable Sales tax collections payable Accounts payable Unearned revenue Accrued expenses Accrued interest Total current liabilities | \$ 332,905 165,278 1,500,000 3,018 615,997 84,112 393,781 96,407 3,191,498 | \$ 310,566 2,607 375,000 - 35,248 - 30,083 32,417 785,921 |
| Other liabilities: Accrued compensated absences Lease liability Subscription liability Total other liabilities | 241,228 1,038,583 3,845,838 5,125,649 | 113,752 1,369,943 4,004,860 5,488,555 |
| Long-term debt: Long-term note payable Total long-term debt Total liabilities | 27,616,667 27,616,667 35,933,814 | 9,625,000 9,625,000 15,899,476 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: Lease inflow Total deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | 119,933 119,933 36,053,747 | 15,899,476 |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Other Unrestricted Total net position Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position | (390,086) 46 (11,417,824) (11,807,864) \$ 24,245,883 | 97,314 (2,662,703) (2,565,389) \$ 13,334,087 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | 2022 as restated |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$879,506 | \$ |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Products and promotions | 4,342,512 | 909,955 |
| Customer service | 1,744,562 | 228,602 |
| Administrative and general | 2,386,709 | 773,447 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 832,662 | 269,399 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 189,206 | 38,843 |
| Total operating expenses | 9,495,651 | 2,220,246 |
| Operating loss | (8,616,145) | (2,220,246) |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | |
| Interest income | 435,087 | 10,729 |
| Interest expense | (1,061,417) | (355,872) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | (626,330) | (345,143) |
| Change in net position | (9,242,475) | (2,565,389) |
| Net position, beginning of year, as restated | (2,565,389) | |
| Net position, end of year | \$ (11,807,864) | \$ (2,565,389) |

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Statements of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|------------|-------------|-----|---------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Cash receipts from customers | \$ | 865,537 | \$ | - |
| Cash receipts from other operations | | (301,563) | | - |
| Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services | | (7,299,844) | | (1,528,333) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | | (1,989,578) | | (457,223) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | (5,232) | _ | <u>-</u> |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (8,730,680) | | (1,985,556) |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | |
| Acquisition and construction of electric plant | | (516,653) | | (4,037,681) |
| Principal paid on lease liabilities | | (313,727) | | (83,079) |
| Principal paid on subscription liabilities | | (2,607) | | (2,013) |
| Interest paid on lease and subscription liabilities | | (212,742) | | (64,122) |
| Implementation costs paid for subscription asset | | - | | (304,802) |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | | (1,045,729) | _ | (4,491,697) |
| Onch flows from a second of and add fine a six a setting. | | | | |
| Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activites: | | 00 000 000 | | 10 000 000 |
| Proceeds from notes payable | | 20,000,000 | | 10,000,000 |
| Principal payments on notes payable | | (883,333) | | (050,000) |
| Interest paid on notes payable | | (784,685) | _ | (259,333) |
| Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities | | 18,331,982 | - | 9,740,667 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Interest received | | 435,087 | _ | 10,729 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 435,087 | _ | 10,729 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 8,990,660 | | 3,274,143 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | | 3,274,143 | _ | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 12,264,803 | \$_ | 3,274,143 |
| Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities | | | | |
| Operating loss | \$ | (8,616,145) | \$ | (2,220,246) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash | | | | |
| used in operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | 844,099 | | 269,399 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (92,846) | | - |
| Lease receivable | | (125,315) | | - |
| Inventories | | (1,692,224) | | (194,236) |
| Prepaid expenses | | (20,617) | | (39,976) |
| Other assets | | (310,987) | | (2,761) |
| Sales tax collections payable | | 3,018 | | - |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 1,196,225 | | 202,264 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 84,112 | | <u>-</u> |
| Net cash used in operating activities | \$ <u></u> | (8,730,680) | \$_ | (1,985,556) |
| Noncash capital activities: | | | | |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability | \$ | 1,119 | \$ | 1,763,588 |
| Record intangible subscription asset and subscription liability | \$ | 6,256 | \$ | 4,009,480 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Description of Business

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. The Fiber Division (Division) will provide services to certain customers in Knox County and in seven surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Fiber Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

In conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), KUB follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement No. 34), *Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 (Statement No. 63), *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position*. Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. Under Statement No. 63, financial statements include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities, and report *net position* instead of net assets. In addition, KUB follows GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, as it relates to certain items for regulatory accounting. Regulatory accounting allows a regulated utility to defer a cost (a regulatory asset) or recognize an obligation (a regulatory liability) if it is probable that through the rate making process there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Accordingly, KUB has recognized certain regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Division is determined by measurement focus. The transactions of the Division are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital activity and debt service, and unrestricted components.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91 (Statement No. 91), *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 94 (Statement No. 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter in PPPs and APAs. Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96 (Statement No. 96), Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement is reflected on KUB's financial statements.

Fiber Plant

Fiber plant and other property are stated on the basis of original cost. The cost of current repairs and minor replacements is charged to operating expense. The cost of renewals and improvements is capitalized. The original cost of utility plant assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. When other property is retired, the related asset and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

The provision for depreciation of fiber plant in service is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to forty years, and is computed using the straight-line method. Pursuant to FERC, the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position does not include depreciation for transportation equipment of \$11,437 in fiscal year 2023 and \$- in fiscal year 2022.

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue consists primarily of charges for services provided by the principal operations of the KUB Fiber Division. Operating revenue is recorded when the service is rendered, on a cycle basis, and includes an estimate of unearned revenue. Revenues are reported net of bad debt expense of \$30 in fiscal year 2023 and \$- in fiscal year 2022.

Non-operating Revenue

Non-operating revenue consists of revenues that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Expense

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available, it is KUB's policy to apply those expenses to restricted net assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted net assets.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, net position-restricted, and net position-unrestricted.

These classifications are defined as follows:

 Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, lease

and subscription liabilities, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

- Net position-restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
 by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability
 relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the
 recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Net position-unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets, deferred
 outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the
 determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting of materials and operating supplies, are valued at the lower of average cost or replacement value.

OPEB Trust

KUB's OPEB Trust was established by KUB's Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to include two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions, which are determined by actuarial valuation. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, KUB measures net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a June 30, 2023, and 2022, measurement date, respectively. The net OPEB liability is \$12,930,655 as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 as of June 30, 2022. KUB's Fiber Division will share in the allocation in fiscal year 2024 after being included in upcoming actuarial valuations.

Pension Plan and Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

KUB's employees are participants in the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J). KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions. As required by GASB Statement No. 68, KUB measures net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 as of June 30, 2022. KUB's Fiber Division will share in the allocation after being included in upcoming actuarial valuations beginning in fiscal year 2024.

KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, administered by KUB. As required by GASB Statement No. 73, KUB measures the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022. KUB's Fiber Division will share in the allocation after being included in upcoming actuarial valuations beginning in fiscal year 2024.

Self-Insurance

KUB has established self-insurance programs covering portions of workers' compensation, employee health, environmental liability, general liability, property and casualty liability and automobile liability claims. A liability is accrued for claims as they are incurred. When applicable, claims in excess of the self-insured risk are covered by KUB's insurance carrier. Additionally, KUB provides certain lifetime health benefits to eligible retired employees under a self-insurance plan administered by a third party.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that KUB believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, future events are subject to change and the best estimates and judgments routinely require adjustment. Estimates are used for, but are not limited to, inventory valuation, allowance for uncollectible accounts, depreciable lives of plant assets, unbilled revenue volumes, pension trust valuations, OPEB trust valuations, insurance liability reserves, and potential losses from contingencies and litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Certain assets are designated by management for contingency purposes and economic development.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, KUB considers all unrestricted and undesignated highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Leases

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. KUB also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease office space or property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the non-cancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a subscription-based information technology arrangement (subscription) at contract inception and recognizes an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability at the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The subscription term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription that KUB is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription controlled by the vendor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscriptions. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. Deferred inflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows of resources also include employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period in accordance with Statement No. 71. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and OPEB plan investments, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions in accordance with Statements No. 68, 73, and 75. Deferred inflows are also recorded at the commencement of the lease term and recognized as revenue over the course of the lease in accordance with Statement No. 87.

Compensated Absences

KUB accrues a liability for earned but unpaid paid time off (PTO) days.

Restatement for GASB 96

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96) using a full retrospective approach. GASB 96 requires the recognition of an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability, thereby enhancing the relevance and reliability of information regarding subscription activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which impacted net position by \$136,963.

As a result of adopting GASB 96, as of June 30, 2022, KUB's Fiber Division recorded total subscription assets of \$4,291,101 with accumulated amortization of \$115,795 and recognized total subscription liabilities of \$4,007,467 (\$2,607 current). KUB's Fiber Division also reclassified a net amount of \$17,789 from administrative and general expense to \$115,795 as amortization expense and \$38,957 as interest expense, with a net impact of \$136,963 to net position. In addition, there were \$304,802 in implementation costs for the year ended June 30, 2022, that were previously recorded in fiber plant in service and reclassified to the subscription asset.

Additional disclosures, as well as other reclassifications in the statement of cash flows, also resulted from the adoption of GASB 96.

Subsequent Events

KUB has evaluated events and transactions through October 31, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 99 (Statement No. 99), *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Paragraphs 26-32 were effective immediately. Paragraphs 11-25 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 100 (Statement No. 100), *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101 (Statement No. 101), *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

KUB follows the provisions of Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for state and local governments related to deposit and investment risks. KUB classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

KUB's investment policy provides the framework for the administration and investment of cash deposits. The investment policy follows Tennessee State law and defines the parameters under which KUB funds should be invested. State law authorizes KUB to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. KUB's primary investment objectives are to place investments in a manner to ensure the preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements, and maximize yield of return. KUB minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by adhering to Tennessee State law requirements for the investment of public funds. This includes limiting investments to those types described above and limiting maturity horizons. The maximum maturity is four years from the date of investment. KUB also limits its exposure by holding investments to maturity unless cash flow requirements dictate otherwise.

Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy, as required by state law, is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for

speculation, but for investment, considering the probable income to be derived, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Custodial Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy limits exposure to custodial credit risk by restricting investments to a standard set forth by state law. All deposits in excess of federal depository insurance limits are collateralized with government securities held in KUB's name by a third-party custodian bank(s) acting as KUB's agent(s), or through the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. Financial institutions that participate in the collateral pool are subject to special assessment; therefore, the deposits are considered insured. A portion of KUB's investments is generally held in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is a part of the State Pooled Investment Fund and is sponsored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department. Tennessee Code Annotated ¶9-4-701 et seq. authorizes local governments to invest in the LGIP. None of KUB's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments per Statement of Net Position:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 12,264,803 | \$ 3,274,143 |
| Restricted assets | | |
| Student internet special fund | 300,000 | - |
| Other funds | 46 | - |
| | \$ 12,564,849 | \$ 3,274,143 |

Investments and maturities of KUB's deposits and investments as held by financial institutions as of June 30, 2023:

| | Deposit and Investment Maturities (in Years) | | | | | |
|--|--|------------|-----|-----------------|----|-----|
| | | Fair | | Less | | 4.5 |
| | | Value | | Than 1 | | 1-5 |
| Supersweep NOW and Other Deposits Certificates of Deposits | \$ | 12,657,614 | \$ | 12,657,614 - | \$ | - |
| os. misutos or Dapasito | \$_ | 12,657,614 | \$_ | 12,657,614 | \$ | - |

KUB categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset with a maturity at purchase of greater than one year. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Division has no recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023.

KUB measures investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less at amortized cost, which is considered a fair value equivalent due to their nature. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are measured at net asset value (NAV) per share.

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Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

| _ | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|----|--------|----|------|
| Wholesale and retail customers | • | 00.000 | Φ. | |
| Billed services | \$ | 92,036 | \$ | - |
| Other | _ | 810 | | |
| | \$ | 92,846 | \$ | - |

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals

Accounts payable and accruals consist of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Trade accounts | \$ 615,997 | \$ 35,248 |
| Salaries and wages | 29,838 | 16,799 |
| Self-insurance liabilities | 63,943 | 13,284 |
| Other current liabilities | 300,000 | - |
| | \$ 1,009,778 | \$ 65,331 |

6. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt consists of the following:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Additions | Payments | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|----------------------|----|--------------------------|----|------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Notes payable | \$ | 10,000,000 | \$ | 20,000,000 | \$ (883,333) | \$ 29,116,667 |
| Less current portion | | (375,000) | • | | | (1,500,000) |
| Long-term portion | • | 9,625,000 | | | | \$ 27,616,667 |

| Fiscal | | To | Grand | | | |
|-----------|----|------------|----------|-----------|----|------------|
| Year | | Principal | Interest | | | Total |
| | _ | . = | _ | | _ | |
| 2024 | \$ | 1,500,000 | \$ | 1,129,689 | \$ | 2,629,689 |
| 2025 | | 1,500,000 | | 1,070,354 | | 2,570,354 |
| 2026 | | 1,500,000 | | 1,011,019 | | 2,511,019 |
| 2027 | | 1,500,000 | | 951,684 | | 2,451,684 |
| 2028 | | 7,088,518 | | 892,349 | | 7,980,867 |
| 2029-2030 | | 16,028,149 | _ | 769,188 | _ | 16,797,337 |
| Total | \$ | 29,116,667 | \$ | 5,824,283 | \$ | 34,940,950 |

In support of KUB's Fiber Division, the Electric Division issued a series of loans to the Fiber Division. The Electric Division issued a \$10 million loan in October 2021, a \$7 million loan in August 2022, and a \$13 million loan in February 2023 to the Fiber Division, all maturing in June 2030. The loans support startup costs of the Fiber Division as KUB's advanced fiber infrastructure is being constructed to allow customers to receive broadband services.

Other liabilities consist of the following:

| | Balance June 30, | | | | | Balance June 30, |
|---------------------|---------------------|-----|----------|-----|--------------|---------------------|
| | 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | 2023 |
| Accrued compensated | | | | | | |
| absences | 113,752 | | 719,371 | _ | (591,895) | 241,228 |
| | \$ 113,752 | \$_ | 719,371 | \$_ | (591,895) \$ | 241,228 |
| | | | | _ | | |
| | Balance | | | | | Balance |
| | June 30, | | | | | June 30, |
| | 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | 2022 |
| Accrued compensated | | | | | | |
| absences | - | | 352,989 | _ | (239,237) | 113,752 |
| | \$ - | \$ | 352,989 | \$ | (239,237) \$ | 113,752 |

7. Lease Receivables

KUB, as lessor, leases office space under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to ten years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain leases contain an option to renew that has been considered in the lease receivable when the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option. KUB recognized lease revenue, which is included in other operating revenues, of \$17,807 in 2023. KUB also recognized interest income from leases, which is included in non-operating revenues, totaling \$4,344 in 2023. Total lease receivables were \$125,315 (\$15,592 current) as of June 30, 2023, and are included in other assets on the Statement of Net Position.

8. Lease Liabilities

Changes in lease liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|---------|-------------------------------------|----|-----------|------|-----------|---------------|--|
| Total lease liabilities Less current portion | \$_ | 1,680,509 (310,566) 1,369,943 | \$ | 4,706 | \$ | (313,727) | \$ _ \$ | 1,371,488 (332,905) |
| Long-term portion | = | Balance | • | | | | Φ = | 1,038,583 |
| Total lease liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ _ | June 30, 2021 - - - | \$ | 1,836,473 | \$: | (155,964) | \$ - | June 30, 2022 1,680,509 (310,566) 1,369,943 |

KUB leases certain office space, equipment, and other assets under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to four years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain office space leases contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the lease liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | Lea | se Maturities | | Interest Requirements |
|------|-----|---------------|----|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 332,905 | \$ | 45,130 |
| 2025 | | 356,197 | | 32,946 |
| 2026 | | 380,596 | | 19,457 |
| 2027 | | 301,790 | _ | 4,900 |
| | \$ | 1,371,488 | \$ | 102,433 |

9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreement Liabilities

Changes in SBITA liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|---|
| Total SBITA liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ \$ = | 4,007,467 (2,607) 4,004,860 | \$ 6,256 | \$ | (2,607) | \$ 4,011,116 (165,278) 3,845,838 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total SBITA liabilities Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ - \$ | - - - | \$ 4,009,480 | . \$ | (2,013) | \$ 4,007,467 (2,607) 4,004,860 |

KUB has subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) which grant non-cancelable rights to use underlying information technology software. Terms of agreement range from five to eighteen years and contain fixed and variable payment terms. Certain SBITAs contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the SBITA liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of SBITA liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | | Subscription Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 165,278 | \$ 153,634 |
| 2025 | | 325,272 | 144,358 |
| 2026 | | 467,133 | 128,955 |
| 2027 | | 544,174 | 109,144 |
| 2028 | | 565,724 | 87,595 |
| 2029-2032 | _ | 1,943,535 | 125,307 |
| | \$_ | 4,011,116 | \$ 748,993 |
| | | | |

10. Capital and Intangible Assets

Capital and intangible asset activity was as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------|
| General Plant | | 3,766,791 | | 839,687 | | (87,539) | | 4,518,939 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 3,766,791 | \$ | 839,687 | \$ | (87,539) | \$ | 4,518,939 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | - | | (134,885) | | 90,150 | | (44,735) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 3,766,791 | \$ | 704,802 | \$ | 2,611 | \$ | 4,474,204 |
| Work In Progress | _ | 270,890 | | 208,142 | | (443,637) | | 35,395 |
| Total Net Plant | \$_ | 4,037,681 | \$ | 912,944 | \$ | (441,026) | \$ | 4,509,599 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 1,835,035 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,835,035 |
| Equipment | | - | | 4,482 | | (492) | | 3,990 |
| Other | _ | 1,438 | | | | (1,438) | | = |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 1,836,473 | \$ | 4,482 | \$ | (1,930) | \$ | 1,839,025 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | _ | (226,489) | | (342,773) | | 2,408 | | (566,854) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$_ | 1,609,984 | \$ | (338,291) | \$ | 478 | \$ | 1,272,171 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 4,291,101 | \$ | 2,784 | \$ | - | \$ | 4,293,885 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (115,795) | | (457,743) | | - | | (573,538) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ _ | 4,175,306 | \$ | (454,959) | \$ | - | \$ | 3,720,347 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| General Plant | | | | 3,766,79 | 1 | | | 3,766,791 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | 3,766,79 | | | - \$ | 3,766,791 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | | - | 3,766,79 | <u>-</u> 1 \$ | | <u>-</u> - \$ | 3,766,791 |
| Not Figure 7 to Sold | Ψ | | Ψ | 0,700,70 | . Ψ | | ¥ | 0,700,707 |
| Work In Progress | | <u> </u> | | 4,342,483 | 3 | (4,071,59 | | 270,890 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | | _ \$. | 8,109,274 | <u> </u> | (4,071,59 | 93) \$ | 4,037,681 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | - | \$ | 1,835,03 | 5 \$ | - | \$ | 1,835,035 |
| Equipment | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Other | | - | | 1,438 | 3 | - | | 1,438 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | - | \$ | 1,836,473 | 3 \$ | - | \$ | 1,836,473 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | - | | (226,489 | 9) | _ | | (226,489) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | | \$ | 1,609,984 | | - | \$ | 1,609,984 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | _ | \$ | 4,291,10 | 1 \$ | _ | \$ | 4.291.101 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets Less Accumulated Amortization | \$ | - - | \$ | 4,291,10 ⁻ (115,79) | | - | \$ | 4,291,101 (115,795) |

11. Risk Management

KUB is exposed to various risks of loss related to active and retiree medical claims; injuries to workers; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; environmental damages; and natural disasters. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has

occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

These liabilities are included in accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is KUB's best estimate based on available information. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$63,943 and \$13,284, respectively, resulting from the following changes:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 13,284 | \$ - |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | 549,279 | 92,405 |
| Claims payments | (498,620) | (79,121) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 63,943 | \$ 13,284 |

12. Defined Contribution Plan

The KUB Asset Accumulation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") is a defined contribution 401(k) employee retirement savings plan covering eligible KUB employees established by the KUB Board of Commissioners in accordance with the Charter of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee. The 401(k) Plan's assets are held in trust under an agreement between KUB and Fidelity Management Trust Company. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, have an enhanced 401(k) due to the closure of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. They may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. They also receive a non-elective KUB contribution of three percent to six percent, depending on years of service, whether they contribute or not.

KUB funded 401(k) matching contributions and non-elective contributions of \$3,794,561 (Division's share \$113,837) and \$3,125,903, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. KUB's Fiber Division began sharing in the allocation of contributions beginning in fiscal year 2023.

13. Related Party Transactions

The Division, in the normal course of operations, is involved in transactions with the City of Knoxville and with other divisions of KUB. Such transactions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| City of Knoxville | | |
| Payments by the Division in lieu of property tax | \$ 1,158 | \$ - |
| Payments by the Division for services provided | 280 | _ |
| Other divisions of KUB | | |
| Amounts billed to the Division by other divisions | | |
| for utilities services provided | \$ 74,440 | \$ 8,497 |
| Amounts billed to other divisions for utilities | | |
| and related services provided | 12,674 | - |
| Interdivisional rental expense | 46,557 | - |
| Interdivisional interest expense | 848,675 | 291,750 |
| Interdivisional access and utilization expense | 1,200,888 | 55,503 |

Broadband services are provided by a high-speed fiber optic network that is owned and maintained by the Electric Division. The Fiber Division shares in the cost to build and operate the Fiber network by paying the Electric Division an annual access fee based on the year-end value of those assets and the related expenses. The Fiber Division also pays the Electric Division an annual utilization fee based on attachments to the network.

In October 2021, the Division was issued an interdivisional loan of \$10 million from the Electric Division at an interest rate of 3.89 percent. In August 2022, the Division was issued an interdivisional loan of \$7 million from the Electric Division at an interest rate of 3.93 percent. In February 2023, the Division was issued an interdivisional loan of \$13 million from the Electric Division at an interest rate of 4.02 percent. The Division paid interest expense of \$848,675 for the year ended June 30, 2023, and \$291,750 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

14. Other Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various lawsuits pending against KUB. Management has reviewed these lawsuits with counsel, who is vigorously defending KUB's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on KUB's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Grand Total |
|-------|----|-------------|-----|------------|-----------------|-----|------------|------------------|-----|------------|----|------------|-----|-----------|----|-------------|
| | | Electric Di | vis | ion Loan 1 | Electric Div | vis | ion Loan 2 | Electric Di | vis | ion Loan 3 | | T | ota | ls | _ | (P + I) |
| FY | | Principal | | Interest | Principal | | Interest | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23-24 | \$ | 500,000 | \$ | 367,119 | \$ 350,000 | \$ | 258,479 | \$ 650,000 | \$ | 504,091 | \$ | 1,500,000 | \$ | 1,129,689 | \$ | 2,629,689 |
| 24-25 | | 500,000 | | 347,669 | 350,000 | | 244,724 | 650,000 | | 477,961 | | 1,500,000 | | 1,070,354 | | 2,570,354 |
| 25-26 | | 500,000 | | 328,219 | 350,000 | | 230,969 | 650,000 | | 451,831 | | 1,500,000 | | 1,011,019 | | 2,511,019 |
| 26-27 | | 500,000 | | 308,769 | 350,000 | | 217,214 | 650,000 | | 425,701 | | 1,500,000 | | 951,684 | | 2,451,684 |
| 27-28 | | 2,381,375 | | 289,319 | 1,647,500 | | 203,459 | 3,059,643 | | 399,571 | | 7,088,518 | | 892,349 | | 7,980,867 |
| 28-29 | | 4,342,500 | | 202,782 | 3,000,000 | | 142,962 | 5,571,428 | | 284,646 | | 12,913,928 | | 630,390 | | 13,544,318 |
| 29-30 | _ | 901,125 | | 40,216 | 660,833 | | 29,493 | 1,552,263 | | 69,089 | _ | 3,114,221 | | 138,798 | | 3,253,019 |
| Total | \$ | 9,625,000 | \$ | 1,884,093 | \$ 6,708,333 | \$ | 1,327,300 | \$ 12,783,334 | \$ | 2,612,890 | \$ | 29,116,667 | \$ | 5,824,283 | \$ | 34,940,950 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt by Individual Issue June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Original Amount of Issue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Last Maturity Date | Outstanding Balance 7/1/2022 | Issued During Period | Paid/Matured During Period | Refunded During Period | Outstanding Balance 6/30/2023 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| LOAN PAYABLE | | | | | | | | | |
| Electric Division Loan 1 | 10,000,000 | 3.89 | 10/01/21 | 06/01/30 \$ | 10,000,000 \$ | \$ | 375,000 \$ | | \$ 9,625,000 |
| Electric Division Loan 2 | 7,000,000 | 3.93 | 08/01/22 | 06/01/30 | - | 7,000,000 | 291,666 | | 6,708,334 |
| Electric Division Loan 3 | 13,000,000 | 4.02 | 02/01/23 | 06/01/30 | - | 13,000,000 | 216,667 | | 12,783,333 |
| | | | | \$ | 10,000,000 \$ | 20,000,000 \$ | 883,333 \$ | - | \$ 29,116,667 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Changes in Lease Liabilities June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | An | iginal nount of sue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Maturity Date | Outstanding 6/30/2022 | sued During eriod | | Paid and/or Matured During Period | Remeasure- ments | Outstanding 6/30/2023 |
|-----------------------------|----|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----|---|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Lease Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Fiber Fund | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Centriworks | \$ | 1,349 | 3.88% | 11/1/2020 | 10/31/2023 \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | (585) \$ | 786 \$ | 201 |
| Coal Creek Ventures | | 921 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 9/30/2035 | 11 | - | | (861) | 850 | - |
| Pinnacle Towers | | 1,486 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2027 | 789 | - | | (1,538) | 749 | - |
| R&S Logistics (Sublease) | 1 | ,835,035 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 3/31/2027 | 1,679,709 | - | | (310,033) | - | 1,369,676 |
| Ricoh Americas | | 1,119 | 3.88% | 8/1/2022 | 8/31/2025 | - | 1,119 | | (337) | 39 | 821 |
| RJ Young Company | | 1,522 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2026 | | - | _ | (373) | 1,163 | 790 |
| Total Lease Liabilities | | | | | \$ | 1,680,509 | \$ 1,119 | _\$ | (313,727) \$ | 3,587 \$ | 1,371,488 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Statistical Information - Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Insurance coverage is for KUB as a consolidated entity.

Crime

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$250,000 retention.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Covers KUB personnel appropriately authorized to make decisions on behalf of KUB (including but not limited to Commissioners, President and CEO, Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Directors) for wrongful acts. Limits of coverage - \$20,000,000; \$500,000 corporate deductible, \$0 individual deductible.

Employment Practices Liability

Coverage for costs related to actual or alleged employment practices violations for amounts exceeding specified amount (\$500,000). Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000.

Fiduciary

Covers losses resulting from wrongful acts related to KUB's Pension, 401(k), OPEB Trust funds, and Medical Plan. Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000; \$150,000 deductible.

Environmental and Pollution Legal Liability

Environmental and Pollution coverage for covered losses resulting from a pollution or environmental event. Limits of coverage - \$15,000,000.

Property Insurance

This coverage provides protection of KUB's property for fire, extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, and coverage on boilers and machinery. Also included are flood and earthquake damage and mechanical failure. Limits of coverage - \$250,000,000 per occurrence (subject to certain sub limits); \$2,500,000 deductible per occurrence.

Travel Accident

Covers losses related to employees' business travel. Limits of coverage - \$1,000,000 aggregate.

Excess Insurance for General Liability

As a governmental entity, KUB's liability is limited under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (TCA §29-20-403). Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$700,000 retention.

Excess Insurance for Workers' Compensation

Covers all losses exceeding specified amount per occurrence (\$1,000,000). Limits of coverage - Statutory; stop loss coverage applies for aggregate losses over \$5,000,000.

Employee Health Plan Stop Loss Coverage

KUB's employee health plan is self-funded. KUB has purchased stop loss insurance, which covers KUB's exposure to annual expenses for more than \$600,000 per individual participant.

Cyber Security Liability

Liability coverage resulting from losses related to a covered event such as data breaches, ransomware, regulatory fines, cyber extortion, business interruption and other cyber-related events. Limits of coverage - \$3,000,000; \$500,000 deductible.

Knoxville Utilities Board Fiber Division Statistical Information - Schedule of Current Rates in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

| Rate Class | Product | Base Charge | Number of Customers |
|-----------------|--|-------------|------------------------|
| Residential | The Gig (1 Gigabit symmetrical internet service) | \$65.00 | 2,194 |
| | The Gig 2.5 (2.5 Gigabit symmetrical internet service) | \$150.00 | 63 |
| | The Gig 10 (10 Gigabit symmetrical internet service) | \$300.00 | - |
| | Smart Gig Managed WiFi Service | \$15.00 | 1,179 |
| | Residential Phone Unlimited (unlimited long distance continental US) | \$35.00 | 34 |
| | Bronze TV (~39 Channels with 6 concurrent streams) | \$43.00 | 13 |
| | Silver TV (~110 Channels with 6 concurrent streams) | \$120.00 | 30 |
| | Gold TV (~214 Channels with 6 concurrent streams) | \$130.00 | 34 |
| | Spanish Language TV (~13 Channels) | \$5.00 | 1 |
| | HBO (~14 Channels) | \$15.00 | 3 |
| | Starz (~29 Channels) | \$10.00 | 7 |
| | Showtime (~20 Channels) | \$10.00 | 4 |
| | Cinemax (~12 Channels) | \$12.00 | 1 |
| | Additional 4 Concurrent Video Streams | \$5.00 | 1 |
| | Static IP Address | \$10.00 | 1 |
| Non-Residential | Business Connect (500 Megabit symmetrical internet service) | \$85.00 | 53 |
| | The Gig at Work (1 Gigabit symmetrical internet service) | \$150.00 | 16 |
| | Custom Connect Pro | \$500.00* | 5 |
| | Business Phone Unlimited – First Line | \$40.00 | 12 |
| | Business Phone Unlimited – Second Line | \$35.00 | 6 |
| | Smart Gig at Work Router Service | \$20.00 | 34 |
| | Commercial Static IP Address | \$5.00 | 10 |

^{*}Custom Connect Pro prices start at \$500/month



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Fiber Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Fiber Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Division's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Division's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Commissioners Fiber Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Division's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023



Gas Division

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information June 30, 2023 and 2022

KUB Board of Commissioners

Adrienne Simpson-Brown, Chair

Claudia Caballero Ron Feinbaum Cynthia Gibson Celeste Herbert

Kathy Hamilton

Tyvi Small, Vice Chair

Management

Gabriel Bolas II

President and Chief Executive Officer

Mark Walker

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Susan Edwards

Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer

Derwin Hagood

Senior Vice President of Operations

John Williams

Senior Vice President of Engineering & Construction

Jamie Davis

Vice President Fiber and Chief Technology Officer

Tiffany Martin

Vice President and Chief Customer Officer

John Gresham

Vice President of Operations

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division

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June 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Gas Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Gas Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Division and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Division adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Division's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Commissioners Gas Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 24 and the required supplementary information on pages 61 through 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Board of Commissioners Gas Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as required by the State of Tennessee, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Gas Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Knoxville Utilities Board, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Division's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions. The Gas Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and portions of Anderson and Loudon counties. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Gas Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Division's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Division's financial activity, (c) identify major changes in the Division's financial position, and (d) identify any financial concerns.

The Division's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, activities, resulting changes, and current known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the Division's financial statements.

Gas Division Highlights

System Highlights

KUB experienced normal operations this fiscal year. However, inflation had a significant impact to operating costs and capital projects. Supply chain issues improved throughout the year but impacted the timing of some capital projects in fiscal year 2023. KUB's ability to serve its gas customers has remained strong.

KUB's natural gas system serves 108,698 customers, and its service territory covers 297 square miles. KUB maintains 2,570 miles of service mains to provide 13.2 million dekatherms of natural gas to its customers annually.

KUB's natural gas system service territory experienced warmer than normal temperatures this winter compared to the previous year. Billed natural gas sales decreased 2.2 percent when compared to fiscal year 2022 due to a decrease in residential and industrial usage. Gas Division margin (operating revenue less purchased gas cost) was \$0.4 million lower in fiscal year 2023.

Due to an extreme cold weather event in December 2022, the natural gas system set a new record peak in demand of 169,458 dekatherms.

The natural gas system has added 4,265 customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of one percent. In fiscal year 2023, 1,309 customers were added. The typical residential gas customer's average monthly gas bill was \$64.77 for the twelve months ended June 30, 2023.

KUB's natural gas system was named to the American Public Gas Association's (APGA) System Operational Achievement Recognition (SOAR) Program in 2018, reflecting KUB's focus on system integrity, continuous improvement, safety, and employee development. KUB is a Gold Level winner and remains a member of the program through 2023. KUB was recognized as a Safety Contest Winner for calendar year 2022 by APGA. KUB received the 2023 APGA Communications & Marketing Award for its natural gas growth efforts.

Century II Infrastructure Program

Century II is KUB's proactive long-range program to improve and maintain the electric, natural gas, water, and wastewater systems for its customers. It includes maintenance and asset replacement strategies for each system and establishes sustainable replacement cycles. Century II moves KUB into its second century of service by improving each system through sound planning, resource allocation, and continued investment.

In May 2017, a new Century II funding resolution was adopted by the KUB Board of Commissioners to express the continued commitment to funding Century II programs for the next ten years. The funding will be achieved through a combination of rate increases and debt issues supplemented by cost savings and new revenue from net customer additions.

In June 2017, the Board approved the next phase of gas rate increases to support the Century II program. The three approved gas rate increases went into effect in October 2017, October 2018, and October 2019, generating \$2.2 million, \$2.3 million, and \$2.3 million in additional annual Gas Division revenue, respectively.

During the fiscal year, KUB replaced 6.3 miles of steel gas main, while staying on track with Century II goals and within the Gas Division's total capital budget.

Financial Highlights

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), using a full retrospective approach. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (Statement No. 87) using a full retrospective approach. This statement requires a lessee to recognize an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information regarding leasing activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's net position increased \$13.5 million in fiscal year 2023 compared to a \$17.1 million increase in fiscal year 2022.

Operating revenue increased \$4.7 million or 3.3 percent. The increase is attributable to higher natural gas prices compared to the prior year. KUB flows changes to wholesale gas costs directly through to its retail gas rates via the Purchased Gas Adjustment.

Purchased gas expense was \$5.2 million or 6.6 percent higher due to higher natural gas prices. Margin on gas sales (operating revenue less purchased gas expense) decreased \$0.4 million or 0.7 percent, reflecting the lower sales volumes.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased gas expense) increased \$5.4 million or 12.5 percent. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenses were \$4.9 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.4 million. Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.1 million higher than the prior year.

Wholesale purchased gas expense represented 57 percent of natural gas sales revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Interest income increased \$1.1 million due to rising interest rates throughout the year. Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million.

Total plant assets (net) increased \$5.9 million or 1.8 percent, reflecting capital investment associated with the replacement of key gas system assets and other major system projects.

Long-term debt represented 20.8 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2023, as compared to 23 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (which includes the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 3.84. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 3.97.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's net position increased \$17.1 million in fiscal year 2022 compared to a \$17.2 million increase in fiscal year 2021.

Operating revenue increased \$26.5 million or 23 percent. The increase is attributable to a 2.2 percent increase in billed volumes and significantly higher natural gas prices compared to the prior year. KUB flows changes to wholesale gas costs directly through to its retail gas rates via the Purchased Gas Adjustment.

Purchased gas expense was \$25.9 million or 49.6 percent higher due to higher customer demand and significantly higher natural gas prices. Margin on gas sales (operating revenue less purchased gas expense) increased \$0.6 million or 0.9 percent, reflecting the increase in gas sales volumes.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased gas expense) increased \$0.9 million or 2.1 percent. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenses were \$1.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$0.2 million. Taxes and tax equivalents were consistent with the prior year.

Wholesale purchased gas expense represented 56 percent of natural gas sales revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Interest income increased \$0.1 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Interest expense decreased \$0.2 million.

Total plant assets (net) increased \$12.2 million or 3.9 percent, reflecting capital investment associated with the replacement of key gas system assets and other major system projects.

Long-term debt represented 23 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2022, as compared to 25.5 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (which includes the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 4.17. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 4.25.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division - Financial Statements

The Division's financial performance is reported under three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

Statement of Net Position

The Division reports its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the Statement of Net Position. Assets are classified as current, restricted, gas plant in service, intangible, or other assets.

Liabilities are classified as current, other, or long-term debt. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net position represents what was previously reported as accumulated or retained earnings. Net position tells the user what the Division has done with its accumulated earnings, not just the balance.

Net investment in capital assets reflects the book value of all capital assets and intangible assets, less lease and subscription liabilities and the outstanding balances of debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

Restricted net position includes assets that have been limited to specific uses by the Division's bond covenants or through resolutions passed by the KUB Board.

Unrestricted net position is a residual classification; the amount remaining after reporting net position as either invested in capital or restricted is reported there.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Division reports its revenues and expenses (both operating and non-operating) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, any contributions in aid of construction (funds received via grants, developers, etc. to fund capital projects) and associated write-downs of plant assets are reported on this statement.

Total revenue less total expense equals the change in net position for the reporting period. Net position at the beginning of the period is increased or decreased, as applicable, by the change in net position for the reporting period.

The change in net position for the reporting period is added to the net position segment of the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Divisions reports its cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital and related financing activities, and investing activities on its Statement of Cash Flows. This statement tells the user the Division's sources and uses of cash during the reporting period.

The statement indicates the Division's beginning cash balance and ending cash balance and how it was either increased or decreased during the reporting period.

The statement also reconciles cash flow back to operating income as it appears on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the Gas Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Net Position As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated | 2021 as restated |
|--|-----|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets Capital assets, net Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 67,112 335,050 9,944 412,106 | \$ 82,880 329,129 2,519 414,528 | \$ 74,477 316,893 1,406 392,776 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 33,711 79,414 993 114,118 | 34,381 87,006 8,674 130,061 | 22,633 94,619 8,152 125,404 |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position | \$_ | 247,959 2,224 47,805 297,988 | \$ 234,171 2,230 48,066 284,467 | \$ 214,219 1,733 51,420 267,372 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Net Position presentation:

- Change in net position (from Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position): impacts (increase/decrease) current and other assets and/or capital and intangible assets, and unrestricted net position.
- Issuing debt for capital: increases deferred outflows of resources and long-term debt.
- Spending debt proceeds on new capital: reduces current assets and increases capital assets.
- Spending of non-debt related current assets on new capital: (a) reduces current assets and increases capital assets, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Principal payment on debt: (a) reduces current and other assets and reduces long-term debt, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: reduces capital assets and net investment in capital
 assets.

Impacts and Analysis

Current, Restricted, Intangible, and Other Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets decreased \$15.8 million or 19 percent, primarily due to a \$12.3 million decrease in the actuarially determined net pension asset and a \$2.2 million decrease in accounts receivable.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets increased \$8.4 million or 11.3 percent, primarily due to a \$4.7 million increase in the actuarially determined net pension asset, a \$2 million increase in accounts receivable, and a \$1.1 million increase in net intangible assets.

Gas storage increased \$3.4 million, reflecting 13 percent lower storage volumes compared to the prior fiscal year at a 75.6 percent higher weighted average cost.

Capital Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets increased \$5.9 million or 1.8 percent. Major capital expenditures during the year included \$7.4 million for the construction of service extensions, \$6.8 million for the replacement and relocation of gas system assets to accommodate Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) highway improvement projects, \$2.9 million for steel mains and services, and \$1.5 million for gas main improvements. The Gas Division retired \$2 million of natural gas system assets during the fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Capital assets increased \$12.2 million or 3.9 percent. Major capital expenditures during the year included \$8.7 million for steel mains and services, \$7.9 million for the construction of service extensions, \$2.8 million for building improvements, \$2.7 million for the replacement and relocation of gas system assets to accommodate Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT) highway improvement projects, and \$2.1 million for gas main improvements. The Gas Division retired \$2.2 million of natural gas system assets during the fiscal year.

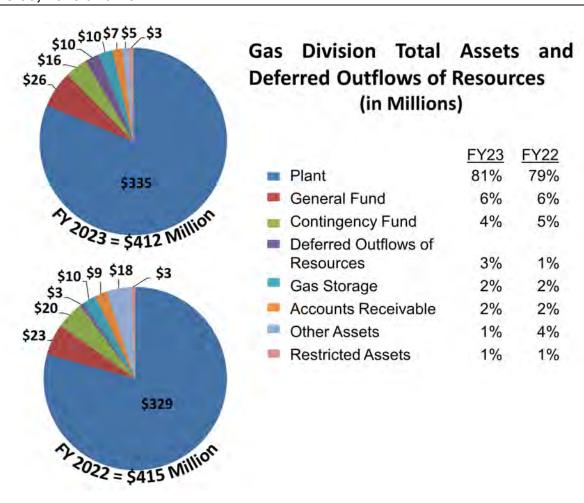
Deferred Outflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$7.4 million compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase is attributable to a \$7.4 million increase in pension outflow.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$1.1 million compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase is attributable to a \$1 million increase in OPEB outflow and a \$0.1 million increase in pension outflow.



Current and Other Liabilities

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities decreased \$0.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year, the result of a \$3.5 million decrease in accounts payable and a \$0.9 million decrease in accrued expenses offset by a \$3.9 million increase in the actuarially determined net pension liability.

KUB over recovered \$4.4 million in wholesale gas costs from its customers in fiscal year 2023, as compared to an over recovery of \$4.2 million in fiscal year 2022. This over recovery of costs will be credited to KUB's gas customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Gas Adjustment.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current and other liabilities increased \$11.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year, the result of a \$3.7 million increase in accounts payable, a \$2.1 million increase in the actuarially determined net OPEB liability, and a \$0.9 million increase in current and long-term subscription liability.

KUB over recovered \$4.2 million in wholesale gas costs from its customers in fiscal year 2022, as compared to an under recovery of \$1.4 million in fiscal year 2021. This over recovery of costs will be credited to KUB's gas customers during the next fiscal year through adjustments to rates via the Purchased Gas Adjustment.

Long-Term Debt

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Long-term debt was \$7.6 million lower than the prior year. The decrease is due to the impact of the scheduled repayment of debt.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Long-term debt was \$7.6 million lower than the prior year. The decrease is due to the impact of the scheduled repayment of debt.

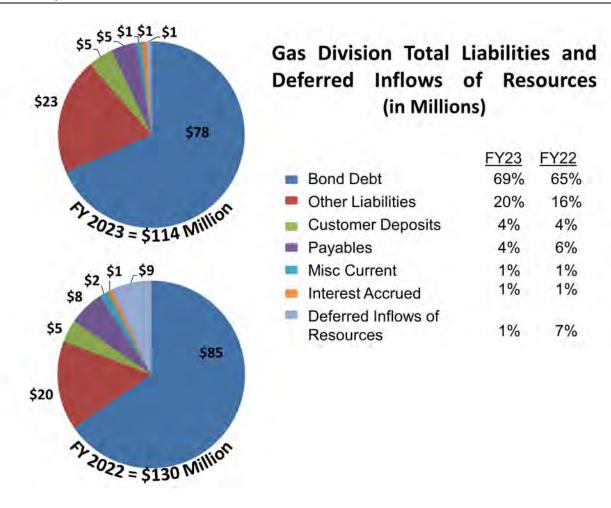
Deferred Inflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$7.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year due to a \$7.7 million decrease in pension inflow.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred inflows of resources increased \$0.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year due to a \$1.7 million increase in pension inflow and a \$0.2 million increase in lease inflow offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in OPEB inflow.



Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Net position increased \$13.5 million in fiscal year 2023. Net investment in capital assets increased \$13.8 million, primarily due to an increase in net plant in service of \$5.9 million and a decrease in the current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt of \$6.7 million. Restricted net position was consistent with the prior fiscal year. Unrestricted net position decreased \$0.3 million.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Net position increased \$17.1 million in fiscal year 2022. Net investment in capital assets increased \$20 million, primarily due to an increase in net plant in service of \$12.2 million and a decrease in the current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt of \$6.8 million. Restricted net position was \$0.5 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in required bond fund reserves. Unrestricted net position decreased \$3.4 million, primarily due to the increase in current and other liabilities.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Gas Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated | | 2021 as restated |
|---|----|---------|----|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ | 146,699 | \$ | 141,950 | \$ | 115,414 |
| Less: Purchased gas expense | | 83,362 | _ | 78,194 | _ | 52,257 |
| Margin from sales | _ | 63,337 | _ | 63,756 | _ | 63,157 |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Distribution | | 11,238 | | 11,220 | | 10,806 |
| Customer service | | 2,245 | | 2,534 | | 2,377 |
| Administrative and general | | 11,618 | | 6,406 | | 5,898 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 15,720 | | 15,310 | | 15,466 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | | 8,003 | | 7,946 | | 7,962 |
| Total operating expenses | | 48,824 | | 43,416 | _ | 42,509 |
| Operating income | | 14,513 | | 20,340 | _ | 20,648 |
| Interest income | | 1,262 | _ | 195 | - | 144 |
| Interest expense | | (3,351) | | (3,639) | | (3,802) |
| Other income/(expense) | _ | 773 | _ | 113 | _ | 224 |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | | 13,197 | | 17,009 | | 17,214 |
| Capital contributions | | 324 | | 86 | | 19 |
| Change in net position | \$ | 13,521 | \$ | 17,095 | \$ | 17,233 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presentation:

- Operating revenue is largely determined by volume of natural gas sales for the fiscal year. Any change
 (increase/decrease) in retail gas rates would also be a cause of change in operating revenue. The
 Division utilizes a Purchased Gas Adjustment (PGA) mechanism in setting its monthly retail gas rates.
 Through the PGA, the Division adjusts its retail rates each month based on current wholesale gas
 prices. If wholesale gas prices increase/decrease, the Division increases/decreases its retail gas rates
 accordingly.
- Volumes of gas purchased from the Division's wholesale gas suppliers for resale to customers impact
 purchased gas expense. The Division purchases gas for resale to its customers from a variety of
 wholesale suppliers. Changes (increase/decrease) in wholesale gas prices would also result in a
 change in purchased gas expense.
- Operating expenses (distribution, customer service, administrative and general) are normally impacted by changes in areas including, but not limited to, labor costs (staffing, wage rates), active employee and retiree medical costs, and gas distribution system maintenance.

- Depreciation and amortization expense is impacted by intangible assets, plant additions, and retirements during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents are impacted by plant additions/retirements, changes in property tax rates, and margin (operating revenue less purchased gas expense) levels.
- Interest income is impacted by the level of interest rates and investments.
- Interest expense on debt is impacted by the level of outstanding debt and the interest rates on the outstanding debt.
- Other income/(expense) is impacted by miscellaneous non-operating revenues and expenses.

Impacts and Analysis

Change in Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$13.5 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased by \$17.1 million in fiscal year 2022.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$17.1 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased by \$17.2 million in fiscal year 2021.

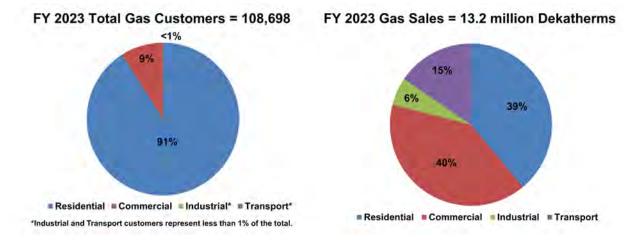
Margin from Sales

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Margin on gas sales (operating revenue less purchased gas expense) decreased \$0.4 million or 0.7 percent, due to lower sales volumes.

Operating revenue increased \$4.7 million or 3.3 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, due to higher natural gas prices. The gas system service territory experienced a warmer than normal winter.

Purchased gas expense increased \$5.2 million or 6.6 percent, due to higher natural gas prices. Total volumes delivered to KUB's gas distribution system increased 8.6 percent this fiscal year. The Division's weighted average cost of gas purchased for fiscal year 2023 was \$5.20 per dekatherm, as compared to \$5.06 per dekatherm the prior fiscal year.



Residential customers, whose natural gas is primarily used as a heating source during winter months, accounted for 91 percent of customers billed and 39 percent of total volumes sold during the year.

Residential sales volumes decreased 3.1 percent, commercial sales volumes increased 0.1 percent, industrial sales volumes decreased 9.9 percent, and transport sales volumes decreased 2.5 percent.

KUB's ten largest gas customers accounted for 24 percent of KUB's billed gas volumes. Those ten customers represent six industrial and four commercial customers, including three governmental and one hospital.

KUB has added 4,265 gas customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of one percent. Natural Gas system growth has increased due to increased new housing construction and KUB reaching new customers through its gas growth programs.

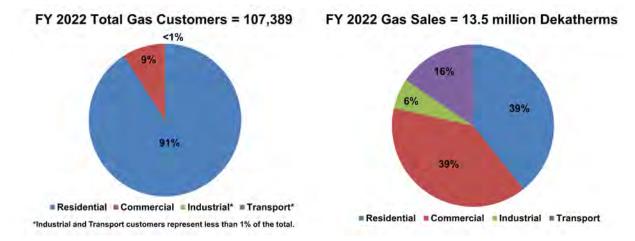
KUB has 13 transport customers who purchase gas directly from a supplier other than KUB. KUB provides transportation service on its gas distribution system to those customers.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Margin on gas sales (operating revenue less purchased gas expense) increased \$0.6 million or 0.9 percent, due to increased revenue from a 2.2 percent increase in billed sales volumes generated primarily from industrial customers.

Operating revenue increased \$26.5 million or 23 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, due to significantly higher natural gas prices. The gas system service territory experienced a warmer than normal winter.

Purchased gas expense increased \$25.9 million or 49.6 percent, due to significantly higher natural gas prices and slightly higher customer demand. Total volumes delivered to KUB's gas distribution system increased less than one percent this fiscal year. The Division's weighted average cost of gas purchased for fiscal year 2022 was \$5.06 per dekatherm, as compared to \$2.68 per dekatherm the prior fiscal year.



Residential customers, whose natural gas is primarily used as a heating source during winter months, accounted for 91 percent of customers billed and 39 percent of total volumes sold during the year.

Residential sales volumes decreased 2.4 percent, commercial sales volumes increased 3.5 percent, industrial sales volumes increased 65.1 percent, and transport sales volumes decreased 3.6 percent. The increase in industrial sales was partially due to the transfer of a large industrial customer from a transport rate class.

KUB's ten largest gas customers accounted for 25 percent of KUB's billed gas volumes. Those ten customers represent six industrial and four commercial customers, including three governmental and one hospital.

KUB has added 3,990 gas customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of one percent. Natural Gas system growth has increased due to increased new housing construction and KUB reaching new customers through its gas growth programs.

KUB has 13 transport customers who purchase gas directly from a supplier other than KUB. KUB provides transportation service on its gas distribution system to those customers.

Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Consultants

\$3.7 Million

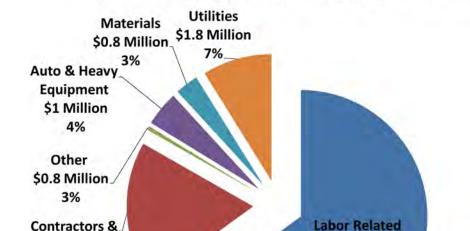
15%

retired during the fiscal year.

Operating expenses (excluding purchased gas expense) increased \$5.4 million or 12.5 percent compared to fiscal year 2022. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as distribution, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Distribution system O&M expenses were consistent with the prior fiscal year.
- Customer service expenses decreased \$0.3 million.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$5.2 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses, driven by higher pension expenses resulting from investment losses.

FY 2023 Gas O&M Expense = \$25.1 Million



Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.4 million. KUB added \$22.6 million in assets during fiscal year 2023. A partial year of depreciation was recorded on these capital improvements and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$18.6 million in gas

system assets placed in service during fiscal year 2022. In addition, \$2 million of assets were

\$17 Million

68%

• Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

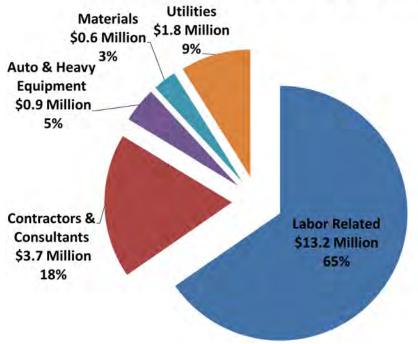
Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

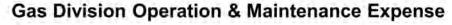
Operating expenses (excluding purchased gas expense) increased \$0.9 million or 2.1 percent compared to fiscal year 2021. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as distribution, customer service, and administrative and general.

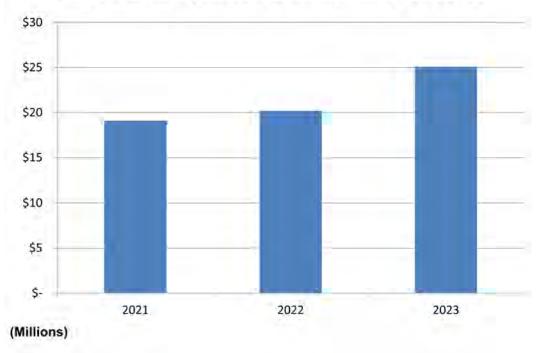
- Distribution system O&M expenses were \$0.4 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in labor-related expenses.
- Customer service expenses increased \$0.2 million, due to higher payment processing fees.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$0.5 million, primarily due to labor-related expenses, including higher OPEB expenses related to the introduction of the Health Reimbursement Arrangement.





- Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$0.2 million. KUB added \$18.6 million in assets during fiscal year 2022. A partial year of depreciation was recorded on these capital improvements and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$32.6 million in gas system assets placed in service during fiscal year 2021. In addition, \$2.2 million of assets were retired during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents were consistent with the prior fiscal year.





Other Income and Expense

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income was \$1.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year due to rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million compared with the prior year, reflecting a lower amount of outstanding bonds.

Other income (net) was \$0.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to mark-to-market adjustments on investments.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Interest income was \$0.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

Interest expense decreased \$0.2 million compared with the prior year, reflecting a lower amount of outstanding bonds.

Other income (net) was \$0.1 million lower than the prior fiscal year.

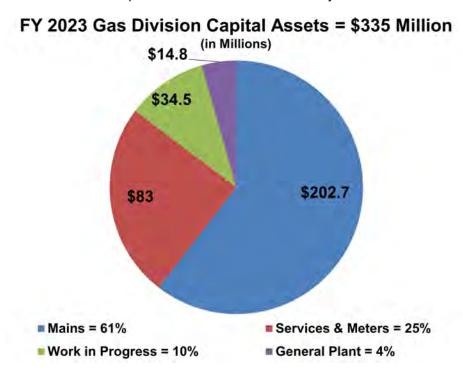
Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|---------------------------------|----|---------|-----|---------|----|---------|
| Distribution Plant | | | | | | |
| Mains | \$ | 202,723 | \$ | 197,482 | \$ | 195,451 |
| Services and Meters/Regulator | s | 83,048 | | 82,723 | | 80,545 |
| Other Accounts | | 1,022 | | 1,061 | | 975 |
| Total Distribution Plant | | 286,793 | | 281,266 | | 276,971 |
| Total General Plant | \$ | 13,723 | \$ | 12,470 | \$ | 12,992 |
| Total Plant Assets | • | 300,516 | | 293,736 | _ | 289,963 |
| Work In Progress | | 34,534 | _ | 35,393 | | 26,930 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 335,050 | \$_ | 329,129 | \$ | 316,893 |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$335 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$5.9 million or 1.8 percent over the end of last fiscal year.

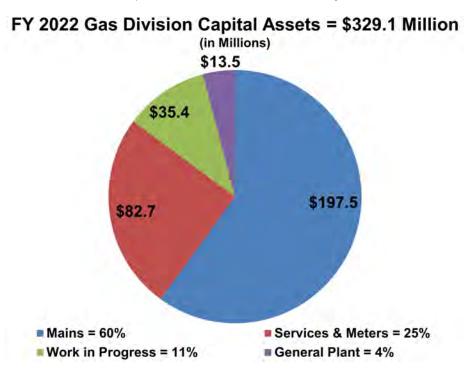


Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

- \$7.4 million for service extensions
- \$6.8 million for replacement and relocation of gas system assets to accommodate TDOT highway improvement projects
- \$2.9 million for steel mains and services
- \$1.5 million for main improvements

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$329.1 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$12.2 million or 3.9 percent over the end of last fiscal year.



Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

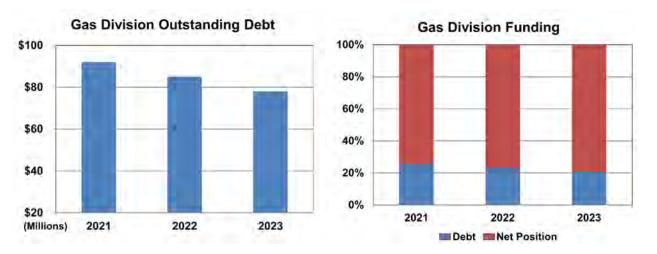
- \$8.7 million for steel mains and services
- \$7.9 million for service extensions
- \$2.8 million for building improvements
- \$2.7 million for replacement and relocation of gas system assets to accommodate TDOT highway improvement projects
- \$2.1 million for main improvements

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2023, the Gas Division had \$78.1 million in outstanding gas system bonds. The bonds are secured solely by revenues of the Gas Division. Debt as a percentage of the Division's capital structure represented 20.8 percent in 2023, 23 percent in 2022, and 25.5 percent in 2021. KUB's Debt Management Policy limits the Division's debt ratio to 50 percent or less.

Outstanding Debt As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | | 2023 2022 | | | 2021 | | |
|---------------------------|----|--------|----|-----------|----|--------|------|--|--|
| Revenue bonds | \$ | 78,105 | \$ | 84,795 | \$ | 91,595 | | | |
| Total outstanding debt | \$ | 78,105 | \$ | 84,795 | \$ | 91,595 | | | |



The Division will pay \$59.6 million in principal payments over the next ten years, representing 76.3 percent of the outstanding bonds. KUB's Debt Management Policy requires a minimum of 30 percent of gas debt principal be repaid over the next ten years.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$78.1 million in outstanding debt (including current portions of revenue bonds), representing a decrease of \$6.7 million or 7.9 percent. The Division's weighted average cost of debt as of June 30, 2023, was 3.92 percent.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AA by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$84.8 million in outstanding debt (including current portions of revenue bonds), representing a decrease of \$6.8 million or 7.4 percent. The Division's weighted average cost of debt as of June 30, 2022, was 3.98 percent.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AA by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service.

Impacts on Future Financial Position

KUB expects to add 1,300 new gas customers in fiscal year 2024.

The Pension Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,108,147 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Gas Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2023, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$2,210,234 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Gas Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2024, measurement date. For the Plan year beginning January 1, 2023, the Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 106.88 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 91.43 percent.

The OPEB Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,187,768 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Gas Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2024, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,279,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Gas Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2025, measurement date. The Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 92.14 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 79.62 percent.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB No. 62*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

No other facts, decisions, or conditions are currently known which would have a significant impact on the Division's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2023.

Financial Contact

The Division's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the Division's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. If you have questions about the statements or need additional financial information, contact KUB's Chief Financial Officer at 445 South Gay Street, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ | 26,093,814 | \$ | 22,724,648 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | 16,301,328 | | 3,958,987 |
| Other current assets | 909,200 | | 1,398,841 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 21,052 | | 3,532 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance of uncollectible accounts | | | |
| of \$41,683 in 2023 and \$49,462 in 2022 | 6,622,868 | | 8,867,333 |
| Current portion of lease receivable | 88,353 | | 81,932 |
| Inventories | 1,446,601 | | 1,303,204 |
| Gas storage | 9,679,117 | | 9,867,611 |
| Prepaid expenses | 73,123 | | 75,123 |
| Total current assets | 61,235,456 | | 48,281,211 |
| Restricted assets: | | | |
| Gas bond fund | 3,243,630 | | 3,353,910 |
| Other funds | 258 | | 258 |
| Total restricted assets | 3,243,888 | | 3,354,168 |
| Total restricted assets | 0,240,000 | | 0,004,100 |
| Gas plant in service | 492,866,322 | | 472,251,655 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (192,350,028) | | (178,515,973) |
| | 300,516,294 | | 293,735,682 |
| Retirement in progress | 15,776 | | 320,025 |
| Construction in progress | 34,517,786 | | 35,073,417 |
| Net plant in service | 335,049,856 | | 329,129,124 |
| Intensible accets: | | | |
| Intangible assets: Intangible right of use asset | 431,569 | | 350,431 |
| Intangible right of use asset Intangible subscription asset | 1,034,403 | | 1,029,221 |
| Less accumulated amortization | (398,650) | | (208,382) |
| Net intangible assets | 1,067,322 | | 1,171,270 |
| Net intaligible assets | 1,007,322 | | 1,171,270 |
| Other assets: | | | |
| Net pension asset | - | | 12,337,267 |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | - | | 16,061,871 |
| Long-term lease receivable | 621,765 | | 642,300 |
| Other | 944,309 | | 1,031,956 |
| Total other assets | 1,566,074 | | 30,073,394 |
| Total assets | 402,162,596 | | 412,009,167 |
| Deferred outflows of recourses: | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources: Pension outflow | 0 004 550 | | 1 500 272 |
| OPEB outflow | 8,894,550 | | 1,508,373 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 1,048,928 9,943,478 | | 1,010,517 2,518,890 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ | | \$ | 414,528,057 |
| Total assets and deterred outflows of resources | 712,100,014 | Ψ | 717,020,007 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | 2022 as restate | | |
|---|-----|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Current portion of revenue bonds | \$ | 6,670,000 | \$ | 6,690,000 | |
| Current portion of lease liability | | 73,420 | | 69,367 | |
| Current portion of subscription liability | | 147,130 | | 139,302 | |
| Sales tax collections payable | | 103,253 | | 146,760 | |
| Accounts payable | | 4,525,488 | | 8,050,599 | |
| Accrued expenses | | 1,157,366 | | 2,071,774 | |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 4,984,029 | | 4,732,912 | |
| Accrued interest on revenue bonds | | 1,020,197 | _ | 1,123,810 | |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 18,680,883 | - | 23,024,524 | |
| Other liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accrued compensated absences | | 1,642,759 | | 1,900,903 | |
| Customer advances for construction | | 1,739,503 | | 2,093,968 | |
| Lease liability | | 267,342 | | 226,082 | |
| Subscription liability | | 609,647 | | 745,821 | |
| Net pension liability | | 3,888,855 | | - | |
| Net OPEB liability | | 2,467,169 | | 2,129,597 | |
| Over recovered purchased gas costs | | 4,371,708 | | 4,188,264 | |
| Other | | 43,236 | | 70,875 | |
| Total other liabilities | _ | 15,030,219 | - | 11,355,510 | |
| Long-term debt: | | | | | |
| Gas revenue bonds | | 71,435,000 | | 78,105,000 | |
| Unamortized premiums/discounts | | 7,978,913 | _ | 8,901,291 | |
| Total long-term debt | | 79,413,913 | | 87,006,291 | |
| Total liabilities | _ | 113,125,015 | - | 121,386,325 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | |
| Pension inflow | | 211,506 | | 7,864,290 | |
| Unamortized bond refunding costs | | 101,726 | | 97,666 | |
| Lease inflow | _ | 679,623 | _ | 712,085 | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | _ | 992,855 | _ | 8,674,041 | |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 114,117,870 | - | 130,060,366 | |
| Net position | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 247,958,911 | | 234,171,043 | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Debt service | | 2,223,433 | | 2,230,100 | |
| Other | | 258 | | 258 | |
| Unrestricted | _ | 47,805,602 | _ | 48,066,290 | |
| Total net position | _ | 297,988,204 | _ | 284,467,691 | |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position | \$_ | 412,106,074 | \$. | 414,528,057 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 202 | 23 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|-------|---------|-----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | 146,6 | 98,445 | \$_ | 141,949,970 |
| Operating expenses | | | | _ |
| Purchased gas | 83,3 | 61,663 | | 78,194,481 |
| Distribution | 11,2 | 37,654 | | 11,220,168 |
| Customer service | 2,2 | 45,004 | | 2,533,606 |
| Administrative and general | 11,6 | 17,767 | | 6,406,253 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 15,7 | 20,232 | | 15,310,127 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 8,0 | 02,535 | _ | 7,946,261 |
| Total operating expenses | 132,1 | 84,855 | _ | 121,610,896 |
| Operating income | 14,5 | 13,590 | _ | 20,339,074 |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | | | |
| Contributions in aid of construction | 9 | 89,936 | | 941,325 |
| Interest income | 1,2 | 62,321 | | 195,366 |
| Interest expense | (3,3 | 51,181) | | (3,638,462) |
| Amortization of debt costs | 8 | 43,585 | | 843,585 |
| Write-down of plant for costs recovered through contributions | s (9 | 89,936) | | (941,325) |
| Other | (| 71,752) | _ | (730,401) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | (1,3 | 17,027) | _ | (3,329,912) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 13,1 | 96,563 | | 17,009,162 |
| Capital contributions | 3 | 23,950 | _ | 86,435 |
| Change in net position | 13,5 | 20,513 | | 17,095,597 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 284,4 | 67,691 | _ | 267,372,094 |
| Net position, end of year | 297,9 | 88,204 | \$_ | 284,467,691 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Statements of Cash Flows June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|---|---------|-----------------------------|------------|---|
| Cook flows from enerating activities | | | | as restated |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | \$ | 148,847,324 | \$ | 120 076 256 |
| Cash receipts from customers | Ф | 2,392,903 | Ф | 139,976,256 10,425 |
| Cash receipts from other operations | | 2,392,903 | | (83,433,306) |
| Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services | | | | |
| Cash payments to employees for services Payment in lieu of taxes | | (12,258,845) (7,131,007) | | (11,923,988) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | _ | 30,649,396 | _ | (7,082,386) 37,547,001 |
| The cash provided by operating activities | _ | 30,043,030 | _ | 37,047,001 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | |
| Principal paid on revenue bonds | | (6,690,000) | | (6,800,000) |
| Interest paid on revenue bonds | | (3,409,921) | | (3,448,393) |
| Acquisition and construction of gas plant | | (22,976,730) | | (28,936,136) |
| Changes in gas bond fund, restricted | | 110,280 | | (642,366) |
| Customer advances for construction | | (210,540) | | 107,728 |
| Principal paid on lease liabilities | | (84,064) | | (85,162) |
| Principal paid on subscription liabilities | | (139,302) | | (133,504) |
| Interest paid on lease and subscription liabilities | | (44,873) | | (45,036) |
| Cash received from developers and individuals for capital purposes | | 989,936 | _ | 941,325 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | _ | (32,455,214) | _ | (39,041,544) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Purchase of investment securities | | _ | | (11,596,690) |
| Maturities of investment securities | | 3,929,649 | | 11,621,134 |
| Interest received | | 1,245,509 | | 195,667 |
| Other property and investments | | (174) | | 399 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | _ | 5,174,984 | - | 220,510 |
| The cash provided by hivesting activities | _ | 3,174,304 | - | 220,510 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 3,369,166 | | (1,274,033) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | _ | 22,724,648 | _ | 23,998,681 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$_ | 26,093,814 | \$_ | 22,724,648 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activ | itios | • | | |
| Operating income | \$ | 14,513,590 | \$ | 20,339,074 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | Ψ | 11,010,000 | Ψ | 20,000,07 |
| provided by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | 16,197,321 | | 15,811,655 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | -, - ,- | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Accounts receivable | | 2,244,465 | | (2,020,505) |
| Lease receivable | | 14,114 | | (169,515) |
| Inventories | | (143,397) | | (414,460) |
| Prepaid expenses | | 190,495 | | (3,429,482) |
| Other assets | | 502,557 | | (366,798) |
| Sales tax collections payable | | (43,507) | | 37,673 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | (3,233,163) | | 1,761,528 |
| Underrecovered gas costs | | 183,444 | | 5,560,040 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 251,117 | | 430,411 |
| Other liabilities | | (27,640) | _ | 7,380 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 30,649,396 | \$ | 37,547,001 |
| Noncash capital activities: | | | _ | |
| Acquisition of plant assets through developer contributions | \$ | 323,950 | \$ | 86,435 |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability | φ \$ | 132,681 | \$ | 300,565 |
| | э \$ | • | | |
| Record intangible subscription asset and subscription liability The accompanying notes are an integral part of these | * | 10,956 Incial stateme | \$ ents | 1,018,627 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

1. Description of Business

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. The Gas Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and portions of Anderson and Loudon counties. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Gas Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

In conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), KUB follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement No. 34), *Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 (Statement No. 63), *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position*. Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. Under Statement No. 63, financial statements include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities, and report *net position* instead of net assets. In addition, KUB follows GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, as it relates to certain items for regulatory accounting. Regulatory accounting allows a regulated utility to defer a cost (a regulatory asset) or recognize an obligation (a regulatory liability) if it is probable that, through the rate making process, there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Accordingly, KUB has recognized certain regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Division is determined by measurement focus. The transactions of the Division are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital activity and debt service, and unrestricted components.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91 (Statement No. 91), *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

In March 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 94 (Statement No. 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter in PPPs and APAs. Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96 (Statement No. 96), Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement is reflected on KUB's financial statements.

Gas Plant

Gas plant and other property are stated on the basis of original cost. The cost of current repairs and minor replacements is charged to operating expense. The cost of renewals and improvements is capitalized. The original cost of utility plant assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. When other property is retired, the related asset and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

The provision for depreciation of gas plant in service is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to thirty-three years, and is computed using the straight-line method. Pursuant to FERC, the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position does not include depreciation for transportation equipment of \$477,089 in fiscal year 2023 and \$501,528 in fiscal year 2022.

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue consists primarily of charges for services provided by the principal operations of the KUB Gas Division. Operating revenue is recorded when the service is rendered, on a cycle basis, and includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Revenues are reported net of bad debt expense of \$133,696 in fiscal year 2023 and \$169,073 in fiscal year 2022.

Non-operating Revenue

Non-operating revenue consists of revenues that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Expense

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available, it is KUB's policy to apply those expenses to restricted net assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted net assets.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, net position-restricted, and net position-unrestricted.

These classifications are defined as follows:

 Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, lease and subscription liabilities, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

- Net position-restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
 by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability
 relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the
 recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Net position-unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Contributions in Aid of Construction and Capital Contributions

Contributions in aid of construction are cash collections from customers, grantors, or others for a particular purpose, generally the construction of new facilities to serve new customers in excess of the investment KUB is willing to make for a particular incremental revenue source. KUB reduces the plant account balances to which contributions relate by the actual amount of the contribution and recognizes the contributions as non-operating revenue in accordance with Statement No. 62.

Capital contributions represent contributions of utility plant infrastructure constructed by developers and others in industrial parks and other developments and transferred to KUB upon completion of construction and the initiation of utility service. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, such contributions are recognized as revenues and capital assets upon receipt.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting of plant materials and operating supplies, are valued at the lower of average cost or replacement value.

OPEB Trust

KUB's OPEB Trust was established by KUB's Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to include two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions, which are determined by actuarial valuation. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, KUB measures net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a June 30, 2023, and 2022, measurement date, respectively. The net OPEB liability is \$12,930,655 (Division's

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

share \$2,467,169) as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 (Division's share \$2,129,597) as of June 30, 2022.

Pension Plan and Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

KUB's employees are participants in the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J) (Note 10). KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions. As required by GASB Statement No. 68, KUB measures net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$3,888,855) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$12,337,267) as of June 30, 2022.

KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB (Note 12). As required by GASB Statement No. 73, KUB measures the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices at the reporting date.

Self-Insurance

KUB has established self-insurance programs covering portions of workers' compensation, employee health, environmental liability, general liability, property and casualty liability, and automobile liability claims. A liability is accrued for claims as they are incurred. When applicable, claims in excess of the self-insured risk are covered by KUB's insurance carrier. Additionally, KUB provides certain lifetime health benefits to eligible retired employees under a self-insurance plan administered by a third party.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that KUB believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, future events are subject to change and the best estimates and judgments routinely require adjustment. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, inventory valuation, allowance for uncollectible accounts, depreciable lives of plant assets, unbilled revenue volumes, pension trust valuations, OPEB trust valuations, insurance liability reserves, and potential losses from contingencies and litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Certain assets are restricted by bond resolutions for the construction of utility plant and debt repayment. Certain additional assets are designated by management for contingency purposes and economic development.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, KUB considers all unrestricted and undesignated highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Leases

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. KUB also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease office space or property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the non-cancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a subscription-based information technology arrangement (subscription) at contract inception and recognizes an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability at the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The subscription term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription that KUB is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription controlled by the vendor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscriptions. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. Deferred inflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows of resources also include employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period in accordance with Statement No. 71. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and OPEB plan investments, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions in accordance with Statements No. 68, 73, and 75. Deferred inflows are also recorded at the commencement of the lease term and recognized as revenue over the course of the lease in accordance with Statement No. 87.

Debt Premium/Discount

KUB records unamortized premium and discount on debt as a separate line item in the Long-Term Debt section of the Financial Statements. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Debt Issuance Costs

In accordance with regulatory accounting, KUB records debt issuance costs as an Other Asset. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Deferred Gain/Loss on Refunding of Debt

KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. In accordance with FERC presentation, amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Compensated Absences

KUB accrues a liability for earned but unpaid paid time off (PTO) days.

Restatement for GASB 96

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96) using a full retrospective approach. GASB 96 requires the recognition of an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability, thereby enhancing the relevance and reliability of information regarding subscription activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

As a result of adopting GASB 96, as of June 30, 2022, KUB's Gas Division recorded total subscription assets of \$1,029,221 with accumulated amortization of \$144,098 and recognized total subscription liabilities of \$885,123 (\$139,302 current). KUB's Gas Division also reclassified \$180,931 from administrative and general expense to \$144,098 as amortization expense and \$36,833 as interest expense.

Additional disclosures, as well as other reclassifications in the statement of cash flows, also resulted from the adoption of GASB 96.

Subsequent Events

KUB has evaluated events and transactions through October 31, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed.

Purchased Gas Adjustment

In November 1990, the Board implemented a deferred Purchased Gas (Cost) Adjustment (PGA) mechanism, which allows KUB to flow changes in purchased gas costs through to its customers. These changes in gas costs are reflected as adjustments to the base gas rates established by the Board. The rate-setting authority vested in the Board by the City Charter meets the "self-regulated" provisions of GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

The PGA is intended to ensure that KUB recovers the total cost of natural gas purchased, transported and/or reserved for delivery to its sales and transportation customers on an equitable basis. The PGA is also intended to ensure that no excess or deficient cost recovery from KUB's customers occurs.

Under the PGA mechanism, KUB tracks the actual over/(under) recovered amount in the Over/(Under) Recovered Purchased Gas Cost accounts. These accounts are rolled into the PGA rate adjustment on June 30 of each year thereby ensuring that any over/(under) recovered amounts are passed on to KUB's gas system customers. The amount of over/(under) recovered cost was \$4,371,708 as of June 30, 2023, and \$4,188,264 as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 99 (Statement No. 99), *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Paragraphs 26-32 were effective immediately. Paragraphs 11-25 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 100 (Statement No. 100), *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101 (Statement No. 101), *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

KUB follows the provisions of Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for state and local governments related to deposit and investment risks. KUB classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

KUB's investment policy provides the framework for the administration and investment of cash deposits. The investment policy follows Tennessee State law and defines the parameters under which KUB funds should be invested. State law authorizes KUB to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. KUB's primary investment objectives are to place investments in a manner to ensure the preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements, and maximize yield of return. KUB minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by adhering to Tennessee State law requirements for the investment of public funds. This includes limiting investments to those types described above and limiting maturity horizons. The maximum maturity is four years from the date of investment. KUB also limits its exposure by holding investments to maturity unless cash flow requirements dictate otherwise.

Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy, as required by state law, is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable income to be derived, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Custodial Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy limits exposure to custodial credit risk by restricting investments to a standard set forth by state law. All deposits in excess of federal depository insurance limits are collateralized with government securities held in KUB's name by a third-party custodian bank(s) acting as KUB's agent(s), or through the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. Financial institutions that participate in the collateral pool are subject to special assessment; therefore, the deposits are considered insured. A portion of KUB's investments is generally held in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is a part of the State Pooled Investment Fund and is sponsored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department. Tennessee Code Annotated ¶9-4-701 et seq. authorizes local governments to invest in the LGIP. None of KUB's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments per Statement of Net Position:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 26,093,814 | \$ 22,724,648 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | 16,285,934 | 3,958,946 |
| Other assets | | |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | - | 16,045,982 |
| Restricted assets | | |
| Gas bond fund | 3,243,630 | 3,353,910 |
| Other funds | 258 | 258 |
| | \$ 45,623,636 | \$ 46,083,744 |

The above amounts do not include accrued interest of \$15,394 in fiscal year 2023 and \$15,930 in fiscal year 2022. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis.

Investments and maturities of KUB's deposits and investments as held by financial institutions as of June 30, 2023:

| | Deposit and Investment Maturities (in Years) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----|------------|----|-----|--|--|
| | Fair | | Less | | | | |
| | Value | | Than 1 | | 1-5 | | |
| Supersweep NOW and Other Deposits | \$ 27,000,378 | \$ | 27,000,378 | \$ | - | | |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool | 2,738,844 | | 2,738,844 | | - | | |
| Agency Bonds | 16,234,788 | | 16,234,788 | | - | | |
| Certificates of Deposits | 555,833 | _ | 555,833 | | | | |
| | \$ 46,529,843 | \$ | 46,529,843 | \$ | - | | |

KUB categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset with a maturity at purchase of greater than one year. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Division has no recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023.

KUB measures investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less at amortized cost, which is considered a fair value equivalent due to their nature. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are measured at net asset value (NAV) per share.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Wholesale and retail customers | | |
| Billed services | \$ 4,757,953 | \$ 6,252,963 |
| Unbilled services | 1,573,258 | 2,503,917 |
| Other | 333,340 | 159,915 |
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (41,683) | (49,462) |
| | \$ 6,622,868 | \$ 8,867,333 |

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals

Accounts payable and accruals consist of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Trade accounts | \$ 4,525,488 | \$ 8,050,599 |
| Salaries and wages | 238,090 | 181,506 |
| Self-insurance liabilities | 432,919 | 382,878 |
| Other current liabilities | 486,357 | 1,507,390 |
| | \$ 5,682,854 | \$ 10,122,373 |

6. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt consists of the following:

| 0 | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Additions | Payments | | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2023 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|-----------------------|----|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Gas | | | | | | | | | _ | |
| U-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% | \$ | 8,175,000 \$ | - | \$ 795,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 7,380,000 | \$ | 805,000 |
| V-2016 - 2.125 - 5.0% | | 10,525,000 | - | 300,000 | | - | | 10,225,000 | | 325,000 |
| W-2017 - 5.0% | | 4,500,000 | - | 815,000 | | - | | 3,685,000 | | 850,000 |
| X-2017 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 10,790,000 | - | 285,000 | | - | | 10,505,000 | | 300,000 |
| Y-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 7,305,000 | - | 180,000 | | = | | 7,125,000 | | 185,000 |
| Z-2020 - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 5,585,000 | - | 585,000 | | - | | 5,000,000 | | 615,000 |
| AA-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | _ | 37,915,000 | - | 3,730,000 | | - | _ | 34,185,000 | _ | 3,590,000 |
| Total bonds | \$ | 84,795,000 \$ | - | \$ 6,690,000 | \$_ | - | \$_ | 78,105,000 | \$_ | 6,670,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | | 8,901,291 | - | 922,378 | | - | | 7,978,913 | | - |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 93,696,291 \$ | - | \$ 7,612,378 | \$_ | = | \$_ | 86,083,913 | \$_ | 6,670,000 |

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | Payments | | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----|----------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Gas | | | | | | | | | |
| U-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% \$ | 8,915,000 \$ | - | \$ 740,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 8,175,000 | \$ | 795,000 |
| V-2016 - 2.125 - 5.0% | 10,800,000 | - | 275,000 | | - | | 10,525,000 | | 300,000 |
| W-2017 - 5.0% | 5,280,000 | - | 780,000 | | - | | 4,500,000 | | 815,000 |
| X-2017 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 11,060,000 | - | 270,000 | | - | | 10,790,000 | | 285,000 |
| Y-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 7,475,000 | - | 170,000 | | - | | 7,305,000 | | 180,000 |
| Z-2020 - 4.0 - 5.0% | 6,145,000 | - | 560,000 | | - | | 5,585,000 | | 585,000 |
| AA-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% _ | 41,920,000 | - | 4,005,000 | | - | _ | 37,915,000 | _ | 3,730,000 |
| Total bonds \$_ | 91,595,000 \$ | - | \$ 6,800,000 | \$_ | - | \$_ | 84,795,000 | \$_ | 6,690,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | 9,823,667 | - | 922,376 | | - | | 8,901,291 | | - |
| Total long term debt \$ | 101,418,667 \$ | - | \$ 7,722,376 | \$ | - | \$ | 93,696,291 | \$ | 6,690,000 |

Debt service over remaining term of the debt is as follows:

| Fiscal | | Grand | | |
|-------------|----|------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Year | | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2024 | \$ | 6,670,000 | \$ 3,060,594 | \$ 9,730,594 |
| 2025 | | 6,620,000 | 2,748,294 | 9,368,294 |
| 2026 | | 6,595,000 | 2,439,393 | 9,034,393 |
| 2027 | | 6,630,000 | 2,137,143 | 8,767,143 |
| 2028 | | 6,290,000 | 1,840,467 | 8,130,467 |
| 2029 - 2033 | | 26,825,000 | 5,668,980 | 32,493,980 |
| 2034 - 2038 | | 5,775,000 | 2,547,666 | 8,322,666 |
| 2039 - 2043 | | 6,730,000 | 1,621,379 | 8,351,379 |
| 2044 - 2048 | | 5,970,000 | 508,376 | 6,478,376 |
| Total | \$ | 78,105,000 | \$ 22,572,292 | \$ 100,677,292 |

The Division has pledged sufficient revenue, after deduction of all current operating expenses (exclusive of tax equivalents), to meet bond principal and interest payments when due. The requirements for the bonds are being met through monthly deposits to the Gas Bond Fund, as required by the bond covenants. As of June 30, 2023, these bond covenant requirements had been satisfied.

Other liabilities consist of the following:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|-----------------------------|----|-----------|----|-------------|----|-----------------------------|
| Accrued compensated absences Customer advances | \$ 1,900,903 | \$ | 3,435,132 | | (3,693,276) | \$ | 1,642,759 |
| for construction | 2,093,968 | | 598,339 | | (952,804) | | 1,739,503 |
| Other | 70,875 | _ | 108,953 | _ | (136,592) | _ | 43,236 |
| | \$ 4,065,746 | \$ | 4,142,424 | \$ | (4,782,672) | \$ | 3,425,498 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Accrued compensated absences Customer advances | \$ 1,962,725 | \$ 3,833,012 | (3,894,834) | \$ 1,900,903 |
| for construction Other | 2,175,420 63,495 | 1,143,002 66,913 | (1,224,454) (59,533) | 2,093,968 70,875 |
| | \$ 4,201,640 | \$ 5,042,927 | \$ (5,178,821) | \$ 4,065,746 |

7. Lease Receivables

KUB, as lessor, leases office space under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to ten years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain leases contain an option to renew that has been considered in the lease receivable when the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option. KUB recognized lease revenue, which is included in other operating revenues, of \$100,908 in 2023 and \$70,451 in 2022. KUB also recognized interest income from leases, which is included in non-operating revenues, totaling \$24,617 in 2023 and \$20,064 in 2022. Total lease receivables were \$710,118 (\$88,353 current) and \$724,232 (\$81,932 current) as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and are included in other assets on the Statement of Net Position.

8. Lease Liabilities

Changes in lease liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|---|---------------------------|------|---------------------|------|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|
| Total lease liabilities Less current portion | \$ 295,449 (69,367) | \$ _ | 132,681 | \$ _ | (87,368) | \$_ | 340,762 (73,420) |
| Long-term portion | \$ 226,082 | | | | | \$ _ | 267,342 |
| | Balance | | | | | | Balance |
| | June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | June 30, 2022 |
| Total lease liabilities | \$ | \$_ | Increase 299,913 | \$_ | De cre a se (84,510) | \$ | |

KUB leases certain office space, equipment, and other assets under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to twenty years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain office space leases contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the lease liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | l | Lease Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|----|------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 73,420 | \$ 12,514 |
| 2025 | | 77,000 | 9,875 |
| 2026 | | 77,765 | 7,061 |
| 2027 | | 68,212 | 4,143 |
| 2028 | | 8,467 | 2,014 |
| 2029-2033 | | 8,474 | 7,818 |
| 2034-2038 | | 11,935 | 6,952 |
| 2039-2043 | | 15,489 | 4,829 |
| | \$ | 340,762 | \$ 55,206 |

9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreement Liabilities

Changes in SBITA liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|-------------------------|-----|--------------------------|----|-----------|-----------------|-----|--------------------------|
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ | 885,123 | \$ | 10,956 | \$ (139,302) | \$ | 756,777 |
| Less current portion | | (139,302) | | | | | (147,130) |
| Long-term portion | \$ | 745,821 | - | | | \$ | 609,647 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 1,018,627 | \$ (133,504) | \$ | 885,123 |
| Less current portion | | - | - | | | | (139,302) |
| Long-term portion | \$_ | - | _ | | | \$_ | 745,821 |

KUB has subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) which grant non-cancelable rights to use underlying information technology software. Terms of agreement range from five to eighteen years and contain fixed and variable payment terms. Certain SBITAs contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the SBITA liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of SBITA liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | Subscription Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ 147,130 | \$ 26,370 |
| 2025 | 142,556 | 20,903 |
| 2026 | 148,451 | 15,272 |
| 2027 | 155,075 | 9,394 |
| 2028 | 163,565 | 3,207 |
| | \$ 756,777 | \$ 75,146 |

10. Capital and Intangible Assets

Capital and intangible asset activity was as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Production Plant | \$ | 14,640 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 14,640 |
| Distribution Plant | | | | | |
| Mains | | 309,958,286 | 14,746,149 | (426,245) | 324,278,190 |
| Services and Meters/Regulators | | 117,545,811 | 4,070,149 | (949,968) | 120,665,992 |
| Other Accounts | _ | 1,828,692 | - | (10,623) | 1,818,069 |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 429,332,789 | \$ 18,816,298 | \$ (1,386,836) | \$ 446,762,251 |
| Total General Plant | | 42,904,226 | 3,790,569 | (605,364) | 46,089,431_ |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 472,251,655 | \$ 22,606,867 | \$ (1,992,200) | \$ 492,866,322 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (178,515,973) | (16,029,271) | 2,195,216 | (192,350,028) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 293,735,682 | \$ 6,577,596 | \$ 203,016 | \$ 300,516,294 |
| Work In Progress | | 35,393,442 | 22,044,166 | (22,904,046) | 34,533,562 |
| Total Net Plant | \$_ | 329,129,124 | \$ 28,621,762 | \$ (22,701,030) | \$ 335,049,856 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 316,639 | \$ - | \$ (34,020) | \$ 282,619 |
| Equipment | | 9,349 | 16,052 | (2,790) | 22,611 |
| Other | _ | 24,443 | 126,339 | (24,443) | 126,339 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 350,431 | \$ 142,391 | \$ (61,253) | \$ 431,569 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (64,284) | (72,356) | 30,033 | (106,607) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$_ | 286,147 | \$ 70,035 | \$ (31,220) | \$ 324,962 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 1,029,221 | \$ 5,182 | \$ - | \$ 1,034,403 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (144,098) | (147,945) | - | (292,043) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$_ | 885,123 | (142,763) | \$ _ | \$ 742,360 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------------------|
| Production Plant | \$ | 14,640 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 14,640 |
| Distribution Plant | | | | | | | | |
| Mains | | 299,353,695 | | 11,246,911 | | (642,320) | | 309,958,286 |
| Services and Meters/Regulators | | 113,039,903 | | 5,470,174 | | (964,266) | | 117,545,811 |
| Other Accounts | _ | 1,708,295 | | 120,397 | _ | - | _ | 1,828,692 |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 414,101,893 | \$ | 16,837,482 | \$ | (1,606,586) | \$ | 429,332,789 |
| Total General Plant | _ | 41,766,632 | | 1,780,801 | _ | (643,207) | | 42,904,226 |
| Total Plant Assets | \$ | 455,883,165 | \$ | 18,618,283 | \$ | (2,249,793) | \$ | 472,251,655 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (165,921,094) | | (15,578,373) | | 2,983,494 | | (178,515,973) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 289,962,071 | \$ | 3,039,910 | \$ | 733,701 | \$ | 293,735,682 |
| Work In Progress | | 26,930,511 | | 27,794,186 | | (19,331,255) | | 35,393,442 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 316,892,582 | \$ | 30,834,096 | \$ | (18,597,554) | \$ | 329,129,124 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 109.664 | \$ | 291,195 | \$ | (84,220) | \$ | 316,639 |
| Equipment | | 15,756 | | - | | (6,407) | | 9,349 |
| Other | | 26,204 | | 8,717 | | (10,478) | | 24,443 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 151,624 | \$ | 299,912 | \$ | (101,105) | \$ | 350,431 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (71,578) | | (94,464) | | 101,758 | | (64,284) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 80,046 | \$ | 205,448 | \$ | 653 | \$ | 286,147 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | _ | \$ | 1.029.221 | \$ | _ | \$ | 1,029,221 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | • | _ | • | (144.098) | • | _ | • | (144,098) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | - | \$ | 885,123 | \$ | - | \$ | 885,123 |

11. Risk Management

KUB is exposed to various risks of loss related to active and retiree medical claims; injuries to workers; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; environmental damages; and natural disasters. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

These liabilities are included in accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is KUB's best estimate based on available information. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$432,919 and \$382,878, respectively, resulting from the following changes:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 382,878 | \$ 329,162 |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | 3,560,408 | 3,129,999 |
| Claims payments | (3,510,367) | (3,076,283) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 432,919 | \$ 382,878 |

12. Pension Plan

Description of Plan

The Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan (the Plan) is a governmental plan as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA or the Act), is not subject to any of the provisions of the Act, and was revised January 1, 2020, to include all prior approved amendments. The Plan is a single-employer contributory, defined benefit pension plan established by Knoxville Utilities Board Resolution No. 980 dated February 18, 1999, effective July 1, 1999, as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J). KUB Board Resolution No. 979, effective July 1, 1999, as amended by Resolution No. 1037, establishing the KUB Retirement System, was amended effective June 18, 2020, to amend the term "Trustee" to include both custodians and/or trustees, in order to provide flexibility should KUB choose to change from its current Pension trustee. The Plan is designed to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to KUB employees. KUB administers the Plan through an Administrative Committee consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Plan involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be adopted by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Plan may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The Plan issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2011, KUB closed the Plan such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and to accrue benefits under the Plan.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of December 31:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Inactive plan members: | | |
| Terminated vested participants | 14 | 12 |
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 603 | 600 |
| Active plan members | 431 | 478 |
| Total | 1,048 | 1,090 |

Retirement Benefits

The Plan provides three benefit arrangements for KUB participants, retirees, and beneficiaries.

The Plan provides pension benefits through the Career Equity Program ("CEP") for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1999, and for eligible former "City System Plan A" participants who elected CEP coverage as of July 1, 1999. The guaranteed pension benefit payable to a participant who has completed five or more years of service (or reached the normal retirement date, if earlier) upon termination of KUB employment shall be a lump sum equal to the participant's average compensation times their benefit percentage, as defined in the Plan document, or an annuity may be chosen by the participant.

In addition, the Plan provided retirement benefits through "Plan A" for former City System Plan A participants who elected not to participate in the CEP. Plan A is a closed plan and is not available to KUB employees hired after July 1, 1999. Plan A provides for early retirement benefits with 25 years of service and normal retirement benefits at age 62 or later. Benefits provided to Plan A participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

The Plan also provides retirement benefits through "Plan B" for former "City System Plan B" participants. Plan B is a closed plan providing benefits to participants not covered by Social Security. Benefits provided to Plan B participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments available to participants.

Effective January 1, 2012, KUB began to provide for additional monthly supplements, which are not subject to cost-of-living adjustments, to certain former employees and surviving dependents of former employees who are eligible for and have elected coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and are eligible for Medicare. This was done to compensate for the elimination of drug coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and to assist such individuals in obtaining prescription drug coverage under Medicare Part D.

Contributions

Participation in Plan A requires employee contributions of three percent of the first \$4,800 of annual earnings and five percent of annual earnings in excess of \$4,800. KUB contributions are determined by the enrolled actuary of the Plan and equal the amount necessary to provide the benefits under the Plan determined by the application of accepted actuarial methods and assumptions. The method of funding shall be consistent with Plan objectives.

Plan Funding

KUB maintains a Funding Policy for the Plan in accordance with Tennessee State Law. The primary goal of the Policy is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and employee contributions and current Plan assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to current active, inactive and retired Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB fully funds its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Investments

The Plan's investments are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company (the "Trustee"). The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Investment Committee and approved by the KUB Board of Commissioners and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. It is the policy of the Retirement System Investment Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2022:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|--|-------------------|
| | 000/ 500/ |
| Domestic equity – large cap | 20% - 50% |
| Domestic equity – mid cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – small cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – convertible securities | 0% - 10% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 0% - 20% |
| Real estate equity | 0% - 10% |
| Fixed income – aggregate bonds | 5% - 25% |
| Fixed income – long-term bonds | 10% - 25% |
| Cash and deposits | 0% - 5% |

Contributions of \$2,624,373 and \$3,665,168 for 2021 and 2020, respectively, were made during the Plan sponsor's fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Of these amounts, \$459,328 and \$705,017 are attributable to the Gas Division. The fiscal year 2023 contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2021, valuation using the Individual Entry Age Normal funding method. The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the Plan as

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

payments which are level as a percentage of salary, starting on the original participation date (employment date) and continuing until the assumed retirement, termination, disability, or death.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68"), which requires measurement of the net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, will be based on the December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$3,888,855) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$12,337,267) as of June 30, 2022.

GASB 68 requires certain disclosures related to the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Total pension liability | \$ 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | (232,187,691) | (306, 339, 494) |
| Plan's net pension liability (asset) | \$ 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) |

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

91.27%

126.48%

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) are as follows:

| | Increase | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----|---------------|-----|-----------------|--|--|
| | (Decrease) | | | | | | | |
| | Total Pension | | | lan Fiduciary | 1 | Net Pension | | |
| | | Liability | | Net Position | Lia | ability (Asset) | | |
| | | (a) Î | | (b) | | (a) - (b) | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Balances at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 242,201,780 | \$ | 306,339,494 | \$ | (64,137,714) | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 6,349,402 | | - | | 6,349,402 | | |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | | - | | 17,430,465 | | |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 282,014 | | - | | 282,014 | | |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 5,268,672 | | - | | 5,268,672 | | |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 3,144,770 | | (3,144,770) | | |
| Contributions - rollovers | | - | | 3,080 | | (3,080) | | |
| Contributions - member | | - | | 3,809,515 | | (3,809,515) | | |
| Net investment income | | - | | (63,484,570) | | 63,484,570 | | |
| Benefit payments | | (17,125,610) | | (17,125,610) | | - | | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (498,988) | | 498,988 | | |
| Net changes | | 12,204,943 | | (74,151,803) | | 86,356,746 | | |
| Balances at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 254,406,723 | \$ | 232,187,691 | \$ | 22,219,032 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Valuation dates | January 1, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2022; January 1, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2021 |
|------------------|---|
| Discount rate | 7.00% as of December 31, 2022; 7.25% as of December 31, 2021 |
| Salary increases | From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service as of December |
| · | 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Mortality | 115% and 110% of the PubG-2010 table for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Table, both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018, fully generational as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Inflation | 2.5% as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and 2021, valuations were based on an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, are summarized in the following table. The real rate of return reported for fixed income is for aggregate fixed income. The Plan has both aggregate and long duration fixed income.

| | Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Asset Class | 2022 | 2021 | | | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.0% | 5.1% | | | | | |
| Non-U.S. equity | 6.1% | 6.0% | | | | | |
| Real estate equity | 5.4% | 5.4% | | | | | |
| Debt securities | 0.5% | 0.2% | | | | | |
| Cash and deposits | (0.1%) | (0.3%) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of December 31, 2022 and 7.25 percent as of December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of December 31, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | Current Discount Rate (7.00%) | | | 1% Increase (8.00%) |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|----|---------------------------|
| Plan's net pension liability | \$ 45,400,841 | \$ | 22,219,032 | \$ | 2,259,345 |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of \$8,973,269, and the Gas Division's share was \$1,616,219.

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2021, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$282,014, with \$70,504 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$211,510. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$2,609,559, of which \$869,853 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,739,706. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$1,951,216 (Division's share \$341,509). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$542,777, of which \$331,952 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$210,825 (Division's share \$36,899).

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$5,268,672, with \$1,317,168 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$3,951,504. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$3,389,264, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$1,694,632. The total deferred outflow is \$5,646,136 (Division's share \$988,207).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$85,314,262, of which \$17,062,852 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$38,969,257, of which \$10,346,356 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment losses this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$39,628,509 (Division's share \$6,935,924).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Gas Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$530,793, with \$132,698 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$398,094. Net proportionate share changes from prior

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

periods were \$261,040, of which \$87,013 was recognized in the current year, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$174,027. In addition, KUB's Gas Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$229,664 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2022, and June 30, 2023.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Gas Division.

| | | rred Outflows Resources | rred Inflows Resources |
|--|-----|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience | \$ | 341,509 | \$ 36,899 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 988,207 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | 6,935,924 | - |
| Change in proportionate share | | 398,094 | 174,027 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | 229,664 | |
| Total | _\$ | 8,893,398 | \$ 210,926 |

\$229,664 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended Jui | ne 30: |
|----------------|-----------|
| 2024 \$ | 883,174 |
| 2025 | 1,844,764 |
| 2026 | 2,738,468 |
| 2027 | 2,986,402 |
| Thereafter | - |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$11,639,307), and the Gas Division's share was (\$2,325,903).

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$1,935,276, with approximately \$483,819 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$1,451,457. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$1,544,136, of which \$386,034 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,158,102. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$2,609,559 (Division's share \$501,964). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$1,092,163, of which \$549,386 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$542,777 (Division's share \$104,407).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes or assumption changes. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$5,083,896, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$3,389,264 (Division's share \$651,945). Net unrecognized assumption change gains from prior periods were \$71,525, of which the remaining \$71,525 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$17,812,070, of which \$3,562,414 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$34,994,864, of which \$10,275,263 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment gains this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred inflow of \$38,969,257 (Division's share \$7,495,966).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Gas Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$348,054, with \$87,013 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$261,040. In addition, KUB's Gas Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$352,508 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Gas Division.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 501,964 | \$ | 104,407 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 651,945 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | - | | 7,495,966 |
| Change in proportionate share | | - | | 261,040 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | 352,508 | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,506,417 | \$ | 7,861,413 |
| | | | | |

13. Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

Description

In fiscal year 2017, KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB. The number of participants in any given year for the QEBA is determined by the number of KUB Pension Plan participants who exceed the current year's section 415(b) limitations, as calculated by the KUB Pension Plan actuary. The amount of QEBA benefit will be the amount specified by the terms of the KUB Pension Plan without regard to Section 415(b) limitations minus the amount payable from the KUB Pension Plan as limited by Section 415(b). QEBA benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

June 30, 2023 and 2022

As of June 30, 2023, there are 404 active employees eligible for the KUB Pension Plan who are potentially eligible to receive QEBA benefits. The KUB Pension Plan was closed effective January 1, 2011, such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and accrue benefits under the KUB Pension Plan. The KUB Pension Plan was amended to include the provision of QEBA benefits; therefore, amendments to the QEBA require the same authority as amendments to the KUB Pension Plan. As required by federal tax law, the QEBA is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. KUB may not pre-fund the QEBA to cover future liabilities beyond the current year. KUB has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the GASB's criteria. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Total Pension Liability of the QEBA

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 ("GASB 73"). GASB 73 extends a similar approach of financial reporting to plans meeting specific criteria that are not administered through trusts that GASB 68 established for pension plans. GASB 73 requires measurement of the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. There is no Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

GASB 73 requires certain disclosures related to the total pension liability of the QEBA, as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Total pension liability | \$0 | \$0 |
| Deferred outflows | (6,779) | (11,505) |
| Deferred inflows | 3,408 | 16,927 |
| Net impact on Statement of Net Position | (\$3,371) | \$5,422 |
| Covered payroll | \$37,412,132 | \$38,074,863 |
| Total pension liability as a % of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$8,793) (Division's share (\$1,495)) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$-), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [(\$3,371) - \$5,422 + \$-].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$3,408 (Division's share \$579) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$4,073 (Division's share \$692) from experience losses in prior years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

There was a deferred outflow of \$2,706 (Division's share \$460) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | d Outflows sources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 4,073 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 2,706 | | _ | |
| Total | \$ 6,779 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Division's share | \$ 1,152 | \$ | 579 | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended Jun | e 30: | |
|----------------|-------|-------|
| 2024 | \$ | 3,023 |
| 2025 | | 348 |
| 2026 | | - |
| 2027 | | - |
| 2028 | | - |
| Thereafter | | - |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of \$16,613 (Division's share \$2,824) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$19,875), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [\$5,422 - \$8,684 + \$19,875].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$6,816, with \$1,704 recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of \$5,112 (Division's share \$869). There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$7,225 (Division's share \$1,228) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$6,112 (Division's share \$1,039) from experience losses in prior years.

During the measurement year, there were no assumption changes. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$4,590 (Division's share \$780) and a deferred outflow of \$5,393 (Division's share \$917) from assumption changes in prior years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 6,112 | \$ | 12,337 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 5,393 | | 4,590 | |
| Total | \$ 11,505 | \$ | 16,927 | |
| Division's share | \$ 1,956 | \$ | 2,877 | |

14. Defined Contribution Plan

The KUB Asset Accumulation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") is a defined contribution 401(k) employee retirement savings plan covering eligible KUB employees established by the KUB Board of Commissioners in accordance with the Charter of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee. The 401 (k) Plan's assets are held in trust under an agreement between KUB and Fidelity Management Trust Company. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, have an enhanced 401(k) due to the closure of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. They may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. They also receive a non-elective KUB contribution of three percent to six percent, depending on years of service, whether they contribute or not.

KUB funded 401(k) matching contributions and non-elective contributions of \$3,794,561 (Division's share \$645,075) and \$3,125,903 (Division's share \$531,403), respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

15. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Description of Trust

The Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (the Trust) is a single-employer trust established by the KUB Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The Trust, along with the KUB Health Plan, make up a Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") and are intended to be tax-exempt pursuant to Code \$501(c)(9). The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. The applicable documentation was submitted to the State Funding Board and, in December 2007, the State Funding Board approved the Trust. The Trust was also approved by the Internal Revenue Service in June 2008. KUB administers the Trust through a Board of Trustees consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Trust involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be approved by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Trust may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The investment of all deposits to the Trust is governed by an Investment Policy, which was adopted by the KUB Board and approved by the State Funding Board. The Trust issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System,

P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of June 30:

| | H | HRA | | lical Benefit | |
|---------------------------|------|------|-------|---------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| | | | | | |
| Retirees | 6 | 4 | 542 | 549 | |
| Dependents of retirees | 2 | 2 | 596 | 612 | |
| Eligible active employees | 25 | 15 | 140 | 145 | |
| Total | 33 | 21 | 1,278 | 1,306 | |

Benefits

Benefits for pre-July 1, 1999, eligible participants may include, but shall not be limited to, medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, hearing, Medicare Part B or Part D premiums, life insurance, long-term care, and long-term disability. Post-July 1, 1999, eligible participants are eligible for HRA benefits, which include up to \$50,000 to be used exclusively for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses of the retiree and his or her spouse and dependents. Any unused HRA amounts will remain assets of the OPEB Trust.

Contributions and Funding

The primary goal of the Funding Policy for the Trust is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and retiree contributions and current Trust assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to Trust beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB's current practice is to fully fund its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution, which is determined by actuarial valuation.

Contributions are authorized by the terms of the Trust as established by KUB Resolution No. 1168, as amended, as approved by the Tennessee State Funding Board. KUB shall have the right at any time to amend, in whole or in part, the provisions of this Trust; however, no such amendment shall authorize or permit the assets of the Trust to be used for or diverted to purposes other than those expressed in the Declaration of Trust.

It shall be the sole and exclusive responsibility of KUB to determine the level of contributions KUB will make to the Trust for the purpose of financing other post-employment benefits accrued by its respective participants. Neither the Trust, nor the Trust's Board, shall be responsible for collecting or otherwise determining the level of contributions needed by KUB to finance any other post-employment benefits offered by KUB. The assets of the Trust shall be expended solely to make payments for other post-employment benefits pursuant to, and in accordance with, the terms of the Trust and to pay the cost of administration.

Based on the date of retirement, certain retired members are required to contribute specified amounts monthly to maintain health insurance. Those who retired prior to July 1983 have no required monthly premiums for themselves or dependents. The retirees, or their surviving dependents, who retired between August 1983 and January 1998 are required to pay \$262.50 per

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

month for pre-Medicare family health insurance. For individuals who retired after January 1998, the required monthly premium for pre-Medicare health insurance is \$262.50 for single coverage and \$525 for family coverage. There is currently no premium for Medicare eligible retirees or dependents. KUB is responsible for determining the level of retired plan member contributions on an annual basis as part of its review of healthcare cost sharing.

Participants in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement are not eligible for health insurance and are not required to make contributions.

Investments

The Trust holds investments in a balanced fund, which invests in passively managed common trust index funds, managed and sponsored by State Street Global Advisors (SSgA), with an asset allocation mirroring the asset allocation of the Trust and rebalanced monthly. The Trust's Investment Policy was established and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. The Trust's Investment Policy is to invest in a manner that will provide sufficient investment return to meet current and future retiree health benefits, while conforming to all governing State and Federal statutes. It allows investment of Trust assets in any type of security instrument allowed for in T.C.A 8-50-1203. The following was the Trust's adopted investment target allocations as set forth in the Trust's Investment Policy as of June 30, 2023:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | |
| Domestic Equity: | |
| Large Cap | 30% |
| Small Cap | 8% |
| International Equity: | |
| Developed | 16% |
| Emerging . | 8% |
| Real Estate Equity | 8% |
| Debt Securities | 30% |
| Total | 100% |

Actuarially determined contributions for the Gas Division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$269,675. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an actuarially determined contribution for the Gas Division of \$378,121 was made to the OPEB Trust, which includes the division's share of an additional \$1,500,000 contribution to help fund the HRA. These were based on the OPEB actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2021, and 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), which requires measurement of the net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Trust's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 are based on the reporting date for the KUB Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan which is June 30. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on the fair value of assets as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability as of the valuation date, January 1, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023, and January 1, 2021, updated to June 30, 2022, respectively. The Division's share of the total net OPEB liability was \$2,467,169 as of June 30, 2023, and \$2,129,597 as of June 30, 2022.

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Trust are as follows as of June 30:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----|---------------|------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 61,637,102 \$ | 58,536,280 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | 48,706,447 | 47,333,773 |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ | 12,930,655 \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | _ | | _ |
| total OPEB liability | | 79.02% | 80.86% |

Changes in Net OPEB Liability are as follows:

| | | Increase | | | | |
|------------------------------|----|-------------|----------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | | | 1) | Decrease) | | |
| | ٦ | Total OPEB | Plan Fiduciary | | Net OPEB | |
| | | Liability | N | et Position | | Liability |
| | | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Delenant lune 20, 2000 | ф | E0 E00 000 | ф | 47 000 770 | Φ | 44 000 507 |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 595,392 | | - | | 595,392 |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | - | | 4,133,008 |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 117,668 | | - | | 117,668 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | 2,527,824 |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 1,413,392 | | (1,413,392) |
| Contributions - member | | - | | - | | - |
| Net investment income | | - | | 4,333,538 | | (4,333,538) |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (4,273,070) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (101,186) | | 101,186 |
| Net changes | | 3,100,822 | | 1,372,674 | | 1,728,148 |
| Balances at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 12,930,655 |

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation dates: January 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023; January 1, 2021,

rolled forward to June 30, 2022

Discount rate: 7.00% as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25% as of June 30, 2022

Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-Medicare: 5.75% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as

of June 30, 2023, and 6.75% grading down to 4.04% as of June

30, 2022

Medicare: 11.30% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as of June 30, 2023, and 6.30% grading down to 4.04% as of June 30,

2022

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table (PubG-2010) for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both

projected using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.50%

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2021, valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Trust investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return may be lower in periods of current strong performance due to future valuations that mean revert to the long-term average. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Trust's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the Trust's Investment Policy) are summarized in the chart below.

| Long Term Expected |
|---------------------|
| Real Rate of Return |

| Asset Class | 2023 | 2022 |
|------------------------|------|------|
| | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.1% | 5.5% |
| International equity | 6.1% | 6.5% |
| Emerging Market equity | 8.4% | 8.6% |
| Real estate equity | 5.3% | 5.7% |
| Debt securities | 1.8% | 1.2% |
| Cash and deposits | 0.7% | 0.2% |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | Current Discount Rate (7.00%) | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Net OPEB liability | \$19,738,026 | \$12,930,655 | \$7,246,454 | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease | Baseline Trends | 1% Increase | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| | Decrease | Helius | IIICIEASE | |
| Net OPEB liability | \$7,364,325 | \$12,930,655 | \$19,461,880 | |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB's Gas Division recognized OPEB expense of \$568,837.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was seven years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$117,668, with \$16,810 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$100,858 (Division's share \$19,244). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$30,475, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes.

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$2,527,824, with \$361,118 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$2,166,706 (Division's share \$413,407).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$1,007,293, of which \$201,459 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$805,834. Net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods were \$5,179,219, of which \$1,162,271 was recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred outflow of \$4,016,948. The combination of unrecognized gains this year, along with the net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$3,211,114 (Division's share \$612,681).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Gas Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is seven years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$4,195, with \$599 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$3,596. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$20,154, of which the entire amount was recognized in the current year. The following

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Gas Division.

| | erred Outflows Resources | ed Inflows sources |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 19,244 | \$ - |
| Changes in assumptions | 413,407 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 612,681 | |
| Change in proportionate share | 3,596 | - |
| Total | \$ 1,048,928 | \$ - |
| | | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|---------|
| 2024 \$ | 233,606 |
| 2025 | 135,188 |
| 2026 | 500,447 |
| 2027 | 34,270 |
| 2028 | 72,708 |
| Thereafter | 72,709 |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB's Gas Division recognized OPEB expense of \$1,156,287.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Gas Division's Share of the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was two years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$60,951, with \$30,476 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount will be recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$30,475 (Division's share \$5,793). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$21,401, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were benefit changes that increased the Total OPEB Liability by \$6,594,293. This increase is recognized immediately in the June 30, 2022, OPEB expense.

Unrecognized gains due to assumption changes from prior periods were \$2,052,917, of which the entire amount is recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$12,216,418, of which \$2,443,284 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$9,773,134. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$5,905,689, of which \$1,311,774 was recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred inflow of \$4,593,915. The combination of unrecognized

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

losses this year, along with the net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$5,179,219 (Division's share \$984,570).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Gas Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is two years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$40,308, with \$20,154 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$20,154. The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Gas Division.

| | rred Outflows Resources | ed Inflows esources |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 5,793 | \$ - |
| Changes in assumptions | - | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 984,570 | |
| Change in proportionate share | 20,154 | |
| Total | \$ 1,010,517 | \$ - |

16. Related Party Transactions

The Division, in the normal course of operations, is involved in transactions with the City of Knoxville and with other divisions of KUB. Such transactions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------|---------------|
| City of Knoxville | | |
| Amounts billed by the Division for utilities and | | |
| related services | \$ 1,029,698 | \$ 945,570 |
| Payments by the Division in lieu of property tax | 4,306,443 | 4,029,886 |
| Payments by the Division for services provided | 336,263 | 147,396 |
| Other divisions of KUB | | |
| Amounts billed to other divisions for utilities | | |
| and related services provided | 559,364 | 393,131 |
| Interdivisional rental expense | 1,130,629 | 1,133,783 |
| Interdivisional rental income | 30,315 | 31,678 |
| Amounts billed to the Division by other divisions | | |
| for utilities services provided | 363,374 | 325,071 |
| | | |

With respect to these transactions, accounts receivable from the City of Knoxville included in the balance sheet at year end were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 7,893 | \$ 12,593 |

17. Natural Gas Supply Contract Commitments

For fiscal year 2023, the Gas Division hedged 25 percent of its total gas purchases via gas supply contracts. As of June 30, 2023, the Gas Division had hedged the price on approximately six percent of its anticipated gas purchases for fiscal year 2024.

The Gas Division contracts separately for the purchase, transportation, and storage of natural gas. Purchase commitments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Firm obligations related to purchased gas - demand

| | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | | | 2027 | 2028 | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|------------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|--|--|
| Transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tennessee Gas Pipeline \$ | 3,404,232 | \$ 3,404,232 | \$ | 1,134,744 | \$ | _ | \$ | - | | |
| East Tennessee Natural Gas | 12,582,997 | 12,582,997 | | 3,435,624 | | - | | - | | |
| Texas Eastern | 328,500 | 328,500 | | 109,500 | | - | | - | | |
| Storage | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tennessee Gas Pipeline | 1,513,248 | 1,513,248 | | 504,416 | | - | | - | | |
| East Tennessee Natural Gas | 1,081,500 | 1,081,500 | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Saltville Natural Gas | 2,000,160 | 1,845,150 | | 1,380,120 | | 1,380,120 | | 1,035,090 | | |
| Bobcat _ | 198,000 | 198,000 | | 66,000 | | - | _ | | | |
| Demand Total \$ | 21,108,637 | \$ 20,953,627 | \$ | 6,630,404 | \$ | 1,380,120 | \$ | 1,035,090 | | |

Firm obligations related to purchased gas - commodity

| | | 2024 | | 2025 | | 2026 | 2027 | | | 2028 | 2029-2054 |
|----------------------------|-----|------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|----|--------------|-------------|
| Baseload | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BP Energy Company | \$ | 1,198,770 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - \$ | - |
| NextEra Energy | | 1,898,880 | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| CNX | | 3,249,912 | | - | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Enervest Operating LLC | | 2,839,998 | | 2,496,676 | | - | | - | | - | - |
| Tennergy Corporation 2021A | | 2,581,424 | | 3,192,756 | | 3,442,778 | | 3,457,684 | | 3,391,300 | 81,345,066 |
| Tennergy Corporation 2022 | | 2,715,493 | _ | 3,325,946 | | 3,576,325 | | 3,586,436 | | 3,583,028 | 92,553,420 |
| Commodity Total | \$_ | 14,484,477 | \$ | 9,015,378 | \$ | 7,019,103 | \$ | 7,044,120 | \$ | 6,974,328 \$ | 173,898,486 |

The total commodity values presented here are based upon firm supply obligations with each individual natural gas supplier. The firm obligations value for BP Energy Company and NextEra Energy are based upon firm supply obligations and locked prices with those suppliers. The firm obligations value for CNX and Enervest Operating LLC are based upon firm supply obligations and the applicable NYMEX strip prices on June 30, 2023. The firm obligations value for Tennergy Corporation are based upon 30-year prepay gas contracts valued at the applicable Tennessee Zone 0 and Tennessee 800L strip prices on June 30, 2023.

18. Other Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various lawsuits pending against KUB. Management has reviewed these lawsuits with counsel, who is vigorously defending KUB's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on KUB's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Required Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | | |
| Total pension liability | • | 0.040.400 | 0.047.000 | | 0.440.040 | 5 005 400 A | 4 007 400 . | 4 000 005 0 | 4.457.000 \$ | 4 000 000 | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 6,349,402 \$ | 6,647,220 \$ | 5,227,657 \$ | 6,142,213 \$ | 5,095,488 \$ | 4,607,486 \$ | 4,226,985 \$ | 4,157,062 \$ | 4,092,808 | | |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | 16,982,226 | 16,393,202 | 16,030,626 | 15,344,193 | 15,015,282 | 14,966,559 | 14,812,784 | 14,698,657 | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | 4 005 070 | 4 000 470 | 163,199 | (005.040) | (4.007.404) | (0.000.700) | (4.000.004) | - | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 282,014 | 1,935,276 | 1,930,170 | (1,054,117) | (605,649) | (1,087,161) | (2,233,762) | (1,890,334) | - | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 5,268,672 | - (47 705 000) | - (40,000,E0E) | 8,473,160 | - (4E 074 044) | (357,633) | (2,932,883) | - (4E 3E0 036) | - (4E E22 467) | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,125,610) | (17,725,963) | (16,006,565) | (15,094,475) | (15,274,814) | (14,969,979) | (14,138,511) | (15,350,926) | (15,533,167) | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 12,204,943 | 7,838,759 | 7,544,464 | 14,660,606 | 4,559,218 | 3,207,995 | (111,612) | 1,728,586 | 3,258,298 | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 242,201,780 | 234,363,021 | 226,818,557 | 212,157,951 | 207,598,733 | 204,390,738 | 204,502,350 | 202,773,764 | 199,515,466 | | |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 \$ | 234,363,021 \$ | 226,818,557 \$ | 212,157,951 \$ | 207,598,733 \$ | 204,390,738 \$ | 204,502,350 \$ | 202,773,764 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,428 \$ | 2,876,752 \$ | 2,871,241 \$ | 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 \$ | 5,243,146 \$ | 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 | | |
| Contributions - participants | | 3,812,595 | 3,939,687 | 2,284,727 | 3,170,825 | 2,081,125 | 1,488,632 | 555,075 | 487,546 | 475,854 | | |
| Net investment income | | (63,493,985) | 37,575,566 | 44,814,914 | 49,938,315 | (11,748,396) | 32,360,219 | 13,788,263 | (95,430) | 22,292,369 | | |
| Other additions | | 9,415 | 112,484 | 7,740 | 13,579 | 62,616 | 82,239 | 45,848 | 30,879 | 29,733 | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,065,610) | (17,653,963) | (15,962,565) | (15,030,475) | (15,174,814) | (14,895,979) | (14,044,511) | (15,274,926) | (15,405,167) | | |
| Administrative expense | | (498,988) | (441,017) | (455, 191) | (467,748) | (445,916) | (385,282) | (441,332) | (397,160) | (378,085) | | |
| Death benefits | | (60,000) | (72,000) | (44,000) | (64,000) | (100,000) | (74,000) | (94,000) | (76,000) | (128,000) | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position** | | (74,151,803) | 26,877,185 | 33,522,377 | 40,431,737 | (21,868,910) | 22,862,426 | 5,052,489 | (9,333,204) | 12,795,245 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning** | | 306,339,494 | 279,462,309 | 245,939,932 | 205,508,195 | 227,377,105 | 204,514,679 | 199,462,190 | 208,795,394 | 196,000,149 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)** | \$ | 232,187,691 \$ | 306,339,494 \$ | 279,462,309 \$ | 245,939,932 \$ | 205,508,195 \$ | 227,377,105 \$ | 204,514,679 \$ | 199,462,190 \$ | 208,795,394 | | |
| Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) \$ | (45,099,288) \$ | (19,121,375) \$ | 6,649,756 \$ | (19,778,372) \$ | (123,941) \$ | 5,040,160 \$ | (6,021,630) | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | | 91.27% | 126.48% | 119.24% | 108.43% | 96.87% | 109.53% | 100.06% | 97.54% | 102.97% | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 \$ | 41,524,273 \$ | 40,276,197 \$ | 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 \$ | 44,437,747 \$ | 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 | | |
| Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of | • | - , , , + | | /- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | -, ,,, + | , , | -,, | , . , | , ., + | ,, | | |
| covered payroll | | 59.39% | (168.45%) | (108.61%) | (47.48%) | 15.78% | (45.67%) | (0.28%) | 11.34% | (13.66%) | | |
| • • | | | , | , | , , , | | , , , | , , | | , , , , , | | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented in 2014.

^{**} Excludes amounts related to 401(k) matching contributions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2022 | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 | *Year ended De 2018 | ecer | mber 31 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|---------------------|------------|----|------------|------------------|------------------------|------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially | \$ 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,428 | \$ | 2,876,752 | \$ 2,871,241 | \$ 3,456,475 \$ | 5 | 4,286,597 | \$ 5,243,146 | \$ 5,991,887 | \$ 5,908,541 |
| determined contribution | 3,144,770 | 3,416,428 | | 2,876,752 | 2,871,241 | 3,456,475 | | 4,286,597 | 5,243,146 | 5,991,887 | 5,908,541 |
| Contribution deficiency | \$ - \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - \$ | 5 | - | \$ - | \$ - (| \$ |
| Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 | \$ | 41,524,273 | \$ 40,276,197 | \$ 42,150,040 \$ | 6 | 43,309,374 | \$ 44,437,747 | \$ 44,446,743 | \$ 44,076,351 |
| covered payroll | 8.41% | 8.97% | 6 | 6.93% | 7.13% | 8.20% | | 9.90% | 11.80% | 13.48% | 13.41% |

Notes to Schedule:

Timing:

Actuarially determined contributions for a Plan year are based upon 50% of the

amounts determined at the actuarial valuations for each of the two prior Plan years.

Valuation Dates: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age

Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: As of January 1, 2021: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 20 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2020: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 21 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2021 and 2020, the unfunded liability was negative.

Discount rate: 7.25% as of January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Salary increases: 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service; As of January 1, 2021, a one-time reduction was applied to reduce the 2020

compensation by 3.7% to account for an additional 2020 pay period

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the benefits-weighted Public Sector General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively, for males and females, using

the Public Sector General Employee Table while in active employment and for annuitant ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table,

both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5%

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented 2014. Please refer to prior year's audited financial statements for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | | | *Year ended June 30 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------|---------------------|---|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|
| | 2023 | | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | , | \$ | 416,277 | \$ | 283,786 | \$ | 256,270 | \$ | 270,515 | \$ | 202,603 | | |
| Interest | 4,13 | 33,008 | | 3,858,276 | | 3,861,304 | | 3,672,291 | | 3,624,737 | | 3,295,240 | | |
| Change of benefit terms | | - | | 6,594,293 | | - | | (202,408) | | - | | - | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 17,668 | | 60,951 | | 42,802 | | 43,902 | | 999,098 | | 1,324,769 | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 27,824 | | - | | (4,105,835) | | 3,604,843 | | 3,231,601 | | (397,180) | | |
| Benefit payments | | 73,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | | (3,532,444) | | (3,298,739) | | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 3,10 | 00,822 | | 7,021,162 | | (3,029,122) | | 4,346,302 | | 4,593,507 | | 1,126,693 | | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | 58,53 | 36,280 | | 51,515,118 | | 54,544,240 | | 50,197,938 | | 45,604,431 | | 44,477,738 | | |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ 61,63 | 37,102 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 51,515,118 | \$ | 54,544,240 | \$ | 50,197,938 | \$ | 45,604,431 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 1.4° | 13,392 | \$ | 1,989,066 | \$ | 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ | _ | \$ | - | | |
| Net investment income | | 33,538 | • | (8,122,417) | • | 12,890,602 | • | 975,155 | • | 2,981,928 | • | 3,705,473 | | |
| Benefit payments | (4,27 | 73,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | | (3,532,444) | | (3,298,739) | | |
| Administrative expense | (10 | 01,186) | | (71,187) | | (44,496) | | (53,286) | | (54,787) | | (51,668) | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 1,37 | 72,674 | (| (10,113,173) | | 10,492,153 | | (1,795,403) | | (605,303) | | 355,066 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | 47.33 | 33,773 | | 57,446,946 | | 46,954,793 | | 48,750,196 | | 49,355,499 | | 49,000,433 | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | | 06,447 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 57,446,946 | \$ | 46,954,793 | \$ | 48,750,196 | \$ | 49,355,499 | | |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ 12,93 | 30,655 | \$ | 11,202,507 | \$ | (5,931,828) | \$ | 7,589,447 | \$ | 1,447,742 | \$ | (3,751,068) | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | - / | | • | , | | (-///- | | ,, | | , , | | (2) | | |
| OPEB liability | - | 79.02% | | 80.86% | | 111.51% | | 86.09% | | 97.12% | | 108.23% | | |
| Covered employee payroll** | \$ 70,12 | 29,341 | \$ | 73,927,857 | \$ | 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ | 24,346,735 | \$ | 23,677,080 | | |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of | , | | | | | | | | | . , | | | | |
| covered employee payroll | • | 18.44% | | 15.15% | | (27.49%) | | 32.48% | | 5.95% | | (15.84%) | | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

^{**} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | *Year ended June 30 2020 | | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the annual | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 489,066 | \$ 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| required contribution Contribution deficiency/(excess) | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 1,989,066 (1,500,000) | \$ 757,226 - | \$ | 311,324 - | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | <u>-</u> |
| Covered employee payroll* Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 70,129,341 | \$ 73,927,857 | \$ 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ | 24,346,735 | \$ | 23,677,080 |
| covered employee payroll | 2.02% | 2.69% | 3.51% | | 1.33% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% |

^{*} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

KUB elected to make a \$1,500,000 voluntary contribution to the Trust to initially fund the HRA benefit which was effective January 1, 2022. This contribution was not required.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation

completed 18 months before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal
Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 15 years remaining as of January 1, 2021

(16 years as of January 1, 2020), or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability; As of January 1, 2020 and 2021, the unfunded liability was positive

Discount rate: 7.25%

Healthcare cost trend rate: Pre-Medicare: 6.50% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.75% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Medicare: 6.20% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.30% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively for males and females, using the

Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Health Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected

using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5% Investment rate of return: 7.25%

Retirement age: 2% at ages 50-57, grading up to 100% at age 70

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.
Please refer to prior year's audited financial statement for prior methods and assumptions.

Required Supplementary Information – Qualified Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|-------------------------|-------------|-----|-----------|--------|------|------------|------|------------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|
| | 20 | 22 | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | | 2016 |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 941 | \$ | 584 | \$ | - |
| Interest (includes interest on service cost) | | - | 2 | 68 | | 388 | | 9,181 | | 9,676 | | 7,535 | | - |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | | | - | | (218,272) | | - | | - | | 185,077 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | - | (6,8 | 16) | 10 | 0,165 | | 34 | | (36, 125) | | 13,684 | | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | - | | | | 91 | | 13,342 | | (22,950) | | 73,461 | | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | - | (12, | 66) | (12 | 2,166) | | (15,932) | | <u> </u> | | - | | - |
| Net change in total pension liability | · | - | (18,7 | 14) | (| 1,522) | | (211,647) | | (48,458) | · · | 95,264 | | 185,077 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | - | 18,7 | 14 | 20 | 0,236 | | 231,883 | | 280,341 | | 185,077 | | - |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ 18 | 3,714 | \$ | 20,236 | \$ | 231,883 | \$ | 280,341 | \$ | 185,077 |
| Covered payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of | \$ 37,4 | 12,132 | \$ 38,074,8 | 63 | \$ 41,524 | 4,273 | \$ 4 | 10,276,197 | \$ | 42,150,040 | \$ 43 | 3,309,374 | \$ 4 | 4,437,747 |
| covered payroll | | 0.00% | 0.0 | 0% | (| 0.05% | | 0.05% | | 0.55% | | 0.65% | | 0.42% |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Grand Total |
|-------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------|
| _ | U-20 | 15 | V-2016 | | W-2017 X-2017 | | Y-2018 Z-2020 | | | AA-2 | 021 | Tot | Totals | | | | |
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | |
| 23-24 | 805,000 | 233,000 | 325,000 | 293,844 | 850,000 | 184,250 | 300,000 | 326,919 | 185,000 | 243,831 | 615,000 | 241,750 | 3,590,000 | 1,537,000 | 6,670,000 | 3,060,594 | 9,730,594 |
| 24-25 | 845.000 | 208.850 | 325,000 | 280,844 | 900,000 | 141.750 | 315.000 | 311.919 | 195,000 | 236,431 | 645,000 | 211,000 | 3,395,000 | 1,357,500 | 6,620,000 | 2,748,294 | 9,368,294 |
| 25-26 | 880,000 | 183,500 | 350,000 | 267,844 | 940,000 | 96,750 | 330,000 | 296,168 | 200,000 | 228,631 | 675,000 | 178,750 | 3,220,000 | 1,187,750 | 6,595,000 | 2,439,393 | 9,034,393 |
| 26-27 | | | | | | 49,750 | | | 210,000 | 220,631 | | | | | | | |
| | 895,000 | 154,900 | 350,000 | 253,844 | 995,000 | 49,750 | 340,000 | 286,268 | | | 710,000 | 145,000 | 3,130,000 | 1,026,750 | 6,630,000 | 2,137,143 | 8,767,143 |
| 27-28 | 985,000 | 123,573 | 375,000 | 243,344 | | | 345,000 | 279,469 | 215,000 | 214,331 | 745,000 | 109,500 | 3,625,000 | 870,250 | 6,290,000 | 1,840,467 | 8,130,467 |
| 28-29 | 975,000 | 89,100 | 375,000 | 232,094 | | | 355,000 | 272,138 | 220,000 | 207,881 | 785,000 | 72,250 | 3,450,000 | 689,000 | 6,160,000 | 1,562,463 | 7,722,463 |
| 29-30 | 955,000 | 59,850 | 375,000 | 220,844 | | | 360,000 | 263,706 | 230,000 | 201,281 | 825,000 | 33,000 | 3,230,000 | 551,000 | 5,975,000 | 1,329,681 | 7,304,681 |
| 30-31 | 1,040,000 | 31,200 | 400,000 | 212,875 | | | 375,000 | 252,906 | 235,000 | 194,381 | | | 3,285,000 | 421,800 | 5,335,000 | 1,113,162 | 6,448,162 |
| 31-32 | | | 400,000 | 203,875 | | | 385,000 | 241,656 | 240,000 | 187,331 | | | 3,865,000 | 290,400 | 4,890,000 | 923,262 | 5,813,262 |
| 32-33 | | | 425,000 | 194,375 | | | 395,000 | 230,106 | 250,000 | 180,131 | | | 3,395,000 | 135,800 | 4,465,000 | 740,412 | 5,205,412 |
| 33-34 | | | 425,000 | 183,750 | | | 410,000 | 218,256 | 260,000 | 172,319 | | | | | 1,095,000 | 574,325 | 1,669,325 |
| 34-35 | | | 425,000 | 173,125 | | | 420,000 | 205,956 | 265,000 | 163,869 | | | | | 1,110,000 | 542,950 | 1,652,950 |
| 35-36 | | | 450,000 | 162,500 | | | 435,000 | 193,356 | 275,000 | 155,256 | | | | | 1,160,000 | 511,112 | 1,671,112 |
| 36-37 | | | 450,000 | 150,686 | | | 445,000 | 180,306 | 285,000 | 146,319 | | | | | 1,180,000 | 477,311 | 1,657,311 |
| 37-38 | | | 475,000 | 138,312 | | | 460,000 | 166,956 | 295,000 | 136,700 | | | | | 1,230,000 | 441,968 | 1,671,968 |
| 38-39 | | | 475,000 | 125,250 | | | 475,000 | 152,582 | 305,000 | 126,744 | | | | | 1,255,000 | 404,576 | 1,659,576 |
| 39-40 | | | 500,000 | 112,188 | | | 490,000 | 137,738 | 315,000 | 116,069 | | | | | 1,305,000 | 365,995 | 1,670,995 |
| 40-41 | | | 525,000 | 98,438 | | | 505,000 | 122,425 | 325,000 | 105,044 | | | | | 1,355,000 | 325,907 | 1,680,907 |
| 41-42 | | | 525,000 | 84,000 | | | 520,000 | 106,644 | 335,000 | 93,669 | | | | | 1,380,000 | 284,313 | 1,664,313 |
| 42-43 | | | 550,000 | 68,250 | | | 535,000 | 90,394 | 350,000 | 81,944 | | | | | 1,435,000 | 240,588 | 1,675,588 |
| 43-44 | | | 550,000 | 51,750 | | | 550,000 | 73,675 | 360,000 | 69,694 | | | | | 1,460,000 | 195,119 | 1,655,119 |
| 44-45 | | | 575,000 | 35,250 | | | 570,000 | 56,488 | 375,000 | 57,094 | | | | | 1,520,000 | 148,832 | 1,668,832 |
| 45-46 | | | 600,000 | 18,000 | | | 585,000 | 38,675 | 385,000 | 43,500 | | | | | 1,570,000 | 100,175 | 1,670,175 |
| 46-47 | | | 220,000 | . 3,000 | | | 605,000 | 19,662 | 400,000 | 29,544 | | | | | 1,005,000 | 49,206 | 1,054,206 |
| 47-48 | | | | | | | 555,556 | .5,552 | 415.000 | 15,044 | | | | | 415.000 | 15,044 | 430,044 |
| Total | \$ 7,380,000 \$ | 1,083,973 | 10,225,000 | 3,805,282 | 3,685,000 \$ | 472,500 | 10,505,000 \$ | 4,524,368 | \$ 7,125,000 | \$ 3,627,669 \$ | 5,000,000 | 991,250 \$ | 34,185,000 \$ | 8,067,250 | 78,105,000 | \$ 22,572,292 | |

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt by Individual Issue June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Original Amount of Issue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Last Maturity Date | Outstanding Balance 7/1/2022 | Issued During Period | Paid/Matured During Period | Refunded During Period | Outstanding Balance 6/30/2023 |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| BONDS PAYABLE Payable through Gas Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series U-2015 | 11.780.000 | 2.0-5.0 | 05/01/15 | 03/01/31 | \$ 8.175.000 \$ | | \$ 795.000 \$ | | \$ 7,380,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series V-2016 | 12,000,000 | 2.125-5.0 | 08/05/16 | 03/01/46 | 10,525,000 | | 300,000 | | 10,225,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series W-2017 | 8,065,000 | 5.0 | 04/07/17 | 03/01/27 | 4,500,000 | | 815,000 | | 3,685,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series X-2017 | 12,000,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 09/15/17 | 03/01/47 | 10,790,000 | | 285,000 | | 10,505,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series Y-2018 | 8,000,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 09/14/18 | 03/01/48 | 7,305,000 | | 180,000 | | 7,125,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series Z-2020 | 6,755,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 05/22/20 | 03/01/30 | 5,585,000 | | 585,000 | | 5,000,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series AA-2021 | 41,920,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 04/19/21 | 03/01/33 | 37,915,000 | | 3,730,000 | | 34,185,000 |
| | | | | <u>:</u> | \$ 84,795,000 \$ | - | \$ 6,690,000 \$ | - ; | 78,105,000 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Gas Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Lease Liabilities June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Original Amount of Issue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Maturity Date | Outstanding 6/30/2022 | lssued During Period | Paid and/or Matured During Period | Remeasure- ments | Outstanding 6/30/2023 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Lease Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Natural Gas Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| American Towers - Rocky Hill | \$ 34,545 | 3.90% | 11/1/2022 | 10/31/2027 \$ | - | \$ 34,545 \$ | (3,783) \$ | - : | \$ 30,762 |
| American Towers - Tillery/Bluegrass | 34,759 | 3.90% | 11/1/2022 | 10/31/2027 | - | 34,758 | (3,996) | - | 30,762 |
| Centriworks | 7,644 | 3.88% | 11/1/2020 | 10/31/2023 | 4,452 | - | (3,317) | - | 1,135 |
| Coal Creek Ventures | 5,219 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 9/30/2035 | 4,879 | - | (4,879) | - | - |
| Crown Castle | 42,250 | 3.90% | 3/1/2023 | 2/1/2043 | - | 42,250 | (336) | - | 41,914 |
| Manki 1 Investments | 51,382 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 5/31/2027 | 50,605 | - | (8,966) | (2,977) | 38,662 |
| Pinnacle Towers | 8,422 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2027 | 8,717 | - | (8,717) | - | - |
| R&S Logistics (Sublease) | 234,260 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 3/31/2027 | 214,431 | - | (39,578) | - | 174,853 |
| Ricoh Americas | 6,342 | 3.88% | 8/1/2022 | 8/31/2025 | 219 | 6,342 | (1,907) | - | 4,654 |
| RJ Young Company | 8,625 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2026 | 6,592 | - | (2,113) | - | 4,479 |
| SBA Properties | 14,786 | 3.90% | 1/1/2023 | 12/31/2027 | - | 14,786 | (1,245) | - | 13,541 |
| White Realty | 5,554 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2041 | 5,554 | <u> </u> | (5,227) | (327) | |
| Total Lease Liabilities | | | | \$ | 295,449 | \$ 132,681 \$ | (84,064) | (3,304) | \$ 340,762 |

Insurance coverage is for KUB as a consolidated entity.

Crime

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$250,000 retention.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Covers KUB personnel appropriately authorized to make decisions on behalf of KUB (including but not limited to Commissioners, President and CEO, Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Directors) for wrongful acts. Limits of coverage - \$20,000,000; \$500,000 corporate deductible, \$0 individual deductible.

Employment Practices Liability

Coverage for costs related to actual or alleged employment practices violations for amounts exceeding specified amount (\$500,000). Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000.

Fiduciary

Covers losses resulting from wrongful acts related to KUB's Pension, 401(k), OPEB Trust funds, and Medical Plan. Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000; \$150,000 deductible.

Environmental and Pollution Legal Liability

Environmental and Pollution coverage for covered losses resulting from a pollution or environmental event. Limits of coverage - \$15,000,000.

Property Insurance

This coverage provides protection of KUB's property for fire, extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, and coverage on boilers and machinery. Also included are flood and earthquake damage and mechanical failure. Limits of coverage - \$250,000,000 per occurrence (subject to certain sub limits); \$2,500,000 deductible per occurrence.

Travel Accident

Covers losses related to employees' business travel. Limits of coverage - \$1,000,000 aggregate.

Excess Insurance for General Liability

As a governmental entity, KUB's liability is limited under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (TCA §29-20-403). Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$700,000 retention.

Excess Insurance for Workers' Compensation

Covers all losses exceeding specified amount per occurrence (\$1,000,000). Limits of coverage - Statutory; stop loss coverage applies for aggregate losses over \$5,000,000.

Employee Health Plan Stop Loss Coverage

KUB's employee health plan is self-funded. KUB has purchased stop loss insurance, which covers KUB's exposure to annual expenses for more than \$600,000 per individual participant.

Cyber Security Liability

Liability coverage resulting from losses related to a covered event such as data breaches, ransomware, regulatory fines, cyber extortion, business interruption and other cyber-related events. Limits of coverage - \$3,000,000; \$500,000 deductible.

| Rate Class | Base Charge | Number of Customers |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|
| Residential (G-2) | For the regular monthly billing period for the months of November to April, inclusive: Customer charge per month \$10.90 First 30 therms per month at \$0.9919 per therm Excess over 30 therms per month at \$0.7797 per therm For the regular monthly billing periods for the months of May to October, inclusive: Customer charge per month \$10.90 First 50 therms per month \$0.8132 per therm Excess over 50 therms per month at \$0.6946 per therm | 98,902 |
| Commercial (G-4) | Available to any commercial or industrial customer: Customer charge per month \$31.00 First 250 therms per month at \$0.9670 per therm Excess over 250 therms per month at \$.8479 per therm | 9,567 |
| Commercial (G-6) | Available to any commercial or industrial customer incurring a demand of twenty-seven therms or more during the current monthly billing period or during any of the eleven net preceding monthly billing periods. The net rate is the sum of the following demand and commodity charges: Customer charge: \$185.00 per month Demand charge: \$2.05 per therm of demand Commodity charge: First 30,000 therms per month at \$0.6046 per therm Excess over 30,000 therms per month at \$0.5066 per therm | 206 |
| Industrial (G-7) | Service under Rate Schedule G-7 shall be available to any customer who meets the following conditions: (a) Customer's annual Interruptible Gas use, on an actual or projected basis, shall not be less than 25,000 dekatherms; (b) Customer shall be permitted to purchase only one (1) dekatherm of Firm Gas under Rate Schedule G-7 for each two (2) dekatherms of Interruptible Gas which are purchased; (c) Customer must have standby equipment of sufficient capacity capable of providing the customer's normal gas service requirements for a period of five (5) working days without replenishment when Interruptible Gas is completely interrupted. Customer shall maintain such equipment ready for operation at any time and shall utilize a fuel other than gas furnished by KUB and shall be subject to periodic inspections by KUB to ensure compliance with this provision; and (d) KUB must determine that its existing distribution system facilities are adequate and available for the requested service. | 10 |

Number of Customers

Rate Class Base Charge

The net rate is the sum of the following demand and commodity charges:

Customer charge: \$575.00 per month

Demand charge: \$20.50 per month per dekatherm of demand Commodity charge: (a) Firm Gas - \$5.066 per dekatherm

(b) Interruptible Gas - (i) First 3,000 dekatherms per month at \$4.682 per dekatherm; excess of 3,000 to 20,000 dekatherms per month at \$4.059 per dekatherm; plus excess over 20,000 to 50,000 dekatherms per month at \$3.228 per dekatherm; excess over 50,000 dekatherms per month at \$2.948 per dekatherm

(c) Supplemental Gas - The Commodity Charge for Supplemental Gas shall be the total of:

(a) the cost per dekatherm to KUB for the applicable Day of acquiring Supplemental Gas on the open market, subject to the approval of the Customer to purchase Supplemental Gas at or above such price and (b) the costs incurred by KUB in transporting such Supplemental Gas via connecting pipelines to one or more of KUB's delivery points.

Transportation charge: \$2.449 per dekatherm for the first 3,000 dekatherms of gas Redelivered

plus Unauthorized Gas; plus \$1.826 per dekatherm for each dekatherm from

3,000 to and including 20,000 dekatherms of gas Redelivered plus Unauthorized Gas;

plus \$0.995 per dekatherm for each dekatherm from 20,000 to and including 50,000 dekatherms of gas Redelivered plus Unauthorized Gas; plus \$0.715 per

dekatherm for the excess over 50,000 dekatherms of gas Redelivered plus Unauthorized Gas.

Unauthorized \$25.00 Gas charge: cost p

\$25.00 per dekatherm of Unauthorized Gas as a penalty, plus the total of: (a) the cost per dekatherm of obtaining such gas on the open market as determined by the higher of (1) the applicable Gulf Coast Price Index for the applicable Day as published in *Gas Daily* or, if *Gas Daily* is no longer published, in a comparable reliable source for natural gas prices or (2) the applicable first of the month Gulf Coast Price Index as published in *Inside FERC*, or if *Inside FERC* is no longer published, in a comparable reliable source for natural gas prices and (b) the costs incurred by KUB in transporting such Unauthorized Gas via connecting pipelines to

one or more of KUB's delivery points.

| Rate Class | Base Charge | Number of Customers | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| G-11 | Service under Rate Schedule G-11 shall be available to any customer who meets the following conditions: (a) Customer's annual gas usage (excluding Firm Gas), on an actual or projected basis, shall not be less than 25,000 dekatherms; (b) Customer shall be permitted to purchase only one (1) dekatherm of Firm Gas under Rate Schedule G-11 for each two (2) dekatherms of Transport Gas delivered by KUB to the Customer; (c) Customer must have standby equipment of sufficient capacity capable of providing the customer's normal gas service requirements for a period of five (5) working days without replenishment when Transport Gas is completely interrupted. Customer shall maintain such equipment ready for operation at any time and shall utilize a fuel other than gas furnished by KUB and shall be subject to periodic inspections by KUB to ensure compliance with this provision; | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Customer's use under this rate shall not work a hardship on any other customers of KUB, nor adversely affect any other class of KUB's customers and further provided the Customer's use under this rate shall not adversely affect KUB's gas purchase plans and/or effective utilization of the daily demands under KUB's gas purchase contracts with its suppliers, as solely determined by KUB. (e) KUB must determine that its existing distribution system facilities are adequate and available for the requested service; and (f) Customer must execute a Transportation Service Agreement for interruptible transportation gas service. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | The net rate is the sum of the following charges: Customer charge: \$750.00 Demand charge: \$20.50 per dekatherm of demand Firm Gas charge: \$5.066 per dekatherm Transportation charge: \$2.449 per dekatherm for the first 3,000 dekatherms of non-Firm gas delivered to Customer; plus \$1.826 per dekatherm for each dekatherm from 3,000 to and including 20,000 dekatherms of non-Firm gas delivered to Customer; plus \$0.995 per dekatherm for each dekatherm from 20,000 to and including 50,000 dekatherms of non-Firm gas delivered to Customer; plus \$0.715 per dekatherm for the excess over 50,000 dekatherms of non-Firm gas delivered to Customer. | | | | | | | | | | |

Unauthorized \$25.00 per dekatherm of Unauthorized Gas as a penalty, plus (a), the total cost per

Gas charge: dekatherm of obtaining such gas on the open market, as defined below, plus (b), the

costs incurred by KUB in transporting such Unauthorized Gas via connecting pipelines to one or more of KUB's delivery points. The cost per dekatherm of obtaining such gas on the open market, (a) above, is defined as an index price based on the High Common price for "Transco zone 5 delivered" or "Tennessee 500 Leg," w hichever is higher for the applicable Day

as published in *Gas Daily*. If *Gas Daily* is no longer published, or one of the aforementioned indeces is not published, or for any other reason as determined by KUB, KUB will select an

industry recognized index at its sole discretion.

Other charges: Imbalance Charges, and any pipeline scheduling, balancing, transportation,

or other similar charges incurred by KUB in connection with the transportation of

gas on behalf of the Customer, as applicable.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Gas Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Gas Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Division's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Division's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Commissioners Gas Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Division's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023



Water Division

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information June 30, 2023 and 2022

KUB Board of Commissioners

Adrienne Simpson-Brown, Chair

Claudia Caballero

Cynthia Gibson Celeste Herbert

Tyvi Small, Vice Chair

Ron Feinbaum

Kathy Hamilton

Management

Gabriel Bolas II

President and Chief Executive Officer

Mark Walker

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Susan Edwards

Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer

Derwin Hagood

Senior Vice President of Operations

John Williams

Senior Vice President of Engineering & Construction

Jamie Davis

Vice President Fiber and Chief Technology Officer

Tiffany Martin

Vice President and Chief Customer Officer

John Gresham

Vice President of Operations

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division

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June 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Water Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Water Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Division and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Division adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Division's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Commissioners Water Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 26 and the required supplementary information on pages 64 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Board of Commissioners Water Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as required by the State of Tennessee, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Water Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Knoxville Utilities Board, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Division's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions. The Water Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and in two surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Water Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Division's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Division's financial activity, (c) identify major changes in the Division's financial position, and (d) identify any financial concerns.

The Division's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, activities, resulting changes, and current known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the Division's financial statements.

Water Division Highlights

System Highlights

KUB experienced normal operations this fiscal year. However, inflation had a significant impact to operating costs and capital projects. Supply chain issues improved throughout the year but impacted the timing of some capital projects in fiscal year 2023. KUB's ability to serve its water customers has remained strong.

KUB serves 82,799 water system customers over a 188 square mile service area. KUB maintains 1,412 miles of service mains, 28 storage facilities, 26 booster pump stations, and one treatment plant, which provided 12.7 billion gallons of water to KUB's water customers in fiscal year 2023. The average daily flow for fiscal year 2023 was 34.8 million gallons.

The water system has added 1,838 customers over the past three years representing annual growth of less than one percent. In fiscal year 2023, 689 customers were added.

The typical residential water customer's average monthly bill was \$30 as of June 30, 2023 (based on monthly use of 500 cubic feet or 3,740 gallons). The average monthly bill increased \$1.40 compared to the prior fiscal year, the result of the July 2022 water rate increase.

Water sales volumes have been impacted by more efficient appliances and the conservation efforts of customers. Based on historical trends, water sales volumes are anticipated to have an annual decline of less than one percent per year for residential and one percent for non-residential customers.

Century II Infrastructure Program

Century II is KUB's proactive long-range program to improve and maintain the electric, natural gas, water, and wastewater systems for its customers. It includes maintenance and asset replacement strategies for

each system and establishes sustainable replacement cycles. Century II moves KUB into its second century of service by improving each system through sound planning, resource allocation, and continued investment.

In May 2017, a new Century II funding resolution was adopted by the KUB Board to express the continued commitment to funding Century II programs for the next ten years. The funding will be achieved through a combination of rate increases and debt issues supplemented by cost savings and new revenue from net customer additions.

In June 2017, the Board approved three water rate increases to support the Century II program. The three approved water rate increases went into effect July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, generating \$3.1 million, \$3.1 million, and \$3.3 million in additional annual Water Division revenue, respectively.

In June 2021, the Board approved a 2 percent water rate increase effective in July 2021, generating \$1.1 million in additional annual Water Division revenue.

In June 2022, the Board approved the next phase of water rate increases to support the Century II program. The first of three approved 5 percent water rate increases went into effect July 2022, generating \$3.4 million of additional annual Water Division revenue. The remaining two rate increases are effective July 2023 and July 2024, and are expected to provide an additional \$3.4 million and \$3.6 million in annual Water Division revenue, respectively.

KUB remains on track with its Century II water system infrastructure program. In fiscal year 2023, KUB replaced 3.2 miles of galvanized water main and 5.2 miles of cast iron main while staying within the Water Division's total capital budget.

KUB is currently in the process of implementing a Water Plant Redundancy initiative to ensure that high quality, reliable water service will be provided to customers over the long term. KUB maintains a single water treatment plant for its system. In lieu of building a second treatment facility to ensure capacity will be available to meet the needs of current and future water customers, KUB will invest approximately \$161 million in various redundant facilities at the site of its existing Mark B. Whitaker Water Treatment Plant over a 16-year period that began in fiscal year 2017. Construction of a new generator building with three 2,500 kW diesel generators and associated switchgear was completed in fiscal year 2022 at the Mark B. Whitaker Water Treatment Plant.

Knox County has committed \$2.6 million in a Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC) non-competitive grant and \$10 million in direct American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding, and the City of Knoxville has committed \$7.5 million in a TDEC non-competitive grant and \$5 million in direct ARPA funding each for a total of \$25.1 million in grant money. The grants will be used to help fund KUB's new water filter project at its Mark B. Whitaker Water Treatment Plant. The project commenced in October 2022 and is projected to be completed by May 2025.

Financial Highlights

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), using a full retrospective approach. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (Statement No. 87) using a full retrospective approach. This statement requires a lessee to recognize an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information regarding leasing activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's net position increased \$13.1 million in fiscal year 2023, which was \$1.3 million lower than the prior fiscal year. Comparatively, net position increased \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2022.

Operating revenues increased \$4.1 million or 6.4 percent. This reflects an increase in billed sales of \$4.4 million, due to an increase in billed water sales volumes of 2.8 percent and additional revenue from a 5% rate increase effective in July 2022.

Operating expenses increased \$7.4 million or 16.7 percent. Operating and maintenance expenses (O&M) increased \$6.6 million compared to the prior year. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.6 million. Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.2 million higher than the prior year.

Interest income was \$1.2 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to rising interest rates throughout the year. Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million compared to the prior year.

Other income (net) was \$0.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to mark-to-market adjustments on investments.

Capital contributions were \$0.2 million lower than the prior fiscal year, the result of a decrease in assets contributed by developers.

Total plant assets (net) increased \$12.3 million or 3.3 percent, due to water main replacements, treatment plant improvements, and system improvements.

Long-term debt represented 43.6 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2023, as compared to 45.9 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (which includes the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 2.49. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 2.49.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's net position increased \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2022, which was \$5.5 million higher than the prior fiscal year. Comparatively, net position increased \$8.9 million in fiscal year 2021.

Operating revenues increased \$2.8 million or 4.5 percent. This reflects an increase in billed sales of \$2 million and an increase in other operating revenue of \$0.3 million. Billed water sales volumes increased 2.3 percent.

Operating expenses increased \$1.7 million or 3.9 percent. Operating and maintenance expenses (O&M) increased \$1.4 million compared to the prior year. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.2 million. Taxes and tax equivalents were consistent with the prior year.

Interest income was consistent with the prior fiscal year. Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million compared to the prior year.

Other expense (net) was \$3.4 million lower than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to prior fiscal year losses on disposal of property.

Capital contributions were \$0.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year, the result of an increase in assets contributed by developers.

Total plant assets (net) increased \$4.2 million or 1.1 percent, due to water main replacements, treatment plant improvements, and system improvements.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB sold \$14.9 million in water system revenue refunding bonds for the purpose of refinancing existing water system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$0.7 million over the life of the bonds (\$0.4 million on a net present value basis).

Long-term debt represented 45.9 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2022, as compared to 48.5 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (which includes the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 2.57. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 2.57.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division - Financial Statements

The Division's financial performance is reported under three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

Statement of Net Position

The Division reports its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the Statement of Net Position. Assets are classified as current, restricted, water plant in service, intangible, or other assets.

Liabilities are classified as current, other, or long-term debt. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net position tells the user what the Division has done with its accumulated earnings, not just the balance.

Net investment in capital assets reflects the book value of all capital assets and intangible assets, less lease and subscription liabilities and the outstanding balances of debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

Restricted net position are assets that have been limited to specific uses by the Division's bond covenants or through resolutions passed by the KUB Board.

Unrestricted net position is a residual classification; the amount remaining after reporting net position as either invested in capital or restricted is reported there.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Division reports its revenues and expenses (both operating and non-operating) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, any capital contributions or assets donated by developers are reported on this statement.

Total revenue less total expense equals the change in net position for the reporting period. Net position at the beginning of the period is increased or decreased, as applicable, by the change in net position for the reporting period.

The change in net position for the reporting period is added to the net position segment of the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Division reports cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital and related financing activities, and investing activities on the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement tells the user the Division's sources and uses of cash during the reporting period.

The statement indicates the Division's beginning cash balance and ending cash balance and how it was either increased or decreased during the reporting period.

The statement also reconciles cash flow to operating income as it appears on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the Water Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Net Position As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated | 2021 as restated |
|--|------------|--|---|---|
| Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets Capital assets, net Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 55,307 387,498 11,529 454,334 | \$ 70,798 375,152 4,559 450,509 | \$ 64,947 370,925 3,602 439,474 |
| Current and other liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 23,377 191,229 1,033 215,639 | 17,882 199,506 7,537 224,925 | 14,614 207,473 6,162 228,249 |
| Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position | \$ <u></u> | 192,819 2,492 43,384 238,695 | \$ 172,830 2,412 50,342 225,584 | \$ 161,248 2,145 47,832 211,225 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Net Position presentation:

- Change in net position (from Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position): impacts (increase/decrease) current and other assets and/or capital and intangible assets, and unrestricted net position.
- Issuing debt for capital: increases deferred outflows of resources and long-term debt.
- Spending debt proceeds on new capital: reduces current assets and increases capital assets.
- Spending of non-debt related current assets on new capital: (a) reduces current assets and increases
 capital assets, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital
 assets.
- Principal payment on debt: (a) reduces current and other assets and reduces long-term debt, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: reduces capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Impacts and Analysis

Current, Restricted, Intangible, and Other Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets decreased \$15.5 million or 21.9 percent. This decrease is primarily due to a \$10.7 million decrease in the actuarially determined net pension asset and a \$12.4 million decrease in general fund cash as offset by a \$7 million increase in accounts receivable.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets increased \$5.9 million or nine percent. This increase is primarily due to a \$4.8 million increase in the actuarially determined net pension asset.

Capital Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$12.3 million or 3.3 percent. Capital expenditures included \$9.6 million for water main replacement, \$6.4 million for water plant redundancy, \$3.3 million for system improvements, and \$1.8 million for services and extensions. During the fiscal year, \$2.2 million of water system assets were retired.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$4.2 million or 1.1 percent. Capital expenditures included \$6.8 million for water main replacement, \$2.7 million for system improvements, \$1.6 million for building improvements, and \$1.1 million for water plant redundancy. During the fiscal year, \$3.7 million of water system assets were retired.

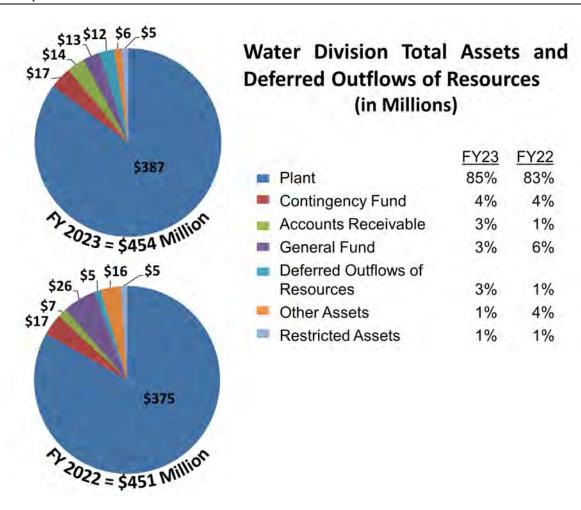
Deferred Outflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$7 million compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a \$7.2 million increase in pension outflow.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$1 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to a \$0.9 million increase in OPEB outflow and a \$0.2 million increase in pension outflow offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in unamortized bond refunding costs.



Current and Other Liabilities

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities increased \$5.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year. This increase reflects a \$3.9 million increase in the actuarially determined net pension liability, a \$0.8 million increase in payables, a \$0.3 million increase in the actuarially determined net OPEB liability, a \$0.2 million increase in accrued compensated absences, and a \$0.2 million increase in the current portion of revenue bonds.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current and other liabilities increased \$3.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year. This increase reflects a \$1.8 million increase in the actuarially determined net OPEB liability, a \$1 million increase in current and long-term subscription liability, a \$0.4 million increase in payables, and a \$0.4 million increase in the current portion of revenue bonds offset by a \$0.4 million decrease in accrued expenses.

Long-Term Debt

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Long-term debt decreased \$8.3 million or 4.1 percent. This decrease is the impact of the scheduled repayment of debt.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Long-term debt decreased \$8 million or 3.8 percent. This decrease is the impact of the scheduled repayment of debt. KUB also sold \$14.9 million in water system revenue refunding bonds April 2022 with a premium of \$0.4 million to refund \$15.1 million in outstanding debt, resulting in a reduction of principal of \$0.1 million.

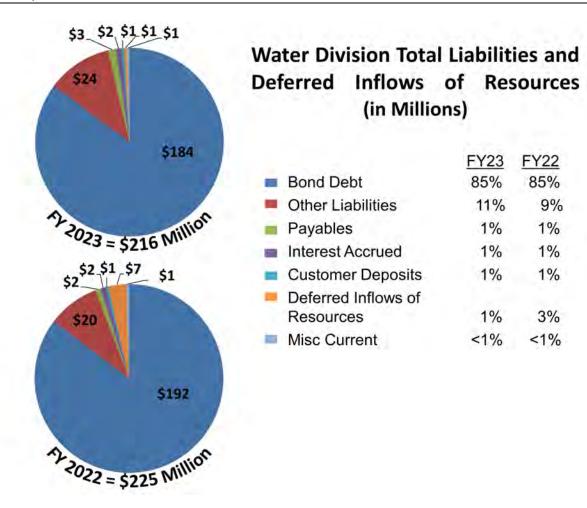
Deferred Inflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred inflows decreased \$6.5 million compared to the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a \$6.5 million decrease in pension inflow.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred inflows increased \$1.4 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to a \$2.3 million increase in pension inflow and a \$0.1 million increase in lease inflow offset by a \$1 million decrease in OPEB inflow.



Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Net position increased \$13.1 million in fiscal year 2023. Net investment in capital assets increased \$20 million, the result of \$12.3 million in net plant additions and a decrease in current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt of \$7.3 million. Restricted net position increased \$0.1 million, due to an increase in required bond fund reserves. Unrestricted net position decreased \$7 million, primarily due to changes in the pension and OPEB accruals for the fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Net position increased \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2022. Net investment in capital assets increased \$11.6 million, the result of \$4.2 million in net plant additions and a decrease in current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt of \$7.6 million. Restricted net position increased \$0.3 million, due to an increase in required bond fund reserves. Unrestricted net position increased \$2.5 million, primarily due to changes in the pension and OPEB accruals for the fiscal year.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Water Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | 2022 as restated | | 2021 as restated |
|---|--------------|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ 68,703 | \$ 64,558 | \$ | 61,799 |
| Operating expenses | | | | |
| Treatment | 5,453 | 4,570 | | 4,444 |
| Distribution | 17,466 | 16,764 | | 15,493 |
| Customer service | 1,739 | 1,821 | | 1,712 |
| Administrative and general | 9,807 | 4,732 | | 4,826 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 12,440 | 11,841 | | 11,602 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 4,717 | 4,508 | | 4,494 |
| Total operating expenses | 51,622 | 44,236 | | 42,571 |
| Operating income | 17,081 | 20,322 | • | 19,228 |
| Interest income | 1,362 | 180 | • | 144 |
| Interest expense | (6,644) | (6,945) | | (7,195) |
| Other income/(expense) | 447 | (242) | | (3,610) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 12,246 | 13,315 | | 8,567 |
| Capital Contributions | 865 | 1,044 | • | 321 |
| Change in net position | \$ 13,111 | \$ 14,359 | \$ | 8,888 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position presentation:

- Operating revenues are largely determined by the volumes of water sold during the fiscal year. Any change (increase/decrease) in retail water rates would also be a cause of change in operating revenue.
- Operating expenses (treatment, distribution, customer service, administrative and general) are normally impacted by changes in areas including, but not limited to, labor cost (staffing, wage rates), active employee and retiree medical costs, chemicals, and water system maintenance.
- Depreciation and amortization expense is impacted by intangible assets, plant additions, and retirements during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents are impacted by plant additions/retirements and changes in property tax rates.
- Interest income is impacted by the level of interest rates and investments.

- Interest expense on debt is impacted by the level of outstanding debt and the interest rates on the outstanding debt.
- Other income/(expense) is impacted by miscellaneous non-operating revenues and expenses.
- Capital contributions are impacted by a donation of facilities/infrastructure to KUB by developers and governmental agencies. The contributions are recognized as revenue and recorded as plant in service based on the fair market value of the asset(s).

Impacts and Analysis

Change in Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$13.1 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased by \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2022.

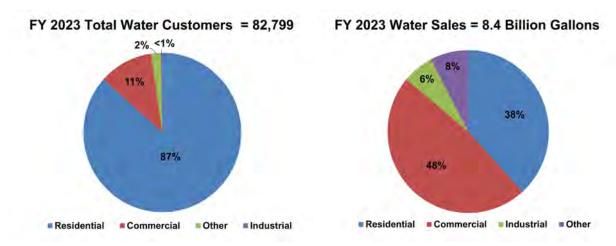
Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased by \$8.9 million in fiscal year 2021.

Margin from Sales

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating revenues increased \$4.1 million or 6.4 percent. This reflects an increase in billed sales of \$4.4 million, due to an increase in billed water sales volumes of 2.8 percent and additional revenue from a 5% rate increase effective in July 2022.



Residential customers represented 87 percent of water customers and accounted for 38 percent of water sales volumes for the year. Commercial and industrial customers accounted for the largest portion (54 percent) of total sales volumes during the year.

KUB's ten largest water customers accounted for 25 percent of KUB's billed water volumes. Those ten customers represent two industrial, six commercial, and two water utility districts. Within the top ten, seven governmental customers are represented.

KUB has added 1,838 water customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of less than one percent. Water system growth is up slightly due to increased new housing construction.

Residential water sales volumes increased three percent compared to the prior fiscal year.

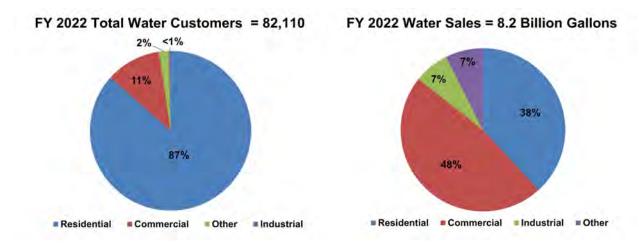
Commercial water sales volumes increased 3.6 percent compared to the prior year. Industrial sales volumes decreased 7.2 percent compared to the prior year.

Other water sales volumes (i.e., utility districts) were 6.1 percent higher than the prior year, primarily due to an increase in usage by Shady Grove Utility District.

Water consumption for the fiscal year was impacted by close to normal rainfall. Precipitation for the fiscal year was 1.7 percent lower than normal and one percent lower than the prior fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Operating revenues increased \$2.8 million or 4.5 percent. This reflects an increase in billed sales of \$2 million and an increase in other operating revenue of \$0.3 million. Billed water sales volumes increased 2.3 percent.



Residential customers represented 87 percent of water customers and accounted for 38 percent of water sales volumes for the year. Commercial and industrial customers accounted for the largest portion (55 percent) of total sales volumes during the year.

KUB's ten largest water customers accounted for 25 percent of KUB's billed water volumes. Those ten customers represent two industrial, six commercial, and two water utility districts. Within the top ten, seven governmental customers are represented.

KUB has added 1,661 water customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of less than one percent. Water system growth is up slightly due to increased new housing construction.

Residential water sales volumes decreased 1.7 percent compared to the prior fiscal year.

Commercial water sales volumes increased 4.7 percent compared to the prior year. Industrial sales volumes increased 3.7 percent compared to the prior year.

Other water sales volumes (i.e., utility districts) were 7.3 percent higher than the prior year, primarily due to an increase in usage by the City of Dandridge.

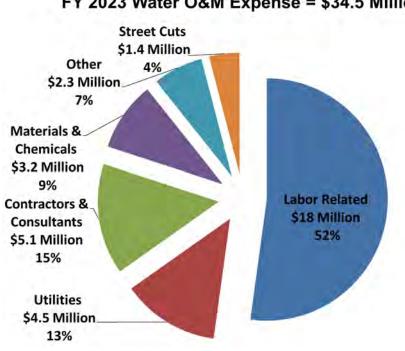
Water consumption for the fiscal year was impacted by close to normal rainfall. Precipitation for the fiscal year was 0.7 percent lower than normal and 3.2 percent higher than the prior fiscal year.

Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating expenses increased \$7.4 million or 16.7 percent. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as treatment, distribution, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Treatment expenses were \$0.9 million or 19.3 percent higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in chemical expenses.
- Distribution expenses were \$0.7 million or 4.2 percent higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in utilities and labor-related expenses.
- Customer service expenses were \$0.1 million lower than the prior fiscal year.
- Administrative and general expenses were \$5.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year. primarily due to labor-related expenses, driven by higher pension expenses resulting from investment losses.



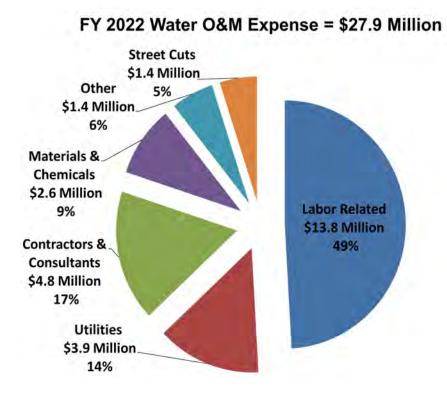
FY 2023 Water O&M Expense = \$34.5 Million

- Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.6 million. KUB added \$14.2 million in assets during fiscal year 2023. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded on these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$35.4 million in assets placed in service during fiscal year 2022. In addition, \$2.2 million of assets were retired in fiscal year 2023.
- Taxes and tax equivalents were \$0.2 million higher than the prior fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

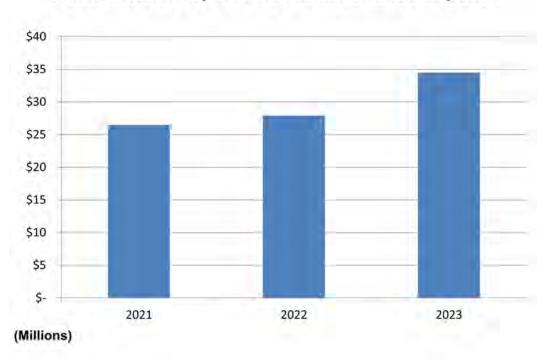
Operating expenses increased \$1.7 million or four percent. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as treatment, distribution, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Treatment expenses were \$0.1 million or 2.8 percent higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in chemical expenses.
- Distribution expenses were \$1.3 million or 8.2 percent higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase in outside contractor and consultant costs.
- Customer service expenses were \$0.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year, primary due to increased payment processing fees.
- Administrative and general expenses were consistent with the prior fiscal year.



- Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.2 million. KUB added \$35.4 million in assets during fiscal year 2022. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded on these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$22.9 million in assets placed in service during fiscal year 2021. In addition, \$3.7 million of assets were retired in fiscal year 2022.
- Taxes and tax equivalents were consistent with the prior fiscal year.

Water Division Operation & Maintenance Expense



Other Income and Expense

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income was \$1.2 million higher than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million compared to the previous fiscal year.

Other income (net) was \$0.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to mark-to-market adjustments on investments.

Capital contributions decreased \$0.2 million, the result of a decrease in donated utility assets from developers compared to the previous fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Interest income was consistent with the prior fiscal year.

Interest expense decreased \$0.3 million, reflecting savings on refunding of outstanding bonds.

Other expense (net) was \$3.4 million lower than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to prior fiscal year losses on disposal of property.

Capital contributions increased \$0.7 million, the result of an increase in donated utility assets from developers compared to the previous fiscal year.

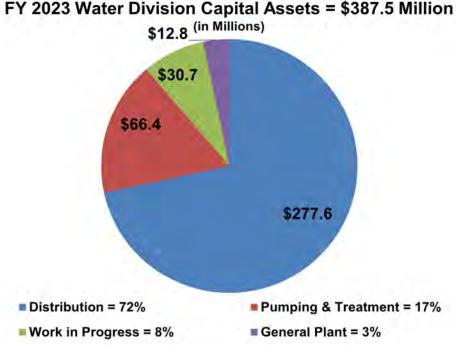
Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | | | 2022 | | 2021 | | |
|--|------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|
| Production Plant Pumping & Treatment Plant | \$ | 6 66.371 | \$ | 6 67,457 | \$ | 7 53,200 | | |
| Distribution Plant | | ,- | | - , - | | , | | |
| Distribution Mains | \$ | 191,223 | \$ | 185,225 | \$ | 177,805 | | |
| Transmission Mains | | 35,977 | | 36,736 | | 35,924 | | |
| Services & Meters | | 36,706 | | 37,977 | | 37,244 | | |
| Other Accounts | | 13,689 | _ | 13,920 | | 13,287 | | |
| Total Distribution Plant | - | 277,595 | | 273,858 | _ | 264,260 | | |
| Total General Plant | \$ | 12,792 | \$ | 14,120 | \$ | 14,811 | | |
| Total Water Plant | - | 356,764 | | 355,441 | | 332,278 | | |
| Work In Progress | _ | 30,734 | | 19,711 | | 38,647 | | |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 387,498 | \$ | 375,152 | \$ | 370,925 | | |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$387.5 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represented a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$12.3 million or 3.3 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.

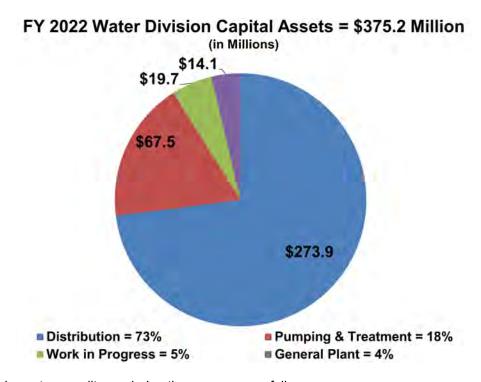


Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

- \$9.6 million for galvanized and cast-iron water main replacement
- \$6.4 million for water plant redundancy
- \$3.3 million for system improvements
- \$1.8 million for services and extensions

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$375.2 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represented a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$4.3 million or 1.1 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.



Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

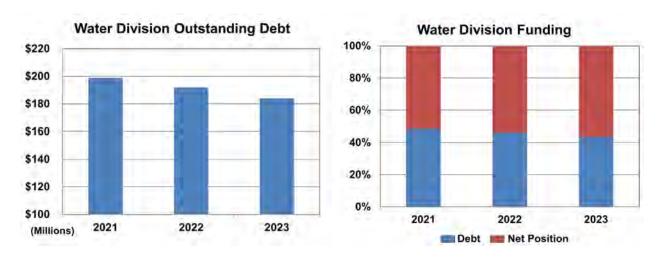
- \$6.8 million for galvanized and cast-iron water main replacement
- \$2.7 million for system improvements
- \$1.6 million for building improvements
- \$1.1 million for water plant redundancy

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2023, the Water Division had \$184.3 million in outstanding water system bonds. The bonds are secured solely by revenues of the Water Division. Debt as a percentage of the Division's capital structure was 43.6 percent in 2023, 45.9 percent in 2022, and 48.5 percent in 2021. KUB's Debt Management Policy limits the Division's debt ratio to 50 percent or less.

Outstanding Debt As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue bonds | \$ 184,265 | \$ 191,540 | \$ 198,600 |
| Total outstanding debt | \$ 184,265 | \$ 191,540 | \$ 198,600 |



The Division will pay \$87.8 million in principal payments over the next ten years, representing 47.6 percent of the outstanding bonds. KUB's Debt Management Policy requires a minimum of 30 percent of water debt principal be repaid over the next ten years.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$184.3 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing a decrease of \$7.2 million or 3.8 percent. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's weighted average cost of debt was 3.46 percent.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aa1 by Moody's Investors Service. The Standard and Poor's water rating represents the highest credit rating available from Standard and Poor's.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$191.5 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing a decrease of \$7.1 million or 3.6 percent. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's weighted average cost of debt was 3.50 percent.

KUB sold \$14.9 million in water system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of refinancing existing water system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$0.7 million over the life of the bonds (\$0.4 million on a net present value basis). The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.52 percent. The bonds have a final maturity in fiscal year 2045.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aa1 by Moody's Investors Service. The Standard and Poor's water rating represents the highest credit rating available from Standard and Poor's.

Impacts on Future Financial Position

KUB anticipates adding 400 additional water system customers during fiscal year 2024.

In May 2023, the Board approved the issuance of water system revenue bonds not to exceed \$20 million for the purpose of funding water system capital improvements. The bonds will be sold through a competitive bidding process during fiscal year 2024.

The Pension Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,108,147 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Water Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2023, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$2,210,234 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Water Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2024, measurement date. For the Plan year beginning January 1, 2023, the Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 106.88 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 91.43 percent.

The OPEB Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,187,768 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Water Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2024, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,279,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Water Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2025, measurement date. The Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 92.14 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 79.62 percent.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB No. 62*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

No other facts, decisions, or conditions are currently known which would have a significant impact on the Division's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2023.

Financial Contact

The Division's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the Division's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal

years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. If you have questions about the statements or need additional financial information, contact KUB's Chief Financial Officer at 445 South Gay Street, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$13,442,541 \$25,868,356 Short-term contingency fund investments 13,407,017 5,916,950 Other current assets 198,638 191,494 Accrued interest receivable 27,679 4,575 Accounts receivable, less allowance of uncollectible accounts of \$50,504 in 2023 and \$59,861 in 2022 13,746,679 6,722,970 Current portion of lease receivable 67,564 62,654 Inventories 2,489,997 1,835,872 Prepaid expenses 55,872 57,447 Total current assets 43,435,987 40,660,318 Total current assets 43,435,987 40,660,318 Total current assets 4,617,273 4,534,207 Total restricted assets: 4,617,470 4,534,404 Total restricted assets 51,223,177 499,261,143 Total restricted depreciation (154,459,484) (143,819,803) 355,441,340 Total restricted depreciation (154,459,484) (143,819,803) 48,205 Total restricted in progress 30,081,120 19,562,758 Total restricted in progress 4,617,476 1,747,485 Total restricted in progress 4,617,476 1,747,485 Total restricted asset 4,74,487 4, | | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated | | |
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| Long-term contingency fund investments 3,903,648 11,271,310 Long-term lease receivable 475,467 491,171 Other 2,023,717 2,163,386 Total other assets 6,402,832 24,586,111 Total assets 442,804,933 445,950,571 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | | | | | | | |
| Long-term lease receivable 475,467 491,171 Other 2,023,717 2,163,386 Total other assets 6,402,832 24,586,111 Total assets 442,804,933 445,950,571 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | | | - | | | | |
| Other 2,023,717 2,163,386 Total other assets 6,402,832 24,586,111 Total assets 442,804,933 445,950,571 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | | | | | · · | | |
| Total other assets 6,402,832 24,586,111 Total assets 442,804,933 445,950,571 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | <u> </u> | | | | · | | |
| Total assets 442,804,933 445,950,571 Deferred outflows of resources: Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | | _ | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources: 8,478,956 1,303,144 Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | | _ | | | | | |
| Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | Total assets | - | 442,804,933 | | 445,950,571 | | |
| Pension outflow 8,478,956 1,303,144 OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | Deferred outflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| OPEB outflow 900,112 889,102 Unamortized bond refunding costs 2,149,456 2,366,630 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | Pension outflow | | 8,478,956 | | 1,303,144 | | |
| Unamortized bond refunding costs2,149,4562,366,630Total deferred outflows of resources11,528,5244,558,876 | OPEB outflow | | | | | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources 11,528,524 4,558,876 | Unamortized bond refunding costs | | , | | | | |
| | | - | | - | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 454,333,457 | \$ | 450,509,447 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|----|-------------|----|---------------------|
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Current portion of revenue bonds | \$ | 7,475,000 | \$ | 7,275,000 |
| Current portion of lease liability | | 12,750 | | 22,779 |
| Current portion of subscription liability | | 180,818 | | 172,230 |
| Sales tax collections payable | | 393,587 | | 367,826 |
| Accounts payable | | 2,660,028 | | 1,820,776 |
| Accrued expenses | | 607,268 | | 506,023 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 1,176,158 | | 1,119,667 |
| Accrued interest on revenue bonds | _ | 2,125,507 | | 2,122,441 |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 14,631,116 | | 13,406,742 |
| Other liabilities: | | | | |
| Accrued compensated absences | | 1,943,196 | | 1,734,465 |
| Customer advances for construction | | 117,395 | | 25,779 |
| Lease liability | | 46,664 | | 39,176 |
| Subscription liability | | 611,037 | | 783,478 |
| Net pension liability | | 3,880,967 | | - |
| Net OPEB liability | | 2,123,214 | | 1,838,331 |
| Other | _ | 23,216 | | 55,082 |
| Total other liabilities | - | 8,745,689 | - | 4,476,311 |
| Long-term debt: | | | | |
| Water revenue bonds | | 176,790,000 | | 184,265,000 |
| Unamortized premiums/discounts | | 14,439,030 | | 15,240,672 |
| Total long-term debt | _ | 191,229,030 | | 199,505,672 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 214,605,835 | | 217,388,725 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | |
| Pension inflow | | 513,442 | | 6,992,236 |
| Lease inflow | _ | 519,711 | | 544,535 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 1,033,153 | | 7,536,771 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | _ | 215,638,988 | | 224,925,496 |
| Net position | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: | | 192,818,920 | | 172,829,853 |
| Debt service | | 2,491,766 | | 2,411,766 |
| Other | | 197 | | 197 |
| Unrestricted | | 43,383,586 | | 50,342,135 |
| Total net position | _ | 238,694,469 | • | 225,583,951 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position | \$ | 454,333,457 | \$ | 450,509,447 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | а | 2022 s restated |
|---|-------------|----|--------------------|
| Operating revenues \$ | 68,702,749 | \$ | 64,558,346 |
| Operating expenses | | • | |
| Treatment | 5,453,159 | | 4,570,431 |
| Distribution | 17,465,753 | | 16,763,904 |
| Customer service | 1,739,250 | | 1,820,874 |
| Administrative and general | 9,806,790 | | 4,731,941 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 12,439,495 | | 11,840,748 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 4,717,414 | | 4,507,469 |
| Total operating expenses | 51,621,861 | | 44,235,367 |
| Operating income | 17,080,888 | | 20,322,979 |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | | <u> </u> |
| Contributions in aid of construction | 7,972,512 | | 1,185,417 |
| Interest income | 1,361,782 | | 179,724 |
| Interest expense | (6,644,158) | | (6,944,930) |
| Amortization of debt costs | 460,382 | | 456,331 |
| Write-down of plant for costs recovered through contributions | (7,972,512) | | (1,185,417) |
| Other | (13,484) | | (698,477) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | (4,835,478) | | (7,007,352) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 12,245,410 | · | 13,315,627 |
| Capital contributions | 865,108 | | 1,043,657 |
| Change in net position | 13,110,518 | | 14,359,284 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 225,583,951 | | 211,224,667 |
| Net position, end of year \$ | 238,694,469 | \$ | 225,583,951 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|------------------|----|---------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Cash receipts from customers | \$ 67,223,999 | \$ | 63,166,718 |
| Cash receipts from other operations | 1,106,564 | | 2,282,548 |
| Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services | (20,821,404) | | (18,575,898) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | (13,278,265) | | (12,968,265) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | (3,646,197) | | (3,446,015) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 30,584,697 | _ | 30,459,088 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | |
| Principal paid on revenue bonds | (7,275,000) | | (6,925,000) |
| Interest paid on revenue bonds | (6,603,353) | | (6,964,992) |
| Acquisition and construction of water plant | (38,223,415) | | (16,608,149) |
| Changes in water bond fund, restricted | (83,066) | | (246,604) |
| Customer advances for construction | 91,616 | | 25,779 |
| Proceeds received on disposal of plant | 2,933 | | 9,976 |
| Principal paid on lease liabilities | (28,570) | | (57,076) |
| Principal paid on subscription liabilities | (172,230) | | (165,294) |
| Interest paid on lease and subscription liabilities | (37,739) | | (45,283) |
| Cash received from developers and individuals for capital purposes | 7,972,512 | | 1,185,417 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | (44,356,312) | _ | (29,791,226) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Purchase of investment securities | (6,000,000) | | (6,706,232) |
| Maturities of investment securities | 6,000,000 | | 6,706,232 |
| Interest received | 1,318,996 | | 175,273 |
| Other property and investments | 26,804 | | 260 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 1,345,800 | | 175,533 |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | (12,425,815) | | 843,395 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 25,868,356 | _ | 25,024,961 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ 13,442,541 | \$ | 25,868,356 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities | | | |
| Operating income | \$ 17,080,888 | \$ | 20,322,979 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | | | |
| provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 12,963,821 | | 12,404,891 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (1,165,549) | | (310,240) |
| Lease receivable | 10,794 | | (129,630) |
| Inventories | (654, 125) | | (106,132) |
| Prepaid expenses | 1,575 | | (16,518) |
| Other assets | 8,442 | | 108,095 |
| Sales tax collections payable | 25,761 | | 4,348 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 2,288,464 | | (1,974,735) |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | 56,491 | | 142,706 |
| Other liabilities | (31,865) | | 13,324 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 30,584,697 | \$ | 30,459,088 |
| Noncash capital activities: | | | |
| Acquisition of plant assets through developer contributions | \$ 865,108 | \$ | 1,043,657 |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability | \$ 22,725 | \$ | 57,819 |
| Record intangible subscription asset and subscription liability | \$ 8,377 | \$ | 1,121,002 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

1. Description of Business

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. The Water Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and in two surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Water Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

In conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), KUB follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement No. 34), Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 (Statement No. 63), Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position. Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. Under Statement No. 63, financial statements include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities, and report net position instead of net assets. In addition, KUB follows GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, as it relates to certain items for regulatory accounting. Regulatory accounting allows a regulated utility to defer a cost (a regulatory asset) or recognize an obligation (a regulatory liability) if it is probable that through the rate making process, there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Accordingly, KUB has recognized certain regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Division is determined by measurement focus. The transactions of the Division are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital activity and debt service, and unrestricted components.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91 (Statement No. 91), *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

In March 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 94 (Statement No. 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter in PPPs and APAs. Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96 (Statement No. 96), Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement is reflected on KUB's financial statements.

Water Plant

Water plant and other property are stated on the basis of original cost. The cost of current repairs and minor replacements is charged to operating expense. The cost of renewals and improvements is capitalized. The original cost of utility plant assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. When other property is retired, the related asset and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

The provision for depreciation of water plant in service is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to sixty-seven years, and is computed using the straight-line method. Pursuant to NARUC, the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position does not include depreciation for transportation equipment of \$524,326 in fiscal year 2023 and \$564,143 in fiscal year 2022.

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue consists primarily of charges for services provided by the principal operations of the KUB Water Division. Operating revenue is recorded when the service is rendered, on a cycle basis, and includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Revenues are reported net of bad debt expense of \$170,632 in fiscal year 2023 and \$147,737 in fiscal year 2022.

Non-operating Revenue

Non-operating revenue consists of revenues that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Expense

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available, it is KUB's policy to apply those expenses to restricted net assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted net assets.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, net position-restricted, and net position-unrestricted.

These classifications are defined as follows:

 Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, lease

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

and subscription liabilities, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

- Net position-restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
 by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability
 relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the
 recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Net position-unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets, deferred
 outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the
 determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Contributions in Aid of Construction and Capital Contributions

Contributions in aid of construction are cash collections from customers, grantors, or others for a particular purpose, generally the construction of new facilities to serve new customers in excess of the investment KUB is willing to make for a particular incremental revenue source. KUB reduces the plant account balances to which contributions relate by the actual amount of the contribution and recognizes the contributions as non-operating revenue in accordance with Statement No. 62.

Capital contributions represent contributions of utility plant infrastructure constructed by developers and others in industrial parks and other developments and transferred to KUB upon completion of construction and the initiation of utility service. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, such contributions are recognized as revenues and capital assets upon receipt.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting of plant materials and operating supplies, are valued at the lower of average cost or replacement value.

OPEB Trust

KUB's OPEB Trust was established by KUB's Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to include two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions, which are determined by actuarial valuation. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, KUB measures net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a June 30, 2023, and 2022, measurement date, respectively. The net OPEB liability is \$12,930,655 (Division's share \$2,123,214) as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 (Division's share \$1,838,331) as of June 30, 2022.

Pension Plan and Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

KUB's employees are participants in the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J) (Note 12). KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions. As required by GASB Statement No. 68, KUB measures net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$3,880,968) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$10,660,244) as of June 30, 2022.

KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB (Note 13). As required by GASB Statement No. 73, KUB measures the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices at the reporting date.

Self-Insurance

KUB has established self-insurance programs covering portions of workers' compensation, employee health, environmental liability, general liability, property and casualty liability, and automobile liability claims. A liability is accrued for claims as they are incurred. When applicable, claims in excess of the self-insured risk are covered by KUB's insurance carrier. Additionally, KUB provides certain lifetime health benefits to eligible retired employees under a self-insurance plan administered by a third party.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that KUB believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, future events are subject to change and the best estimates and judgments routinely require adjustment. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, inventory valuation, allowance for uncollectible accounts, depreciable lives of plant assets, unbilled revenue volumes, pension trust valuations, OPEB trust valuations, insurance liability reserves, and potential losses from contingencies and litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Certain assets are restricted by bond resolutions for the construction of utility plant and debt repayment. Certain additional assets are designated by management for contingency purposes and economic development.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, KUB considers all unrestricted and undesignated highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Leases

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. KUB also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease office space or property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the non-cancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a subscription-based information technology arrangement (subscription) at contract inception and recognizes an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability at the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The subscription term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription that KUB is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription controlled by the vendor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscriptions. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. Deferred inflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows of resources also include employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period in accordance with Statement No. 71. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and OPEB plan investments, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions in accordance with Statements No. 68, 73, and 75. Deferred inflows are also recorded at the commencement of the lease term and recognized as revenue over the course of the lease in accordance with Statement No. 87.

Debt Premium/Discount

KUB records unamortized premium and discount on debt as a separate line item in the Long-Term Debt section of the Financial Statements. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Debt Issuance Costs

In accordance with regulatory accounting, KUB records debt issuance costs as an Other Asset. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Deferred Gain/Loss on Refunding of Debt

KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Compensated Absences

KUB accrues a liability for earned but unpaid paid time off (PTO) days.

Restatement for GASB 96

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96) using a full retrospective approach. GASB 96 requires the recognition of an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability, thereby enhancing the relevance and reliability of information regarding subscription activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

As a result of adopting GASB 96, as of June 30, 2022, KUB's Water Division recorded total subscription assets of \$1,124,538 with accumulated amortization of \$168,830 and recognized total subscription liabilities of \$955,708 (\$172,230 current). KUB's Water Division also reclassified \$210,294 from administrative and general expense to \$168,830 as amortization expense and \$41,464 as interest expense.

Additional disclosures, as well as other reclassifications in the statement of cash flows, also resulted from the adoption of GASB 96.

Subsequent Events

KUB has evaluated events and transactions through October 31, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 99 (Statement No. 99), *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Paragraphs 26-32 were effective immediately. Paragraphs 11-25 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 100 (Statement No. 100), *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101 (Statement No. 101), *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

KUB follows the provisions of Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for state and local governments related to deposit and investment risks. KUB classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

KUB's investment policy provides the framework for the administration and investment of cash deposits. The investment policy follows Tennessee State law and defines the parameters under which KUB funds should be invested. State law authorizes KUB to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. KUB's primary investment objectives are to place investments in a manner to ensure the preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements, and maximize yield of return. KUB minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by adhering to Tennessee State law requirements for the investment of public funds. This includes limiting investments to those types described above and limiting maturity horizons. The maximum maturity is four years from the date of investment. KUB also limits its exposure by holding investments to maturity unless cash flow requirements dictate otherwise.

Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy, as required by state law, is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable income to be derived, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Custodial Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy limits exposure to custodial credit risk by restricting investments to a standard set forth by state law. All deposits in excess of federal depository insurance limits are collateralized with government securities held in KUB's name by a third-party custodian bank(s) acting as KUB's agent(s), or through the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. Financial institutions that participate in the collateral pool are subject to special assessment; therefore, the deposits are considered insured. A portion of KUB's investments is generally held in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is a part of the State Pooled Investment Fund and is sponsored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department. Tennessee Code Annotated ¶9-4-701 et seq. authorizes local governments to invest in the LGIP. None of KUB's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments per Statement of Net Position:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|---|------------|------------------|
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ | ; | 13,442,541 | \$ 25,868,356 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | | 13,400,921 | 5,916,898 |
| Other assets | | | |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | | 3,861,134 | 11,248,477 |
| Restricted assets | | | |
| Water bond fund | | 4,617,273 | 4,534,207 |
| Other funds | | 197 | 197 |
| \$ | | 35,322,066 | \$ 47,568,135 |

The above amounts do not include accrued interest of \$48,610 in fiscal year 2023 and \$22,885 in fiscal year 2022. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis.

Investments and maturities of KUB's deposits and investments as held by financial institutions as of June 30, 2023:

| | Deposit and Investment Maturities (in Years) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------|-----|---------------|---|-----------|--|--|
| | | Fair | | Less | | | | |
| | | Value | | Than 1 | | 1-5 | | |
| Supersweep NOW and Other Deposits | \$ | 13,939,092 | \$ | 13,939,092 \$ | ; | - | | |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool | | 4,059,774 | | 4,059,774 | | - | | |
| Agency Bonds | | 17,196,538 | | 13,335,404 | | 3,861,134 | | |
| Certificates of Deposits | | 622,917 | _ | 622,917 | | <u>-</u> | | |
| | \$ | 35,818,321 | \$_ | 31,957,187 \$ | · | 3,861,134 | | |

KUB categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset with a maturity at purchase of greater than one year. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Division has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

• U.S. Agency bonds of \$3,861,134, which have a maturity at purchase of greater than one year, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

KUB measures investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less at amortized cost, which is considered a fair value equivalent due to their nature. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are measured at net asset value (NAV) per share.

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Wholesale and retail customers | | |
| Billed services | \$ 4,378,476 | \$ 4,137,208 |
| Unbilled services | 2,400,039 | 2,440,558 |
| Other | 7,028,668 | 205,065 |
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (60,504) | (59,861) |
| | \$ 13,746,679 | \$ 6,722,970 |

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals

Accounts payable and accruals consist of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Trade accounts | \$ 2,660,028 | \$ 1,820,776 |
| Salaries and wages | 270,359 | 213,234 |
| Self-insurance liabilities | 336,909 | 292,789 |
| | \$ 3,267,296 | \$ 2,326,799 |

6. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt consists of the following:

| Water | Balance June 30, 2022 | Additions | | Payments | | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2023 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|----------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| BB-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% \$ | 18,075,000 \$ | _ | \$ | 1,050,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | 17,025,000 | \$ | 1,110,000 |
| CC-2015 - 2.0 - 4.0% | 2,050,000 | _ | • | 475,000 | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 1,575,000 | Ψ | 500,000 |
| DD-2016 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 22,100,000 | _ | | 625,000 | | _ | | 21,475,000 | | 650,000 |
| EE-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 17,185,000 | _ | | 1,315,000 | | _ | | 15,870,000 | | 1,380,000 |
| FF-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 2,895,000 | - | | 530,000 | | - | | 2,365,000 | | 550,000 |
| GG-2017 - 2.125 - 5.0% | 18,170,000 | - | | 460,000 | | - | | 17,710,000 | | 485,000 |
| HH-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 18,285,000 | - | | 430,000 | | - | | 17,855,000 | | 440,000 |
| II-2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 18,850,000 | - | | 400,000 | | - | | 18,450,000 | | 420,000 |
| JJ-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 18,395,000 | - | | 445,000 | | - | | 17,950,000 | | 445,000 |
| KK-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 8,665,000 | - | | 180,000 | | - | | 8,485,000 | | 190,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | 31,955,000 | - | | 1,265,000 | | - | | 30,690,000 | | 1,305,000 |
| MM-2022 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 14,915,000 | - | | 100,000 | | - | | 14,815,000 | | |
| Total bonds \$_ | 191,540,000 \$ | - | \$ | 7,275,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 184,265,000 | \$ | 7,475,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | 15,240,672 | - | | 801,642 | _ | - | | 14,439,030 | _ | - |
| Total long term debt \$_ | 206,780,672 \$ | - | \$ | 8,076,642 | \$ | - | \$ | 198,704,030 | \$ | 7,475,000 |

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | | Payments | | Defeased | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|----|-----------|-----|---------------|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| Water | 40.075.000.0 | | Φ. | 4 000 000 | • | • | 40.075.000 | • | 4 050 000 |
| BB-2015 - 2.0 - 5.0% \$ | 19,075,000 \$ | - | \$ | 1,000,000 | \$ | - \$ | 18,075,000 | \$ | 1,050,000 |
| CC-2015 - 2.0 - 4.0% | 17,575,000 | - | | 475,000 | | 15,050,000 | 2,050,000 | | 475,000 |
| DD-2016 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 22,675,000 | - | | 575,000 | | - | 22,100,000 | | 625,000 |
| EE-2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 18,430,000 | - | | 1,245,000 | | - | 17,185,000 | | 1,315,000 |
| FF-2017 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 3,405,000 | - | | 510,000 | | - | 2,895,000 | | 530,000 |
| GG-2017 - 2.125 - 5.0% | 18,610,000 | - | | 440,000 | | - | 18,170,000 | | 460,000 |
| HH-2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 18,695,000 | - | | 410,000 | | - | 18,285,000 | | 430,000 |
| II-2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 19,230,000 | - | | 380,000 | | - | 18,850,000 | | 400,000 |
| JJ-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 18,890,000 | - | | 495,000 | | - | 18,395,000 | | 445,000 |
| KK-2020 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 8,835,000 | - | | 170,000 | | - | 8,665,000 | | 180,000 |
| LL-2021 - 4.0 - 5.0% | 33,180,000 | - | | 1,225,000 | | - | 31,955,000 | | 1,265,000 |
| MM-2022 - 3.0 - 5.0% _ | | 14,915,000 | | - | | | 14,915,000 | | 100,000 |
| Total bonds \$_ | 198,600,000 \$ | 14,915,000 | \$ | 6,925,000 | \$ | 15,050,000 \$ | 191,540,000 | \$ | 7,275,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | 15,798,371 | 448,952 | | 788,056 | | 218,595 | 15,240,672 | | - |
| Total long term debt \$_ | 214,398,371 \$ | 15,363,952 | \$ | 7,713,056 | \$. | 15,268,595 \$ | 206,780,672 | \$_ | 7,275,000 |

Debt service over remaining term of the debt is as follows:

| Fiscal | | То | Grand | | | |
|-------------|----|-------------|-------|------------|----|-------------|
| Year | | Principal | | Interest | | Total |
| 2024 | \$ | 7,475,000 | \$ | 6,376,518 | \$ | 13,851,518 |
| 2025 | | 7,785,000 | | 6,057,920 | | 13,842,920 |
| 2026 | | 8,070,000 | | 5,761,745 | | 13,831,745 |
| 2027 | | 8,305,000 | | 5,461,631 | | 13,766,631 |
| 2028 | | 8,635,000 | | 5,136,907 | | 13,771,907 |
| 2029 - 2033 | | 47,505,000 | | 20,687,189 | | 68,192,189 |
| 2034 - 2038 | | 36,640,000 | | 13,565,613 | | 50,205,613 |
| 2039 - 2043 | | 35,110,000 | | 7,500,616 | | 42,610,616 |
| 2044 - 2048 | | 22,825,000 | | 2,148,164 | | 24,973,164 |
| 2049 - 2050 | - | 1,915,000 | - | 71,100 | | 1,986,100 |
| Total | \$ | 184,265,000 | \$ | 72,767,403 | \$ | 257,032,403 |

The Division has pledged sufficient revenue, after deduction of all current operating expenses (exclusive of tax equivalents), to meet bond principal and interest payments when due. The requirements for the bonds are being met through monthly deposits to the Water Bond Fund, as required by the bond covenants. As of June 30, 2023, these bond covenants had been satisfied.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB's Water Division issued Series MM 2022 bonds to retire a portion of outstanding Series CC 2015 bonds. On May 13, 2022, \$14.9 million in revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.6 percent were issued to currently refund \$15.1 million of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.9 percent. The net proceeds of \$15.2 million (after payment of \$0.3 million in issuance costs plus premium of \$0.4 million and an additional issuer equity contribution of \$0.1 million) were used to refund the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be refunded and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. This refunding decreased total debt service payments over the life of the debt by \$0.7

million, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$0.4 million.

Other liabilities consist of the following:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|---------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------|----|-------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Accrued compensated | | | | | | | |
| absences | \$ | 1,734,465 | \$ 3,507,241 | \$ | (3,298,510) | \$ | 1,943,196 |
| Customer advances | | | | | | | |
| for construction | | 25,779 | 91,616 | | - | | 117,395 |
| Other | | 55,082 | 51,532 | _ | (83,398) | _ | 23,216 |
| | \$_ | 1,815,326 | \$ 3,650,389 | \$ | (3,381,908) | \$ _ | 2,083,807 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Accrued compensated | | | | | | | |
| absences | \$ | 1,759,025 | \$ 3,534,903 | \$ | (3,559,463) | \$ | 1,734,465 |
| Customer advances | | | | | | | |
| for construction | | | 25,779 | | _ | | 25,779 |
| | | - | 20,110 | | | | 20,110 |
| Other | _ | 41,758 | 76,367 | | (63,043) | _ | 55,082 |

7. Lease Receivables

KUB, as lessor, leases office space under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to ten years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain leases contain an option to renew that has been considered in the lease receivable when the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option. KUB recognized lease revenue, which is included in other operating revenues, of \$77,165 in 2023 and \$53,874 in 2022. KUB also recognized interest income from leases, which is included in non-operating revenues, totaling \$18,825 in 2023 and \$15,343 in 2022. Total lease receivables were \$543,031 (\$67,564 current) and \$553,825 (\$62,654 current) as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and are included in other assets on the Statement of Net Position.

8. Lease Liabilities

Changes in lease liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|-------------------------|----|--------------------------|--------------|-----|----------|--------------------------|
| Total lease liabilities | \$ | 61,955 | \$ 26,029 | \$ | (28,570) | \$ 59,414 |
| Less current portion | _ | (22,779) | | _ | | (12,750) |
| Long-term portion | \$ | 39,176 | | | | \$ 46,664 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total lease liabilities | \$ | 61,212 | \$ 50,206 | \$_ | (49,463) | \$ 61,955 |
| Less current portion | _ | (49,035) | | _ | | (22,779) |
| Long-term portion | \$ | 12,177 | | | | \$ 39,176 |

KUB leases certain office space, equipment, and other assets under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to twenty years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain office space leases contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the lease liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | | Lease Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|----|------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 12,750 | \$ 2,067 |
| 2025 | | 12,366 | 1,610 |
| 2026 | | 9,604 | 1,194 |
| 2027 | | 8,926 | 845 |
| 2028 | | 581 | 679 |
| 2029-2033 | | 3,585 | 3,308 |
| 2034-2038 | | 5,049 | 2,941 |
| 2039-2043 | _ | 6,553 | 2,043 |
| | \$ | 59,414 | \$ 14,687 |

9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreement Liabilities

Changes in SBITA liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|-------------------------|----|--------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|--------------------------|
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ | 955,708 | \$ | 8,377 | \$ | (172,230) | \$ | 791,855 |
| Less current portion | _ | (172,230) | _ | | | | _ | (180,818) |
| Long-term portion | \$ | 783,478 | _ | | | | \$ | 611,037 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ | - | \$ | 1,121,002 | \$ | (165,294) | \$ | 955,708 |
| Less current portion | | - | | | - | | | (172,230) |
| Long-term portion | \$ | - | - | | | | \$ | 783,478 |

KUB has subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) which grant non-cancelable rights to use underlying information technology software. Terms of agreement range from five to eighteen years and contain fixed and variable payment terms. Certain SBITAs contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the SBITA liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of SBITA liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | Subscription Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ 180,818 | \$ 28,358 |
| 2025 | 180,026 | 21,472 |
| 2026 | 187,346 | 14,354 |
| 2027 | 118,587 | 7,183 |
| 2028 | 125,079 | 2,453 |
| | \$ 791,856 | \$ 73,820 |

10. Capital and Intangible Assets

Capital and intangible asset activity was as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|-------------|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|
| Production Plant Pumping & Treatment Plant | \$ | 727,863 108,243,224 | \$ | - 2,304,723 | \$ | - (446,327) | \$ | 727,863 110,101,620 |
| Distribution Plant Distribution Mains Transmission Mains Services & Meters Other Accounts | | 225,391,774 47,661,842 49,994,079 28,503,703 | | 9,392,292 45,099 1,123,615 510,847 | | (1,215,716) - (239,113) (23,622) | | 233,568,350 47,706,941 50,878,581 28,990,928 |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 351,551,398 | \$ | 11,071,853 | \$ | (1,478,451) | \$ | 361,144,800 |
| Total General Plant Total Water Plant | \$ | 38,738,658 499,261,143 | \$ | 787,067 14,163,643 | \$ | (276,831) (2,201,609) | \$ | 39,248,894 511,223,177 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (143,819,803) | | (12,816,619) | | 2,176,938 | | (154,459,484) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 355,441,340 | \$ | 1,347,024 | \$ | (24,671) | \$ | 356,763,693 |
| Work In Progress Total Net Plant | \$_ | 19,710,963 375,152,303 | \$ | 24,544,108 25,891,132 | \$ | (13,520,942) (13,545,613) | \$ | 30,734,129 387,497,822 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets Office space Equipment Other Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 62,996 7,149 18,692 88,837 | \$ | 12,274 17,875 30,149 | \$ | (20,681) (2,133) (18,692) (41,506) | | 42,315 17,290 17,875 77,480 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ <u>_</u> | (27,110) 61,727 | \$ | (14,426) 15,723 | \$ | 22,415 (19,091) | \$ | (19,121) 58,359 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets Intangible Subscription Assets Less Accumulated Amortization | \$ | 1,124,538 (168,830) | \$ | 8,527 (171,772) (163,245) | \$ | - - | \$ | 1,133,065 (340,602) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | Φ_ | 955,708 | Ф | (163,245) | Ф | - | Φ | 792,463 |

| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---|---------|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------------------|
| Production Plant | \$ | 727,863 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 727,863 |
| Pumping & Treatment Plant | | 91,574,254 | | 17,084,293 | | (415,323) | | 108,243,224 |
| Distribution Plant | | | | | | | | |
| Distribution Mains | | 217,123,961 | | 10,765,298 | | (2,497,485) | | 225,391,774 |
| Transmission Mains | | 46,070,829 | | 1,598,691 | | (7,678) | | 47,661,842 |
| Services & Meters | | 47,031,293 | | 3,111,570 | | (148,784) | | 49,994,079 |
| Other Accounts | | 27,194,552 | | 1,379,662 | | (70,511) | | 28,503,703 |
| Total Distribution Plant | \$ | 337,420,635 | \$ | 16,855,221 | \$ | (2,724,458) | \$ | 351,551,398 |
| Total General Plant | | 37,922,504 | | 1,418,330 | | (602,176) | | 38,738,658 |
| Total Water Plant | \$ | 467,645,256 | \$ | 35,357,844 | \$ | (3,741,957) | \$ | 499,261,143 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | (135,366,921) | | (12,184,146) | | 3,731,264 | | (143,819,803) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | , | \$ | 23,173,698 | \$ | (10,693) | \$ | 355,441,340 |
| Work In Progress | | 38,646,899 | | 15,452,259 | | (34,388,195) | | 19,710,963 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 370,925,234 | \$ | 38,625,957 | \$ | (34,398,888) | œ. | 375,152,303 |
| Total Net Flam | Ψ_ | 370,923,234 | Ψ. | 30,023,937 | Ψ | (34,390,000) | Ψ | 373,132,303 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 83,860 | \$ | 43,539 | \$ | (64,403) | \$ | 62,996 |
| Equipment | | 12,049 | | - | | (4,900) | | 7,149 |
| Other | _ | 20,039 | | 6,666 | | (8,013) | | 18,692 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 115,948 | \$ | 50,205 | \$ | (77,316) | \$ | 88,837 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (54,736) | | (27,110) | | 54,736 | | (27,110) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$_ | 61,212 | \$ | 23,095 | \$ | (22,580) | \$ | 61,727 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | _ | \$ | 1,124,538 | \$ | _ | \$ | 1,124,538 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | Ψ | - | Ψ | (168,830) | Ψ | - | Ψ | (168,830) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | | · \$ | 955,708 | \$ | <u>-</u> | \$ | 955,708 |
| Het intangible oubscription Assets | Ψ= | | Ψ | 333,700 | φ | | φ | 933,700 |

11. Risk Management

KUB is exposed to various risks of loss related to active and retiree medical claims; injuries to workers; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; environmental damages; and natural disasters. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

These liabilities are included in accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is KUB's best estimate based on available information. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$336,909 and \$292,789, respectively, resulting from the following changes:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-----------------|---------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 292,789 | \$ 251,712 |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | 2,804,053 | 2,393,529 |
| Claims payments | (2,759,933) | (2,352,452) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 336,909 | \$ 292,789 |

12. Pension Plan

Description of Plan

The Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan (the Plan) is a governmental plan as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA or the Act), is not subject to any of the provisions of the Act, and was revised January 1, 2020, to include all prior approved amendments. The Plan is a single-employer contributory, defined benefit pension plan established by Knoxville Utilities Board Resolution No. 980 dated February 18, 1999, effective July 1, 1999, as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J). KUB Board Resolution No. 979, effective July 1, 1999, as amended by Resolution No. 1037, establishing the KUB Retirement System, was amended effective June 18, 2020, to amend the term "Trustee" to include both custodians and/or trustees, in order to provide flexibility should KUB choose to change from its current Pension trustee. The Plan is designed to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to KUB employees. KUB administers the Plan through an Administrative Committee consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Plan involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be adopted by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Plan may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The Plan issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2011, KUB closed the Plan such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and to accrue benefits under the Plan.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of December 31:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Inactive plan members: | | |
| Terminated vested participants | 14 | 12 |
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 603 | 600 |
| Active plan members | 431 | 478 |
| Total | 1,048 | 1,090 |

Retirement Benefits

The Plan provides three benefit arrangements for KUB participants, retirees, and beneficiaries.

The Plan provides pension benefits through the Career Equity Program ("CEP") for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1999, and for eligible former "City System Plan A" participants who elected CEP coverage as of July 1, 1999. The guaranteed pension benefit payable to a participant who has completed five or more years of service (or reached the normal retirement date, if earlier) upon termination of KUB employment shall be a lump sum equal to the participant's average compensation times their benefit percentage, as defined in the Plan document, or an annuity may be chosen by the participant.

In addition, the Plan provided retirement benefits through "Plan A" for former City System Plan A participants who elected not to participate in the CEP. Plan A is a closed plan and is not available to KUB employees hired after July 1, 1999. Plan A provides for early retirement benefits with 25 years of service and normal retirement benefits at age 62 or later. Benefits provided to Plan A participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments.

The Plan also provides retirement benefits through "Plan B" for former "City System Plan B" participants. Plan B is a closed plan providing benefits to participants not covered by Social Security. Benefits provided to Plan B participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments available to participants.

Effective January 1, 2012, KUB began to provide for additional monthly supplements, which are not subject to cost-of-living adjustments, to certain former employees and surviving dependents of former employees who are eligible for and have elected coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and are eligible for Medicare. This was done to compensate for the elimination of drug coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and to assist such individuals in obtaining prescription drug coverage under Medicare Part D.

Contributions

Participation in Plan A requires employee contributions of three percent of the first \$4,800 of annual earnings and five percent of annual earnings in excess of \$4,800. KUB contributions are determined by the enrolled actuary of the Plan and equal the amount necessary to provide the benefits under the Plan determined by the application of accepted actuarial methods and assumptions. The method of funding shall be consistent with Plan objectives.

Plan Funding

KUB maintains a Funding Policy for the Plan in accordance with Tennessee State Law. The primary goal of the Policy is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and employee contributions and current Plan assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to current active, inactive and retired Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB fully funds its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Investments

The Plan's investments are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company (the "Trustee"). The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Investment Committee and approved by the KUB Board of Commissioners and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. It is the policy of the Retirement System Investment Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2022:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|--|-------------------|
| | |
| Domestic equity – large cap | 20% - 50% |
| Domestic equity – mid cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – small cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – convertible securities | 0% - 10% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 0% - 20% |
| Real estate equity | 0% - 10% |
| Fixed income – aggregate bonds | 5% - 25% |
| Fixed income – long-term bonds | 10% - 25% |
| Cash and deposits | 0% - 5% |
| | |

Contributions of \$2,624,373 and \$3,665,168 for 2021 and 2020, respectively, were made during the Plan sponsor's fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Of these amounts, \$458,397 and \$609,183 are attributable to the Water Division. The fiscal year 2023 contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2021, valuation using the Individual Entry Age Normal funding method. The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the Plan as payments which are level as a percentage of salary, starting on the original participation

date (employment date) and continuing until the assumed retirement, termination, disability, or death.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68"), which requires measurement of the net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, will be based on the December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$3,880,967) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$10,660,244) as of June 30, 2022.

GASB 68 requires certain disclosures related to the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan as disclosed below:

| Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Plan's net pension liability (asset) | \$ \$ | 2022 254,406,723 \$ (232,187,691) 22,219,032 \$ | (3 | 2021 242,201,780 306,339,494) (64,137,714) |
|---|---|---|----|---|
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentotal pension liability Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) are | | 91.27% | | 126.48% |
| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | | Net Pension ability (Asset) (a) - (b) |
| Balances at December 31, 2021 Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Changes of Benefits Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Contributions - employer Contributions - rollovers Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net changes | \$ 242,201,780 6,349,402 17,430,465 - 282,014 5,268,672 - - - (17,125,610) - 12,204,943 | \$ 306,339,494 - - - 3,144,770 3,080 3,809,515 (63,484,570) (17,125,610) (498,988) (74,151,803) | | 6,349,402 17,430,465 - 282,014 5,268,672 (3,144,770) (3,080) (3,809,515) 63,484,570 - 498,988 86,356,746 |
| Balances at December 31, 2022 | \$ 254,406,723 | \$ 232,187,691 | \$ | 22,219,032 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Valuation dates | January 1, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2022; January 1, |
|------------------|--|
| | 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2021 |
| Discount rate | 7.00% as of December 31, 2022; 7.25% as of December 31, 2021 |
| Salary increases | From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service as of December |
| • | 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Mortality | 115% and 110% of the PubG-2010 table for males and females, |
| - | respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table for |
| | ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Table, both |
| | projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018, fully |
| | generational as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Inflation | 2.5% as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and 2021, valuations were based on an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, are summarized in the following table. The real rate of return reported for fixed income is for aggregate fixed income. The Plan has both aggregate and long duration fixed income.

| | Long Term Expected | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Real Rate of Return | | | | | | | |
| Asset Class | 2022 | 2021 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.0% | 5.1% | | | | | | |
| Non-U.S. equity | 6.1% | 6.0% | | | | | | |
| Real estate equity | 5.4% | 5.4% | | | | | | |
| Debt securities | 0.5% | 0.2% | | | | | | |
| Cash and deposits | (0.1%) | (0.3%) | | | | | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of December 31, 2022, and 7.25 percent as of December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of December 31, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it

were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | | Current | 1% | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----|-------------------------|----|---------------------|--|
| | Decrease (6.00%) | | Discount ate (7.00%) | | Increase (8.00%) | |
| | , | | , | | | |
| Plan's net pension liability | \$ 45,400,841 | \$ | 22,219,032 | \$ | 2,259,345 | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of \$8,973,269, and the Water Division's share was \$1,361,647.

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2021, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$282,014, with \$70,504 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$211,510. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$2,609,559, of which \$869,853 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,739,706. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$1,951,216 (Division's share \$340,816). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$542,777, of which \$331,952 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$210,825 (Division's share \$36,825).

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$5,268,672, with \$1,317,168 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$3,951,504. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$3,389,264, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$1,694,632. The total deferred outflow is \$5,646,136 (Division's share \$986,203).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$85,314,262, of which \$17,062,852 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$38,969,257, of which \$10,346,356 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment losses this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$39,628,509 (Division's share \$6,921,858).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Water Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$259,083, with \$64,771 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$194,312. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$422,793, of which \$140,931 was recognized in the current year, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$281,862. In addition, KUB's Water Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$229,198 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2022, and June 30, 2023.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Water Division.

| | rred Outflows Resources | rred Inflows Resources | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience | \$ 340,816 | \$ 36,825 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 986,203 | - | |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | 6,921,858 | - | |
| Change in proportionate share | - | 476,174 | |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | 229,198 | | |
| Total | \$ 8,478,075 | \$ 512,999 | |

\$229,198 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2024 \$ | 630,089 | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | 1,589,729 | | | | | | | |
| 2026 | 2,535,715 | | | | | | | |
| 2027 | 2,980,345 | | | | | | | |
| Thereafter | _ | | | | | | | |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$11,639,307), and the Water Division's share was (\$2,075,485).

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$1,935,276, with approximately \$483,819 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$1,451,457. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$1,544,136, of which \$386,034 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,158,102. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$2,609,559 (Division's share \$433,731). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$1,092,163, of which \$549,386 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$542,777 (Division's share \$90,214).

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes or assumption changes. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$5,083,896, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$3,389,264 (Division's share \$563,325). Net unrecognized assumption change gains from prior periods were \$71,525, of which the remaining \$71,525 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$17,812,070, of which \$3,562,414 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$34,994,864, of which \$10,275,263 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment gains this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred inflow of \$38,969,257 (Division's share \$6,477,028).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Water Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$563,724, with \$140,931 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$422,793. In addition, KUB's Water Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$304,593 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2022.

The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Water Division.

| | rred Outflows Resources | erred Inflows Resources |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 433,731 | \$ 90,214 |
| Changes in assumptions | 563,325 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | - | 6,477,028 |
| Change in proportionate share | - | 422,793 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | 304,593 | - |
| Total | \$ 1,301,649 | \$ 6,990,035 |

13. Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

Description

In fiscal year 2017, KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB. The number of participants in any given year for the QEBA is determined by the number of KUB Pension Plan participants who exceed the current year's section 415(b) limitations, as calculated by the KUB Pension Plan actuary. The amount of QEBA benefit will be the amount specified by the terms of the KUB Pension Plan without regard to Section 415(b) limitations minus the amount payable from the KUB Pension Plan as limited by Section 415(b). QEBA benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

As of June 30, 2023, there are 404 active employees eligible for the KUB Pension Plan who are potentially eligible to receive QEBA benefits. The KUB Pension Plan was closed effective January 1, 2011, such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and accrue benefits under the KUB Pension Plan. The KUB Pension Plan was amended to include the provision of QEBA benefits; therefore, amendments to the QEBA require the same authority as amendments to the KUB Pension Plan. As required by federal tax law, the QEBA is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. KUB may not pre-fund the QEBA to cover future liabilities beyond the current year. KUB has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no assets accumulated in

a trust that meets the GASB's criteria. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Total Pension Liability of the QEBA

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 ("GASB 73"). GASB 73 extends a similar approach of financial reporting to plans meeting specific criteria that are not administered through trusts that GASB 68 established for pension plans. GASB 73 requires measurement of the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. There is no Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023, and 2022. GASB 73 requires certain disclosures related to the total pension liability of the QEBA, as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Total pension liability | \$0 | \$0 |
| Deferred outflows | (6,779) | (11,505) |
| Deferred inflows | 3,408 | 16,927 |
| Net impact on Statement of Net Position | (\$3,371) | \$5,422 |
| | | |
| Covered payroll | \$37,412,132 | \$38,074,863 |
| Total pension liability as a % of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$8,793) (Division's share (\$1,143)) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$-), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [(\$3,371) - \$5,422 + \$-].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$3,408 (Division's share \$443) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$4,073 (Division's share \$529) from experience losses in prior years.

There was a deferred outflow of \$2,706 (Division's share \$352) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 4,073 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Changes in assumptions | 2,706 | | - | |
| Total | \$ 6,779 | \$ | 3,408 | |
| Division's share | \$ 881 | \$ | 443 | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|-------|
| 2024 \$ | 3,023 |
| 2025 | 348 |
| 2026 | - |
| 2027 | - |
| 2028 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of \$16,613 (Division's share \$2,160) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$19,875), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [\$5,422 - \$8,684 + \$19,875].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$6,816, with \$1,704 recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of \$5,112 (Division's share \$665). There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$7,225 (Division's share \$939) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$6,112 (Division's share \$795) from experience losses in prior years.

During the measurement year, there were no assumption changes. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$4,590 (Division's share \$597) and a deferred outflow of \$5,393 (Division's share \$700) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | d Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 6,112 | \$ | 12,337 |
| Changes in assumptions | 5,393 | | 4,590 |
| Total | \$ 11,505 | \$ | 16,927 |
| Division's share | \$ 1,495 | \$ | 2,201 |

14. Defined Contribution Plan

The KUB Asset Accumulation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") is a defined contribution 401(k) employee retirement savings plan covering eligible KUB employees established by the KUB Board of Commissioners in accordance with the Charter of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee. The 401(k) plan's assets are held in trust under an agreement between KUB and Fidelity Management Trust Company. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, have an enhanced 401(k) due to the closure of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. They may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. They also receive a non-elective KUB contribution of three percent to six percent, depending on years of service, whether they contribute or not.

KUB funded 401(k) matching contributions and non-elective contributions of \$3,794,561 (Division's share \$493,293) and \$3,125,903 (Division's share \$406,367), respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

15. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Description of Trust

The Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (the Trust) is a single-employer trust established by the KUB Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The Trust, along with the KUB Health Plan, make up a Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") and are intended to be tax-exempt pursuant to Code §501(c)(9). The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. The applicable documentation was submitted to the State Funding Board and, in December 2007, the State Funding Board approved the Trust. The Trust was also approved by the Internal Revenue Service in June 2008. KUB administers the Trust through a Board of Trustees consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Trust involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be approved by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Trust may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The investment of all deposits to the Trust is governed by an Investment Policy, which was adopted by the KUB Board and approved by the State Funding Board. The Trust issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System,

P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of June 30:

| | HRA | | Retiree Med | lical Benefit |
|---------------------------|------|------|-------------|---------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | | | |
| Retirees | 6 | 4 | 542 | 549 |
| Dependents of retirees | 2 | 2 | 596 | 612 |
| Eligible active employees | 25 | 15 | 140 | 145 |
| Total | 33 | 21 | 1,278 | 1,306 |

Benefits

Benefits for pre-July 1, 1999, eligible participants may include, but shall not be limited to, medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, hearing, Medicare Part B or Part D premiums, life insurance, long-term care, and long-term disability. Post-July 1, 1999, eligible participants are eligible for HRA benefits which include up to \$50,000 to be used exclusively for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses of the retiree and his or her spouse and dependents. Any unused HRA amounts will remain assets of the OPEB Trust.

Contributions and Funding

The primary goal of the Funding Policy for the Trust is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and retiree contributions and current Trust assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to Trust beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB's current practice is to fully fund its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution, which is determined by actuarial valuation.

Contributions are authorized by the terms of the Trust as established by KUB Resolution No. 1168, as amended, as approved by the Tennessee State Funding Board. KUB shall have the right at any time to amend, in whole or in part, the provisions of this Trust; however, no such amendment shall authorize or permit the assets of the Trust to be used for or diverted to purposes other than those expressed in the Declaration of Trust.

It shall be the sole and exclusive responsibility of KUB to determine the level of contributions KUB will make to the Trust for the purpose of financing other post-employment benefits accrued by its respective participants. Neither the Trust, nor the Trust's Board, shall be responsible for collecting or otherwise determining the level of contributions needed by KUB to finance any other post-employment benefits offered by KUB. The assets of the Trust shall be expended solely to make payments for other post-employment benefits pursuant to, and in accordance with, the terms of the Trust and to pay the cost of administration.

Based on the date of retirement, certain retired members are required to contribute specified amounts monthly to maintain health insurance. Those who retired prior to July 1983 have no required monthly premiums for themselves or dependents. The retirees, or their surviving dependents, who retired between August 1983 and January 1998 are required to pay \$262.50 per month for pre-Medicare family health insurance. For individuals who retired after January 1998, the

required monthly premium for pre-Medicare health insurance is \$262.50 for single coverage and \$525 for family coverage. There is currently no premium for Medicare eligible retirees or dependents. KUB is responsible for determining the level of retired plan member contributions on an annual basis as part of its review of healthcare cost sharing.

Participants in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement are not eligible for health insurance and are not required to make contributions.

Investments

The Trust holds investments in a balanced fund, which invests in passively managed common trust index funds, managed and sponsored by State Street Global Advisors (SSgA), with an asset allocation mirroring the asset allocation of the Trust and rebalanced monthly. The Trust's Investment Policy was established and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. The Trust's Investment Policy is to invest in a manner that will provide sufficient investment return to meet current and future retiree health benefits, while conforming to all governing State and Federal statutes. It allows investment of Trust assets in any type of security instrument allowed for in T.C.A 8-50-1203. The following was the Trust's adopted investment target allocations as set forth in the Trust's Investment Policy as of June 30, 2023:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | |
| Domestic Equity: | |
| Large Cap | 30% |
| Small Cap | 8% |
| International Equity: | |
| Developed | 16% |
| Emerging | 8% |
| Real Estate Equity | 8% |
| Debt Securities | 30% |
| Total | 100% |

Actuarially determined contributions for the Water Division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$232,079. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an actuarially determined contribution for the Water Division of \$326,406 was made to the OPEB Trust, which includes the division's share of an additional \$1,500,000 contribution to help fund the HRA. These were based on the OPEB actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2021, and 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), which requires measurement of the net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Trust's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 are based on the reporting date for the KUB Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan which is June 30. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on the fair value of assets as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability as of the valuation date, January 1, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023, and January 1, 2021, updated to June 30, 2022, respectively. The Division's share of the total net OPEB liability was \$2,123,214 as of June 30, 2023, and \$1,838,331 as of June 30, 2022.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the Trust are as follows as of June 30:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 61,637,102 \$ | 58,536,280 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | 48,706,447 | 47,333,773 |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 12,930,655 \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | | |
| total OPEB liability | 79.02% | 80.86% |

Changes in Net OPEB Liability are as follows:

| Total OPEB | | Increase | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|----------|-------------|----|--------------|----------|-------------|
| Liability (a) Net Position (b) Liability (a) - (b) Balances at June 30, 2022 \$ 58,536,280 \$ 47,333,773 \$ 11,202,507 Changes for the year: \$ 595,392 - 595,392 Interest 4,133,008 - 4,133,008 Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | | | | • | , | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 \$ 58,536,280 \$ 47,333,773 \$ 11,202,507 Changes for the year: \$ 595,392 - 595,392 Interest 4,133,008 - 4,133,008 Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | | | Total OPEB | | • | Net OPEB | |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 \$ 58,536,280 \$ 47,333,773 \$ 11,202,507 Changes for the year: 595,392 - 595,392 Interest 4,133,008 - 4,133,008 Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | | | Liability | Ν | let Position | | Liability |
| Changes for the year: Service cost 595,392 - 595,392 Interest 4,133,008 - 4,133,008 Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | | | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Service cost 595,392 - 595,392 Interest 4,133,008 - 4,133,008 Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected - - - - and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Interest 4,133,008 - 4,133,008 Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected - - - - and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Changes of Benefits - - - Differences between Expected 117,668 - 117,668 and Actual Experience 117,668 - 2,527,824 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Service cost | | 595,392 | | - | | 595,392 |
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Interest | | 4,133,008 | | - | | 4,133,008 |
| and Actual Experience 117,668 - 117,668 Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - |
| Changes of Assumptions 2,527,824 - 2,527,824 Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Differences between Expected | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer - 1,413,392 (1,413,392) Contributions - member - - - Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | and Actual Experience | | 117,668 | | - | | 117,668 |
| Contributions - member - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Changes of Assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | 2,527,824 |
| Net investment income - 4,333,538 (4,333,538) | Contributions - employer | | - | | 1,413,392 | | (1,413,392) |
| | Contributions - member | | - | | - | | - |
| | Net investment income | | - | | 4,333,538 | | (4,333,538) |
| Benefit payments (4,273,070) (4,273,070) - | Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (4,273,070) | | - |
| Administrative expense - (101,186) 101,186 | Administrative expense | | - | | (101,186) | | 101,186 |
| Net changes 3,100,822 1,372,674 1,728,148 | Net changes | | 3,100,822 | | 1,372,674 | | 1,728,148 |
| Balances at June 30, 2023 \$ 61,637,102 \$ 48,706,447 \$ 12,930,655 | Balances at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 12,930,655 |

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation dates: January 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023; January 1, 2021,

rolled forward to June 30, 2022

Discount rate: 7.00% as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25% as of June 30, 2022

Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-Medicare: 5.75% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as of

June 30, 2023, and 6.75% grading down to 4.04% as of June 30,

2022

Medicare: 11.30% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as of June 30, 2023, and 6.30% grading down to 4.04% as of June 30,

2022

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table (PubG-2010) for males and females, respectively, using the

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected using scale MP2018 fully generational 2.50%

Inflation:

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2021, valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Trust investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return may be lower in periods of current strong performance due to future valuations that mean revert to the long-term average. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Trust's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the Trust's Investment Policy) are summarized in the chart below.

| | Long Term Expected | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|------|--|--|--|
| | Real Rate of Return | | | | |
| Asset Class | 2023 2022 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.1% | 5.5% | | | |
| International equity | 6.1% | 6.5% | | | |
| Emerging Market equity | 8.4% | 8.6% | | | |
| Real estate equity | 5.3% | 5.7% | | | |
| Debt securities | 1.8% | 1.2% | | | |
| Cash and deposits | 0.7% | 0.2% | | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | Current Discount Rate (7.00%) | 1% Increase (8.00%) | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Net OPEB liability | \$19,738,026 | \$12,930,655 | \$7,246,454 | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

| | 1% | Baseline | 1% |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Decrease | Trends | Increase |
| | | | |
| Net OPEB liability | \$7,364,325 | \$12,930,655 | \$19,461,880 |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB's Water Division recognized OPEB expense of \$505,951.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was seven years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$117,668, with \$16,810 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$100,858 (Division's share \$16,561). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$30,475, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes.

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$2,527,824, with \$361,118 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$2,166,706 (Division's share \$355,773).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$1,007,293, of which \$201,459 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$805,834. Net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods were \$5,179,219, of which \$1,162,271 was recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred outflow of \$4,016,948. The combination of unrecognized gains this year, along with the net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$3,211,114 (Division's share \$527,265).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Water Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is seven years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$599, with \$86 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$513. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$34,191, of which the entire amount was recognized in the current year. The table

below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources for the Water Division.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|---|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 16,561 | \$ | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | 355,773 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 527,265 | | - |
| Change in proportionate share | | 513 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 900,112 | \$ | - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|---------|
| 2024 \$ | 200,609 |
| 2025 | 115,911 |
| 2026 | 430,249 |
| 2027 | 29,063 |
| 2028 | 62,142 |
| Thereafter | 62,138 |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB's Water Division recognized OPEB expense of \$1,014,936.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Water Division's Share of the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was two years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$60,951, with \$30,476 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount will be recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$30,475 (Division's share \$5,001). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$21,401, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were benefit changes that increased the Total OPEB Liability by \$6,594,293. This increase is recognized immediately in the June 30, 2022, OPEB expense.

Unrecognized gains due to assumption changes from prior periods were \$2,052,917, of which the entire amount is recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$12,216,418, of which \$2,443,284 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$9,773,134. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$5,905,689, of which \$1,311,774 was recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred inflow of \$4,593,915. The combination of unrecognized losses this year, along with the net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$5,179,219 (Division's share \$849,910).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Water Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is two years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$68,383, with \$34,192 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$34,191. The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources for the Water Division.

| | red Outflows Resources | ed Inflows esources |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 5,001 | \$ - |
| Changes in assumptions | - | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 849,910 | - |
| Change in proportionate share | 34,191 | |
| Total | \$ 889,102 | \$ - |

16. Related Party Transactions

The Division, in the normal course of operations, is involved in transactions with the City of Knoxville and with other divisions of KUB. Such transactions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | |
| City of Knoxville | | |
| Amounts billed by the Division for utilities and | | |
| related services | \$ 5,505,744 | \$ 5,131,864 |
| Payments by the Division in lieu of property tax | 3,646,197 | 3,446,015 |
| Payments by the Division for services provided | 700,792 | 338,656 |
| Grant expenditures incurred | 2,937,000 | - |
| Other divisions of KUB | | |
| Amounts billed to other divisions for utilities | | |
| and related services provided | 448,271 | 512,847 |
| Interdivisional rental expense | 503,864 | 458,961 |
| Interdivisional rental income | 219,838 | 225,619 |
| Amounts billed to the Division by other divisions | | |
| for utilities services provided | 3,781,183 | 3,296,877 |

With respect to these transactions, accounts receivable from the City of Knoxville included in the balance sheet at year end were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 407,357 | \$ 419,035 |
| Amounts eligible for reimbursement from grants | 2.937.000 | - |

17. Other Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various lawsuits pending against KUB. Management has reviewed these lawsuits with counsel, who is vigorously defending KUB's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on KUB's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 6,349,402 \$ | 6,647,220 \$ | 5,227,657 \$ | 6,142,213 \$ | 5,095,488 \$ | 4,607,486 \$ | 4,226,985 \$ | 4,157,062 \$ | 4,092,808 | | | | |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | 16,982,226 | 16,393,202 | 16,030,626 | 15,344,193 | 15,015,282 | 14,966,559 | 14,812,784 | 14,698,657 | | | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | - | - | 163,199 | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 282,014 | 1,935,276 | 1,930,170 | (1,054,117) | (605,649) | (1,087,161) | (2,233,762) | (1,890,334) | - | | | | |
| Changes of assumptions | | 5,268,672 | - | - | 8,473,160 | - | (357,633) | (2,932,883) | - | - | | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,125,610) | (17,725,963) | (16,006,565) | (15,094,475) | (15,274,814) | (14,969,979) | (14,138,511) | (15,350,926) | (15,533,167) | | | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 12,204,943 | 7,838,759 | 7,544,464 | 14,660,606 | 4,559,218 | 3,207,995 | (111,612) | 1,728,586 | 3,258,298 | | | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 242,201,780 | 234,363,021 | 226,818,557 | 212,157,951 | 207,598,733 | 204,390,738 | 204,502,350 | 202,773,764 | 199,515,466 | | | | |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ | 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 \$ | 234,363,021 \$ | 226,818,557 \$ | 212,157,951 \$ | 207,598,733 \$ | 204,390,738 \$ | 204,502,350 \$ | 202,773,764 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,428 \$ | 2,876,752 \$ | 2,871,241 \$ | 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 \$ | 5,243,146 \$ | 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 | | | | |
| Contributions - participants | | 3,812,595 | 3,939,687 | 2,284,727 | 3,170,825 | 2,081,125 | 1,488,632 | 555,075 | 487,546 | 475,854 | | | | |
| Net investment income | | (63,493,985) | 37,575,566 | 44,814,914 | 49,938,315 | (11,748,396) | 32,360,219 | 13,788,263 | (95,430) | 22,292,369 | | | | |
| Other additions | | 9,415 | 112,484 | 7,740 | 13,579 | 62,616 | 82,239 | 45,848 | 30,879 | 29,733 | | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (17,065,610) | (17,653,963) | (15,962,565) | (15,030,475) | (15,174,814) | (14,895,979) | (14,044,511) | (15,274,926) | (15,405,167) | | | | |
| Administrative expense | | (498,988) | (441,017) | (455,191) | (467,748) | (445,916) | (385,282) | (441,332) | (397,160) | (378,085) | | | | |
| Death benefits | | (60,000) | (72,000) | (44,000) | (64,000) | (100,000) | (74,000) | (94,000) | (76,000) | (128,000) | | | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position** | | (74,151,803) | 26,877,185 | 33,522,377 | 40,431,737 | (21,868,910) | 22,862,426 | 5,052,489 | (9,333,204) | 12,795,245 | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning** | | 306.339.494 | 279.462.309 | 245,939,932 | 205,508,195 | 227,377,105 | 204,514,679 | 199,462,190 | 208,795,394 | 196,000,149 | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)** | \$ | 232,187,691 \$ | 306,339,494 \$ | 279,462,309 \$ | 245,939,932 \$ | 205,508,195 \$ | 227,377,105 \$ | 204,514,679 \$ | 199,462,190 \$ | 208,795,394 | | | | |
| Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) \$ | (45,099,288) \$ | (19,121,375) \$ | 6,649,756 \$ | (19,778,372) \$ | (123,941) \$ | 5,040,160 \$ | (6,021,630) | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | (0.1,10.1,1.1) + | (::,:::,=::) + | (10,121,010) + | 2,0.0,.00 4 | (10,110,010) | (:==;=::) + | 3,0.0,.00 4 | (5,521,555) | | | | |
| pension liability | | 91.27% | 126.48% | 119.24% | 108.43% | 96.87% | 109.53% | 100.06% | 97.54% | 102.97% | | | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 \$ | 41,524,273 \$ | 40,276,197 \$ | 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 \$ | 44,437,747 \$ | 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 | | | | |
| Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of | Ψ | 01, -12, 102 ψ | ου,υτ- τ ,υυυ ψ | -1,02-1,270 ψ | -το,Σιο, 1οι ψ | | -10,000,074 ψ | ,-οι,ιι ψ | ,ο,7ο ψ | ,070,001 | | | | |
| covered payroll | | 59.39% | (168.45%) | (108.61%) | (47.48%) | 15.78% | (45.67%) | (0.28%) | 11.34% | (13.66%) | | | | |
| • • | | | • , | . , | , , | | . , | . , | | . , | | | | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented in 2014.

^{**} Excludes amounts related to 401(k) matching contributions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | *Year ended Dec 2018 | ember 31 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially | \$ 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,428 | \$ 2,876,752 \$ | \$ 2,871,241 | \$ 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 | \$ 5,243,146 \$ | \$ 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 |
| determined contribution | 3,144,770 | 3,416,428 | 2,876,752 | 2,871,241 | 3,456,475 | 4,286,597 | 5,243,146 | 5,991,887 | 5,908,541 |
| Contribution deficiency | \$ - \$ | - | \$ - \$ | \$ - | \$ - \$ | - | \$ - \$ | \$ - \$ | <u> </u> |
| Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 | \$ 41,524,273 \$ | \$ 40,276,197 | \$ 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 | \$ 44,437,747 \$ | \$ 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 |
| covered payroll | 8.41% | 8.97% | 6.93% | 7.13% | 8.20% | 9.90% | 11.80% | 13.48% | 13.41% |

Notes to Schedule:

Timing: Actuarially determined contributions for a Plan year are based upon 50% of the

amounts determined at the actuarial valuations for each of the two prior Plan years.

Valuation Dates: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age
Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: As of January 1, 2021: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 20 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2020: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 21 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2021 and 2020, the unfunded liability was negative.

Discount rate: 7.25% as of January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Salary increases: 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service; As of January 1, 2021, a one-time reduction was applied to reduce the 2020

compensation by 3.7% to account for an additional 2020 pay period

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the benefits-weighted Public Sector General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively, for males and females, using

the Public Sector General Employee Table while in active employment and for annuitant ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table,

both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5%

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented 2014. Please refer to prior year's audited financial statements for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended June 30 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------|----|--------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 595,392 | \$ | 416,277 | \$ | 283,786 | \$ | 256,270 | \$ 270,515 | \$ 202,603 |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | 3,858,276 | | 3,861,304 | | 3,672,291 | 3,624,737 | 3,295,240 |
| Change of benefit terms | | - | | 6,594,293 | | - | | (202,408) | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 117,668 | | 60,951 | | 42,802 | | 43,902 | 999,098 | 1,324,769 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | (4,105,835) | | 3,604,843 | 3,231,601 | (397,180) |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | (3,532,444) | (3,298,739) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 3,100,822 | | 7,021,162 | | (3,029,122) | | 4,346,302 | 4,593,507 | 1,126,693 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 58,536,280 | | 51,515,118 | | 54,544,240 | | 50,197,938 | 45,604,431 | 44,477,738 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 51,515,118 | \$ | 54,544,240 | \$ 50,197,938 | \$ 45,604,431 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,413,392 | \$ | 1,989,066 | \$ | 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net investment income | | 4,333,538 | | (8,122,417) | | 12,890,602 | | 975,155 | 2,981,928 | 3,705,473 |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | (3,532,444) | (3,298,739) |
| Administrative expense | | (101,186) | | (71,187) | | (44,496) | | (53,286) | (54,787) | (51,668) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 1,372,674 | | (10,113,173) | | 10,492,153 | | (1,795,403) | (605,303) | 355,066 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 47,333,773 | | 57,446,946 | | 46,954,793 | | 48,750,196 | 49,355,499 | 49,000,433 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 57,446,946 | \$ | 46,954,793 | \$ 48,750,196 | \$ 49,355,499 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 12,930,655 | \$ | 11,202,507 | \$ | (5,931,828) | \$ | 7,589,447 | \$ 1,447,742 | \$ (3,751,068) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| OPEB liability | | 79.02% | | 80.86% | | 111.51% | | 86.09% | 97.12% | 108.23% |
| Covered employee payroll** Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of | \$ | 70,129,341 | \$ | 73,927,857 | \$ | 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ 24,346,735 | \$ 23,677,080 |
| covered employee payroll | | 18.44% | | 15.15% | | (27.49%) | | 32.48% | 5.95% | (15.84%) |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

^{**} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2023 | 2022 2021 | | | *Yea | r ended June 30 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|----|--------------|------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the annual | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 489,066 | \$ | 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - | |
| required contribution Contribution deficiency/(excess) | \$ 1,413,392 - | \$ 1,989,066 (1,500,000) | \$ | 757,226 - | \$ | 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - | |
| Covered employee payroll* Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 70,129,341 | \$ 73,927,857 | \$ | 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ 24,346,735 | \$ 23,677,080 | |
| covered employee payroll | 2.02% | 2.69% | | 3.51% | | 1.33% | 0.00% | 0.00% | |

^{*} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

KUB elected to make a \$1,500,000 voluntary contribution to the Trust to initially fund the HRA benefit which was effective January 1, 2022. This contribution was not required.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Janu

January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation

completed 18 months before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal
Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 15 years remaining as of January 1, 2021

(16 years as of January 1, 2020), or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability; As of January 1, 2020 and 2021, the unfunded liability was positive

Discount rate: 7.25

Healthcare cost trend rate: Pre-Medicare: 6.50% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.75% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Medicare: 6.20% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.30% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively for males and females, using the

Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Health Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected

using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5% Investment rate of return: 7.25%

Retirement age: 2% at ages 50-57, grading up to 100% at age 70

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

Please refer to prior year's audited financial statement for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Required Supplementary Information – Qualified Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | | | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 941 | \$ 584 | \$ - | | | | | | |
| Interest (includes interest on service cost) | - | 26 | 8 388 | 9,181 | 9,676 | 7,535 | - | | | | | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | - | (218,272) | - | - | 185,077 | | | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | (6,81 | 6) 10,165 | 34 | (36, 125) | 13,684 | - | | | | | | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | 91 | 13,342 | (22,950) | 73,461 | - | | | | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (12,16 | 6) (12,166) | (15,932) | | | | | | | | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | - | (18,71 | 4) (1,522) | (211,647) | (48,458) | 95,264 | 185,077 | | | | | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 18,71 | 4 20,236 | 231,883 | 280,341 | 185,077 | | | | | | | |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 18,714 | \$ 20,236 | \$ 231,883 | \$ 280,341 | \$ 185,077 | | | | | | |
| Covered payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of | \$ 37,412,1 | 32 \$ 38,074,86 | 3 \$ 41,524,273 | \$ 40,276,197 | \$ 42,150,040 | \$ 43,309,374 | \$ 44,437,747 | | | | | | |
| covered payroll | 0.0 | 0.00 | % 0.05% | 0.05% | 0.55% | 0.65% | 0.42% | | | | | | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued on Next Page

| | BB-2 | 015 | CC-2 | 015 | DD-2 | 016 | EE-2 | 016 | FF-2 | 017 | GG-2 | 017 | HH-2 | 018 |
|-------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|---------------|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23-24 | 1,110,000 | 558,500 | 500,000 | 38,812 | 650,000 | 657,250 | 1,380,000 | 334,894 | 550,000 | 105,850 | 485,000 | 583,056 | 440,000 | 650,062 |
| 24-25 | 1,170,000 | 503,000 | 525,000 | 27,563 | 675,000 | 624,750 | 1,435,000 | 307,294 | 575,000 | 78,350 | 505,000 | 558,806 | 465,000 | 628,063 |
| 25-26 | 1,210,000 | 467,900 | 550,000 | 14,438 | 700,000 | 604,500 | 1,460,000 | 278,594 | 605,000 | 49,600 | 530,000 | 533,556 | 485,000 | 604,813 |
| 26-27 | 1,245,000 | 428,575 | | | 725,000 | 583,500 | 1,515,000 | 249,394 | 635,000 | 25,400 | 555,000 | 512,356 | 510,000 | 580,562 |
| 27-28 | 1,260,000 | 385,000 | | | 750,000 | 561,750 | 1,560,000 | 219,094 | | | 575,000 | 490,156 | 535,000 | 555,063 |
| 28-29 | 1,275,000 | 340,900 | | | 775,000 | 539,250 | 1,605,000 | 187,894 | | | 590,000 | 477,938 | 555,000 | 539,013 |
| 29-30 | 1,315,000 | 296,275 | | | 800,000 | 516,000 | 1,645,000 | 155,794 | | | 600,000 | 464,662 | 570,000 | 522,362 |
| 30-31 | 2,740,000 | 256,825 | | | 825,000 | 492,000 | 1,710,000 | 120,838 | | | 625,000 | 440,663 | 590,000 | 504,550 |
| 31-32 | 2,800,000 | 174,625 | | | 825,000 | 467,250 | 1,750,000 | 82,362 | | | 650,000 | 415,662 | 605,000 | 485,375 |
| 32-33 | 2,900,000 | 90,625 | | | 850,000 | 442,500 | 1,810,000 | 42,988 | | | 675,000 | 389,662 | 625,000 | 464,956 |
| 33-34 | | | | | 900,000 | 417,000 | | | | | 695,000 | 369,413 | 645,000 | 444,644 |
| 34-35 | | | | | 925,000 | 390,000 | | | | | 715,000 | 348,563 | 670,000 | 423,681 |
| 35-36 | | | | | 950,000 | 362,250 | | | | | 740,000 | 327,112 | 690,000 | 401,906 |
| 36-37 | | | | | 975,000 | 333,750 | | | | | 760,000 | 304,913 | 710,000 | 379,481 |
| 37-38 | | | | | 1,000,000 | 304,500 | | | | | 785,000 | 282,112 | 735,000 | 356,406 |
| 38-39 | | | | | 1,025,000 | 274,500 | | | | | 805,000 | 258,562 | 760,000 | 331,600 |
| 39-40 | | | | | 1,050,000 | 243,750 | | | | | 830,000 | 234,413 | 785,000 | 305,950 |
| 40-41 | | | | | 1,100,000 | 212,250 | | | | | 855,000 | 208,475 | 815,000 | 274,550 |
| 41-42 | | | | | 1,125,000 | 179,250 | | | | | 885,000 | 181,756 | 850,000 | 241,950 |
| 42-43 | | | | | 1,150,000 | 145,500 | | | | | 910,000 | 154,100 | 885,000 | 207,950 |
| 43-44 | | | | | 1,200,000 | 111,000 | | | | | 940,000 | 125,662 | 920,000 | 172,550 |
| 44-45 | | | | | 1,225,000 | 75,000 | | | | | 970,000 | 96,288 | 950,000 | 140,350 |
| 45-46 | | | | | 1,275,000 | 38,250 | | | | | 1,000,000 | 65,976 | 985,000 | 107,100 |
| 46-47 | | | | | | | | | | | 1,030,000 | 33,476 | 1,020,000 | 72,625 |
| 47-48 | | | | | | | | | | | . , | • | 1,055,000 | 36,925 |
| 48-49 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | , |
| 49-50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 17,025,000 | \$ 3,502,225 | \$1,575,000 | 80,813 | \$ 21,475,000 | \$ 8,575,750 | 15,870,000 | 1,979,146 | \$ 2,365,000 | \$ 259,200 | 17,710,000 | \$ 7,857,338 | 17,855,000 | 9,432,487 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued from Previous Page

| | II-20 | 19 | JJ-2 | 2020 | KK- | -2020 | LL- | 2021 | MM-2022 | | To | OTAL | Grand |
|-------|------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 23-24 | 420,000 | 627,800 | 445,000 | 603,100 | 190,000 | 280,050 | 1,305,000 | 1,374,400 | _ | 562,744 | 7,475,000 | 6,376,518 | 13,851,518 |
| 24-25 | 440,000 | 606,800 | 450,000 | 580,850 | 195,000 | 270,550 | 1,350,000 | 1,374,400 | - | 562,744 | 7,785,000 | 6,057,920 | 13,842,920 |
| 25-26 | 465,000 | 584,800 | 460,000 | 558,350 | 205,000 | 260,800 | 1,400,000 | 1,241,650 | - | 562,744 | 8,070,000 | 5,761,745 | 13,831,745 |
| 26-27 | * | 561,550 | | | | | | | | 562,744 | 8,305,000 | | |
| | 485,000 | | 465,000 | 535,350 | 215,000 | 250,550 | 1,450,000 | 1,171,650 | 505,000 | , | | 5,461,631 | 13,766,631 |
| 27-28 | 510,000 | 537,300 | 465,000 | 512,100 | 230,000 | 239,800 | 2,210,000 | 1,099,150 | 540,000 | 537,494 | 8,635,000 | 5,136,907 | 13,771,907 |
| 28-29 | 535,000 | 511,800 | 470,000 | 488,850 | 240,000 | 228,300 | 2,340,000 | 988,650 | 575,000 | 510,494 | 8,960,000 | 4,813,089 | 13,773,089 |
| 29-30 | 565,000 | 485,050 | 475,000 | 465,350 | 250,000 | 216,300 | 2,450,000 | 871,650 | 610,000 | 481,744 | 9,280,000 | 4,475,187 | 13,755,187 |
| 30-31 | 590,000 | 456,800 | 480,000 | 441,600 | 260,000 | 208,800 | 1,105,000 | 749,150 | 645,000 | 451,244 | 9,570,000 | 4,122,470 | 13,692,470 |
| 31-32 | 615,000 | 433,200 | 475,000 | 427,200 | 265,000 | 201,000 | 1,070,000 | 693,900 | 680,000 | 418,994 | 9,735,000 | 3,799,568 | 13,534,568 |
| 32-33 | 635,000 | 414,750 | 470,000 | 412,950 | 275,000 | 193,050 | 1,000,000 | 640,400 | 720,000 | 384,994 | 9,960,000 | 3,476,875 | 13,436,875 |
| 33-34 | 655,000 | 395,700 | 1,965,000 | 398,850 | 285,000 | 184,800 | 1,175,000 | 600,400 | 740,000 | 363,394 | 7,060,000 | 3,174,201 | 10,234,201 |
| 34-35 | 675,000 | 376,050 | 1,945,000 | 339,900 | 290,000 | 176,250 | 1,215,000 | 553,400 | 755,000 | 341,194 | 7,190,000 | 2,949,038 | 10,139,038 |
| 35-36 | 695,000 | 355,800 | 1,925,000 | 281,550 | 300,000 | 167,550 | 1,255,000 | 504,800 | 775,000 | 317,600 | 7,330,000 | 2,718,568 | 10,048,568 |
| 36-37 | 715,000 | 334,950 | 1,900,000 | 223,800 | 310,000 | 158,550 | 1,285,000 | 454,600 | 795,000 | 292,412 | 7,450,000 | 2,482,456 | 9,932,456 |
| 37-38 | 735,000 | 313,500 | 1,880,000 | 166,800 | 320,000 | 149,250 | 1,335,000 | 403,200 | 820,000 | 265,582 | 7,610,000 | 2,241,350 | 9,851,350 |
| 38-39 | 760,000 | 291,450 | 1,855,000 | 110,400 | 330,000 | 139,650 | 1,370,000 | 349,800 | 870,000 | 237,904 | 7,775,000 | 1,993,866 | 9,768,866 |
| 39-40 | 780,000 | 268,650 | 1,825,000 | 54,750 | 335,000 | 129,750 | 1,405,000 | 295,000 | 890,000 | 207,456 | 7,900,000 | 1,739,719 | 9,639,719 |
| 40-41 | 805,000 | 245,250 | | | 350,000 | 119,700 | 1,460,000 | 238,800 | 910,000 | 176,306 | 6,295,000 | 1,475,331 | 7,770,331 |
| 41-42 | 830,000 | 221,100 | | | 360,000 | 109,200 | 1,470,000 | 180,400 | 955,000 | 144,456 | 6,475,000 | 1,258,112 | 7,733,112 |
| 42-43 | 855,000 | 196,200 | | | 370,000 | 98,400 | 1,520,000 | 121,600 | 975,000 | 109,838 | 6,665,000 | 1,033,588 | 7,698,588 |
| 43-44 | 880,000 | 170,550 | | | 380,000 | 87,300 | 1,520,000 | 60,800 | 1,020,000 | 74,494 | 6,860,000 | 802,356 | 7,662,356 |
| 44-45 | 905,000 | 144,150 | | | 390,000 | 75,900 | , , | , | 1,035,000 | 37,518 | 5,475,000 | 569,206 | 6,044,206 |
| 45-46 | 930,000 | 117,000 | | | 405,000 | 64,200 | | | ,, | ,- | 4,595,000 | 392,526 | 4,987,526 |
| 46-47 | 960,000 | 89,100 | | | 415,000 | 52,050 | | | | | 3,425,000 | 247,251 | 3,672,251 |
| 47-48 | 990,000 | 60,300 | | | 425,000 | 39,600 | | | | | 2,470,000 | 136,825 | 2,606,825 |
| 48-49 | 1,020,000 | 30,600 | | | 440,000 | 26,850 | | | | | 1,460,000 | 57,450 | 1,517,450 |
| 49-50 | 1,020,000 | 55,550 | | | 455,000 | 13,650 | | | | | 455,000 | 13,650 | 468,650 |
| • | \$ 18,450,000 \$ | 8,830,200 | \$ 17,950,000 | \$ 6,601,750 | | | \$ 30,690,000 | \$ 13,902,550 | \$ 14,815,000 | 7,604,094 | \$ 184,265,000 | \$ 72,767,403 | \$ 257,032,403 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt by Individual Issue June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Original Amount of Issue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Last Maturity Date | Outstanding Balance 7/1/2022 | Issued During Period | Paid/Matured During Period | Refunded During Period | Outstanding Balance 6/30/2023 |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| BONDS PAYABLE Payable through Water Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series BB-2015 | 23,005,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 05/01/15 | 03/01/33 | \$ 18,075,000 \$ | | \$ 1,050,000 \$ | | \$ 17,025,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series CC-2015 | 20,000,000 | 2.0-4.0 | 05/20/15 | 03/01/45 | 2,050,000 | | 475,000 | | 1,575,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series DD-2016 | 25,000,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 08/05/16 | 03/01/46 | 22,100,000 | | 625,000 | | 21,475,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series EE-2016 | 20,875,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 08/05/16 | 03/01/33 | 17,185,000 | | 1,315,000 | | 15,870,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series FF-2017 | 5,310,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 04/07/17 | 03/01/27 | 2,895,000 | | 530,000 | | 2,365,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series GG-2017 | 20,000,000 | 2.125-5.0 | 09/15/17 | 03/01/47 | 18,170,000 | | 460,000 | | 17,710,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series HH-2018 | 19,995,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 09/14/18 | 03/01/48 | 18,285,000 | | 430,000 | | 17,855,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series II-2019 | 19,995,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 08/20/19 | 03/01/49 | 18,850,000 | | 400,000 | | 18,450,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series JJ-2020 | 19,520,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 05/22/20 | 03/01/40 | 18,395,000 | | 445,000 | | 17,950,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series KK-2020 | 9,045,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 10/30/20 | 03/01/50 | 8,665,000 | | 180,000 | | 8,485,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series LL-2021 | 33,180,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 04/19/21 | 03/01/44 | 31,955,000 | | 1,265,000 | | 30,690,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series MM-2022 | 14,915,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 05/13/22 | 03/01/45 | 14,915,000 | | 100,000 | | 14,815,000 |
| | | | | | \$191,540,000 _ \$ | - | \$\$\$\$\$ | - | \$184,265,000 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Lease Liabilities June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Original Amount of Issue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Maturity Date | Outstanding 6/30/2022 | Issued During Period | Paid and/or Matured During Period | Remeasure- ments | Outstanding 6/30/2023 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Lease Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Water Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Centriworks | 5,845 | 3.88% | 11/1/2020 | 10/31/2023 | 3,404 | - | (2,537) | - | 867 |
| Coal Creek Ventures | 3,991 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 9/30/2035 | 3,731 | - | (3,731) | - | - |
| Crown Castle | 17,875 | 3.90% | 3/1/2023 | 2/1/2043 | - | 17,875 | (142) | - | 17,733 |
| Manki 1 Investments | 42,315 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 5/31/2027 | 38,698 | - | (7,846) | 2,977 | 33,829 |
| Pinnacle Towers | 6,441 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2027 | 6,666 | - | (6,666) | - | - |
| Ricoh Americas | 4,850 | 3.88% | 8/1/2022 | 8/31/2025 | 167 | 4,850 | (1,458) | - | 3,559 |
| RJ Young Company | 6,595 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2026 | 5,042 | - | (1,616) | - | 3,426 |
| White Realty | 4,574 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2041 | 4,247 | | (4,574) | 327 | |
| Total Lease Liabilities | | | | Ş | 61,955 | 22,725 | (28,570) | 3,304 | 59,414 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statistical Information - Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Insurance coverage is for KUB as a consolidated entity.

Crime

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$250,000 retention.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Covers KUB personnel appropriately authorized to make decisions on behalf of KUB (including but not limited to Commissioners, President and CEO, Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Directors) for wrongful acts. Limits of coverage - \$20,000,000; \$500,000 corporate deductible, \$0 individual deductible.

Employment Practices Liability

Coverage for costs related to actual or alleged employment practices violations for amounts exceeding specified amount (\$500,000). Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000.

Fiduciary

Covers losses resulting from wrongful acts related to KUB's Pension, 401(k), OPEB Trust funds, and Medical Plan. Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000; \$150,000 deductible.

Environmental and Pollution Legal Liability

Environmental and Pollution coverage for covered losses resulting from a pollution or environmental event. Limits of coverage - \$15,000,000.

Property Insurance

This coverage provides protection of KUB's property for fire, extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, and coverage on boilers and machinery. Also included are flood and earthquake damage and mechanical failure. Limits of coverage - \$250,000,000 per occurrence (subject to certain sub limits); \$2,500,000 deductible per occurrence.

Travel Accident

Covers losses related to employees' business travel. Limits of coverage - \$1,000,000 aggregate.

Excess Insurance for General Liability

As a governmental entity, KUB's liability is limited under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (TCA §29-20-403). Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$700,000 retention.

Excess Insurance for Workers' Compensation

Covers all losses exceeding specified amount per occurrence (\$1,000,000). Limits of coverage - Statutory; stop loss coverage applies for aggregate losses over \$5,000,000.

Employee Health Plan Stop Loss Coverage

KUB's employee health plan is self-funded. KUB has purchased stop loss insurance, which covers KUB's exposure to annual expenses for more than \$600,000 per individual participant.

Cyber Security Liability

Liability coverage resulting from losses related to a covered event such as data breaches, ransomware, regulatory fines, cyber extortion, business interruption and other cyber-related events. Limits of coverage - \$3,000,000; \$500,000 deductible.

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statistical Information - Schedule of Current Rates in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

| Rate Class | Base Charge | | | | | Number of Customers | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---------|------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Residential Inside City rate | For water furnishe Knoxville: | 57,129 | | | | | | | |
| | | | Commodity Char | ge | | | | | |
| | First | 2 | CCF Per Month at | \$1.35 Pe | er CCF | | | | |
| | Over | 2 | CCF Per Month at | \$3.10 Pe | er CCF | | | | |
| Additional Monthly Customer Charge | | | | | | | | | |
| | | For | 5/8" meter | \$ | 18.00 | | | | |
| Residential Outside City rate | For water furnishe the corporate limits | • | | ater fau | cet or other outlet is outside | 14,587 | | | |
| | | | Commodity Char | ge | | | | | |
| | First | 2 | CCF Per Month at | \$1.50 Pe | er CCF | | | | |
| | Over | | CCF Per Month at | | | | | | |
| | | Additio | onal Monthly Cus | tomer | Charge | | | | |
| | | For | 5/8" meter | \$ | 19.40 | | | | |

Knoxville Utilities Board Water Division Statistical Information - Schedule of Current Rates in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

| Rate Class | Base Charge | | Number of Customers |
|--|--|--|------------------------|
| Non-Residential Inside City rate/ Industrial Park rate | For water furnished to premise Knoxville or within the boundar Tennessee Department of Eco | 10,329 | |
| | | Commodity Charge | |
| | First | 2 CCF Per Month at \$2.60 Per CCF | |
| | Next | 8 CCF Per Month at \$4.90 Per CCF | |
| | Next 9 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$5.80 Per CCF | |
| | Next 30 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$4.55 Per CCF | |
| | , | 0 CCF Per Month at \$2.80 Per CCF | |
| | Next 5,00 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$1.30 Per CCF | |
| | Additio | onal Monthly Customer Charge | |
| | For | 5/8" meter \$ 19.50 | |
| | For | 1" meter 33.00 | |
| | For | 1 1/2" meter 61.00 | |
| | For | 2" meter 82.00 | |
| | For _ | 3" meter 192.00 | |
| | For | 4" meter 301.00 | |
| | For | 6" meter 600.00 | |
| | For | 8" meter 1,026.00 | |
| | For For | 10" meter 1,563.00 12" meter 2,400.00 | |
| Non-Residential | For water furnished to premise | es upon w hich any w ater faucet or other outlet is outside | 754 |
| Outside City rate | • | of Knoxville, excluding premises within the boundaries dustrial park by the Tennessee Department of Economic | |
| | | Commodity Charge | |
| | First | 2 CCF Per Month at \$3.00 Per CCF | |
| | Next | 8 CCF Per Month at \$5.65 Per CCF | |
| | Next 9 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$6.90 Per CCF | |
| | Next 30 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$5.25 Per CCF | |
| | Next 4,60 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$3.35 Per CCF | |
| | Next 5,00 | 0 CCF Per Month at \$1.55 Per CCF | |
| | Add | itional Monthly Customer Charge | |
| | For | 5/8" meter \$ 21.40 | |
| | For | 1" meter 37.50 | |
| | For | 1 1/2" meter 68.00 | |
| | For | 2" meter 93.00 | |
| | For | 3" meter 222.00 | |
| | For | 4" meter 348.00 | |
| | For - | 6" meter 715.00 | |
| | For | 8" meter 1,260.00 | |
| | For | 10" meter 1,920.00 | |
| | For | 12" meter 2,840.00 | |



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Water Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Water Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Division's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Division's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Commissioners Water Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Division's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023



Wastewater Division

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information June 30, 2023 and 2022

KUB Board of Commissioners

Adrienne Simpson-Brown, Chair

Claudia Caballero

Cynthia Gibson

Celeste Herbert

Tyvi Small, Vice Chair

Ron Feinbaum

Kathy Hamilton

Management

Gabriel Bolas II

President and Chief Executive Officer

Mark Walker

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Susan Edwards

Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer

Derwin Hagood

Senior Vice President of Operations

John Williams

Senior Vice President of Engineering & Construction

Jamie Davis

Vice President Fiber and Chief Technology Officer

Tiffany Martin

Vice President and Chief Customer Officer

John Gresham

Vice President of Operations

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division

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June 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners Wastewater Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Wastewater Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements as listed in the index.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Division as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Division and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Division adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Division's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Commissioners Wastewater Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Division's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 27 and the required supplementary information on pages 67 through 71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Board of Commissioners Wastewater Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as required by the State of Tennessee, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Wastewater Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Knoxville Utilities Board, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Division's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A sevenmember Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions. The Wastewater Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and in two surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Wastewater Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Division's discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Division's financial activity, (c) identify major changes in the Division's financial position, and (d) identify any financial concerns.

The Division's Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, activities, resulting changes, and current known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the Division's financial statements.

Wastewater Division Highlights

System Highlights

KUB experienced normal operations this fiscal year. However, inflation had a significant impact to operating costs and capital projects. Supply chain issues improved throughout the year but impacted the timing of some capital projects in fiscal year 2023. KUB's ability to serve its wastewater customers has remained strong.

The wastewater service area covers 249 square miles and includes 74,041 wastewater customers. KUB maintains 1,336 miles of services mains, 79 pump stations, and 4 treatment plants to treat 13.3 billion gallons of wastewater on an annual basis. The average daily flow is 36.3 million gallons.

KUB has added 1,795 wastewater system customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of less than one percent. In fiscal year 2023, 664 customers were added.

The typical residential wastewater customer's average monthly wastewater bill was \$68.10 as of June 30, 2023. The average monthly bill increased \$2.60 compared to the prior fiscal year, the result of the July 2022 rate increase.

KUB's treatment plants continue to meet high standards of operation. KUB was awarded the National Association of Clean Water Agencies (NACWA) Peak Performance recognition for all Wastewater Treatment Plants in calendar year 2022. Fourth Creek, Loves Creek, and Eastbridge Wastewater Treatment Plants won gold awards, while Kuwahee won silver.

KUB continues to maintain Platinum certification with the National Biosolids Partnership following a rigorous review process and independent audit that was conducted in December 2022. Biosolids are nutrient-rich organic matter produced by wastewater treatment and is a registered fertilizer with the Tennessee Department of Agriculture.

Century II Infrastructure Program

Century II is KUB's proactive long-range program to improve and maintain the electric, natural gas, water, and wastewater systems for its customers. It includes maintenance and asset replacement strategies for each system and establishes sustainable replacement cycles. Century II moves KUB into its second century of service by improving each system through sound planning, resource allocation, and continued investment.

In May 2017, a new Century II funding resolution was adopted by the KUB Board to express the continued commitment to funding Century II programs for the next ten years. The funding will be achieved through a combination of rate increases and debt issues supplemented by cost savings and new revenue from net customer additions.

In June 2017, the Board approved three wastewater rate increases to support the Century II program. The three approved wastewater rate increases went into effect July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, generating \$4.3 million, \$4.2 million, and \$4.5 million in additional annual Wastewater Division revenue, respectively.

In June 2022, the Board approved the next phase of wastewater rate increases to support the Century II program. The first of three approved 4 percent wastewater rate increases went into effect July 2022, generating \$3.9 million of additional annual Wastewater Division revenue. The remaining two rate increases are effective July 2023 and July 2024 and are expected to provide an additional \$4 million and \$4.2 million in annual Wastewater Division revenue, respectively.

In fiscal year 2023, KUB rehabilitated or replaced 9.5 miles of wastewater system mains, while staying on track with Century II goals and within the Wastewater Division's total capital budget.

Consent Decree

In February 2005, a Consent Decree was entered into federal court regarding the operation of KUB's wastewater system. Under the terms of the Consent Decree, the remediation of identified sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) on KUB's wastewater system had to be completed by June 30, 2016. KUB completed all the requirements of the Consent Decree for the collection system two years in advance of the deadline.

The Consent Decree also required KUB to perform an evaluation of the wet weather performance and capacity of its wastewater treatment plants. In July 2007, KUB submitted a Composite Correction Plan (CCP) for its wastewater treatment plants to EPA for review. The development and filing of the CCP was a requirement of the federal order of February 2005. The CCP includes recommended improvements to KUB's Kuwahee and Fourth Creek treatment plants to address wet weather capacity issues noted in prior assessments. The EPA approved the CCP in January 2009 including a recommended schedule of plant improvements that extends beyond the expiration date of the original Consent Decree. An amendment to the Consent Decree incorporating and establishing this schedule was agreed to by all parties and was entered on June 23, 2009. The purpose of the Amendment is to allow KUB to complete a portion of work outlined in the CCP after the Consent Decree deadline of June 30, 2016. The CCP provided for a biologically enhanced high-rate clarification (the BEHRC) secondary treatment system to be installed at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and at the Kuwahee treatment plant. KUB successfully completed the installation of the BEHRC system at the Fourth Creek treatment plant in the 2018 fiscal year. The project at the Kuwahee treatment plant was completed this fiscal year. The total cost of the CCP improvements at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and Kuwahee treatment plant is approximately \$120 million.

KUB's funding plan for the Consent Decree included long-term bonds and a series of rate increases phased in over the term of the order. Bond proceeds fund all types of wastewater capital projects, the majority of which are related to the Consent Decree. As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had issued \$594.8 million in bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements since the inception of the Consent

Decree. The Board approved two 50 percent rate increases, which went into effect in April 2005 and January 2007. The Board also approved an 8 percent rate increase, which was effective in September 2008, two 12 percent rate increases, which were effective in April 2011 and October 2012, three 6 percent rate increases, which were effective October 2014, October 2015, and October 2016, three 5 percent rate increases, which were effective July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, and three 4 percent rate increases, which are effective July 2022, July 2023, and July 2024. KUB anticipates additional bond issues and rate increases over the next decade to help fund wastewater capital improvements.

KUB successfully completed the first cycle of Maintenance Operation Management (MOM) requirements one year before the deadline by inspecting manholes and gravity mains, smoke testing gravity mains, performing required inspections of pump stations and the related force mains, and completing all Corrective Action Plan/Engineering Report (CAP/ER) projects. KUB initiated the second MOM cycle that continues to focus on the prevention of SSOs. As part of the Century II initiative, formally known as the PACE10 program, KUB has installed storage tanks providing 34 million gallons of wastewater storage to control wet weather overflows and rehabilitated or replaced 432 miles of collection system pipe. KUB also continues to maintain a proactive operations and maintenance plan for the wastewater collection system including inspection, grease control, and private lateral enforcement. The result of the PACE10/Century II initiative has been an 80 percent reduction in SSOs.

As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had completed its 18th full year under the Consent Decree, spending \$579.8 million on capital investments to meet Consent Decree requirements.

KUB's request for termination of the Consent Decree was submitted in January 2022 and was granted on June 16, 2022, by the applicable regulatory authorities.

Financial Highlights

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), using a full retrospective approach. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (Statement No. 87) using a full retrospective approach. This statement requires a lessee to recognize an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information regarding leasing activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's net position during the year increased \$20.7 million compared to a \$19.6 million increase last fiscal year.

Operating revenue increased \$5.4 million or 5.3 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Billed sales increased \$5.8 million, due to an increase in billable customer flows of 2.3 percent along with additional revenue from a 4% rate increase effective in July 2022.

Operating expenses increased \$10.1 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures increased \$7.4 million. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$2.5 million or 11.2 percent. Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.3 million or 4.1 percent.

Interest income was \$1.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year due to rising interest rates throughout the year. Interest expense was consistent with the prior fiscal year. Other income (net) was \$1.4 million higher.

Capital contributions increased \$2.6 million, the result of an increase in donated utility assets from developers compared to the previous fiscal year.

Total plant assets (net) increased \$12.7 million or 1.5 percent since the end of last fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2023, KUB sold \$10 million in wastewater system revenue bonds for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements.

Long-term debt represented 53.6 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2023, as compared to 55.2 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (which includes the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 1.92. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 1.88.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's net position during the year increased \$19.6 million compared to a \$17.8 million increase last fiscal year.

Operating revenue increased \$2.6 million or 2.6 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Billed sales increased \$2.2 million, due to an increase in billable customer flows of 2.2 percent.

Operating expenses increased \$2.4 million. Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures increased \$3.3 million. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$1.2 million or 5.2 percent. Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.3 million or 5.7 percent.

Interest income was consistent with the prior fiscal year. Interest expense decreased \$0.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Other income (net) was \$1.1 million higher.

Capital contributions decreased \$0.1 million, the result of decreased donated utility assets from developers compared to the previous fiscal year.

Total plant assets (net) increased \$21.6 million or 2.7 percent since the end of last fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB sold \$11.1 million in wastewater system revenue bonds for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements. KUB also refinanced outstanding debt, selling \$23.2 million in wastewater system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$1.3 million over the life of the bonds (\$0.7 million on a net present value basis).

Long-term debt represented 55.2 percent of the Division's capital structure as of June 30, 2022, as compared to 56.7 percent last year. Capital structure equals long-term debt (which includes the current and long-term portion of revenue bonds) plus net position.

The Division's bond covenants require a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.2 times the maximum principal and interest payments over the life of the Division's outstanding bonds. Debt coverage for the current fiscal year was 1.97. Maximum debt service coverage for future fiscal years is 1.92.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division - Financial Statements

The Division's financial performance is reported under three basic financial statements: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

Statement of Net Position

The Division reports its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in the Statement of Net Position. Assets are classified as current, restricted, wastewater plant in service, intangible, or other assets.

Liabilities are classified as current, other, or long-term debt. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net position tells the user what the Division has done with its accumulated earnings, not just the balance.

Net investment in capital assets reflects the book value of all capital assets and intangible assets, less lease and subscription liabilities and the outstanding balances of debt used to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

Restricted net position are assets that have been limited to specific uses by the Division's bond covenants or through resolutions passed by the KUB Board.

Unrestricted net position is a residual classification; the amount remaining after reporting net position is either invested in capital or restricted is reported there.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Division reports its revenues and expenses (both operating and non-operating) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. In addition, any capital contributions or assets donated by developers are reported on this statement.

Total revenue less total expense equals the change in net position for the reporting period. Net position at the beginning of the period is increased or decreased, as applicable, by the change in net position for the reporting period.

The change in net position for the reporting period is added to the net position segment of the Statement of Net Position.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Division reports cash flows from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, non-capital and related financing activities, and investing activities on the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement tells the user the Division's sources and uses of cash during the reporting period.

The statement indicates the Division's beginning cash balance and ending cash balance and how it was either increased or decreased during the reporting period.

The statement also reconciles cash flow to operating income as it appears on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position for the Wastewater Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Net Position As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 as restated | 2021 as restated |
|---|-----|---------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets | \$ | 86,025 | \$ 90,093 | \$ 99,378 |
| Capital assets, net | | 844,254 | 831,607 | 809,975 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | _ | 21,402 | 15,166 | 15,027 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | | 951,681 | 936,866 | 924,380 |
| Current and other liabilities | | 34,894 | 27,182 | 26,572 |
| Long-term debt outstanding | | 511,847 | 518,518 | 523,665 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | 901 | 7,850 | 10,429 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | | 547,642 | 553,550 | 560,666 |
| Net position | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 333,082 | 314,337 | 289,032 |
| Restricted | | 3,632 | 3,660 | 3,331 |
| Unrestricted | | 67,325 | 65,319 | 71,351 |
| Total net position | \$_ | 404,039 | \$ 383,316 | \$ 363,714 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Net Position presentation:

- Change in net position (from Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position): impacts (increase/decrease) current and other assets and/or capital and intangible assets, and unrestricted net position.
- Issuing debt for capital: increases deferred outflows of resources and long-term debt.
- Spending debt proceeds on new capital: reduces current assets and increases capital assets.
- Spending of non-debt related current assets on new capital: (a) reduces current assets and increases capital assets, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Principal payment on debt: (a) reduces current and other assets and reduces long-term debt, and (b) reduces unrestricted net position and increases net investment in capital assets.
- Reduction of capital assets through depreciation: reduces capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Impacts and Analysis

Current, Restricted, Intangible, and Other Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets decreased \$4.1 million or 4.5 percent, primarily due to an \$11.2 million decrease in the actuarially determined net pension asset offset by a \$7 million increase in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments).

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current, restricted, intangible, and other assets decreased \$9.3 million or 9.3 percent, primarily due to an \$8.8 million decrease in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments).

Capital Assets

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Capital assets increased \$12.7 million or 1.5 percent, the result of capital expenditures, net of depreciation. Major capital expenditures during the year included \$20.4 million for major system improvements related to Century II. Wastewater system assets of \$4.8 million were retired during the fiscal year.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Capital assets increased \$21.6 million or 2.7 percent, the result of capital expenditures, net of depreciation. Major capital expenditures during the year included \$37.7 million for major system improvements related to Century II. Wastewater system assets of \$7.3 million were retired during the fiscal year.

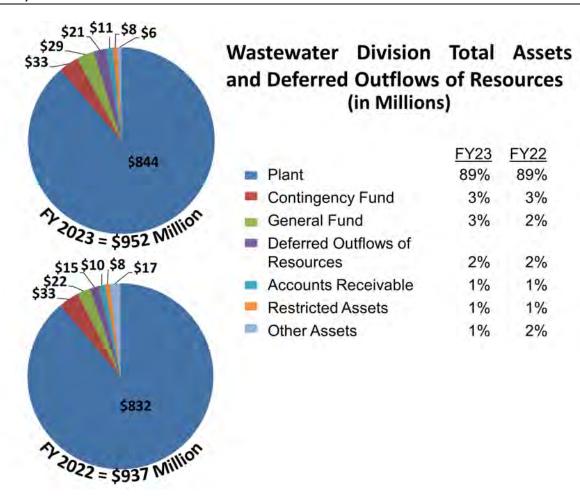
Deferred Outflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred outflows increased \$6.2 million compared to the prior year, due to a \$6.9 million increase in pension outflow offset by a \$0.7 million decrease in unamortized bond refunding costs.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred outflows increased \$0.1 million compared to the prior year, due to a \$0.9 million increase in OPEB outflow and a \$0.1 million increase in pension outflow offset by a \$0.9 million decrease in unamortized bond refunding costs.



Current and Other Liabilities

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Current and other liabilities were \$7.7 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to an increase of \$3.9 million in the actuarially determined net pension liability and an increase of \$3.6 million in accounts payable.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Current and other liabilities were \$0.6 million higher than the prior fiscal year, due to increases of \$2 million in the actuarially determined net OPEB liability and \$0.5 million in the current portion of revenue bonds offset by a \$2 million decrease in accounts payable.

Long-Term Debt

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's outstanding long-term debt decreased \$6.7 million or 1.3 percent. This decrease is due to the net impact of the scheduled repayment of debt and \$10 million in wastewater system revenue bonds sold in November 2022.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Division's outstanding long-term debt decreased \$5.1 million or one percent. This decrease is due in part to the net impact of the scheduled repayment of debt and \$11.1 million in wastewater system revenue bonds sold in April 2022. KUB also sold \$23.2 million of wastewater system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 with a premium of \$1.7 million to refund \$24.6 million in outstanding debt, resulting in a reduction of principal of \$1.4 million.

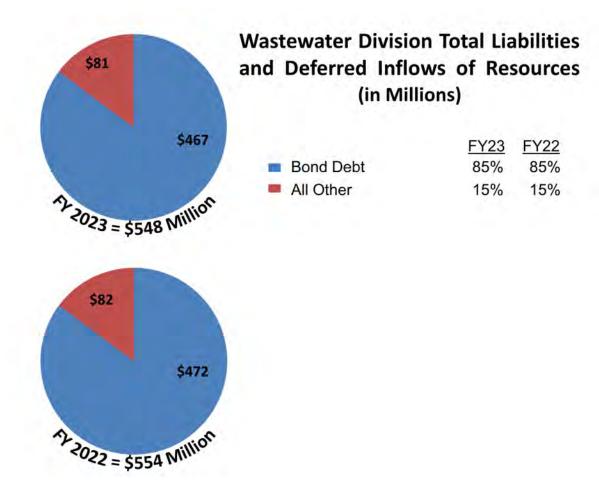
Deferred Inflows of Resources

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Deferred inflows of resources were \$6.9 million lower than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a \$6.8 million decrease in pension inflow.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Deferred inflows of resources were \$2.6 million lower than the prior fiscal year, due to a \$1.7 million decrease in OPEB inflow and a \$1.1 million decrease in pension inflow offset by a \$0.2 million increase in lease inflow.



Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Net position increased \$20.7 million in fiscal year 2023. Net investment in capital assets increased \$18.7 million, the result of \$12.6 million in net plant additions and a decrease in current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt of \$4.8 million. Restricted net position was consistent with the previous fiscal year. Unrestricted net position increased \$2 million, primarily due to a \$7 million increase in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments) and a \$6.9 million increase in pension outflow offset by an \$11.2 million decrease in the actuarially determined net pension asset.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Net position increased \$19.6 million in fiscal year 2022. Net investment in capital assets increased \$25.3 million, the result of \$21.6 million in net plant additions and a decrease in current portion of revenue bonds and total long-term debt of \$4.6 million. Restricted net position was \$0.3 million higher than the previous fiscal year, due to an increase in required bond fund reserves. Unrestricted net position decreased \$6 million, primarily due to an \$8.8 million decrease in general fund cash (including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and long-term investments).

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Wastewater Division compared to the prior two fiscal years.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | 2022 as restated | | 2021 as restated |
|---|---------------|---------------------|----|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ 108,370 | \$ 102,937 | \$ | 100,361 |
| Operating expenses | | | | |
| Treatment | 15,346 | 14,515 | | 12,735 |
| Collection | 9,757 | 8,541 | | 8,561 |
| Customer service | 3,829 | 3,966 | | 3,740 |
| Administrative and general | 15,843 | 10,398 | | 9,089 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 24,284 | 21,830 | | 23,034 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 6,433 | 6,178 | | 5,844 |
| Total operating expenses | 75,492 | 65,428 | | 63,003 |
| Operating income | 32,878 | 37,509 | | 37,358 |
| Interest income | 2,033 | 297 | • | 313 |
| Interest expense | (18,927) | (18,889) | | (19,611) |
| Other income/(expense) | 1,603 | 177 | | (887) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 17,587 | 19,094 | | 17,173 |
| Capital contributions | 3,136 | 508 | | 643 |
| Change in net position | \$ 20,723 | \$ 19,602 | \$ | 17,816 |

Normal Impacts on Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following is a description of activities which will normally impact the comparability of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presentation:

- Operating revenue is primarily determined by the amount of water usage billed during the fiscal year. KUB has certain commercial and industrial customers whose wastewater usage is metered separately from their water usage. Any change (increase/decrease) in wastewater rates would also cause a change in operating revenue.
- Operating expenses (treatment, collection system expense, customer service, administrative and general) are normally impacted by changes in areas including, but not limited to, labor cost (staffing, wage rates), active employee and retiree health insurance costs, chemicals, and wastewater system maintenance.
- Depreciation and amortization expense is impacted by intangible assets, plant additions, and retirements during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents are impacted by plant additions/retirements and changes in property tax rates.
- Interest income is impacted by the level of interest rates and investments.

- Interest expense is impacted by the level of outstanding debt and interest rates on the outstanding debt.
- Other income/(expense) is impacted by miscellaneous non-operating revenues and expenses.
- Capital contributions are impacted by a donation of facilities/infrastructure to KUB by developers and governmental agencies. The contributions are recognized as revenue and recorded as plant in service based on the fair market value of the asset(s).

Impacts and Analysis

Change in Net Position

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$20.7 million in fiscal year 2023. Comparatively, net position increased by \$19.6 million in fiscal year 2022.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

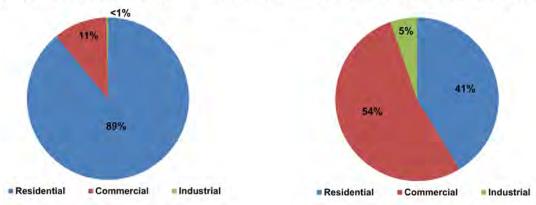
The Division's Change in Net Position increased \$19.6 million in fiscal year 2022. Comparatively, net position increased by \$17.8 million in fiscal year 2021.

Margin from Sales

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating revenue increased \$5.4 million or 5.3 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Billed sales increased \$5.8 million, the combined result of an increase in billable customer flows of 2.3 percent and additional revenue from a 4% rate increase effective in July 2022. Rebates on bond interest payments from the federal government for federally taxable Build America Bonds (BABs) are reported as revenue in accordance with GASB. KUB recognized \$0.4 million in revenue for BABs rebates in fiscal year 2023.

FY 2023 Total Wastewater Customers = 74,041 FY 2023 Wastewater Sales = 6.6 Billion Gallons



Residential customers accounted for 89 percent of wastewater customers and 41 percent of total billed sales volumes for the year. Commercial customers accounted for the largest portion of total sales volumes for the year with 54 percent.

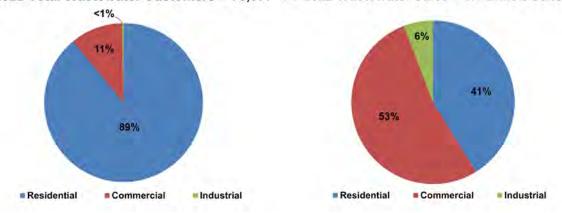
KUB's ten largest wastewater customers accounted for 19 percent of KUB's billed wastewater volumes. Those ten customers represent five industrial and five commercial customers, including four governmental customers.

KUB has added 1,795 wastewater customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of less than one percent.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Operating revenue increased \$2.6 million or 2.6 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Billed sales increased \$2.2 million, due to an increase in billable customer flows of 2.2 percent. Rebates on bond interest payments from the federal government for federally taxable Build America Bonds (BABs) are reported as revenue in accordance with GASB. KUB recognized \$0.4 million in revenue for BABs rebates in fiscal year 2022.

FY 2022 Total Wastewater Customers = 73,377 FY 2022 Wastewater Sales = 6.4 Billion Gallons



Residential customers accounted for 89 percent of wastewater customers and 41 percent of total billed sales volumes for the year. Commercial customers accounted for the largest portion of total sales volumes for the year with 53 percent.

KUB's ten largest wastewater customers accounted for 19 percent of KUB's billed wastewater volumes. Those ten customers represent five industrial and five commercial customers, including four governmental customers.

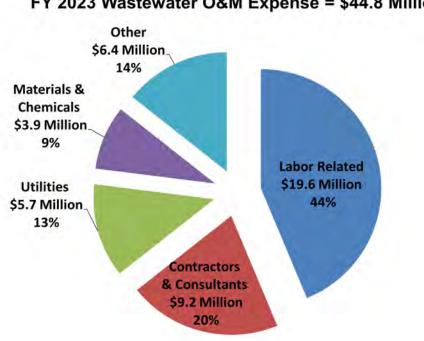
KUB has added 1,570 wastewater customers over the past three years, representing annual growth of less than one percent.

Operating Expenses

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Operating expenses increased \$10.1 million compared to fiscal year 2022. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as treatment, collection, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Treatment expenses increased \$0.8 million, primarily due to an increase in chemicals, utility expenses, and labor-related expenses.
- Collection system expenses increased \$1.2 million, primarily due to an increase in outside contractor expenses.
- Customer service expenses decreased \$0.1 million.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$5.4 million, primarily due to an increase in labor-related expenses, driven by higher pension expenses resulting from investment losses, and outside consultant expenses.



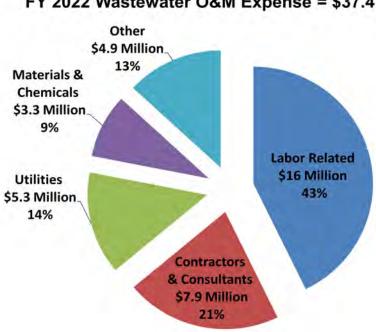
FY 2023 Wastewater O&M Expense = \$44.8 Million

- Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$2.5 million or 11.2 percent. KUB added \$22.5 million in assets during fiscal year 2023. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded for these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$69 million of wastewater system assets placed in service during fiscal year 2022. Wastewater system assets of \$4.8 million were retired during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to increased plant in service levels.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

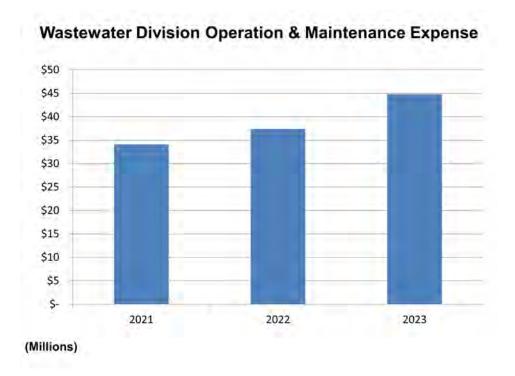
Operating expenses increased \$2.4 million compared to fiscal year 2021. Operating expenses include operations and maintenance (O&M) expense, depreciation/amortization, and taxes/tax equivalents. O&M expenses can be further classified as treatment, collection, customer service, and administrative and general.

- Treatment expenses increased \$1.8 million, primarily due to an increase in chemicals and labor-related expenses.
- Collection system expenses were consistent with the prior fiscal year.
- Customer service expenses increased \$0.2 million, primarily due to an increase in payment processing fees.
- Administrative and general expenses increased \$1.3 million, primarily due to an increase in labor-related expenses, including higher OPEB expenses related to the introduction of the Health Reimbursement Arrangement.



FY 2022 Wastewater O&M Expense = \$37.4 Million

- Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$1.2 million or 5.3 percent, KUB added \$69 million in assets during fiscal year 2022. A partial year of depreciation expense was recorded for these capital investments and a full year of depreciation expense was incurred on \$55.2 million of wastewater system assets placed in service during fiscal year 2021. Wastewater system assets of \$7.3 million were retired during the fiscal year.
- Taxes and tax equivalents increased \$0.3 million compared to the prior fiscal year, due to increased plant in service levels.



Other Income and Expense

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

Interest income increased \$1.7 million due to rising interest rates throughout the year.

Interest expense was consistent with the prior fiscal year.

Other income (net) was \$1.4 million higher than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to mark-to-market adjustments on investments.

Capital contributions increased \$2.6 million compared to last fiscal year as a result of an increase in assets received from developers and other governmental entities.

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

Interest income was consistent with the prior fiscal year.

Interest expense was \$0.7 million lower than the prior fiscal year, reflecting the net impact of interest expense from new revenue bonds sold during the fiscal year and interest savings from the refunding of outstanding bonds.

Other income (net) was \$1.1 million higher than the prior fiscal year, primarily due to an increase in amortization of premiums.

Capital contributions decreased \$0.1 million compared to last fiscal year as a result of a decrease in assets received from developers and other governmental entities.

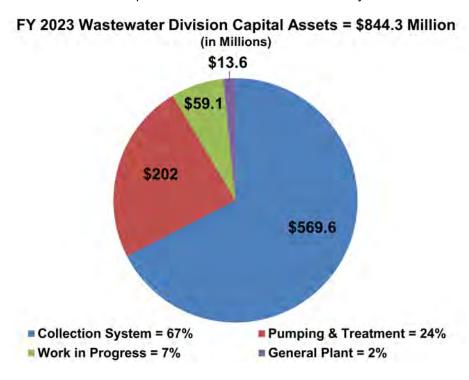
Capital Assets

Capital Assets As of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| (in thousands of dollars) | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 |
|--|---------------|-----|---------|----|---------|
| Pumping & Treatment Plant Collection Plant | \$ 202,039 | \$ | 204,307 | \$ | 167,117 |
| Mains and Metering | 510,111 | | 506,844 | | 495,404 |
| Other Accounts | 59,483 | _ | 61,013 | | 62,399 |
| Total Collection Plant | 569,594 | | 567,857 | _ | 557,803 |
| Total General Plant | 13,560 | _ | 15,252 | | 15,590 |
| Total Wastewater Plant | \$ 785,193 | \$ | 787,416 | \$ | 740,510 |
| Work In Progress | 59,061 | _ | 44,191 | _ | 69,465 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ 844,254 | \$_ | 831,607 | \$ | 809,975 |

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$844.3 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$12.7 million or 1.5 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.



Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

- \$20.4 million related to Century II projects
 - \$8.2 million for pump station construction and improvements
 - \$5.9 million for sewer mini-basin rehabilitation and replacement
 - \$5.1 million for wastewater treatment plant upgrades
 - \$1.2 million for short line projects

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$831.6 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the schedule of capital assets, which represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, and depreciation) of \$21.6 million or 2.7 percent over the end of the last fiscal year.

\$204.3 \$15.3 \$567.8

Collection System = 68% Pumping & Treatment = 25% General Plant = 2%

FY 2022 Wastewater Division Capital Assets = \$831.6 Million (in Millions)

Major capital asset expenditures during the year were as follows:

- \$37.7 million related to Century II projects
 - \$19.7 million for wastewater treatment plant upgrades
 - \$8.1 million for pump station construction and improvements
 - \$4.1 million for sewer mini-basin rehabilitation and replacement
 - \$3.8 million for short line projects
 - \$2 million for sewer trunk line rehabilitation and replacement

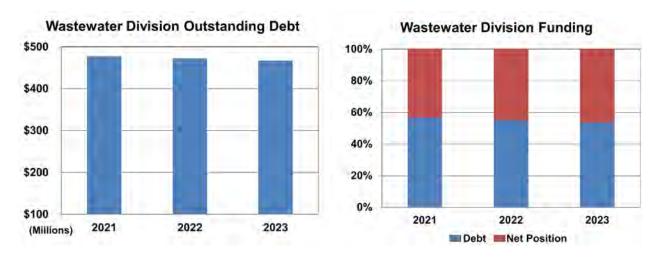
Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2023, the Wastewater Division had \$467.3 million in outstanding wastewater system bonds. The bonds are secured solely by revenues of the Wastewater Division. Debt as a percentage of the Division's capital structure was 53.6 percent in 2023, 55.2 percent in 2022, and 56.7 percent in 2021. KUB's Debt Management Policy limits the Division's debt ratio to 60 percent or less.

Outstanding Debt As of June 30

| (in thousands of dollars) | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue bonds Total outstanding debt | \$_ | 467,345 | \$ 472,110 | \$ 476,660 |
| | \$ | 467,345 | \$ 472,110 | \$ 476,660 |



The Division will pay \$166.4 million in principal payments over the next ten years, representing 35.6 percent of the outstanding bonds. KUB's Debt Management Policy requires a minimum of 30 percent of wastewater debt principal be repaid over the next ten years.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to Fiscal Year 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the Division had \$467.3 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing a decrease of \$4.8 million. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's weighted average cost of debt was 3.98 percent (3.89 percent including the impact of Build America Bonds rebates).

KUB sold \$10 million in wastewater system revenue bonds in November 2022 for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 4.08 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2052.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2023, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

Fiscal Year 2022 Compared to Fiscal Year 2021

As of June 30, 2022, the Division had \$472.1 million in outstanding debt (including the current portion of revenue bonds), representing a decrease of \$4.6 million. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's weighted average cost of debt was 3.99 percent (3.91 percent including the impact of Build America Bonds rebates).

KUB sold \$11.1 million in wastewater system revenue bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements. The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.4 percent. The bonds mature over a period of 30 years with a final maturity in fiscal year 2051.

KUB sold \$23.2 million in wastewater system revenue refunding bonds in April 2022 for the purpose of refinancing existing wastewater system revenue bonds. KUB will realize a total debt service savings of \$1.3 million over the life of the bonds (\$0.7 million on a net present value basis). The true interest cost of the bonds, which were sold through a competitive bidding process, was 3.69 percent. The bonds have a final maturity in fiscal year 2050.

The Division's outstanding debt is rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. As of June 30, 2022, the Division's revenue bonds were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service.

Impacts on Future Financial Position

KUB anticipates adding 450 wastewater customers in fiscal year 2024.

In May 2023, the Board approved the issuance of wastewater system revenue bonds not to exceed \$10 million for the purpose of funding wastewater system capital improvements. The bonds will be sold through a competitive bidding process during fiscal year 2024.

KUB long-term debt includes \$20.3 million of Wastewater Division 2010 Build America Bonds (BABs). The BABs were sold on a taxable basis with the United States Treasury providing a rebate to KUB for a percentage of the interest cost. The interest rebates were subject to federal sequestration during the fiscal year and were reduced by 5.7 percent. Any future actions by Congress may also affect the anticipated rebates for future fiscal years.

The Pension Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,108,147 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Wastewater Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2023, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$2,210,234 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Wastewater Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the December 31, 2024, measurement date. For the Plan year beginning January 1, 2023, the Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 106.88 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 91.43 percent.

The OPEB Plan actuarial valuation resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,187,768 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Wastewater Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2024, measurement date. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, an actuarial valuation was completed and resulted in an actuarially determined contribution of \$1,279,985 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, based on the Plan's current funding policy. The Wastewater Division's portion of this contribution will be determined as part of the actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2025, measurement date. The Plan's actuarial funded ratio is 92.14 percent, and the market value funded ratio is 79.62 percent.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023 and 2022

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB No. 62*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

No other facts, decisions, or conditions are currently known which would have a significant impact on the Division's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2023.

Financial Contact

The Division's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the Division's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. If you have questions about the statements or need additional financial information, contact KUB's Chief Financial Officer at 445 South Gay Street, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|---------------|----|---------------------|
| Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents \$ | 28,476,696 | \$ | 21,570,632 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | 21,164,426 | | 4,767,510 |
| Other current assets | 3,425 | | 3,302 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 37,873 | | 9,970 |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance of uncollectible accounts | | | 40.040.400 |
| of \$94,941 in 2023 and \$94,507 in 2022 | 10,488,971 | | 10,318,162 |
| Current portion of lease receivable | 109,142 | | 106,030 |
| Inventories | 463,830 | | 461,030 |
| Prepaid expenses | 90,629 | - | 97,217 |
| Total current assets | 60,834,992 | - | 37,333,853 |
| Restricted assets: | | | |
| Wastewater bond fund | 8,280,059 | | 8,217,373 |
| Other funds | 319 | _ | 333 |
| Total restricted assets | 8,280,378 | | 8,217,706 |
| Wastewater plant in service | 1,054,989,747 | | 1,037,255,256 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (269,797,310) | | (249,838,970) |
| 2000 addamatasa approblation | 785,192,437 | - | 787,416,286 |
| Retirement in progress | 62,393 | | 89,834 |
| Construction in progress | 58,998,788 | | 44,100,572 |
| Net plant in service | 844,253,618 | | 831,606,692 |
| Intangible assets: | | | |
| Intangible assets. Intangible right of use asset | 110,675 | | 150,339 |
| Intangible right of use asset | 63,455 | | 44,149 |
| Less accumulated amortization | (63,572) | | (60,151) |
| Net intangible assets | 110,558 | - | 134,337 |
| | | - | |
| Other assets: Net pension asset | _ | | 11,178,104 |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | 11,906,581 | | 28,238,588 |
| Long-term lease receivable | 768,063 | | 831,212 |
| Other | 4,124,763 | | 4,159,080 |
| Total other assets | 16,799,407 | - | 44,406,984 |
| Total assets | 930,278,953 | - | 921,699,572 |
| , 513, 515, 515 | 000,=: 0,000 | - | 02:,000,0:2 |
| Deferred outflows of resources: | | | |
| Pension outflow | 8,846,851 | | 1,901,225 |
| OPEB outflow | 983,423 | | 944,518 |
| Unamortized bond refunding costs | 11,571,363 | - | 12,320,391 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 21,401,637 | | 15,166,134 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources \$ | 951,680,590 | \$ | 936,865,706 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | | 2022 as restated |
|---|--------------|---|---------------------|
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Current portion of revenue bonds | \$ 14,525,0 | 00 \$ | 14,760,000 |
| Current portion of lease liability | 19,9 | 25 | 38,549 |
| Current portion of subscription liability | 19,0 | | 18,250 |
| Accounts payable | 5,224,5 | | 1,595,166 |
| Accrued expenses | 765,1 | | 657,303 |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | 1,052,4 | | 1,005,945 |
| Accrued interest on revenue bonds | 4,648,7 | | 4,557,614 |
| Total current liabilities | 26,254,9 | <u>27 </u> | 22,632,827 |
| Other liabilities: | | | |
| Accrued compensated absences | 1,901,0 | 91 | 1,980,907 |
| Customer advances for construction | 447,1 | 91 | 391,566 |
| Lease liability | 62,0 | 39 | 66,297 |
| Subscription liability | 6,0 | 77 | 11,627 |
| Net pension liability | 3,886,1 | 93 | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 2,321,0 | | 2,031,015 |
| Other | 14,8 | | 66,773 |
| Total other liabilities | 8,638,4 | 96 | 4,548,185 |
| Long-term debt: | | | |
| Wastewater revenue bonds | 452,820,0 | 00 | 457,350,000 |
| Unamortized premiums/discounts | 59,027,3 | | 61,168,494 |
| Total long-term debt | 511,847,3 | 39 | 518,518,494 |
| Total liabilities | 546,740,7 | 62 | 545,699,506 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | |
| Pension inflow | 51,8 | 85 | 6,889,994 |
| OPEB inflow | 9,2 | | 38,804 |
| Lease inflow | 839,5 | | 921,521 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 900,6 | | 7,850,319 |
| Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources | 547,641,4 | | 553,549,825 |
| Net position | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 333,081,9 | 61 | 314,336,681 |
| Restricted for: | 000,001,0 | 01 | 014,000,001 |
| Debt service | 3,631,3 | 50 | 3,659,759 |
| Other | | 19 | 333 |
| Unrestricted | 67,325,5 | | 65,319,108 |
| Total net position | 404,039,1 | | 383,315,881 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position | \$ 951,680,5 | | 936,865,706 |
| | | | |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | 2023 | 2022 as restated |
|---|----------------|---------------------|
| Operating revenues | \$ 108,369,907 | \$102,936,574_ |
| Operating expenses | | |
| Treatment | 15,346,345 | 14,514,989 |
| Collection | 9,757,379 | 8,540,457 |
| Customer service | 3,828,662 | 3,966,357 |
| Administrative and general | 15,842,419 | 10,397,670 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 24,284,005 | 21,829,529 |
| Taxes and tax equivalents | 6,432,852 | 6,178,208 |
| Total operating expenses | 75,491,662 | 65,427,210 |
| Operating income | 32,878,245 | 37,509,364 |
| Non-operating revenues (expenses) | | |
| Contributions in aid of construction | 839,280 | 607,239 |
| Interest income | 2,032,743 | 297,132 |
| Interest expense | (18,927,383) | (18,889,489) |
| Amortization of debt costs | 1,549,688 | 1,466,762 |
| Write-down of plant for costs recovered through contributions | (839,280) | (607,239) |
| Other | 53,619 | (1,289,538) |
| Total non-operating revenues (expenses) | (15,291,333) | (18,415,133) |
| Change in net position before capital contributions | 17,586,912 | 19,094,231 |
| Capital contributions | 3,136,370 | 507,609 |
| Change in net position | 20,723,282 | 19,601,840 |
| Net position, beginning of year | 383,315,881 | 363,714,041 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ 404,039,163 | \$ 383,315,881 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|---|----------|--------------|----|-----------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | as restated |
| Cash receipts from customers | \$ | 107,223,521 | \$ | 101,923,756 |
| Cash (payments) receipts from other operations | Ψ | (352,175) | Ψ | 192,202 |
| Cash payments to suppliers of goods or services | | (25,523,945) | | (28,389,925) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | | (13,450,087) | | (12,853,387) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | (5,383,684) | | (5,127,318) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 62,513,630 | _ | 55,745,328 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | |
| Net proceeds from bond issuance | | 10,159,529 | | 12,007,368 |
| Principal paid on revenue bonds | | (14,760,000) | | (14,275,000) |
| Interest paid on revenue bonds | | (18,831,342) | | (18,658,805) |
| Acquisition and construction of w astew ater plant | | (34,963,633) | | (43,928,518) |
| Changes in wastewater bond fund, restricted | | (62,686) | | (551,847) |
| Customer advances for construction | | 60,225 | | 60,639 |
| Principal paid on lease liabilities | | | | |
| · | | (45,504) | | (96,589) |
| Principal paid on subscription liabilities | | (18,250) | | (14,090) |
| Interest paid on lease and subscription liabilities | | (4,946) | | (7,700) |
| Cash received from developers and individuals for capital purposes | | 839,280 | _ | 607,239 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | - | (57,627,327) | _ | (64,857,303) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Purchase of investment securities | | (4,803,792) | | (29,080,503) |
| Maturities of investment securities | | 4,800,000 | | 29,117,814 |
| Interest received | | 1,971,486 | | 264,863 |
| Other property and investments | | 52,067 | | 634 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 2,019,761 | | 302,808 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 6,906,064 | | (8,809,167) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | _ | 21,570,632 | _ | 30,379,799 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 28,476,696 | \$ | 21,570,632 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activi | ties | | | |
| Operating income | \$ | 32,878,245 | \$ | 37,509,364 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | • | - ,, | , | , , , , , , , , |
| provided by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | 24,642,688 | | 22,219,427 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (170,809) | | (40,050) |
| Lease receivable | | 60,037 | | (219,374) |
| Inventories | | (2,800) | | 35,509 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 6,588 | | (27,953) |
| Other assets | | 27,237 | | 14,743 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 5,077,837 | | (3,879,580) |
| Customer deposits plus accrued interest | | 46,528 | | 125,146 |
| Other liabilities | | (51,921) | | 8,096 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ _ | 62,513,630 | \$ | 55,745,328 |
| Noncash capital activities: | | | | |
| Acquisition of plant assets through developer contributions | \$ | 3,136,370 | \$ | 507,609 |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability | \$ \$ | 24,084 | \$ | 97,846 |
| Record intangible right of use asset and lease liability Record intangible subscription asset and subscription liability | \$ | 13,534 | \$ | 43,967 |
| | | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Description of Business

Knoxville Utilities Board (KUB), comprised of the Electric Division, Fiber Division, Gas Division, Water Division, and Wastewater Division (Divisions), is reported as a component unit enterprise fund in the financial statements of the City of Knoxville. KUB's responsibility is to oversee the purchase, production, distribution, and processing of electricity, broadband, natural gas, water, and wastewater services. A seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board) governs KUB. The Board has all powers to construct, acquire, expand, and operate the Divisions. It has full control and complete jurisdiction over the management and operation of the Divisions, including setting rates. The Wastewater Division (Division) provides services to certain customers in Knox County and in two surrounding counties in East Tennessee. The Division's accounts are maintained in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as applicable. The financial statements present only the Wastewater Division and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the consolidated financial position of Knoxville Utilities Board as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

In conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), KUB follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 (Statement No. 34), *Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 (Statement No. 63), *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position.* Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities. Under Statement No. 63, financial statements include deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, in addition to assets and liabilities, and report *net position* instead of net assets. In addition, KUB follows GASB Statement No. 62 (Statement No. 62), *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements,* as it relates to certain items for regulatory accounting. Regulatory accounting allows a regulated utility to defer a cost (a regulatory asset) or recognize an obligation (a regulatory liability) if it is probable that through the rate making process, there will be a corresponding increase or decrease in future revenues. Accordingly, KUB has recognized certain regulatory assets and regulatory liabilities in the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Division is determined by measurement focus. The transactions of the Division are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital activity and debt service, and unrestricted components.

Recently Adopted New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91 (Statement No. 91), *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. Statement No. 91 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

In March 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 94 (Statement No. 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter in PPPs and APAs. Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement did not have a significant impact on KUB's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96 (Statement No. 96), Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by (a) establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs; (b) improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and (c) enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Adoption of this Statement is reflected on KUB's financial statements.

Wastewater Plant

Wastewater plant and other property are stated on the basis of original cost. The cost of current repairs and minor replacements is charged to operating expense. The cost of renewals and improvements is capitalized. The original cost of utility plant assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the cost of removal less salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. When other property is retired, the related asset and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

The provision for depreciation of wastewater plant in service is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to fifty years, and is computed using the straight-line method. Pursuant to NARUC, the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position does not include depreciation for transportation equipment of \$358,683 in fiscal year 2023 and \$389,897 in fiscal year 2022.

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue consists primarily of charges for services provided by the principal operations of the KUB Wastewater Division. Operating revenue is recorded when the service is rendered, on a cycle basis, and includes an estimate of unbilled revenue. Revenues are reported net of bad debt expense of \$266,428 in fiscal year 2023 and \$231,361 in fiscal year 2022.

Non-operating Revenue

Non-operating revenue consists of revenues that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Expense

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available, it is KUB's policy to apply those expenses to restricted net assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted net assets.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets, net position-restricted, and net position-unrestricted.

These classifications are defined as follows:

 Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets and intangible assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and

amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, lease and subscription liabilities, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

- Net position-restricted This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
 by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability
 relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the
 recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Net position-unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Contributions in Aid of Construction and Capital Contributions

Contributions in aid of construction are cash collections from customers, grantors, or others for a particular purpose, generally the construction of new facilities to serve new customers in excess of the investment KUB is willing to make for a particular incremental revenue source. KUB reduces the plant account balances to which contributions relate by the actual amount of the contribution and recognizes the contributions as non-operating revenue in accordance with Statement No. 62.

Capital contributions represent contributions of utility plant infrastructure constructed by developers and others in industrial parks and other developments and transferred to KUB upon completion of construction and the initiation of utility service. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, such contributions are recognized as revenues and capital assets upon receipt.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting of plant materials and operating supplies, are valued at the lower of average cost or replacement value.

OPEB Trust

KUB's OPEB Trust was established by KUB's Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to include two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement, given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions, which are determined by actuarial valuation. As required by GASB Statement No. 75, KUB measures net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a June 30, 2023, and 2022, measurement date, respectively. The net OPEB liability is \$12,930,655

(Division's share \$2,321,053) as of June 30, 2023, and \$11,202,507 (Division's share \$2,031,015) as of June 30, 2022.

Pension Plan and Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

KUB's employees are participants in the Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J) (Note 12). KUB's policy is to fully fund the annual actuarially determined contributions. As required by GASB Statement No. 68, KUB measures net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$3,886,193) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$11,178,104) as of June 30, 2022.

KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB (Note 13). As required by GASB Statement No. 73, KUB measures the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices at the reporting date.

Self-Insurance

KUB has established self-insurance programs covering portions of workers' compensation, employee health, environmental liability, general liability, property and casualty liability, and automobile liability claims. A liability is accrued for claims as they are incurred. When applicable, claims in excess of the self-insured risk are covered by KUB's insurance carrier. Additionally, KUB provides certain lifetime health benefits to eligible retired employees under a self-insurance plan administered by a third party.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that KUB believes are reasonable under the circumstances. However, future events are subject to change and the best estimates and judgments routinely require adjustment. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, inventory valuation, allowance for uncollectible accounts, depreciable lives of plant assets, unbilled revenue volumes, pension trust valuations, OPEB trust valuations, insurance liability reserves, and potential losses from contingencies and litigation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted and Designated Assets

Certain assets are restricted by bond resolutions for utility plant construction and debt repayment. Certain additional assets are designated by management for contingency purposes and economic development.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, KUB considers all unrestricted and undesignated highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Leases

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at contract inception and recognizes an intangible right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the intangible right of use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. KUB also enters into agreements, as lessor, to lease office space or property, recognizing a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The lease term includes the non-cancelable period of the lease plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the lease that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the lease controlled by the lessor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its leases. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a lease liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the intangible right of use asset.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

KUB determines if an arrangement is or contains a subscription-based information technology arrangement (subscription) at contract inception and recognizes an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability at the commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. The subscription term includes the non-cancelable period of the subscription plus an additional period covered by either an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription that KUB is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend or not to terminate the subscription controlled by the vendor. KUB uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

KUB monitors for events or changes in circumstances that require a reassessment of its subscriptions. When a reassessment results in the remeasurement of a subscription liability, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the subscription asset.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. Deferred inflows of resources are items related to the acquisition of assets or related debt which are amortized over the life of the asset or debt. KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Deferred outflows of resources also include employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and before the end of the employer's reporting period in accordance with Statement No. 71. Deferred inflows and deferred outflows also include the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and OPEB plan investments, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes in assumptions in accordance with Statements No. 68, 73, and 75. Deferred inflows are also recorded at the commencement of the lease term and recognized as revenue over the course of the lease in accordance with Statement No. 87.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Debt Premium/Discount

KUB records unamortized premium and discount on debt as a separate line item in the Long-Term Debt section of the Financial Statements. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Debt Issuance Costs

In accordance with regulatory accounting, KUB records debt issuance costs as an Other Asset. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Deferred Gain/Loss on Refunding of Debt

KUB records costs associated with the gain or loss on refunding of debt as either a deferred outflow or inflow based on the parameters of Statement No. 65. Amortization of these amounts is recorded over the life of the applicable debt as amortization expense.

Compensated Absences

KUB accrues a liability for earned but unpaid paid time off (PTO) days.

Restatement for GASB 96

During fiscal year 2023, KUB adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96) using a full retrospective approach. GASB 96 requires the recognition of an intangible subscription asset and a subscription liability, thereby enhancing the relevance and reliability of information regarding subscription activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, have been restated for the change, which did not have an impact on the net position.

As a result of adopting GASB 96, as of June 30, 2022, KUB's Wastewater Division recorded total subscription assets of \$44,149 with accumulated amortization of \$14,272 and recognized total subscription liabilities of \$29,877 (\$18,250 current). KUB's Wastewater Division also reclassified \$15,509 from administrative and general expense to \$14,272 as amortization expense and \$1,237 as interest expense.

Additional disclosures, as well as other reclassifications in the statement of cash flows, also resulted from the adoption of GASB 96.

Subsequent Events

KUB has evaluated events and transactions through October 31, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 99 (Statement No. 99), *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Paragraphs 26-32 were effective immediately. Paragraphs 11-25 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Paragraphs 4-10 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 100 (Statement No. 100), Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and

comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement No. 100 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In June 2022, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 101 (Statement No. 101), *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Statement No. 101 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

KUB has not elected early implementation of these standards and has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of these statements on its financial statements.

3. Deposits and Investments

KUB follows the provisions of Statement No. 40 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3. This Statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements for state and local governments related to deposit and investment risks. KUB classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

KUB's investment policy provides the framework for the administration and investment of cash deposits. The investment policy follows Tennessee State law and defines the parameters under which KUB funds should be invested. State law authorizes KUB to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; money market funds; and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Interest Rate Risk. KUB's primary investment objectives are to place investments in a manner to ensure the preservation of capital, remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements, and maximize yield of return. KUB minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by adhering to Tennessee State law requirements for the investment of public funds. This includes limiting investments to those types described above and limiting maturity horizons. The maximum maturity is four years from the date of investment. KUB also limits its exposure by holding investments to maturity unless cash flow requirements dictate otherwise.

Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy, as required by state law, is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable income to be derived, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Custodial Credit Risk. KUB's investment policy limits exposure to custodial credit risk by restricting investments to a standard set forth by state law. All deposits in excess of federal depository insurance limits are collateralized with government securities held in KUB's name by a third-party custodian bank(s) acting as KUB's agent(s), or through the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. Financial institutions that participate in the collateral pool are subject to special assessment; therefore, the deposits are considered insured. A portion of KUB's investments is generally held in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is a part of the State Pooled Investment Fund and is sponsored by the State of Tennessee Treasury Department. Tennessee Code Annotated ¶9-4-701 et seq. authorizes local governments to invest in the LGIP. None of KUB's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Classification of deposits and investments per Statement of Net Position:

| | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|---|-------------|------------------|----|------------------|
| Current assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 28,476,696 | \$ | 21,570,632 |
| Short-term contingency fund investments | | 21,164,359 | | 4,767,497 |
| Other assets | | | | |
| Long-term contingency fund investments | | 11,799,978 | | 28,165,339 |
| Restricted assets | | | | |
| Wastewater bond fund | | 8,280,059 | | 8,217,373 |
| Other funds | | 319 | _ | 333 |
| | \$ | 69,721,411 | \$ | 62,721,174 |
| Restricted assets Wastewater bond fund | \$ <u>_</u> | 8,280,059 319 | \$ | 8,217,373 333 |

The above amounts do not include accrued interest of \$106,670 in fiscal year 2023 and \$73,262 in fiscal year 2022. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis.

Investments and maturities of KUB's deposits and investments as held by financial institutions as of June 30, 2023:

| | Deposit and Investment Maturities (in Years) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----|------------|----|------------|--|--|--|
| | Fair | | Less | | | | | |
| | Value | | Than 1 | | 1-5 | | | |
| Supersweep NOW and Other Deposits | \$ 29,479,474 | \$ | 29,479,474 | \$ | - | | | |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool | 8,296,034 | | 8,296,034 | | - | | | |
| Agency Bonds | 32,948,264 | | 21,148,286 | | 11,799,978 | | | |
| Certificates of Deposits | | _ | - | | - | | | |
| | \$ 70,723,772 | \$ | 58,923,794 | \$ | 11,799,978 | | | |

KUB categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset with a maturity at purchase of greater than one year. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Division has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

• U.S. Agency bonds of \$11,799,978, which have a maturity at purchase of greater than one year, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

KUB measures investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less at amortized cost, which is considered a fair value equivalent due to their nature. Investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are measured at net asset value (NAV) per share.

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4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wholesale and retail customers | | |
| Billed services | \$ 5,808,453 | \$ 5,527,989 |
| Unbilled services | 4,329,083 | 4,486,545 |
| Other | 446,376 | 398,135 |
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (94,941) | (94,507) |
| | \$ 10,488,971 | \$ 10,318,162 |

5. Accounts Payable and Accruals

Accounts payable and accruals consist of the following:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Trade accounts | \$ 5,224,583 | \$ 1,595,166 |
| Salaries and wages | 221,578 | 161,815 |
| Self-insurance liabilities | 543,575 | 495,488 |
| | \$ 5,989,736 | \$ 2,252,469 |

6. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt consists of the following:

| Westernter | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Additions | Payments | | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2023 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|---------|---------------|------------|-----|----------|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| Wastewater 2010C - 1.18 - 6.1% | \$ | 20,250,000 \$ | | - \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 20,250,000 | \$ | |
| | Ф | , , , |) | - Þ | | - | - | Ф | | Ф | |
| 2015A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 104,950,000 | | - | 6,005,000 | | - | | 98,945,000 | | 3,720,000 |
| 2015B - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 1,800,000 | | - | 575,000 | | - | | 1,225,000 | | 600,000 |
| 2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 17,300,000 | | - | 525,000 | | - | | 16,775,000 | | 550,000 |
| 2017A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 4,285,000 | | - | 1,775,000 | | - | | 2,510,000 | | 595,000 |
| 2017B - 2.0 - 5.0% | | 22,635,000 | | - | 600,000 | | - | | 22,035,000 | | 630,000 |
| 2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 10,985,000 | | - | 270,000 | | - | | 10,715,000 | | 280,000 |
| 2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 15,135,000 | | - | 330,000 | | - | | 14,805,000 | | 345,000 |
| 2020A - 3.0 - 5.0% | | 26,765,000 | | - | 715,000 | | - | | 26,050,000 | | 750,000 |
| 2020B - 3.0 - 4.0% | | 26,355,000 | | - | 580,000 | | - | | 25,775,000 | | 600,000 |
| 2021A - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 187,325,000 | | - | 3,060,000 | | - | | 184,265,000 | | 6,085,000 |
| 2022A - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 11,125,000 | | - | 225,000 | | - | | 10,900,000 | | 200,000 |
| 2022B - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 23,200,000 | | - | 100,000 | | - | | 23,100,000 | | - |
| 2022C - 4.0 - 5.0% | _ | - | | 9,995,000 | | | | | 9,995,000 | _ | 170,000 |
| Total bonds | \$_ | 472,110,000 \$ | <u></u> | 9,995,000 \$ | 14,760,000 | _\$ | - | \$_ | 467,345,000 | \$_ | 14,525,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | | 61,168,494 | | 351,129 | 2,492,284 | _ | - | _ | 59,027,339 | | - |
| Total long term debt | \$ | 533,278,494 \$ | 5 | 10,346,129 \$ | 17,252,284 | \$ | - | \$ | 526,372,339 | \$ | 14,525,000 |
| | _ | | _ | | | | | _ | | _ | |

| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Additions | Payments | | Defeased | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Amounts Due Within One Year |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------------|------------------|-----|------------|----|-----------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Wastewater | | | | _ | | _ | | | |
| 2010C - 1.18 - 6.1% | | · - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 20,250,000 | \$ | - |
| 2015A - 3.0 - 5.0% | 110,625,000 | - | 5,675,000 | | - | | 104,950,000 | | 6,005,000 |
| 2015B - 3.0 - 5.0% | 26,950,000 | - | 550,000 | | 24,600,000 | | 1,800,000 | | 575,000 |
| 2016 - 2.0 - 5.0% | 17,800,000 | - | 500,000 | | - | | 17,300,000 | | 525,000 |
| 2017A - 3.0 - 5.0% | 5,970,000 | - | 1,685,000 | | - | | 4,285,000 | | 1,775,000 |
| 2017B - 2.0 - 5.0% | 23,205,000 | - | 570,000 | | - | | 22,635,000 | | 600,000 |
| 2018 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 11,240,000 | - | 255,000 | | - | | 10,985,000 | | 270,000 |
| 2019 - 3.0 - 5.0% | 15,450,000 | - | 315,000 | | - | | 15,135,000 | | 330,000 |
| 2020A - 3.0 - 5.0% | 27,445,000 | - | 680,000 | | - | | 26,765,000 | | 715,000 |
| 2020B - 3.0 - 4.0% | 26,910,000 | - | 555,000 | | - | | 26,355,000 | | 580,000 |
| 2021A - 4.0 - 5.0% | 190,815,000 | - | 3,490,000 | | - | | 187,325,000 | | 3,060,000 |
| 2022A - 4.0 - 5.0% | - | 11,125,000 | - | | - | | 11,125,000 | | 225,000 |
| 2022B - 4.0 - 5.0% | | 23,200,000 | - | | - | _ | 23,200,000 | _ | 100,000 |
| Total bonds | 476,660,000 | 34,325,000 | \$ 14,275,000 | \$_ | 24,600,000 | \$ | 472,110,000 | \$_ | 14,760,000 |
| Unamortized Premium | 61,280,352 | 2,748,402 | 2,410,559 | | 449,701 | _ | 61,168,494 | | - |
| Total long term debt | 537,940,352 | 37,073,402 | \$ 16,685,559 | \$_ | 25,049,701 | \$ | 533,278,494 | \$_ | 14,760,000 |

Debt service over remaining term of the debt is as follows:

| Fiscal | | To | Grand | | | |
|-----------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Year | | Principal | Interest | Total | | |
| 2024 | | \$ 14,525,000 | \$ 18,594,837 | \$ 33,119,837 | | |
| 2025 | | 14,855,000 | 18,041,536 | 32,896,536 | | |
| 2026 | | 14,800,000 | 17,487,189 | 32,287,189 | | |
| 2027 | | 15,255,000 | 16,902,724 | 32,157,724 | | |
| 2028 | | 15,910,000 | 16,221,426 | 32,131,426 | | |
| 2029-2033 | | 91,020,000 | 69,693,117 | 160,713,117 | | |
| 2034-2038 | | 114,505,000 | 49,496,138 | 164,001,138 | | |
| 2039-2043 | | 120,115,000 | 24,568,221 | 144,683,221 | | |
| 2044-2048 | | 54,325,000 | 7,723,464 | 62,048,464 | | |
| 2049-2052 | | 12,035,000 | 773,319 | 12,808,319 | | |
| | Total | \$ 467,345,000 | \$ 239,501,971 | \$ 706,846,971 | | |

The Division has pledged sufficient revenue, after deduction of all current operating expenses (exclusive of tax equivalents), to meet bond principal and interest payments when due. The bond covenants relating to the Wastewater Revenue Bonds require the establishment of a Wastewater Bond Fund for the payment of principal and interest requirements. As of June 30, 2023, those bond covenants had been satisfied.

During fiscal year 2011, KUB's Wastewater Division issued Series 2010C bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements. These bonds were issued as federally taxable Build America Bonds with a 35 percent interest payment rebate to be received from the United States Government for each interest payment. These bonds are subject to a reduction in rebate payment amounts which is subject to change based on Congressional action. As of October 1, 2021, the effective reduction in rebate is 5.7 percent.

During fiscal year 2022, KUB's Wastewater Division issued Series 2022A bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements. KUB's Wastewater Division also issued Series 2022B bonds to retire a portion of outstanding Series 2015B bonds. On May 13, 2022, \$23.2 million in revenue refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 4.2 percent were issued to currently refund \$24.6 million of outstanding bonds with an average interest rate of 4 percent. The net proceeds of \$24.7 million (after payment of \$0.3 million in issuance costs plus premium of \$1.7 million and an additional issuer equity contribution of \$0.1 million) were used to refund the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be refunded and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements. This refunding decreases total debt service payments over the life of the bonds by \$1.3 million, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$0.7 million.

During fiscal year 2023, KUB's Wastewater Division issued Series 2022C bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements.

Other liabilities consist of the following:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|--|------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Accrued compensated absences | \$ | 1,980,907 | \$ 4,034,415 | \$ (4,114,231) | \$ 1,901,091 |
| Customer advances for construction | | 391,566 | 110,225 | (54,600) | 447,191 |
| Other | \$ _ | 66,773 2,439,246 | \$ 11,294 4,155,934 | \$ (63,216) (4,232,047) | \$ 14,851 2,363,133 |
| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | | Balance June 30, |
| | | 2021 | Increase | Decrease | 2022 |
| Accrued compensated absences Customer advances | \$ | 1,965,640 | \$ 4,374,798 | \$ Decrease (4,359,531) | \$ |
| absences | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ 2022 |

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7. Lease Receivables

KUB, as lessor, leases office space under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to ten years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain leases contain an option to renew that has been considered in the lease receivable when the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option. KUB recognized lease revenue, which is included in other operating revenues, of \$124,651 in 2023 and \$91,172 in 2022. KUB also recognized interest income from leases, which is included in non-operating revenues, totaling \$30,409 in 2023 and \$25,965 in 2022. Total lease receivables were \$877,205 (\$109,142 current) and \$937,242 (\$106,030 current) as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and are included in other assets on the Statement of Net Position.

8. Lease Liabilities

Changes in lease liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | Increase | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Total lease liabilities Less current portion | \$ 104,846 (38,549) | \$ 24,084 | \$ (46,966) | \$ 81,964 (19,925) |
| Long-term portion | \$ 66,297 | | | \$ 62,039 |
| | Balance June 30, 2021 | Increase | Decrease | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total lease liabilities | \$ 103,589 | \$ 84,963 | \$ (83,706) | \$ 104,846 |
| Less current portion Long-term portion | \$ (82,982) 20,607 | | | \$ (38,549) 66,297 |

KUB leases certain office space, equipment, and other assets under non-cancelable lease arrangements. Terms of the leases range from one to twenty years and contain fixed payment terms. Certain office space leases contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the lease liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of lease liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | Le | ease Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|-----------|----|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 19,926 | \$ 2,808 |
| 2025 | | 19,268 | 2,083 |
| 2026 | | 14,768 | 1,426 |
| 2027 | | 13,667 | 876 |
| 2028 | | 528 | 618 |
| 2029-2033 | | 3,259 | 3,007 |
| 2034-2038 | | 4,591 | 2,674 |
| 2039-2043 | | 5,957 | 1,857 |
| | \$ | 81,964 | \$ 15,349 |

9. Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreement Liabilities

Changes in SBITA liabilities are summarized as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----|----------|----|----------|------|--------------------------|
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ 29,877 | \$ | 13,534 | \$ | (18,250) | \$ | 25,161 |
| Less current portion | (18,250) | | | - | | | (19,084) |
| Long-term portion | \$ 11,627 | _ | | | ! | \$ | 6,077 |
| | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
| Total SBITA liabilities | \$ - | \$ | 43,967 | \$ | (14,090) | \$ | 29,877 |
| Less current portion | - | | | - | | | (18,250) |
| Long-term portion | \$ - | - | | | ; | \$ - | 11,627 |

KUB has subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs) which grant non-cancelable rights to use underlying information technology software. Terms of agreement range from five to eighteen years and contain fixed and variable payment terms. Certain SBITAs contain the option for renewal, which has been considered in the SBITA liability when KUB is reasonably certain to exercise the renewal option.

Maturities and future interest requirements related to the balances of SBITA liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

| | | Subscription Maturities | Interest Requirements |
|------|----|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 19,084 | \$ 371 |
| 2025 | | 4,211 | 113 |
| 2026 | _ | 1,866 | 18 |
| | \$ | 25,161 | \$ 502 |

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10. Capital and Intangible Assets

Capital and intangible asset activity was as follows:

| | | Balance June 30, 2022 | | Increase | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2023 |
|---|----|--------------------------|----|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------|
| Pumping & Treatment Plant Collection Plant | \$ | 304,858,946 | \$ | 6,094,078 | \$ (1,642,876) | \$ | 309,310,148 |
| Mains and Metering | | 608,223,328 | | 15,468,295 | (2,689,498) | | 621,002,125 |
| Mains and Metering - Meters | | 1,180,398 | | - | - | | 1,180,398 |
| Other Accounts | _ | 79,805,163 | _ | | | _ | 79,805,163 |
| Total Collection Plant | \$ | 689,208,889 | \$ | 15,468,295 | \$ (2,689,498) | \$ | 701,987,686 |
| Total General Plant | _ | 43,187,421 | _ | 941,483 | (436,991) | _ | 43,691,913 |
| Total Wastewater Plant | \$ | 1,037,255,256 | \$ | 22,503,856 | \$ (4,769,365) | \$ | 1,054,989,747 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | _ | (249,838,970) | _ | (24,665,020) | 4,706,680 | _ | (269,797,310) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 787,416,286 | \$ | (2,161,164) | \$ (62,685) | \$ | 785,192,437 |
| Work In Progress | | 44,190,406 | | 34,622,498 | (19,751,723) | | 59,061,181 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ | 831,606,692 | \$ | 32,461,334 | \$ (19,814,408) | \$ _ | 844,253,618 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 106,608 | \$ | - | \$ (40,114) | \$ | 66,494 |
| Equipment | | 12,098 | | 19,279 | (3,446) | | 27,931 |
| Other | _ | 31,633 | _ | 16,250 | (31,633) | _ | 16,250 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 150,339 | \$ | 35,529 | \$ (75,193) | \$ | 110,675 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | _ | (45,879) | | (22,117) | 37,721 | _ | (30,275) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 104,460 | \$ | 13,412 | \$ (37,472) | \$ | 80,400 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 44,149 | \$ | 19,306 | \$ - | \$ | 63,455 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (14,272) | | (19,025) | - | | (33,297) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | 29,877 | \$ | 281 | \$ - | \$ _ | 30,158 |

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| | | Balance June 30, 2021 | | Increase | | Decrease | | Balance June 30, 2022 |
|---|------|--------------------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|------|--------------------------|
| Pumping & Treatment Plant Collection Plant | \$ | 263,238,741 | \$ | 43,381,853 | \$ | (1,761,648) | \$ | 304,858,946 |
| Mains and Metering | | 589,476,423 | | 23,421,073 | | (4,674,168) | | 608,223,328 |
| Mains and Metering - Meters | | 1,205,284 | | (24,886) | | - | | 1,180,398 |
| Other Accounts | | 79,662,163 | | 143,000 | | - | | 79,805,163 |
| Total Collection Plant | \$ | 670,343,870 | \$ | 23,539,187 | \$ | (4,674,168) | \$ | 689,208,889 |
| Total General Plant | | 41,978,575 | | 2,074,970 | | (866,124) | | 43,187,421 |
| Total Wastewater Plant | \$ | 975,561,186 | \$ | 68,996,010 | \$ | (7,301,940) | \$ | 1,037,255,256 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (235,051,108) | _ | (22,111,143) | | 7,323,281 | | (249,838,970) |
| Net Plant Assets | \$ | 740,510,078 | \$ | 46,884,867 | \$ | 21,341 | \$ | 787,416,286 |
| Work In Progress | | 69,464,932 | | 43,340,055 | | (68,614,581) | | 44,190,406 |
| Total Net Plant | \$ _ | 809,975,010 | \$ _ | 90,224,922 | \$ _ | (68,593,240) | \$ | 831,606,692 |
| Intangible Right of Use Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Office space | \$ | 141,917 | \$ | 73,682 | \$ | (108,991) | \$ | 106,608 |
| Equipment | | 20,390 | | - | | (8,292) | | 12,098 |
| Other | | 33,912 | _ | 11,281 | _ | (13,560) | | 31,633 |
| Total Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ | 196,219 | \$ | 84,963 | \$ | (130,843) | \$ | 150,339 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | | (92,630) | | (45,879) | | 92,630 | | (45,879) |
| Net Intangible Right of Use Assets | \$ _ | 103,589 | \$ _ | 39,084 | \$ _ | (38,213) | \$ _ | 104,460 |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | = | \$ | 44,149 | \$ | - | \$ | 44,149 |
| Less Accumulated Amortization | • | - | • | (14,272) | • | - | • | (14,272) |
| Net Intangible Subscription Assets | \$ | - | \$_ | 29,877 | \$ | - | \$ | 29,877 |

11. Risk Management

KUB is exposed to various risks of loss related to active and retiree medical claims; injuries to workers; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; environmental damages; and natural disasters. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

These liabilities are included in accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position. The liability is KUB's best estimate based on available information. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the amount of these liabilities was \$543,575 and \$495,488 respectively, resulting from the following changes:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-----------------|---------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 495,488 | \$ 425,975 |
| Current year claims and changes in estimates | 4,480,100 | 4,050,584 |
| Claims payments | (4,432,013) | (3,981,071) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 543,575 | \$ 495,488 |

12. Pension Plan

Description of Plan

The Knoxville Utilities Board Pension Plan (the Plan) is a governmental plan as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA or the Act), is not subject to any of the provisions of the Act, and was revised January 1, 2020, to include all prior approved amendments. The Plan is a single-employer contributory, defined benefit pension plan established by Knoxville Utilities Board Resolution No. 980 dated February 18, 1999, effective July 1, 1999, as authorized by the Charter of the City of Knoxville §1107(J). KUB Board Resolution No. 979, effective July 1, 1999, as amended by Resolution No. 1037, establishing the KUB Retirement System, was amended effective June 18, 2020, to amend the term "Trustee" to include both custodians and/or trustees, in order to provide flexibility should KUB choose to change from its current Pension trustee. The Plan is designed to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to KUB employees. KUB administers the Plan through an Administrative Committee consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Plan involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be adopted by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Plan may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The Plan issues a financial report, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2011, KUB closed the Plan such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and to accrue benefits under the Plan.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of December 31:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Inactive plan members: | | _ |
| Terminated vested participants | 14 | 12 |
| Retirees and beneficiaries | 603 | 600 |
| Active plan members | 431 | 478 |
| Total | 1,048 | 1,090 |

Retirement Benefits

The Plan provides three benefit arrangements for KUB participants, retirees, and beneficiaries.

The Plan provides pension benefits through the Career Equity Program ("CEP") for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1999, and for eligible former "City System Plan A" participants who elected CEP coverage as of July 1, 1999. The guaranteed pension benefit payable to a participant who has completed five or more years of service (or reached the normal retirement date, if earlier) upon termination of KUB employment shall be a lump sum equal to the participant's average compensation times their benefit percentage, as defined in the Plan document, or an annuity may be chosen by the participant.

In addition, the Plan provided retirement benefits through "Plan A" for former City System Plan A participants who elected not to participate in the CEP. Plan A is a closed plan and is not available to KUB employees hired after July 1, 1999. Plan A provides for early retirement benefits with 25 years of service and normal retirement benefits at age 62 or later. Benefits provided to Plan A participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments.

The Plan also provides retirement benefits through "Plan B" for former "City System Plan B" participants. Plan B is a closed plan providing benefits to participants not covered by Social Security. Benefits provided to Plan B participants include several different forms of monthly annuity payments available to participants.

Effective January 1, 2012, KUB began to provide for additional monthly supplements, which are not subject to cost-of-living adjustments, to certain former employees and surviving dependents of former employees who are eligible for and have elected coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and are eligible for Medicare. This was done to compensate for the elimination of drug coverage under the KUB retiree medical plan and to assist such individuals in obtaining prescription drug coverage under Medicare Part D.

Contributions

Participation in Plan A requires employee contributions of three percent of the first \$4,800 of annual earnings and five percent of annual earnings in excess of \$4,800. KUB contributions are determined by the enrolled actuary of the Plan and equal the amount necessary to provide the benefits under the Plan determined by the application of accepted actuarial methods and assumptions. The method of funding shall be consistent with Plan objectives.

Plan Funding

KUB maintains a Funding Policy for the Plan in accordance with Tennessee State Law. The primary goal of the Policy is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and employee contributions and current Plan assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to current active, inactive and retired Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB fully funds its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Investments

The Plan's investments are held by State Street Bank and Trust Company (the "Trustee"). The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Investment Committee and approved by the KUB Board of Commissioners and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. It is the policy of the Retirement System Investment Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2022:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation |
|--|-------------------|
| Domestic equity – large cap | 20% - 50% |
| Domestic equity – mid cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – small cap | 0% - 15% |
| Domestic equity – convertible securities | 0% - 10% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 0% - 20% |
| Real estate equity | 0% - 10% |
| Fixed income – aggregate bonds | 5% - 25% |
| Fixed income – long-term bonds | 10% - 25% |
| Cash and deposits | 0% - 5% |

Contributions of \$2,624,373 and \$3,665,168 for 2021 and 2020, respectively, were made during the Plan sponsor's fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Of these amounts, \$459,012 and \$638,776 are attributable to the Wastewater Division. The fiscal year 2023 contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2021, valuation using the Individual Entry

Age Normal funding method. The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the Plan as payments which are level as a percentage of salary, starting on the original participation date (employment date) and continuing until the assumed retirement, termination, disability, or death.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68"), which requires measurement of the net pension liability as total pension liability less the amount of the Plan's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 must be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, will be based on the December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement dates, respectively. The net pension liability is \$22,219,032 (Division's share \$3,886,193) as of June 30, 2023, and the net pension asset is \$64,137,714 (Division's share \$11,178,104) as of June 30, 2022.

GASB 68 requires certain disclosures related to the net pension liability (asset) of the Plan as disclosed below:

| albalada balaw. | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-----|-----------------|-----------------|
| Total pension liability | \$ | 254,406,723 \$ | 242,201,780 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | _ | (232, 187, 691) | (306, 339, 494) |
| Plan's net pension liability (asset) | \$_ | 22,219,032 \$ | (64,137,714) |
| | | · · | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 91.27% | 126.48% |

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Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) are as follows:

| | Т | otal Pension | Р | Increase (Decrease) lan Fiduciary | | Net Pension |
|-------------------------------|----|------------------|----|---|-----|------------------------------|
| | | Liability (a) | | Net Position (b) | Lia | ability (Asset) (a) - (b) |
| | | (4) | | (5) | | (a) - (b) |
| Balances at December 31, 2021 | \$ | 242,201,780 | \$ | 306,339,494 | \$ | (64,137,714) |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 6,349,402 | | - | | 6,349,402 |
| Interest | | 17,430,465 | | - | | 17,430,465 |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 282,014 | | - | | 282,014 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 5,268,672 | | - | | 5,268,672 |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 3,144,770 | | (3,144,770) |
| Contributions - rollovers | | - | | 3,080 | | (3,080) |
| Contributions - member | | - | | 3,809,515 | | (3,809,515) |
| Net investment income | | - | | (63,484,570) | | 63,484,570 |
| Benefit payments | | (17,125,610) | | (17,125,610) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (498,988) | | 498,988 |
| Net changes | | 12,204,943 | | (74,151,803) | | 86,356,746 |
| Balances at December 31, 2022 | \$ | 254,406,723 | \$ | 232,187,691 | \$ | 22,219,032 |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Valuation dates | January 1, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2022; January 1, |
|------------------|---|
| | 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2021 |
| Discount rate | 7.00% as of December 31, 2022; 7.25% as of December 31, 2021, |
| Salary increases | From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service as of December |
| - | 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Mortality | 115% and 110% of the PubG-2010 table for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Table, both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018, fully generational as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |
| Inflation | 2.5% as of December 31, 2022, and 2021 |

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and 2021, valuations were based on an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding

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expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, are summarized in the following table. The real rate of return reported for fixed income is for aggregate fixed income. The Plan has both aggregate and long duration fixed income.

| | Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return | | |
|--------------------|---|--------|--|
| Asset Class | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.0% | 5.1% | |
| Non-U.S. equity | 6.1% | 6.0% | |
| Real estate equity | 5.4% | 5.4% | |
| Debt securities | 0.5% | 0.2% | |
| Cash and deposits | (0.1%) | (0.3%) | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of December 31, 2022, and 7.25 percent as of December 31, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of December 31, 2022, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | | Current | | 1% | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------|----|---------------------|--|
| | Decrease (6.00%) | Discount Rate (7.00%) | | | Increase (8.00%) | |
| Plan's net pension liability | \$ 45,400,841 | \$ | 22,219,032 | \$ | 2,259,345 | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of \$8,973,269, and the Wastewater Division's share was \$1,742,645.

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2021, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$282,014, with \$70,504 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$211,510. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$2,609,559, of which \$869,853 was recognized as an

increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,739,706. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$1,951,216 (Division's share \$341,275). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$542,777, of which \$331,952 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$210.825 (Division's share \$36,874).

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$5,268,672 with \$1,317,168 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$3,951,504. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$3,389,264, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$1,694,632. The total deferred outflow is \$5,646,136 (Division's share \$987,530).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$85,314,262, of which \$17,062,852 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$38,969,257, of which \$10,346,356 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment losses this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$39,628,509 (Division's share \$6,931,176).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Wastewater Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$19,015, with \$4,754 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$14,261. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$533,820, of which \$177,940 was recognized in the current year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$355,880. In addition, KUB's Wastewater Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$229,507 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2022, and June 30, 2023.

The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Wastewater Division.

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | \$ | 341,275 | \$ | 36,874 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 987,530 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | |
| earnings on pension plan investments | | 6,931,176 | | - |
| Change in proportionate share | | 355,880 | | 14,261 |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | | 229,507 | | |
| Total | \$ | 8,845,368 | \$ | 51,135 |

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\$229,507 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year | ended | June | 30: |
|------|-------|------|-----|
|------|-------|------|-----|

| 2024 | 1,010,102 |
|------------|-----------|
| 2025 | 1,971,034 |
| 2026 | 2,599,232 |
| 2027 | 2,984,358 |
| Thereafter | - |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$11,639,307), and the Wastewater Division's share was (\$1,850,592).

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumptions changes on the Total Pension Liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was a liability experience loss of \$1,935,276, with \$483,819 of that recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of \$1,451,457. Unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods were \$1,544,136, of which \$386,034 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred outflow of \$1,158,102. The combination of unrecognized liability experience losses this year, along with unrecognized liability experience losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of \$2,609,559 (Division's share \$454,801). Unrecognized liability gains from prior periods were \$1,092,163, of which \$549,386 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a deferred inflow of \$542,777 (Division's share \$94,596).

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes or assumption changes. Net unrecognized assumption change losses from prior periods were \$5,083,896, of which \$1,694,632 was recognized as an increase in Pension Expense in the current year and resulted in a net deferred outflow of \$3,389,264 (Division's share \$590,691). Net unrecognized assumption change gains from prior periods were \$71,525, of which the remaining \$71,525 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$17,812,070, of which \$3,562,414 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$34,994,864, of which \$10,275,263 was recognized as a decrease in Pension Expense in the current year. The combination of unrecognized investment gains this year, along with unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred inflow of \$38,969,257 (Division's share \$6,791,674).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Wastewater Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is four years. This change resulted in a deferred outflow of \$711,760, with \$177,940 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next three years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$533,820. In addition, KUB's Wastewater

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Division recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$319,381 for employer contributions made between December 31, 2021, and June 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Wastewater Division.

| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| | | | |
| \$ | 454,801 | \$ | 94,596 |
| | 590,691 | | - A |
| | 4-4-5 | | |
| | 200 Pm | | 6,791,674 |
| | 533,820 | | - |
| | 319,381 | | 2 |
| \$ | 1,898,693 | \$ | 6,886,270 |
| | of | of Resources \$ 454,801 590,691 - 533,820 319,381 | of Resources of \$ 454,801 \$ 590,691 - 533,820 319,381 |

13. Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement

Description

In fiscal year 2017, KUB implemented a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement (QEBA) under IRC section 415(m), which was created by Congress to allow the payment of pension benefits that exceed the IRC section 415(b) limits (and therefore cannot be paid from a qualified retirement plan). The QEBA is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by KUB. The number of participants in any given year for the QEBA is determined by the number of KUB Pension Plan participants who exceed the current year's section 415(b) limitations, as calculated by the KUB Pension Plan actuary. The amount of QEBA benefit will be the amount specified by the terms of the KUB Pension Plan without regard to Section 415(b) limitations minus the amount payable from the KUB Pension Plan as limited by Section 415(b). QEBA benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

As of June 30, 2023, there are 404 active employees eligible for the KUB Pension Plan who are potentially eligible to receive QEBA benefits. The KUB Pension Plan was closed effective January 1, 2011, such that persons employed or re-employed by KUB on or after January 1, 2011, are not eligible to participate, but that eligible employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, who have not separated from service, shall continue as Participants and accrue benefits under the KUB Pension Plan. The KUB Pension Plan was amended to include the provision of QEBA benefits; therefore, amendments to the QEBA require the same authority as amendments to the KUB Pension Plan. As required by federal tax law, the QEBA is unfunded within the meaning of the federal tax laws. KUB may not pre-fund the QEBA to cover future liabilities beyond the current year. KUB has established procedures to pay for these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the GASB's criteria. Due to the increase in the section 415(d) annual benefit limitation from 2021 to 2022, the pension benefit for the sole participant in the Excess Benefit Arrangement is now fully payable under the KUB Pension Plan and, as such, there is no benefit payable under the Excess Benefit Arrangement as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

Total Pension Liability of the QEBA

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 ("GASB 73"). GASB 73 extends a similar approach of financial reporting to plans meeting specific criteria that are not administered through trusts that GASB 68 established for pension plans. GASB 73 requires measurement of the total pension liability of the QEBA. The amounts reported as of June 30 must

be based upon a plan measurement date within the prior twelve months. Therefore, KUB's measurements as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, are based on a December 31, 2022, and 2021, measurement date, respectively. There is no Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2023, and 2022.

GASB 73 requires certain disclosures related to the total pension liability of the QEBA, as disclosed below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Total pension liability | \$0 | \$0 |
| Deferred outflows | (6,779) | (11,505) |
| Deferred inflows | 3,408 | 16,927 |
| Net impact on Statement of Net Position | (\$3,371) | \$5,422 |
| | | |
| Covered payroll | \$37,412,132 | \$38,074,863 |
| Total pension liability as a % of covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB recognized pension expense of (\$8,793) (Division's share (\$1,934)) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$-), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [(\$3,371) - \$5,422 + \$-].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$3,408 (Division's share \$750) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$4,073 (Division's share \$897) from experience losses in prior years.

There was a deferred outflow of \$2,706 (Division's share \$586) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 4,073 | \$ | 3,408 |
| Changes in assumptions | 2,706 | | - |
| Total | \$ 6,779 | \$ | 3,408 |
| Division's share | \$ 1,483 | \$ | 750 |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|-------|
| 2024 \$ | 3,023 |
| 2025 | 348 |
| 2026 | - |
| 2027 | - |
| 2028 | - |
| Thereafter | _ |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB recognized pension expense of \$16,613 (Division's share \$3,655) for the QEBA. This amount is not expected to be the same as KUB's contribution to the QEBA (\$19,875), but instead represents the change in the net impact on KUB's Statement of Net Position plus employer contributions [\$5,422 - \$8,684 + \$19,875].

The impact of experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the total pension liability are recognized in the pension expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. As of December 31, 2020, this average was four years. During the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$6,816, with \$1,704 recognized in the current year and each of the next three years, resulting in a deferred inflow of \$5,112 (Division's share \$1,124). There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$7,225 (Division's share \$1,590) from experience gains in prior years and a deferred outflow of \$6,112 (Division's share \$1,345) from experience losses in prior years.

During the measurement year, there were no assumption changes. There was a deferred inflow at the end of the measurement year of \$4,590 (Division's share \$1,010) and a deferred outflow of \$5,393 (Division's share \$1,187) from assumption changes in prior years.

The following table summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

| | ed Outflows esources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 6,112 | \$ | 12,337 |
| Changes in assumptions | 5,393 | | 4,590 |
| Total | \$ 11,505 | \$ | 16,927 |
| Division's share | \$ 2,532 | \$ | 3,724 |

14. Defined Contribution Plan

The KUB Asset Accumulation 401(k) Plan (the "401(k) Plan") is a defined contribution 401(k) employee retirement savings plan covering eligible KUB employees established by the KUB Board of Commissioners in accordance with the Charter of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee. The 401(k) Plan's assets are held in trust under an agreement between KUB and Fidelity Management Trust

Company. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, have an enhanced 401(k) due to the closure of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. They may participate and receive a matching contribution of 50 percent of their own contribution up to a maximum match of three percent. They also receive a non-elective KUB contribution of three percent to six percent, depending on years of service, whether they contribute or not.

KUB funded 401(k) matching contributions and non-elective contributions of \$3,794,561 (Division's share \$796,858) and \$3,125,903 (Division's share \$687,699), respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022.

15. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Description of Trust

The Knoxville Utilities Board Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (the Trust) is a single-employer trust established by the KUB Board of Commissioners through Resolution No. 1168, as amended, dated October 18, 2007. The Trust, along with the KUB Health Plan, make up a Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") and are intended to be tax-exempt pursuant to Code §501(c)(9). The purpose of the Trust is to fund KUB's post-employment health care plan (the "Plan"), which provides certain medical benefits for qualifying KUB retirees and beneficiaries. The applicable documentation was submitted to the State Funding Board and, in December 2007, the State Funding Board approved the Trust. The Trust was also approved by the Internal Revenue Service in June 2008. KUB administers the Trust through a Board of Trustees consisting of seven KUB employees that are appointed by KUB's President and CEO. Any amendments to the Trust involving costs not approved in the operating budget must be approved by KUB's Board of Commissioners, upon recommendation by KUB's President and CEO. All other amendments to the Trust may be approved by KUB's President and CEO upon 60 days notification to the Board's Audit and Finance Committee. The investment of all deposits to the Trust is governed by an Investment Policy, which was adopted by the KUB Board and approved by the State Funding Board. The Trust issues a financial report which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing the Knoxville Utilities Board Retirement System, P.O. Box 59017, Knoxville, TN 37950-9017. For purposes of this disclosure, presentation is on a consolidated basis unless division's share is specified.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Plan was expanded to two benefit offerings. Employees with a benefit service date prior to July 1, 1999, will continue to be eligible for the Retiree Medical Benefit, while those with a later benefit service date will participate in a new Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), given that each eligible employee meets the "Rule of 80", the sum of age and at least 20 years of qualified service equal to or exceeding 80, at retirement.

Participants in the Plan consisted of the following as of June 30:

| | HI | RA | Retiree Med | lical Benefit |
|---------------------------|------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| | 2023 | 2023 2022 | | 2022 |
| | | | | |
| Retirees | 6 | 4 | 542 | 549 |
| Dependents of retirees | 2 | 2 | 596 | 612 |
| Eligible active employees | 25 | 15 | 140 | 145 |
| Total | 33 | 21 | 1,278 | 1,306 |

Benefits

Benefits for pre-July 1, 1999, eligible participants may include, but shall not be limited to, medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, hearing, Medicare Part B or Part D premiums, life insurance, long-term care, and long-term disability. Post-July 1, 1999, eligible participants are eligible for HRA benefits which include up to \$50,000 to be used exclusively for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses of the retiree and his or her spouse and dependents. Any unused HRA amounts will remain assets of the OPEB Trust.

Contributions and Funding

The primary goal of the Funding Policy for the Trust is to document the method KUB has adopted to provide assurance that future KUB and retiree contributions and current Trust assets will be sufficient to fund all benefits expected to be paid to Trust beneficiaries. Per the Funding Policy, KUB's current practice is to fully fund its annual Actuarially Determined Contribution, which is determined by actuarial valuation.

Contributions are authorized by the terms of the Trust as established by KUB Resolution No. 1168, as amended, as approved by the Tennessee State Funding Board. KUB shall have the right at any time to amend, in whole or in part, the provisions of this Trust; however, no such amendment shall authorize or permit the assets of the Trust to be used for or diverted to purposes other than those expressed in the Declaration of Trust.

It shall be the sole and exclusive responsibility of KUB to determine the level of contributions KUB will make to the Trust for the purpose of financing other post-employment benefits accrued by its respective participants. Neither the Trust, nor the Trust's Board, shall be responsible for collecting or otherwise determining the level of contributions needed by KUB to finance any other post-employment benefits offered by KUB. The assets of the Trust shall be expended solely to make payments for other post-employment benefits pursuant to, and in accordance with, the terms of the Trust and to pay the cost of administration.

Based on the date of retirement, certain retired members are required to contribute specified amounts monthly to maintain health insurance. Those who retired prior to July 1983 have no required monthly premiums for themselves or dependents. The retirees, or their surviving dependents, who retired between August 1983 and January 1998 are required to pay \$262.50 per month for pre-Medicare family health insurance. For individuals who retired after January 1998, the required monthly premium for pre-Medicare health insurance is \$262.50 for single coverage and \$525 for family coverage. There is currently no premium for Medicare eligible retirees or dependents. KUB is responsible for determining the level of retired plan member contributions on an annual basis as part of its review of healthcare cost sharing.

Participants in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement are not eligible for health insurance and are not required to make contributions.

Investments

The Trust holds investments in a balanced fund, which invests in passively managed common trust index funds, managed and sponsored by State Street Global Advisors (SSgA), with an asset allocation mirroring the asset allocation of the Trust and rebalanced monthly. The Trust's Investment Policy was established and may only be amended by the KUB Board of Commissioners. The Trust's Investment Policy is to invest in a manner that will provide sufficient investment return to meet current and future retiree health benefits, while conforming to all governing State and Federal statutes. It allows investment of Trust assets in any type of security instrument allowed for in T.C.A 8-50-1203.

The following was the Trust's adopted investment target allocations as set forth in the Trust's Investment Policy as of June 30, 2023:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Domestic Equity: | | | | |
| Large Cap | 30% | | | |
| Small Cap | 8% | | | |
| International Equity: | | | | |
| Developed | 16% | | | |
| Emerging | 8% | | | |
| Real Estate Equity | 8% | | | |
| Debt Securities | 30% | | | |
| Total | 100% | | | |

Actuarially determined contributions for the Wastewater Division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$253,704. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an actuarially determined contribution for the Wastewater Division of \$360,618 was made to the OPEB Trust, which includes the division's share of an additional \$1,500,000 contribution to help fund the HRA. These were based on the OPEB actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2021, and 2020.

Net OPEB Liability

The below summarizes the disclosures of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), which requires measurement of the net OPEB liability as total OPEB liability less the amount of the Trust's fiduciary net position. The amounts reported as of June 30 are based on the reporting date for the KUB Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, which is June 30. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on the fair value of assets as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability as of the valuation date, January 1, 2022, updated to June 30, 2023, and January 1, 2021, updated to June 30, 2022, respectively. The Division's share of the total net OPEB liability was \$2,321,053 as of June 30, 2023, and \$2,031,015 as of June 30, 2022.

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Trust are as follows as of June 30:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----|---------------|------------|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ | 61,637,102 \$ | 58,536,280 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | _ | 48,706,447 | 47,333,773 |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ | 12,930,655 \$ | 11,202,507 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | _ | | _ |
| total OPEB liability | | 79.02% | 80.86% |

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Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in Net OPEB Liability are as follows:

| | Increase | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | | (Decrease) | | | | |
| | Total OPEB Liability (a) | | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | | Net OPEB | | |
| | | | | | | Liability | |
| | | | | | (a) - (b) | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 47,333,773 | \$ | 11,202,507 | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 595,392 | | - | | 595,392 | |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | - | | 4,133,008 | |
| Changes of Benefits | | - | | - | | - | |
| Differences between Expected | | | | | | | |
| and Actual Experience | | 117,668 | | - | | 117,668 | |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | 2,527,824 | |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 1,413,392 | | (1,413,392) | |
| Contributions - member | | - | | - | | - | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 4,333,538 | | (4,333,538) | |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (4,273,070) | | - | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (101,186) | | 101,186 | |
| Net changes | | 3,100,822 | | 1,372,674 | | 1,728,148 | |
| Balances at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 48,706,447 | \$ | 12,930,655 | |

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation dates: January 1, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023; January 1, 2021,

rolled forward to June 30, 2022

Discount rate: 7.00% as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25% as of June 30, 2022

Healthcare cost trend rates: Pre-Medicare: 5.75% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as

of June 30, 2023, and 6.75% grading down to 4.04% as of June

30, 2022

Medicare: 11.30% grading down to 3.935% over 20 years as of June 30, 2023, and 6.30% grading down to 4.04% as of June 30,

2022

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality

Table (PubG-2010) for males and females, respectively, using the Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both

projected using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.50%

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, and January 1, 2021, valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for the periods January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2018.

60

The long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of Trust investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The long-term expected rate of return may be lower in periods of current strong performance due to future valuations that mean revert to the long-term average. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Trust's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the Trust's Investment Policy) are summarized in the chart below.

| | Long Term Expected | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Real Rate of Return | | | | | | | |
| Asset Class | 2023 | 2022 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic equity | 5.1% | 5.5% | | | | | | |
| International equity | 6.1% | 6.5% | | | | | | |
| Emerging Market equity | 8.1% | 8.6% | | | | | | |
| Real estate equity | 5.3% | 5.7% | | | | | | |
| Debt securities | 1.8% | 1.2% | | | | | | |
| Cash and deposits | 0.7% | 0.2% | | | | | | |

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2023, and 7.25 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that KUB contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Trust investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.00 percent) or one percent higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Current | 1% | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| | Decrease | Discount | Increase | |
| | (6.00%) | Rate (7.00%) | (8.00%) | |
| | | | | |
| Net OPEB liability | \$19,738,026 | \$12,930,655 | \$7,246,454 | |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Trust as of June 30, 2023, as well as what the Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

| | 1% | Baseline | 1% |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Decrease | Trends | Increase |
| | | | |
| Net OPEB liability | \$7,364,325 | \$12,930,655 | \$19,461,880 |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, KUB's Wastewater Division recognized OPEB expense of \$475,279.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was 7.0 years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$117,668, with \$16,810 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$100,858 (Division's share \$18,104). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$30,475, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were no benefit changes.

During the measurement year, there was an assumption change loss of \$2,527,824, with \$361,118 of that recognized in the current year. The remaining amount will be recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$2,166,706 (Division's share \$388,924).

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$1,007,293, of which \$201,459 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$805,834. Net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods were \$5,179,219, of which \$1,162,271 was recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred outflow of \$4,016,948. The combination of unrecognized gains this year, along with the net unrecognized investment losses from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$3,211,114 (Division's share \$576,395).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Wastewater Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is seven years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$10,787, with \$1,541 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized over the next six years, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$9,246. Net proportionate share changes from prior periods were \$38,804, of which the entire amount was recognized in the current year. The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Wastewater Division.

| | red Outflows Resources | red Inflows esources |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 18,104 | \$ - |
| Changes in assumptions | 388,924 | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 576,395 | - |
| Change in proportionate share | <u> </u> | 9,246 |
| Total | \$ 983,423 | \$ 9,246 |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30: | |
|---------------------|---------|
| 2024 \$ | 217,667 |
| 2025 | 125,077 |
| 2026 | 468,704 |
| 2027 | 30,136 |
| 2028 | 66,297 |
| Thereafter | 66,296 |

For the year ended June 30, 2022, KUB's Wastewater Division recognized OPEB expense of \$1,044,736.

The impact of liability experience gains or losses and assumption changes on the Wastewater Division's Share of the Total OPEB Liability are recognized in the OPEB expense over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members of the OPEB Plan. As of the beginning of the measurement period, this average was two years. During the measurement year, there was an experience loss of \$60,951, with \$30,476 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount will be recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$30,475 (Division's share \$5,525). Unrecognized experience losses from prior periods were \$21,401, of which the entire amount is recognized as an increase in OPEB expense in the current year.

During the measurement year, there were benefit changes that increased the Total OPEB Liability by \$6,594,293. This increase is recognized immediately in the June 30, 2022, OPEB expense.

Unrecognized gains due to assumption changes from prior periods were \$2,052,917, of which the entire amount is recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment loss of \$12,216,418, of which \$2,443,284 was recognized in the current year and will be recognized in each of the next four years, resulting in a deferred outflow of resources of \$9,773,134. Net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods were \$5,905,689, of which \$1,311,774 was recognized as a decrease in OPEB expense in the current year, resulting in a net deferred inflow of \$4,593,915. The combination of unrecognized losses this year, along with the net unrecognized investment gains from prior periods, results in a deferred outflow of resources of \$5,179,219 (Division's share \$938,993).

The impact of the change in proportionate share for the Wastewater Division during the measurement period is recognized over the average future working life of the Plan's active and inactive members, which is two years. This change resulted in a deferred inflow of \$77,608, with \$38,804 of that recognized in the current year and the remaining amount recognized in the next year, resulting in a deferred inflow of resources of \$38,804. The table below summarizes the current balances of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources of the Wastewater Division.

| | red Outflows Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | |
| experience | \$ 5,525 | \$ | - | | |
| Changes in assumptions | - | | - | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | | | | |
| earnings on OPEB plan investments | 938,993 | | - | | |
| Change in proportionate share | - | | 38,804 | | |
| Total | \$ 944,518 | \$ | 38,804 | | |

16. Related Party Transactions

The Division, in the normal course of operations, is involved in transactions with the City of Knoxville and with other divisions of KUB. Such transactions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, are summarized as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------|---------------|
| | | |
| City of Knoxville | | |
| Amounts billed by the Division for utilities and | | |
| related services | \$ 1,059,153 | \$ 932,183 |
| Payments by the Division in lieu of property tax | 5,383,684 | 5,127,318 |
| Payments by the Division for services provided | 620,567 | 1,638,569 |
| Other divisions of KUB | | |
| Amounts billed to other divisions for utilities | | |
| and related services provided | 392,032 | 339,440 |
| Interdivisional rental expense | 665,449 | 601,595 |
| Interdivisional rental income | 284,459 | 294,743 |
| Amounts billed to the Division by other divisions | | |
| for utilities services provided | 4,140,921 | 3,798,349 |

With respect to these transactions, accounts receivable from the City of Knoxville included in the balance sheet at year end were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 32,015 | \$ 35,057 |

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17. Other Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various lawsuits pending against KUB. Management has reviewed these lawsuits with counsel, who is vigorously defending KUB's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on KUB's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In February 2005, a Consent Decree was entered into federal court regarding the operation of KUB's wastewater system. Under the terms of the Consent Decree, the remediation of identified sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) on KUB's wastewater system had to be completed by June 30, 2016. KUB completed all the requirements of the Consent Decree for the collection system two years in advance of the deadline.

The Consent Decree also required KUB to perform an evaluation of the wet weather performance and capacity of its wastewater treatment plants. In July 2007, KUB submitted a Composite Correction Plan (CCP) for its wastewater treatment plants to EPA for review. The development and filing of the CCP was a requirement of the federal order of February 2005. The CCP includes recommended improvements to KUB's Kuwahee and Fourth Creek treatment plants to address wet weather capacity issues noted in prior assessments. The EPA approved the CCP in January 2009 including a recommended schedule of plant improvements that extends beyond the expiration date of the original Consent Decree. An amendment to the Consent Decree incorporating and establishing this schedule was agreed to by all parties and was entered on June 23, 2009. The purpose of the Amendment is to allow KUB to complete a portion of work outlined in the CCP after the Consent Decree deadline of June 30, 2016. The CCP provided for a biologically enhanced high-rate clarification (the BEHRC) secondary treatment system to be installed at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and at the Kuwahee treatment plant. KUB successfully completed the installation of the BEHRC system at the Fourth Creek treatment plant in the 2018 fiscal year. The project at the Kuwahee treatment plant was completed this fiscal year. The total cost of the CCP improvements at the Fourth Creek treatment plant and Kuwahee treatment plant is approximately \$120 million.

KUB's funding plan for the Consent Decree included long-term bonds and a series of rate increases phased in over the term of the order. Bond proceeds fund all types of wastewater capital projects, the majority of which are related to the Consent Decree. As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had issued \$594.8 million in bonds to fund wastewater system capital improvements since the inception of the Consent Decree. The Board approved two 50 percent rate increases, which went into effect in April 2005 and January 2007. The Board also approved an 8 percent rate increase, which was effective in September 2008, two 12 percent rate increases, which were effective in April 2011 and October 2012, three 6 percent rate increases, which were effective October 2014, October 2015, and October 2016, three 5 percent rate increases, which were effective July 2017, July 2018, and July 2019, and three 4 percent rate increases, which are effective July 2022, July 2023, and July 2024. KUB anticipates additional bond issues and rate increases over the next decade to help fund wastewater capital improvements.

KUB successfully completed the first cycle of Maintenance Operation Management (MOM) requirements one year before the deadline by inspecting manholes and gravity mains, smoke testing gravity mains, performing required inspections of pump stations and the related force mains, and completing all Corrective Action Plan/Engineering Report (CAP/ER) projects. KUB initiated the second MOM cycle that continues to focus on the prevention of SSOs. As part of the Century II initiative, formally known as the PACE10 program, KUB has installed storage tanks providing 34 million gallons of wastewater storage to control wet weather overflows and rehabilitated or replaced 432 miles of collection system pipe. KUB also continues to maintain a proactive operations and maintenance plan for the wastewater collection system including inspection, grease control, and

private lateral enforcement. The result of the PACE10/Century II initiative has been an 80 percent reduction in SSOs.

As of June 30, 2022, the Wastewater Division had completed its 18th full year under the Consent Decree, spending \$579.8 million on capital investments to meet Consent Decree requirements.

KUB's request for Consent Decree termination was submitted in January 2022 and was granted on June 16, 2022, by the applicable regulatory authorities.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| 4,092,808 14,698,657 - - |
|-----------------------------------|
| , , |
| , , |
| 14,698,657 - - |
| - |
| - |
| |
| - |
| (15,533,167) |
| 3,258,298 |
| 199,515,466 |
| 202,773,764 |
| |
| |
| 5,908,541 |
| 475,854 |
| 22,292,369 |
| 29,733 |
| (15,405,167) |
| (378,085) |
| (128,000) |
| 12,795,245 |
| 196,000,149 |
| 208,795,394 |
| (6,021,630) |
| (0,021,000) |
| 102.97% |
| 44,076,351 |
| 44,070,001 |
| (13.66%) |
| |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented in 2014.

^{**} Excludes amounts related to 401(k) matching contributions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | *Year ended Dec 2018 | ember 31 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially | \$ 3,144,770 \$ | 3,416,428 \$ | 2,876,752 \$ | 2,871,241 \$ | 3,456,475 \$ | 4,286,597 \$ | 5,243,146 \$ | 5,991,887 \$ | 5,908,541 |
| determined contribution Contribution deficiency | \$ 3,144,770 | 3,416,428 - \$ | 2,876,752 - \$ | 2,871,241 | 3,456,475 | 4,286,597 | 5,243,146 - \$ | 5,991,887 - \$ | 5,908,541 |
| Covered payroll | \$ 37,412,132 \$ | 38,074,863 \$ | 41,524,273 \$ | 40,276,197 \$ | 42,150,040 \$ | 43,309,374 \$ | 44,437,747 \$ | 44,446,743 \$ | 44,076,351 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 8.41% | 8.97% | 6.93% | 7.13% | 8.20% | 9.90% | 11.80% | 13.48% | 13.41% |

Notes to Schedule:

Timing: Actuarially determined contributions for a Plan year are based upon 50% of the

amounts determined at the actuarial valuations for each of the two prior Plan years.

Valuation Dates: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Individual entry age

Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: As of January 1, 2021: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 20 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2020: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 21 years remaining, or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability

As of January 1, 2021 and 2020, the unfunded liability was negative.

Discount rate: 7.25% as of January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Salary increases: 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service; As of January 1, 2021, a one-time reduction was applied to reduce the 2020

compensation by 3.7% to account for an additional 2020 pay period

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the benefits-weighted Public Sector General Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively, for males and females, using

the Public Sector General Employee Table while in active employment and for annuitant ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table,

both projected from the 2010 base rates using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5%

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2014 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 67, which was implemented 2014. Please refer to prior year's audited financial statements for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended June 30 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 2021 | | | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 595,392 | \$ | 416,277 | \$ | 283,786 | \$ | 256,270 | \$ | 270,515 | \$ | 202,603 |
| Interest | | 4,133,008 | | 3,858,276 | | 3,861,304 | | 3,672,291 | | 3,624,737 | | 3,295,240 |
| Change of benefit terms | | · | | 6,594,293 | | - | | (202,408) | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | 117,668 | | 60,951 | | 42,802 | | 43,902 | | 999,098 | | 1,324,769 |
| Changes of assumptions | | 2,527,824 | | - | | (4,105,835) | | 3,604,843 | | 3,231,601 | | (397,180) |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | | (3,532,444) | | (3,298,739) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 3,100,822 | | 7,021,162 | | (3,029,122) | | 4,346,302 | | 4,593,507 | | 1,126,693 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 58,536,280 | | 51,515,118 | | 54,544,240 | | 50,197,938 | | 45,604,431 | | 44,477,738 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 61,637,102 | \$ | 58,536,280 | \$ | 51,515,118 | \$ | 54,544,240 | \$ | 50,197,938 | \$ | 45,604,431 |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,413,392 | \$ | 1,989,066 | \$ | 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Net investment income | | 4,333,538 | | (8,122,417) | | 12,890,602 | | 975,155 | | 2,981,928 | | 3,705,473 |
| Benefit payments | | (4,273,070) | | (3,908,635) | | (3,111,179) | | (3,028,596) | | (3,532,444) | | (3,298,739) |
| Administrative expense | | (101,186) | | (71,187) | | (44,496) | | (53,286) | | (54,787) | | (51,668) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 1,372,674 | | (10,113,173) | | 10,492,153 | | (1,795,403) | | (605,303) | | 355,066 |
| Plan fisherlam and a reffice the about a | | 47,000,770 | | F7 440 040 | | 40.054.700 | | 40.750.400 | | 40.055.400 | | 10 000 100 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | • | 47,333,773 48,706,447 | • | 57,446,946 47,333,773 | \$ | 46,954,793 57,446,946 | \$ | 48,750,196 46,954,793 | \$ | 49,355,499 48,750,196 | \$ | 49,000,433 49,355,499 |
| • | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 12,930,655 | \$ | 11,202,507 | \$ | (5,931,828) | <u>\$</u> | 7,589,447 | <u>\$</u> | 1,447,742 | \$ | (3,751,068) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 79.02% | | 80.86% | | 111.51% | | 86.09% | | 97.12% | | 108.23% |
| Covered employee payroll** | \$ | 79.02% | \$ | 73,927,857 | \$ | 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ | 24,346,735 | \$ | 23,677,080 |
| Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of | φ | 10,129,341 | Ф | 13,321,031 | Ф | 21,070,300 | Ф | 23,303,330 | Ф | 24,340,733 | Ф | 23,011,000 |
| covered employee payroll | | 18.44% | | 15.15% | | (27.49%) | | 32.48% | | 5.95% | | (15.84%) |
| 1 7 1 7 | | | | | | (| | | | | | (|

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} Information not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.

^{**} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Required Supplementary Information – Schedule of Employer OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | *Yea | r ended June 30 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contribution in relation to the annual | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 489,066 | \$ 757,226 | \$ | 311,324 | \$ - | \$ - |
| required contribution Contribution deficiency/(excess) | \$ 1,413,392 | \$ 1,989,066 (1,500,000) | \$ 757,226 - | \$ | 311,324 - | \$ <u>-</u> | \$ <u>-</u> |
| Covered employee payroll* Contributions as a percentage of | \$ 70,129,341 | \$ 73,927,857 | \$ 21,578,366 | \$ | 23,363,536 | \$ 24,346,735 | \$ 23,677,080 |
| covered employee payroll | 2.02% | 2.69% | 3.51% | | 1.33% | 0.00% | 0.00% |

^{*} The covered-employee payroll increased in FY 2022 due to the inclusion of plan participants eligible for the HRA benefits.

KUB elected to make a \$1,500,000 voluntary contribution to the Trust to initially fund the HRA benefit which was effective January 1, 2022. This contribution was not required.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2020

Timing: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation

completed 18 months before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Key methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal
Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market

Amortization method: Level dollar, 30-year closed period with 15 years remaining as of January 1, 2021

(16 years as of January 1, 2020), or a level dollar, 30-year open period for a negative unfunded liability; As of January 1, 2020 and 2021, the unfunded liability was positive

Discount rate: 7.25%

Healthcare cost trend rate: Pre-Medicare: 6.50% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.75% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Medicare: 6.20% grading down to 4.04% over 19 years as of January 1, 2021;

6.30% grading down to 4.04% over 20 years as of January 1, 2020

Administrative expenses: 3.0% per year

Salary increases: From 2.50% to 5.65%, based on years of service

Mortality: 115% and 110% of the Public Sector Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (PubG-2010), respectively for males and females, using the

Public Sector General Employee Table (PubG-2010) for ages prior to the start of the Health Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected

using scale MP2018 fully generational

Inflation: 2.5% Investment rate of return: 7.25%

Retirement age: 2% at ages 50-57, grading up to 100% at age 70

^{*} Schedule of Employer Contribution information is not reflected prior to 2018 due to changes in actuary methodologies required under GASB 75, which was implemented in 2018.
Please refer to prior year's audited financial statement for prior methods and assumptions.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Required Supplementary Information – Qualified Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

| | *Year ended December 31 | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2022 | 2021 2020 | | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 941 | \$ 584 | \$ - | | |
| Interest (includes interest on service cost) | - | 268 | 388 | 9,181 | 9,676 | 7,535 | - | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | = | - | - | (218,272) | = | - | 185,077 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | (6,816) | 10,165 | 34 | (36,125) | 13,684 | - | | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | 91 | 13,342 | (22,950) | 73,461 | - | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | | (12,166) | (12,166) | (15,932) | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Net change in total pension liability | - | (18,714) | (1,522) | (211,647) | (48,458) | 95,264 | 185,077 | | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | 18,714 | 20,236 | 231,883 | 280,341 | 185,077 | | | |
| Total pension liability - ending | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 18,714 | \$ 20,236 | \$ 231,883 | \$ 280,341 | \$ 185,077 | | |
| Covered payroll Total pension liability as a percentage of | \$ 37,412,132 | \$ 38,074,863 | \$ 41,524,273 | \$ 40,276,197 | \$ 42,150,040 | \$ 43,309,374 | \$ 44,437,747 | | |
| covered payroll | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.05% | 0.05% | 0.55% | 0.65% | 0.42% | | |

Notes to Schedule:

^{*} There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 to pay related benefits.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued on Next Page

| | | 2010C | | 2015 | Α | 201 | 5B | 201 | 2016 2017A | | 2017B | | |
|----------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| FY | Principal | Interest | Rebate* | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 23-24 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 3,720,000 | 3,595,012 | 600,000 | 42,750 | 550,000 | 437,531 | 595,000 | 88,300 | 630,000 | 685,713 |
| 24-25 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 3,785,000 | 3,483,412 | 625,000 | 18,750 | 575,000 | 421,031 | 615,000 | 70,450 | 660,000 | 654,212 |
| 25-26 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,425,000 | 3,369,864 | | | 575,000 | 409,531 | 640,000 | 52,000 | 690,000 | 621,213 |
| 26-27 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,490,000 | 3,323,550 | | | 600,000 | 398,031 | 660,000 | 26,400 | 715,000 | 600,512 |
| 27-28 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,405,000 | 3,271,400 | | | 600,000 | 386,032 | | | 725,000 | 586,213 |
| 28-29 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,450,000 | 3,222,226 | | | 625,000 | 374,032 | | | 745,000 | 570,806 |
| 29-30 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,455,000 | 3,178,726 | | | 625,000 | 361,532 | | | 760,000 | 553,112 |
| 30-31 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,515,000 | 3,135,076 | | | 650,000 | 348,250 | | | 785,000 | 530,313 |
| 31-32 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,520,000 | 3,089,626 | | | 675,000 | 333,625 | | | 805,000 | 506,762 |
| 32-33 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,580,000 | 3,042,125 | | | 675,000 | 318,438 | | | 830,000 | 482,613 |
| 33-34 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,635,000 | 2,992,750 | | | 700,000 | 302,406 | | | 855,000 | 457,712 |
| 34-35 | | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,690,000 | 2,939,612 | | | 700,000 | 284,906 | | | 880,000 | 432,063 |
| 35-36 | 3,700,000 | 1,235,250 | 432,338 | 1,750,000 | 2,884,688 | | | 725,000 | 267,406 | | | 910,000 | 405,662 |
| 36-37 | 3,875,000 | 1,009,550 | 353,343 | 1,825,000 | 2,827,812 | | | 750,000 | 249,282 | | | 935,000 | 378,363 |
| 37-38 | 4,050,000 | 773,175 | 270,611 | 13,420,000 | 2,768,500 | | | 775,000 | 229,594 | | | 965,000 | 350,312 |
| 38-39 | 4,225,000 | 526,125 | 184,144 | 13,895,000 | 2,298,800 | | | 775,000 | 209,250 | | | 995,000 | 320,156 |
| 39-40 | 4,400,000 | 268,400 | 93,940 | 14,480,000 | 1,743,000 | | | 800,000 | 186,000 | | | 1,025,000 | 289,063 |
| 40-41 | | | | 15,130,000 | 1,236,200 | | | 825,000 | 162,000 | | | 1,055,000 | 257,032 |
| 41-42 | | | | 15,775,000 | 631,000 | | | 850,000 | 137,250 | | | 1,090,000 | 224,062 |
| 42-43 | | | | | | | | 875,000 | 111,750 | | | 1,125,000 | 190,000 |
| 43-44 | | | | | | | | 900,000 | 85,500 | | | 1,160,000 | 154,844 |
| 44-45 | | | | | | | | 950,000 | 58,500 | | | 1,195,000 | 118,594 |
| 45-46 | | | | | | | | 1,000,000 | 30,000 | | | 1,230,000 | 81,250 |
| 46-47 | | | | | | | | | | | | 1,270,000 | 41,275 |
| 47-48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 48-49 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 49-50 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 50-51 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51-52 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 20,250,000 \$ | 18,635,500 \$ | 6,522,432 | 98,945,000 \$ | 53,033,379 \$ | 1,225,000 \$ | 61,500 \$ | 16,775,000 \$ | 6,101,877 \$ | 2,510,000 \$ | 237,150 \$ | 22,035,000 \$ | 9,491,857 |

^{*}Series 2010c bonds were issued as federally taxable Build America Bonds. KUB will receive a 35 percent interest rebate payment from the United States Government for each interest payment. Effective October 1, 2021 these bonds became subject to a 5.7% reduction in rebate payment amounts due to the United States Government sequestration. The sequestration is effective until intervening Congressional action, at which time the sequestration rate is subject to change.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued on Next Page

| | 201 | 8 | 201 | 9 | 2020 |)A | 2020 | В | 2021 | 4 | 2022A | | |
|----------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | |
| 23-24 | 280,000 | 365,956 | 345,000 | 505,200 | 750,000 | 924,900 | 600,000 | 813,100 | 6,085,000 | 7,996,650 | 200,000 | 461,150 | |
| 24-25 | 290,000 | 354,756 | 360,000 | 487,950 | 785,000 | 887,400 | 625,000 | 789,100 | 6,150,000 | 7,753,250 | 210,000 | 451,150 | |
| 25-26 | 305,000 | 343,156 | 380,000 | 469,950 | 825,000 | 848,150 | 650,000 | 764,100 | 8,360,000 | 7,507,250 | 220,000 | 440,650 | |
| 26-27 | 315,000 | 330,956 | 400,000 | 450,950 | 865,000 | 806,900 | 675,000 | 738,100 | 8,535,000 | 7,172,850 | 230,000 | 429,650 | |
| 27-28 | 325,000 | 321,506 | 420,000 | 430,950 | 910,000 | 763,650 | 705,000 | 711,100 | 9,760,000 | 6,746,100 | 245,000 | 418,150 | |
| 28-29 | 335,000 | 311,756 | 435,000 | 409,950 | 955,000 | 718,150 | 730,000 | 682,900 | 10,260,000 | 6,258,100 | 255,000 | 405,900 | |
| 29-30 | 345,000 | 301,706 | 455,000 | 388,200 | 1,005,000 | 670,400 | 760,000 | 653,700 | 10,800,000 | 5,745,100 | 270,000 | 393,150 | |
| 30-31 | 355,000 | 291,356 | 475,000 | 370,000 | 1,055,000 | 620,150 | 785,000 | 630,900 | 11,315,000 | 5,205,100 | 280,000 | 379,650 | |
| 31-32 | 365,000 | 280,706 | 495,000 | 351,000 | 1,095,000 | 577,950 | 805,000 | 607,350 | 11,935,000 | 4,639,350 | 295,000 | 365,650 | |
| 32-33 | 375,000 | 269,756 | 515,000 | 331,200 | 1,140,000 | 534,150 | 830,000 | 583,200 | 12,550,000 | 4,042,600 | 310,000 | 350,900 | |
| 33-34 | 390,000 | 258,038 | 530,000 | 315,750 | 1,175,000 | 499,950 | 855,000 | 558,300 | 13,015,000 | 3,540,600 | 325,000 | 335,400 | |
| 34-35 | 400,000 | 245,362 | 545,000 | 299,850 | 1,210,000 | 464,700 | 880,000 | 532,650 | 13,550,000 | 3,020,000 | 340,000 | 322,400 | |
| 35-36 | 415,000 | 232,364 | 560,000 | 283,500 | 1,245,000 | 428,400 | 905,000 | 506,250 | 10,885,000 | 2,478,000 | 355,000 | 308,800 | |
| 36-37 | 425,000 | 218,874 | 580,000 | 266,700 | 1,285,000 | 391,050 | 935,000 | 479,100 | 11,430,000 | 2,042,600 | 370,000 | 294,600 | |
| 37-38 | 440,000 | 204,532 | 595,000 | 249,300 | 1,320,000 | 352,500 | 965,000 | 451,050 | 2,465,000 | 1,585,400 | 380,000 | 279,800 | |
| 38-39 | 455,000 | 189,682 | 615,000 | 231,450 | 1,360,000 | 312,900 | 990,000 | 422,100 | 2,595,000 | 1,486,800 | 395,000 | 264,600 | |
| 39-40 | 475,000 | 173,756 | 615,000 | 213,000 | 1,400,000 | 272,100 | 1,020,000 | 392,400 | 2,705,000 | 1,383,000 | 415,000 | 248,800 | |
| 40-41 | 490,000 | 157,132 | 635,000 | 194,550 | 1,445,000 | 230,100 | 1,050,000 | 361,800 | 3,515,000 | 1,274,800 | 430,000 | 232,200 | |
| 41-42 | 505,000 | 139,982 | 655,000 | 175,500 | 1,490,000 | 186,750 | 1,085,000 | 330,300 | 3,655,000 | 1,134,200 | 445,000 | 215,000 | |
| 42-43 | 525,000 | 122,306 | 675,000 | 155,850 | 1,530,000 | 142,050 | 1,115,000 | 297,750 | 3,920,000 | 988,000 | 465,000 | 197,200 | |
| 43-44 | 540,000 | 103,932 | 700,000 | 135,600 | 1,580,000 | 96,150 | 1,150,000 | 264,300 | 4,110,000 | 831,200 | 485,000 | 178,600 | |
| 44-45 | 560,000 | 85,032 | 720,000 | 114,600 | 1,625,000 | 48,750 | 1,185,000 | 229,800 | 4,335,000 | 666,800 | 505,000 | 159,200 | |
| 45-46 | 580,000 | 65,432 | 740,000 | 93,000 | | | 1,220,000 | 194,250 | 4,580,000 | 493,400 | 525,000 | 139,000 | |
| 46-47 | 600,000 | 44,406 | 765,000 | 70,800 | | | 1,255,000 | 157,650 | 4,830,000 | 310,200 | 545,000 | 118,000 | |
| 47-48 | 625,000 | 22,656 | 785,000 | 47,850 | | | 1,295,000 | 120,000 | 1,425,000 | 117,000 | 565,000 | 96,200 | |
| 48-49 | | | 810,000 | 24,300 | | | 1,335,000 | 81,150 | 1,500,000 | 60,000 | 590,000 | 73,600 | |
| 49-50 | | | | | | | 1,370,000 | 41,100 | | | 610,000 | 50,000 | |
| 50-51 | | | | | | | | | | | 640,000 | 25,600 | |
| 51-52 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 10,715,000 \$ | 5,435,096 \$ | 14,805,000 \$ | 7,066,950 \$ | 26,050,000 \$ | 10,777,200 \$ | 25,775,000 \$ | 12,393,500 \$ | 184,265,000 \$ | 84,478,350 \$ | 10,900,000 \$ | 7,635,000 | |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Debt Maturities by Fiscal Year June 30, 2023

Continued from Previous Page

| | | | | | | | Grand Total | Grand Total |
|----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2022 | В | 20220 | 3 | Tota | als | (P + I) | (Less Rebates) |
| FY | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | | |
| 23-24 | | 1,003,300 | 170,000 | 440,025 | 14,525,000 | 18,594,837 | 33,119,837 | 32,687,499 |
| 24-25 | | 1,003,300 | 175,000 | 431,525 | 14,855,000 | 18,041,536 | 32,896,536 | 32,464,198 |
| 25-26 | 545,000 | 1,003,300 | 185,000 | 422,775 | 14,800,000 | 17,487,189 | 32,287,189 | 31,854,851 |
| 26-27 | 575,000 | 976,050 | 195,000 | 413,525 | 15,255,000 | 16,902,724 | 32,157,724 | 31,725,386 |
| 27-28 | 610,000 | 947,300 | 205,000 | 403,775 | 15,910,000 | 16,221,426 | 32,131,426 | 31,699,088 |
| 28-29 | 635,000 | 916,800 | 215,000 | 393,525 | 16,640,000 | 15,499,395 | 32,139,395 | 31,707,057 |
| 29-30 | 690,000 | 885,050 | 225,000 | 382,775 | 17,390,000 | 14,748,701 | 32,138,701 | 31,706,363 |
| 30-31 | 715,000 | 850,550 | 235,000 | 371,525 | 18,165,000 | 13,968,120 | 32,133,120 | 31,700,782 |
| 31-32 | 745,000 | 814,800 | 250,000 | 359,775 | 18,985,000 | 13,161,844 | 32,146,844 | 31,714,506 |
| 32-33 | 775,000 | 777,550 | 260,000 | 347,275 | 19,840,000 | 12,315,057 | 32,155,057 | 31,722,719 |
| 33-34 | 835,000 | 738,800 | 275,000 | 334,275 | 20,590,000 | 11,569,231 | 32,159,231 | 31,726,893 |
| 34-35 | 870,000 | 697,050 | 290,000 | 320,525 | 21,355,000 | 10,794,368 | 32,149,368 | 31,717,030 |
| 35-36 | 935,000 | 653,550 | 305,000 | 306,025 | 22,690,000 | 9,989,895 | 32,679,895 | 32,247,557 |
| 36-37 | 965,000 | 606,800 | 320,000 | 290,775 | 23,695,000 | 9,055,506 | 32,750,506 | 32,397,163 |
| 37-38 | 465,000 | 568,200 | 335,000 | 274,775 | 26,175,000 | 8,087,138 | 34,262,138 | 33,991,527 |
| 38-39 | 465,000 | 549,600 | 345,000 | 261,375 | 27,110,000 | 7,072,838 | 34,182,838 | 33,998,694 |
| 39-40 | 460,000 | 531,000 | 360,000 | 247,575 | 28,155,000 | 5,948,094 | 34,103,094 | 34,009,154 |
| 40-41 | 1,060,000 | 512,600 | 375,000 | 233,175 | 26,010,000 | 4,851,589 | 30,861,589 | 30,861,589 |
| 41-42 | 1,110,000 | 470,200 | 390,000 | 218,175 | 27,050,000 | 3,862,419 | 30,912,419 | 30,912,419 |
| 42-43 | 1,155,000 | 425,800 | 405,000 | 202,575 | 11,790,000 | 2,833,281 | 14,623,281 | 14,623,281 |
| 43-44 | 1,205,000 | 379,600 | 420,000 | 186,375 | 12,250,000 | 2,416,101 | 14,666,101 | 14,666,101 |
| 44-45 | 1,255,000 | 331,400 | 440,000 | 169,575 | 12,770,000 | 1,982,251 | 14,752,251 | 14,752,251 |
| 45-46 | 1,300,000 | 281,200 | 455,000 | 151,425 | 11,630,000 | 1,528,957 | 13,158,957 | 13,158,957 |
| 46-47 | 1,350,000 | 229,200 | 475,000 | 132,656 | 11,090,000 | 1,104,187 | 12,194,187 | 12,194,187 |
| 47-48 | 1,395,000 | 175,200 | 495,000 | 113,062 | 6,585,000 | 691,968 | 7,276,968 | 7,276,968 |
| 48-49 | 1,470,000 | 119,400 | 515,000 | 92,644 | 6,220,000 | 451,094 | 6,671,094 | 6,671,094 |
| 49-50 | 1,515,000 | 60,600 | 535,000 | 71,400 | 4,030,000 | 223,100 | 4,253,100 | 4,253,100 |
| 50-51 | | | 560,000 | 48,662 | 1,200,000 | 74,262 | 1,274,262 | 1,274,262 |
| | | | 585,000 | 24,863 | 585,000 | 24,863 | 609,863 | 609,863 |
| Total \$ | 23,100,000 \$ | 16,508,200 \$ | 9,995,000 \$ | 7,646,412 \$ | 467,345,000 \$ | 239,501,971 \$ | 706,846,971 \$ | 700,324,539 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Supplemental Information – Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt by Individual Issue June 30, 2023

| | Original Amount | Interest | Date of | Last Maturity | Outstanding Balance | Issued During | Paid/Matured During | Refunded During | Outstanding Balance |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Description of Indebtedness | of Issue | Rate | Issue | Date | 7/1/2022 | Period | Period | Period | 6/30/2023 |
| Business-Type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| BONDS PAYABLE | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Wastewater Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2010C | 70,000,000 | 1.18-6.1 | 12/08/10 | 04/01/40 | \$ 20,250,000 \$ | \$ | - \$ | | \$ 20,250,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series 2015A | 129,825,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 05/01/15 | 04/01/42 | 104,950,000 | | 6,005,000 | | 98,945,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2015B | 30,000,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 05/20/15 | 04/01/25 | 1,800,000 | | 575,000 | | 1,225,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2016 | 20,000,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 08/05/16 | 04/01/46 | 17,300,000 | | 525,000 | | 16,775,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series 2017A | 11,965,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 04/07/17 | 04/01/27 | 4,285,000 | | 1,775,000 | | 2,510,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2017B | 25,000,000 | 2.0-5.0 | 09/15/17 | 04/01/47 | 22,635,000 | | 600,000 | | 22,035,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2018 | 12,000,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 09/14/18 | 04/01/48 | 10,985,000 | | 270,000 | | 10,715,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2019 | 16,000,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 08/20/19 | 04/01/49 | 15,135,000 | | 330,000 | | 14,805,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series 2020A | 28,230,000 | 3.0-5.0 | 05/22/20 | 04/01/45 | 26,765,000 | | 715,000 | | 26,050,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2020B | 27,460,000 | 3.0-4.0 | 10/30/20 | 04/01/50 | 26,355,000 | | 580,000 | | 25,775,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series 2021A | 190,815,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 04/19/21 | 04/01/49 | 187,325,000 | | 3,060,000 | | 184,265,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2022A | 11,125,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 04/29/22 | 04/01/51 | 11,125,000 | | 225,000 | | 10,900,000 |
| Revenue Bond Refunding, Series 2022B | 23,200,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 05/13/22 | 04/01/50 | 23,200,000 | | 100,000 | | 23,100,000 |
| Revenue Bond, Series 2022C | 9,995,000 | 4.0-5.0 | 12/16/22 | 04/01/52 | - | 9,995,000 | _ | | 9,995,000 |
| | | | | | \$ 472,110,000 \$ | 9,995,000 \$ | 14,760,000 \$ | - | \$ 467,345,000 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Supplemental Information - Schedule of Changes in Lease Liabilities June 30, 2023

| Description of Indebtedness | Original Amount of Issue | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Maturity Date | Outstanding 6/30/2022 | Issued During Period | Paid and/or Matured During Period | Remeasure- ments | Outstanding 6/30/2023 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Lease Liabilities</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Payable through Wastewater Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| Centriworks | \$ 9,442 | 3.88% | 11/1/2020 | 10/31/2023 \$ | 5,762 \$ | - 9 | (4,098) \$ | (262) \$ | 1,402 |
| Coal Creek Ventures | 6,447 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 9/30/2035 | 6,314 | - | (6,027) | (287) | - |
| Crown Castle | 16,250 | 3.90% | 3/1/2023 | 2/1/2043 | - | 16,250 | (129) | - | 16,121 |
| Manki 1 Investments | 66,495 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 5/31/2027 | 65,489 | - | (12,329) | - | 53,160 |
| Pinnacle Towers | 10,404 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2027 | 11,281 | - | (10,768) | (513) | - |
| Ricoh Americas | 7,834 | 3.88% | 8/1/2022 | 8/31/2025 | 283 | 7,834 | (2,356) | (13) | 5,748 |
| RJ Young Company | 10,654 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2026 | 8,530 | - | (2,610) | (387) | 5,533 |
| White Realty | 7,187 | 3.88% | 7/1/2020 | 6/30/2041 | 7,187 | | (7,187) | | |
| Total Lease Liabilities | | | | \$ | 104,846 | 24,084 | (45,504) | (1,462) \$ | 81,964 |

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statistical Information – Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Insurance coverage is for KUB as a consolidated entity.

Crime

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$250,000 retention.

Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance

Covers KUB personnel appropriately authorized to make decisions on behalf of KUB (including but not limited to Commissioners, President and CEO, Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, and Directors) for wrongful acts. Limits of coverage - \$20,000,000; \$500,000 corporate deductible, \$0 individual deductible.

Employment Practices Liability

Coverage for costs related to actual or alleged employment practices violations for amounts exceeding specified amount (\$500,000). Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000.

Fiduciary

Covers losses resulting from wrongful acts related to KUB's Pension, 401(k), OPEB Trust funds, and Medical Plan. Limits of coverage - \$10,000,000; \$150,000 deductible.

Environmental and Pollution Legal Liability

Environmental and Pollution coverage for covered losses resulting from a pollution or environmental event. Limits of coverage - \$15,000,000.

Property Insurance

This coverage provides protection of KUB's property for fire, extended coverage, vandalism and malicious mischief, and coverage on boilers and machinery. Also included are flood and earthquake damage and mechanical failure. Limits of coverage - \$250,000,000 per occurrence (subject to certain sublimits); \$2,500,000 deductible per occurrence.

Travel Accident

Covers losses related to employees' business travel. Limits of coverage - \$1,000,000 aggregate.

Excess Insurance for General Liability

As a governmental entity, KUB's liability is limited under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act (TCA §29-20-403).). Limits of coverage - \$5,000,000; \$700,000 retention.

Excess Insurance for Workers' Compensation

Covers all losses exceeding specified amount per occurrence (\$1,000,000). Limits of coverage - Statutory; stop loss coverage applies for aggregate losses over \$5,000,000.

Employee Health Plan Stop Loss Coverage

KUB's employee health plan is self-funded. KUB has purchased stop loss insurance, which covers KUB's exposure to annual expenses for more than \$600,000 per individual participant.

Cyber Security Liability

Covers losses resulting from employee dishonesty, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Limits of coverage - \$3,000,000; \$500,000 retention.

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statistical Information – Schedule of Current Rates in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

| | | | | | | | | Nemakanat |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--------|------------|--|--------------------|------------------------|
| Rate Class | Base Cha | rge | | | | | | Number of Customers |
| Residential Inside City rate | For w aste | 56,534 | | | | | | |
| and dispression | | | | | | | | |
| | First Over | 2 2 | | | | n at \$2.00 Per 100 Cubic Feet n at \$9.40 Per 100 Cubic Feet | | |
| | | Additional | Monthly C | ustome | r Charge | 9 | | |
| | | 5/8 | 8" meter | \$ | 35.90 | | | |
| Non-Residential Inside City rate | For w aste | | · | | entirely v | within the corporate limits of the | City of Knoxville: | 7,841 |
| | | Co | mmodity C | harge | | | | |
| | First | 2 | | | | at \$2.00 Per 100 Cubic Feet | | |
| | Next | 8 | | | | at \$12.95 Per 100 Cubic Feet | | |
| | Next Next | 90 300 | | | | at \$11.90 Per 100 Cubic Feet at \$10.30 Per 100 Cubic Feet | | |
| | Next | 4,600 | | | | at \$8.40 Per 100 Cubic Feet | | |
| | Next | 5,000 | | | | at \$4.95 Per 100 Cubic Feet | | |
| | | Additional | Monthly C | ustome | r Charge | e | | |
| | | 5/8 | 8" meter | \$ | 35.90 | | | |
| | | | 1" meter | | 51.90 | | | |
| | | 1 1/2 | 2" meter | | 65.50 | | | |
| | | 2 | 2" meter | | 89.00 | | | |

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

170.00

279.00

590.00 1,025.00

1,560.00

2,340.00

3" meter

4" meter

6" meter

8" meter

10" meter 12" meter

Knoxville Utilities Board Wastewater Division Statistical Information – Schedule of Current Rates in Force June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

| Rate Class | Base Char | ·ge | | | | | Number of Customers |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|--|------------|------------|--|------------------------|
| Residential Outside City rate | | of Knoxville: | or partly outside the corporate limits | 9,338 | | | |
| | | Co | mmodity C | harge | | | |
| | First | 2 | 100 Cub | oic Feet F | Per Month | n at \$2.15 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | Over | 2 | 100 Cub | ic Feet F | er Month | at \$10.15 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | | Additional | Monthly Cเ | ıstome | · Charge | 9 | |
| | | 5/8 | 8" meter | \$ | 39.90 | | |
| Non-Residential Outside City rate | | of Knoxville: | rnished to p | | entirely (| or partly outside the corporate limits | 328 |
| | | | | 90 | | | |
| | First | 2 | | | | at \$2.25 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | Next | 8 | | | | at \$14.25 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | Next | 90 | | | | at \$13.10 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | Next | 300 | | | | at \$11.25 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | Next | 4,600 | | | | at \$9.35 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | Next | 5,000 | 100 Cub | oic Feet F | er Month | n at \$5.50 Per 100 Cubic Feet | |
| | | Additional | Monthly Cu | ıstome | · Charge | Đ | |
| | | | 3" meter | \$ | 39.90 | | |
| | | | 1" meter | | 56.00 | | |
| | | | 2" meter | | 73.50 | | |
| | | | 2" meter | | 97.00 | | |
| | | | 3" meter | | 191.00 | | |
| | | | 4" meter | | 307.00 | | |
| | | | 6" meter | | 649.00 | | |
| | | 8 | 3" meter | 1 | ,130.00 | | |

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

1,710.00

2,560.00

10" meter

12" meter



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Wastewater Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Wastewater Division (the Division) of the Knoxville Utilities Board, a component unit of the City of Knoxville, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Division's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Division's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Division's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Commissioners Wastewater Division of the Knoxville Utilities Board Knoxville, Tennessee

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Division's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Division's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Division's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coulter & Justus, P.C.

Knoxville, Tennessee October 31, 2023